



Lead-free Green

# **PI7C9X3G1632GP**

PCI EXPRESS GEN 3 PACKET SWITCH  
**16-Port 32-Lane PCI Express Gen 3 Switch**

*DATASHEET*

REVISION 2

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**DIODES**  
I N C O R P O R A T E D ®

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## REVISION HISTORY

Date	Revision Number	Description
11/20/2020	1	Preliminary Datasheet
03/01/2022	2	Copy registers for 3G808 Change HP_PDC_L to PDC_L Modify Section 5.3 EEPROM Modify Section 3.7 JTAG Datasheet Released Modify Section 3.5 SIDE BAND MANAGEMENT SIGNALS for EECK pin Modify cfg offset 420h~428h Updated Ordering Information Updated Part Marking Modify Section 3.2, 3.3 and 3.6 Modify Section 9 for register default values

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### Abbreviations of Terms Table

Abbreviations	Explanation
ACS	Access Control Service
ARI	Alternate Routing ID
AT	Address Translation
CDEP	Cross-Domain End-Device
CR	Control Register
DMA	Direct Memory Access
PPB	PCI-to-PCI Bridge
SRIS	Separate Reference Independence SSC
SRNS	Separate Reference No SSC

## 1 INTRODUCTION

The PI7C9X3G1632GP is a PCIe GEN3 packet switch that supports 32 lanes of GEN3 SERDES in flexible 2-port to 16-port configurations. The architecture of the PCIe packet switch allows the flexible port configuration by allocating variable lane width for each port. A basic cell of the switch architecture is called a tile, which consists of 8 ports and 16 lanes. The PI7C9X3G1632GP is built with 2 tiles connected by internal signal paths. Each tile can be configured to have different port types such as upstream port and downstream ports to support various port configurations for fan-out application in single switch or dual-switch partition modes. Besides fan-out, there are some designated ports can be programmed as Cross-Domain End-Point (CDEP) ports to allow multiple hosts connected to the switch for fail-over or multiple-host computation and communication applications. Inside the packet switch, multiple DMA channels are embedded to facilitate data communication more efficiently among hosts

In addition, the PI7C9X3G1632GP offers some extra benefits such as “maintaining high signal integrity in stress channel”, “advanced power management mechanism”, “enhanced reliability, availability and serviceability (RAS)” and “Surprised Hot Plug with LED Enclosure Management”.

## 1.1 KEY FEATURES

- Port and Lane Configurations for 16-port/32-Lane PCI Express GEN3 packet switch
  - Configurable Upstream port number up to 2
  - Configurable Upstream lane widths of x1, x2, x4, x8 or x16
  - Configurable Downstream port number up to 15
  - Configurable Downstream lane widths of x1, x2, x4, x8 or x16
- Reference Clock Management
  - Integrated PCIe Gen3 clock buffer for all downstream ports
  - Support three reference clock structures (Common, SRNS and SRIS)
  - Handle SSC Isolation up to three ports
  - Provide two clock application modes (Base and CDSR)
- Power Management
  - Support 7 power states (P0/P0s/P1/P1.1/P1.2/P2/P1.2PG)
  - Start-up power management scheme
    - “Empty” Hot-Plug ports put in P2 state
  - Continuous power management scheme
    - Support ASPM L1 Sub-state (P1.1/P1.2)
- PHY and MAC Layers
  - PHY initial settings optionally programmable through JTAG, EEPROM, and SMBus/I<sup>2</sup>C
  - Adaptive Continuous Time Linear Equalizer and 5-tap Decision Feedback Equalizer for RX
  - Adaptive and programmable 3-tap TX equalization
  - RX Polarity Inversion and Lane Reversal
- Data Link Layer
  - Programmable ACK latency timer to respond ACK based upon traffic condition
  - Configurable Flow Control Credit to balance bandwidth utilization and buffer usage
- Transaction Layer
  - Packet forwarding options including Cut-Through and Store & Forward
  - Support up to 512-Byte Max Payload Size
  - Low packet forwarding latency < 150ns (typical case)
  - Access Control Service (ACS) for peer-to-peer traffic
  - Address Translation (AT) packet for SR-IOV application
  - Support Atomic operation
  - Support Multicast
  - Provide Performance Visibility for ingress/egress packet types and packet counts
- Multi-Host Application
  - Support up to 3 Cross-Domain End-Point (CDEP) ports for Host-to-Host Communications
  - Support Fail-over using CDEP port
  - Provide up to 8 physical or 16 virtual DMA channels enabling communications among Hosts and EPs
  - Switch bifurcated up to 2 individual packet switches to allow 2 hosts operating independently
- Reliability, Availability and Serviceability
  - Enhanced Advanced Error Reporting
  - End-to-End Data Protection with ECC
  - Error Handling Mechanism
  - Support Surprise Hot Removal
  - Support Downstream Port Containment (DPC)
  - Support Hot Plug for Upstream and Downstream port
  - Provide Serial and Parallel Hot Plug Types
  - Support LED Management
  - Thermal Sensor reporting operational temperature instantly
  - IEEE 1149.1 and 1149.6 JTAG interface support



- Advanced Diagnostic Tools
  - PHY Eye<sup>™</sup>
  - MAC Viewer<sup>™</sup> (including embedded LA)
  - PCIBUDDY<sup>™</sup>
  - On-Line PRBS loopback test
  - On-Line Compliance pattern test
- Side-band Management Interface
  - I2C/SMBUS/JTAG
  - SPI EEPROM
- Standard Compliance
  - Compliant with PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1
  - Compliant with PCI Express CEM Specification Revision 3.0
  - Compliant with Advanced Configuration Power Interface (ACPI) Specification
  - Compliant with System Management (SM) Bus, Version 2.0
- Power & Package
  - Two power rails (0.95V and 1.8V)
  - Power consumption: 5.6W under full loaded condition (Notes 1)
  - Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 2 & 3)
  - Halogen and Antimony Free. “Green” Device (Note 4)
  - For automotive applications requiring specific change control (i.e. parts qualified to AEC-Q100/101/104/200, PPAP capable, and manufactured in IATF 16949 certified facilities), please [contact us](#) or your local Diodes representative.  
<https://www.diodes.com/quality/product-definitions/>
  - Packages: 676 HFCBGA 27mm X 27mm
- Operating Ambient Temperature
  - Support Industrial Temperature Range -40° to 85°C (Note 5)

**Notes:**

1. Test condition is at T<sub>j</sub>=47°C.
2. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.
3. See <https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/> for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
4. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.
5. Please see Chap. 13 Thermal Data for detail.

## 2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Similar to the role of PCI/PCIX Bridge in PCI/PCIX bus architecture, the basic function of PCI Express (PCIe) Switch is to expand the connectivity to allow more end devices being reached by host controllers in terms of PCIe serial interconnect architecture. This 32-lane and 16-port PCIe Switch can extend the connections ranged from 2 to 16 PCIe devices by means of its flexible port and lane configurations. It provides users the variety to expand or fan-out the PCI Express lanes from one host based upon their application needs.

In PCI Express system bus hierarchy, the packet switch can be visualized as a logical assembly of multiple virtual PCI-to-PCI Bridge (PPB), which represents either upstream or downstream port. Also, normally all of the primary buses of downstream ports and secondary bus of upstream port are shared with one common virtual PCI Bus. In terms of the port configuration setting in a single host environment, the packet switch PI7C3G1632GP, which is constructed with 2 tiles, can be enumerated with one upstream-port PPB and up to 7 downstream-port PPBs in one tile. Then, the switch can be further discovered in another tile with one additional virtual downstream-port PPB cascaded with one virtual upstream-port PPB and up to 7 additional downstream-port PPBs under the virtual upstream-port PPB. Alternatively, in Switch Partition Mode, PI7C3G1632GP can be viewed as two independent PCI bus hierarchies in two different host domains. Each bus hierarchy contains one upstream-port PPB and up to 7 downstream-port PPB's.

The chip adopts hybrid architecture of Multiple-Ring and Network-on-Chip (NOC) as a switch core for reaching each individual port. There are 8 physical ports attached to one multiple-ring, which is a basic cell of switch architecture, called a tile. Two tiles are connected to each other through NOC to expand into a 16-port packet switch. Each port employs the structure of Combined Input and Output Queue (CIOQ) for buffer management. The main reason for choosing CIOQ is that the required memory bandwidth of input queue equals the line rate of ingress port rather than increasing proportionally with port numbers as is the case of an output queue Switch. The CIOQ at each ingress port contains separate dedicated input queues to store posted data, non-posted requests and completion packets. The packets are arbitrated to the egress port based upon the ID or address carried in the packet header along with the PCIe transaction-ordering rules.

Packets can be forwarded in downstream, upstream or peer-to-peer direction concurrently. For the packets without ordering enforcement, they are permitted to pass over each other in cases where the addressed egress port is available to accept them. This can mitigate the issue of Head-Of-Line (HOL) blocking and also not affecting the operation of producer-consumer model, which is required to be retained to prevent from system hang-up problem. On the other hand, the replay buffer at each egress port (output queue) enhances data integrity by preserving the transmitted packets until the appropriate ACK is returned by the link partner. As the out-going packets can be stored in replay buffer, this can gain the maximum throughput and efficiency of the Switch. Another advantage of implementing CIOQ in PCIe Switch is that the credit announcement to the counterpart is simplified and streamlined in terms of the credit-based flow control protocol. The protocol requires that each ingress port maintains the credits independently without checking other ports' credit availability, which is otherwise required by pure output queue architecture.

The Switch supports several advanced features of latest PCI Express specification. They include Access Control Service (ACS), Multi-Cast, Atomic Operation, Alternate Routing ID (ARI) and Address Translation (AT) packet forwarding etc. ACS allows the host system to have more control on peer-to-peer switch traffic. This can be a critical requirement in virtual machine system. Multi-Cast is an extended capability of PCIe switch to facilitate posted packets forwarded to a group of downstream ports efficiently. The switch is also capable of being a routing element for Atomic Operation commands, which has the advantages of synchronization among multiple processors or multiple-thread environment. When ARI capability is turned on, the ID routing has an alternative interpretation on Device and Function numbers. The Function number can be increased from 3 bits to 8 bits. This allows the downstream port of packet switch forwarding packets with up to 256 Functions.

Up to three dedicated ports in PI7C9X3G1632GP can be programmed as Cross-Domain End Point (CDEP) ports to support packet forwarding among multiple hosts and end-point devices. When the port is in CDEP mode (i.e. CD port for abbreviation), it would isolate the address and ID spaces of one host from another host. If the packet issued from one host domain to another host domain passes through CD port, the packet switch will be responsible for translating

address and ID of packets in order to prevent resource conflicts among domains. Meanwhile, the CD port also provides several mechanisms to facilitate [inter-processor communication](#). CDEP mode is configured by EEPROM programming after power up.

PI7C9X3G1632GP supports embedded Direct Memory Access (DMA) capability to move data between two address locations that are set up via DMA channels. There are eight physical DMA channels implemented in PI7C9X3G1632GP and each physical channel can be shared by two virtual channels. So a total of 16 DMA channels can be enabled in the packet switch to allow 16 pairs of locations transferring data simultaneously. The DMA engine is configured and managed by a software driver running on the hosts connected to the upstream port or CD ports. In terms of the address locations and DMA ownership, the DMA engines can be used in a variety of applications such as device status collection, peer-to-peer host transfer and peer-to-peer end-point transfer etc.

### 3 PIN DESCRIPTION

#### 3.1 PCI EXPRESS INTERFACE SIGNALS

NAME	PIN	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
REFCLKP_0[2:0] REFCLKN_0[2:0]	E16,B20,B11 D16,A20, A11	I	<b>Reference Clock Input Pairs:</b> Connect to 100MHz differential clock source.  The chip supports 3 pairs of reference clock inputs for each tile. Please refer to <a href="#">Reference Clock Operational Modes</a> for how to connect REFCLKP/N_x [2:0] to clock sources.
REFCLKP_1[2:0] REFCLKN_1[2:0]	AB11,AE7, M2 AC11,AF7,M1		The reference clock input is an unterminated AC coupled input. So the off-chip clock source must be terminated with both serial and parallel resistor network. Please refer to PCIe CEM specification for detail on how to realize on-board termination implementation.
RESREF_0	F11	I	<b>Reference Resistor Connection:</b> Each tile has its own reference resistor connection signal. Attach RESREF_x, where x=0 and 1, an external resistor with the precision of 200 ohm 1% 100-ppm/C to ground on the board. The reference resistor is used for calibration of RX and TX termination when the chip comes out of reset or a manual PHY tuning request is made.
RESREF_1	AA7		
PERP_0[15:0]	B14,B15,B16,B17,B18,B19,B21,B22, B5,B6,B7,B8,B9,B10,B12,B13	I	<b>PCI Express Data Serial Input Pairs:</b> High-Speed Differential data receive signals in two groups (i.e. PERP_x and PERN_x, where x=0 and 1).  Group 0 is PERP_0[15:0] and PERN_0[15:0] Group 1 is PERP_1[15:0] and PERN_1[15:0]  Each group has 16 lanes, which can be as one x16 link or bifurcated into multiple links such as x8, x4 and x2 according to port configuration setting.  Please see the section of port/lane configuration.
PERP_1[15:0]	AE13,AE12,AE11,AE10,AE9,AE8, AE6,AE5,V2,U2,T2,R2,P2,N2,L2,K2		
PERN_0[15:0]	A14,A15,A16,A17,A18,A19,A21, A22,A5,A6,A7,A8,A9,A10,A12,A13		
PERN_1[15:0]	AF13,AF12,AF11,AF10,AF9,AF8, AF6,AF5,V1,U1,T1,R1,P1,N1,L1,K1		
PETP_0[15:0]	E14,E15,E17,E18,E19,E20,E21,E22, E5,E6,E7,E8,E9,E10,E12,E13	O	<b>PCI Express Data Serial Output Pairs:</b> High-Speed Differential data transmit signals in two ties (i.e. PETP_x and PETN_x, where x=0 and 1).  Tile 0 is PETP_0[15:0] and PETN_0[15:0] Tile 1 is PETP_1[15:0] and PETN_1[15:0]  Each tile has 16 lanes, which can be as one x16 link or bifurcated into multiple links such as x8, x4 and x2 according to port configuration setting.  Please see the section of port/lane configuration.
PETP_1[15:0]	AB13,AB12,AB10,AB9,AB8,AB7, AB6,AB5,V5,U5,T5,R5,P5,N5,M5, L5		
PETN_0[15:0]	D14,D15,D17,D18,D19,D20,D21, D22,D5,D6,D7,D8,D9,D10,D12,D13		
PETN_1[15:0]	AC13,AC12,AC10,AC9,AC8,AC7, AC6,AC5,V4,U4,T4,R4,P4,N4,M4, L4		
PERST0_L	H15	I	<b>System Reset (Active LOW):</b> Each tile has its own system reset signal. When PERST_L is asserted, the internal states of whole chip except sticky logics are initialized. This is a global reset to all operational modes of packet switch.  These pins have internal pull-up. If no board trace is connected to this pin, the internal pull-up resistor of this pin is enough. However, if pins are connected to a board trace and not driven, it is recommended that an external 5.1K- ohm pull-up resistor be used.
PERST1_L	K8		
CLKBUF_CMOS_EN0_L	G13	I	<b>Internal Reference Clock Input Select:</b> Used to select the input for internal reference clock buffer is came from HCSL or CMOS. When CLKBUF_CMOS_ENx_L is asserted, CMOS is selected.  These strapping pins have no built-in internal resistors and can not be left NC. These pins require the external 5.1K-ohm pull-up resistors or 330-ohm pull-down resistors.
CLKBUF_CMOS_EN1_L	T8		

### 3.2 CONFIGURATION STRAPPING SIGNALS

NAME	PIN	TYPE	DESCRIPTION										
CHIPMODE[1:0]	F20,F16	I	<p><b>Chip Operational Mode:</b> These two input signals decide at which operational mode the chip is chosen.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>CHIP_MODE[1:0]</th> <th>Operational Mode</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>00</td> <td>Normal</td> </tr> <tr> <td>01</td> <td>IDDQ/MBIST</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10</td> <td>AC JTAG</td> </tr> <tr> <td>11</td> <td>PHY Testing</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>These pins have internal pull-down resistors. If no board trace is connected to these pins, the internal pull-down resistors of these pins are enough. However, if pins are connected to a board trace and not driven, it is recommended that external 330-ohm pull-down resistors be used.</p>	CHIP_MODE[1:0]	Operational Mode	00	Normal	01	IDDQ/MBIST	10	AC JTAG	11	PHY Testing
CHIP_MODE[1:0]	Operational Mode												
00	Normal												
01	IDDQ/MBIST												
10	AC JTAG												
11	PHY Testing												
PORTCFG_0[2:0]	E11,D11,F7	I	<p><b>Port Configuration:</b> Each switch tile has its own port configuration, which determines how 16 lanes are distributed among ports. In total, there are two switch tiles and the corresponding port configuration signals are PORTCFG_x[2:0], where x=0 and 1.</p> <p>Please refer to <a href="#">Port-Lane Configuration</a>.</p>										
PORTCFG_1[2:0]	P7,M7,P6		<p>These strapping pins have no built-in internal resistors and can not be left NC. These pins require the external 5.1K-ohm pull-up resistors or 330-ohm pull-down resistors.</p>										
SWP_MODE[1:0]	H8,G10	I	<p><b>Switch Partition Mode:</b> The switch can be partitioned into multiple switches based upon the value of SWP_MODE[1:0].</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>SWP_MODE[1:0]</th> <th>Virtual Switch</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>00</td> <td>one 16 port/32 lane switch</td> </tr> <tr> <td>01</td> <td>two 8 port/16 lane switches</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10</td> <td>Reserved</td> </tr> <tr> <td>11</td> <td>Reserved</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>This pin has internal pull-down resistor. If no board trace is connected to this pin, the internal pull-down resistor of this pin is enough. However, if pin is connected to a board trace and not driven, it is recommended that an external 330-ohm pull-down resistor be used.</p> <p>The initial setting can be altered by on-the-fly change through I2C/SMBUS.</p>	SWP_MODE[1:0]	Virtual Switch	00	one 16 port/32 lane switch	01	two 8 port/16 lane switches	10	Reserved	11	Reserved
SWP_MODE[1:0]	Virtual Switch												
00	one 16 port/32 lane switch												
01	two 8 port/16 lane switches												
10	Reserved												
11	Reserved												
CKMODE_0	H16	I	<p><b>Clock Operational Mode:</b> Each tile has its own clock operation mode signal (CKMODE_0 for tile #0 while CKMODE_1 for tile #1), which defines the relationship between physical SERDES lanes and reference clock.</p> <p>When CKMODE is 0, all 16 lanes (0 ~15) of SERDES are driven by one reference clock source.</p> <p>When CKMODE is 1, 16 lanes of SERDES are driven by two separate reference clock source via three pairs of reference clock inputs. Please refer to <a href="#">Reference Clock Operational Modes</a> for connection description.</p>										
CKMODE_1	L8		<p>These pins have internal pull-down resistors. If no board trace is connected to these pins, the internal pull-down resistors of these pins are enough. However, if pins are connected to a board trace and not driven, it is recommended that external 330-ohm pull-down resistors be used.</p>										

NAME	PIN	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
HOT_PLUG_EN0_L	*G8	I	<b>Hot Plug Function Enable:</b> Each switch tile has its own hot plug function enable signal to determine the downstream port is capable of handling either managed or surprised hot plug events. Besides, the GPIO pins would be redefined for hot-plug function if HOT_PLUG_ENx_L = 0. In total, there are 2 switch tiles and the corresponding hot plug enable signals are HOT_PLUG_EN_x, where x=0 and 1.  HOT_PLUG_ENx_L and FATAL_ERRx_L share the same pin.
HOT_PLUG_EN1_L	*W4		
PHY_SRAM_BYPASS	*H1	I	<b>IO Expander Type Selection:</b> when set, it bypass PHY SRAM.  PHY_SRAM_BYPASS and GPIO_0[30] share the same pin.  This pin has internal pull-up. If no board trace is connected to this pin, the internal pull-up resistor of this pin is enough. However, if pin is connected to a board trace and not driven, it is recommended that an external 5.1K-ohm pull-up resistor be used.
SMBUS_EN_L	J24	I	<b>System Manage Bus Enable:</b> This signal determines either SMBUS or I2C protocol being selected. When tied high, I2C protocol is selected. When tied low, SMBUS protocol is chosen.  This pin has internal pull-up resistor. If no board trace is connected to this pin, the internal pull-up resistor of this pin is enough. However, if pin is connected to a board trace and not driven, it is recommended that an external 5.1K-ohm pull-up resistor be used.
PM_LISS_EN0_L	*G9	I	<b>PM LISS Function Enable#:</b> Each switch tile has its own PM LISS function enable signal to determine the downstream port is capable of PM LISS function. Besides, the GPIO_x [15:8] pins would be redefined for PM LISS function if PM_LISS_ENx_L = 0. In total, there are 2 switch tiles and the corresponding PM LISS function enable signals are PM_LISS_ENx_L, where x=0 and 1.  PM_LISS_ENx_L and INTx_L share the same pin.  This strapping pin has no built-in internal resistor and can not be left NC. This pin requires an external 5.1K-ohm pull-up resistor or 330-ohm pull-down resistor.
PM_LISS_EN1_L	*Y4		

### 3.3 HOT PLUG SIGNALS

NAME	PIN	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
SHCL_I2C_0	J21	OD	<b>I2C Clock Signal of Serial Hot Plug Controller:</b> These signals SHCL_I2C_x, where x=0 and 5, are connected to SCL pin of all I2C IO expanders or CPLDs. These pins require external 5.1K-ohm pull-up resistors.
SHCL_I2C_1	W13		
SHDA_I2C_0	J20	OD	<b>I2C Data Signal of Serial Hot Plug Controller:</b> These signals SHDA_I2C_x, where x=0 and 1, are connected to SDA pin of all I2C IO expanders or CPLDs. These pins require external 5.1K-ohm pull-up resistors.
SHDA_I2C_1	V14		
SHPCINT0_L	J23	I	<b>Interrupt Input (Active Low) of Serial Hot Plug Controller:</b> These signals SHPCINTx_L, where x=0 and 5, are connected to INT# output pin of all I2C IO expanders. When asserted, it notifies Hot Plug Controller to access the port registers of all I/O expanders for touching changed status to de-assert INT#.
SHPCINT1_L	W14		
HP_LED_0[7:0]	*L19,*G7,*G6,*G5,*G4,*G2,*G1,*F4	O	<b>Hot Plug LED:</b> These signals HP_LED_x[7:0], where x=0 and 1, drive Amber LED state by following SFF-8489 IBPI specification.  HP_LED_x[7:0] and GPIO_x [7:0] share the same pins.
HP_LED_1[7:0]	*Y10,*R8,*R7,*M8,*N7,*K7,*L7,*K6		

NAME	PIN	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
HP_RST0_L[7:0]	*H9,*J11,*H10,*H11,*G11,*H12,*G12,*J13	O	<b>Surprised Hot Plug Reset:</b> These signals HP_RSTx_L[7:0], where x=0 and 1, drive reset signals to the hot plug slots. They can be controlled by either off-chip PERST_L when booting up system or internal hardware when device is hot plugged into the slot.  HP_RSTx_L[7:0] and GPIO_x [23:16] share the same pins.
HP_RST1_L[7:0]	*AA4,*Y5,*W6,*Y6,*Y7,*W7,*V7,*U7		
SURPRISE_HP	*J1	I	<b>Surprise Hot Plug Function:</b> This signal is used to enable surprise hot function.  If SURPRISE_HP = 1, the operational type is “surprised”. If SURPRISE_HP = 0, the operational type is “managed”.  SURPRISE_HP and GPIO_0[31] share the same pins.  This pin has internal pull-up. If no board trace is connected to this pin, the internal pull-up resistor of this pin is enough. However, if pin is connected to a board trace and not driven, it is recommended that an external 5.1K- ohm pull-up resistor be used.

### 3.4 REFERENCE CLOCK OUTPUT AND CONTROL SIGNALS

NAME	PIN	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
REFCLKOP_0[7:0]	F1,E2,D1,D3,C1,C3,B2,A1	O	<b>Integrated Reference Clock Output Pairs:</b> 100MHz external differential HCSL clock outputs from integrated reference clock buffer in six groups (i.e. REFCLKOP_x[7:0] and REFCLKON_x[7:0], where x=0 and 1).  Group 0 is REFCLKOP_0[7:0] and REFCLKON_0[7:0] Group 1 is REFCLKOP_1[7:0] and REFCLKON_1[7:0]  Each group has 8 fanouts for all of the ports in one tile
REFCLKON_0[7:0]	F2,E3,D2,D4,C2,C4,B3,A2		
REFCLKOP_1[7:0]	AF3,AF1,AE2,AD3,AD1,AC3,AC1,AB2		
REFCLKON_1[7:0]	AF4,AF2,AE3,AD4,AD2,AC4,AC2,AB3		
REFCLKIP_0 REFCLKIN_0	A3 A4	I	<b>Integrated Reference Clock Input Pairs (Test Purpose Only):</b> Connect to external 100MHz differential clocks for the integrated reference clock buffers in two groups (i.e. REFCLKIP_x and REFCLKIN_x, where x=0 and 1) when the chip is set to test mode.  In normal operation, these differential reference clock input pairs can be left as unconnected.
REFCLKIP_1 REFCLKIN_1	AA1 AA2		
CKBUFPD0_L	*H5	I	<b>Integrated Reference Clock Buffer Power Down Signals:</b> These signals CKBUFPDx_L, where x=0 and 1, are used to shut down the corresponding clock buffer in tile x. When CKBUFPDx_L is asserted low, the integrated reference clock buffer and reference clock outputs are disabled.  CKBUFPDx_L and GPIO_x[26] share the same pin.  This pin has internal pull-up. If no board trace is connected to this pin, the internal pull-up resistor of this pin is enough. However, if pin is connected to a board trace and not driven, it is recommended that an external 5.1K- ohm pull-up resistor be used.
CKBUFPD1_L	*Y3		
CLKREQ0_L[7:0]	*H13,*J15,*H14,*H17,*J17,*H18,*J18,*K19	OD	<b>Reference Clock Request Signals:</b> These signals CLKREQx_L[7:0], where x=0 and 1, are used to request reference clock for active operation. Each port (i.e. 0..7) has its own clock request signal in each tile (i.e. 0 and 1). When asserted, the reference clock is on for both ends of the link. When deasserted, the reference clock is off and both ends of the link are put under L1 sub-state of power management.  CLKREQx_L[7:0] and GPIO_x[15:8] share the same pins.  CLKREQx_L[7:0] pins have internal pull-up. If no board trace is connected to these pins, the internal pull-up resistors of these pin are enough. However, if pins are connected to a board trace and not driven, it is recommended that external 5.1K- ohm pull-up resistors be used.
CLKREQ1_L[7:0]	*T7,*U8,*V8,*Y8,*W9,*V9,*Y9,*W10		

### 3.5 SIDE BAND MANAGEMENT SIGNALS

NAME	PIN	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
EECK	G23	I/O	<b>EEPROM Clock:</b> Clock signal to 4-wire EEPROM interface.  <b>Debug Mode Enable (Debug_Mode_EN_L):</b> During system initialization, EECK acts as the Debug_Mode_EN_L pin. In debug mode, it need be tied to low through a 330-ohm pull-down resistor. This pin has internal pull-up resistor. If no board trace is connected to this pin, the internal pull-up resistor of this pin is enough. However, if pin is connected to a board trace and not driven, it is recommended that an external 5.1K-ohm pull-up resistor be used.
EEDI	F24	O	<b>EEPROM Data Input:</b> The switch outputs data to the Data Input pin of Serial EEPROM.
EEDO	F23	I	<b>EEPROM Data Output:</b> The switch inputs data from the Data Output pin of Serial EEPROM.
EECS_L	G25	O	<b>EEPROM Chip Select (Active Low):</b> The switch asserts this signal to enable Serial EEPROM.
SCL_I2C	H24	OD	<b>SMBUS/I2C Serial Clock:</b> System management or I2C Bus Clock. This pin requires an external 5.1K-ohm pull-up resistor.
SDA_I2C	H25	OD	<b>SMBUS/I2C Serial Data:</b> Bi-Directional System Management or I2C Bus Data. This pin requires an external 5.1K-ohm pull-up resistor.
I2C_ADDR[2:0]	J26,G26,H26	I	<b>SMBUS/I2C Slave Address[2:0]:</b> These pins are used to configure the value of the three least significant bits of the switch 7-bit Slave address. These pins require the external 5.1K-ohm pull-up resistors or 330-ohm pull-down resistors.

### 3.6 MISCELLANEOUS CONTROL AND STATUS

NAME	PIN	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
PDC0_L[7:0]	J19,M19,L20,M20,K20,P20,N20,N21	I	<b>Present Detect:</b> When it is asserted low, it indicates this port is present. Otherwise, it indicates this port is absent.  These pins have internal pull-up. If no board trace is connected to these pins, the internal pull-up resistors of these pin are enough. However, if pins are connected to a board trace and not driven, it is recommended that external 5.1K-ohm pull-up resistors be used.
PDC1_L[7:0]	V10,AA11,W11,Y11,V12,Y12,W12,Y13		
GPIO_0[31:0]	J1,H1,H2,H3,H4,H5,H6,H7,H9,J11,H10,H11,G11,H12,G12,J13,H13,J15,H14,H17,J17,H18,J18,K19,L19,G7,G6,G5,G4,G2,G1,F4	I/O	<b>General Purpose Input and Output:</b> These thirty-two general-purpose pins for Tile 0 and thirty general-purpose pins for Tile 1 are programmed as either input-only or bi-directional pins by writing the GPIO output enable control register.
GPIO_1[29:0]	W1,Y1,Y2,Y3,AA3,W3,AA4,Y5,W6,Y6,Y7,W7,V7,U7,T7,U8,V8,Y8,W9,V9,Y9,W10,Y10,R8,R7,M8,N7,K7,L7,K6		
FATAL_ERR0_L	G8	O	<b>Fatal Error Output:</b> It is asserted low when a Fatal error is detected. Each tile has its own fatal error output signal when configured as separate switches under dedicated SWP_MODE[1:0].
FATAL_ERR1_L	W4		
INTA0_L	G9	OD	<b>Interrupt Output Enable:</b> When driven low, it indicates that one or more of the following events/errors are detected: Hot Plug events, Link State events, General-Purpose Input Interrupt events, Device-Specific errors, Device-Specific CDEP Port Link Interface errors and events, CDEP-Virtual Doorbell events or CDEP-Link Doorbell events. Each CDEP has its own interrupt output signal.
INTA1_L	Y4		
LNKSTS_0[7:0]	G20,H20,H19,G19,G18,G17,G16,G15	O	<b>Link Status:</b> These signals indicate the link status of each port.  OFF – Link is down Blinking, 512 ms ON, 512 ms OFF (1Hz) – Link Up at 2.5 GT/s



NAME	PIN	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
LNKSTS_1[7:0]	J9,J8,J7,J6,J5,J4,K4,J3		Blinking, 256 ms ON, 256 ms OFF (2Hz) – Link Up at 5.0GT/s ON – Link Up at 8.0GT/s  LNKSTS_x[y] is correspondent to Port y, where y=0...7, of Tile x, where x= 0 and 1.
NC	A23,A24,A25,A26,B24,B25,C23,C24,C25,C26,D23,D24,D25,D26,E24,E25,F25,F26,G14,K22,K23,K25,K26,L22,L23,L25,L26,M22,M23,M25,M26,N22,N23,N25,N26,P22,P23,P25,P26,R19,R20,R22,R23,R25,R26,T19,T20,T22,T23,T25,T26,U19,U20,U22,U23,U25,U26,V16,V17,V18,V19,V20,V21,V23,V25,V26,W15,W16,W17,W18,W19,W20,W21,W22,W23,W24,W26,Y14,Y15,Y16,Y17,Y18,Y19,Y20,Y21,Y22,Y23,Y24,Y25,Y26,AA16,AA20,AA23,AA24,AA25,AA26,AB14,AB15,AB16,AB17,AB18,AB19,AB20,AB21,AB22,AB24,AB25,AC14,AC15,AC16,AC17,AC18,AC19,AC20,AC21,AC22,AC23,AC24,AC25,AC26,AD23,AD24,AD25,AD26,AE14,AE15,AE16,AE17,AE18,AE19,AE20,AE21,AE22,AE24,AE25,AF14,AF15,AF16,AF17,AF18,AF19,AF20,AF21,AF22,AF23,AF24,AF25,AF26		<b>Not Connected:</b> These pins can be just left open.

### 3.7 JTAG BOUNDARY SCAN SIGNALS

NAME	PIN	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
TCK	H23	I	<b>Test Clock:</b> Used to clock state information and data into and out of the chip during boundary scan. When JTAG boundary scan function is not implemented, this pin should be left open (NC).
TDI	H22	I	<b>Test Data Input:</b> Used (in conjunction with TCK) to shift data and instructions into the TAP in a serial bit stream. When JTAG boundary scan function is not implemented, this pin should be left open (NC).
TDO_0	G22	O	<b>Test Data Output:</b> Used (in conjunction with TCK) to shift data out of the Test Access Port (TAP) in a serial bit stream. When JTAG boundary scan function is not implemented, this pin should be left open (NC).
TDO_1	J10	O	<b>Test Data Output:</b> Used (in conjunction with TCK) to shift data out of the Test Access Port (TAP) in a serial bit stream. When JTAG_SEL_L set high, this pin should be left open (NC).
TMS	G21	I	<b>Test Mode Select:</b> Used to control the state of the Test Access Port controller. When JTAG boundary scan function is not implemented, this pin should be pulled low through a 330-Ohm pull-down resistor.
TRST_L	H21	I	<b>Test Reset (Active LOW):</b> Active LOW signal to reset the TAP controller into an initialized state. When JTAG boundary scan function is not implemented, this pin should be pulled low through a 330-Ohm pull-down resistor.
JTAG_SEL_L	F3	I	<b>JTAG Selection (Active LOW):</b> When set high, JTAG pins used for controlling switch's boundary scan, when set low, JTAG pins used for accessing PCIe PHY internal registers.

### 3.8 POWER PINS

NAME	PIN	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
VDDC	K11,K13,K15,L12,L14,L16,M11,M13,M15,N12,N14,N16,P11,P13,P15,R12,R14,R16,T11,T13,T15,U12,U14,U16	P	<b>VDDC Supply (0.95V):</b> Used as digital core power pins.
C_VDDC	N8,N19	P	<b>VDDC Supply (0.95V):</b> Used as reference clock power pins.
VDDR	J12,J14,J16,V11,V13,V15	P	<b>VDDR Supply (1.8V):</b> Used as digital I/O power pins.
C_VDDR	P8,P19		<b>VDDR Supply (1.8V):</b> Used as reference clock power pins.
VP	K9,K18,L9,L18,M9,M18,N9,N18,P9,P18,R9,R18,T9,T18,U9,U18	P	<b>VP Supply (0.95V):</b> Used as PCI Express analog and core power pins.
VPH	K17,L10,M17,N10,P17,R10,T17,U10	P	<b>VPH Supply (1.8V):</b> Used as PCI Express analog high voltage power pins.
VSS	B1,B4,B23,B26,C5,C6,C7,C8,C9,C10,C11,C12,C13,C14,C15,C16,C17,C18,C19,C20,C21,C22,E1,E4,E23,E26,F5,F6,F8,F9,F10,F12,F13,F14,F15,F17,F18,F19,F21,F22,G3,G24,J2,J22,J25,K3,K5,K10,K12,K14,K16,K21,K24,L3,L6,L11,L13,L15,L17,L21,L24,M3,M6,M10,M12,M14,M16,M21,M24,N3,N6,N11,N13,N15,N17,N24,P3,P10,P12,P14,P16,P21,P24,R3,R6,R11,R13,R15,R17,R21,R24,T3,T6,T10,T12,T14,T16,T21,T24,U3,U6,U11,U13,U15,U17,U21,U24,V3,V6,V22,V24,W2,W5,W8,W25,AA5,AA6,AA8,AA9,AA10,AA12,AA13,AA14,AA15,AA17,AA18,AA19,AA21,AA22,AB1,AB4,AB23,AB26,AD5,AD6,AD7,AD8,AD9,AD10,AD11,AD12,AD13,AD14,AD15,AD16,AD17,AD18,AD19,AD20,AD21,AD22,AE1,AE4,AE23,AE26	P	<b>Ground:</b> Used as ground pins.

	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		
A	NC	NC	NC	NC	PERN_0 [8]	PERN_0 [9]	REFCLKN_0[0]	PERN_0 [10]	PERN_0 [11]	PERN_0 [12]	PERN_0 [13]	PERN_0 [14]	PERN_0 [15]	PERN_0 [0]	PERN_0 [1]	REFCLKN_0[0]	PERN_0 [2]	PERN_0 [3]	PERN_0 [4]	PERN_0 [5]	PERN_0 [6]	PERN_0 [7]	REFCLKN_0	REFCLKIP_0	REFCLKON_0[0]	REFCLKOP_0[0]	A	
B	VSS	NC	NC	VSS	PERP_0 [8]	PERP_0 [9]	REFCLKP_0[0]	PERP_0 [10]	PERP_0 [11]	PERP_0 [12]	PERP_0 [13]	PERP_0 [14]	PERP_0 [15]	PERP_0 [0]	PERN_0 [1]	REFCLKP_0[0]	PERP_0 [2]	PERP_0 [3]	PERP_0 [4]	PERP_0 [5]	PERP_0 [6]	PERP_0 [7]	VSS	REFCLKON_0[1]	REFCLKOP_0[1]	VSS	B	
C	NC	NC	NC	NC	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	REFCLKON_0[2]	REFCLKOP_0[2]	REFCLKON_0[3]	REFCLKOP_0[3]	C
D	NC	NC	NC	NC	PERIN_0 [8]	PERIN_0 [9]	PERIN_0 [10]	PERIN_0 [11]	PERIN_0 [12]	PERIN_0 [13]	REFCLKN_0[0]	PERIN_0 [14]	PERIN_0 [15]	PERIN_0 [0]	PERIN_0 [1]	PORTCFG_0[0]	PERIN_0 [2]	PERIN_0 [3]	PERIN_0 [4]	PERIN_0 [5]	PERIN_0 [6]	PERIN_0 [7]	REFCLKON_0[4]	REFCLKOP_0[4]	REFCLKON_0[5]	REFCLKOP_0[5]	D	
E	VSS	NC	NC	VSS	PETP_0 [8]	PETP_0 [9]	PETP_0 [10]	PETP_0 [11]	PETP_0 [12]	PETP_0 [13]	REFCLKP_0[0]	PETP_0 [14]	PETP_0 [15]	PETP_0 [0]	PETP_0 [1]	PORTCFG_0[0]	PETP_0 [2]	PETP_0 [3]	PETP_0 [4]	PETP_0 [5]	PETP_0 [6]	PETP_0 [7]	VSS	REFCLKON_0[6]	REFCLKOP_0[6]	VSS	E	
F	NC	NC	EBDI	EEDO	VSS	VSS	CHPMODE [1]	VSS	VSS	VSS	CHPMODE [0]	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	RESREF_0	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	PORTCFG_0[0]	VSS	VSS	GPIO_0 [0]	JTAG_SEL_L	REFCLKON_0[7]	REFCLKOP_0[7]	F
G	DC_ADDR [1]	EBCS_L	VSS	EBCK	TDO_0	TMS	LNKSTS_0[4]	LNKSTS_0[3]	LNKSTS_0[2]	LNKSTS_0[1]	LNKSTS_0[0]	NC	CLKBUF_CMOS_BNO_L	GPIO_0 [17]	GPIO_0 [19]	GPIO_0 [18]	SWP_MODE[0]	INTAO_L	FATAL_ERR0_L	GPIO_0 [6]	GPIO_0 [5]	GPIO_0 [4]	GPIO_0 [3]	VSS	GPIO_0 [2]	GPIO_0 [1]	G	
H	DC_ADDR [0]	SDA_DC	SCL_DC	TCK	TDI	TRST_L	LNKSTS_0[6]	LNKSTS_0[5]	GPIO_0 [10]	GPIO_0 [12]	CKMODE_0	PERST0_L	GPIO_0 [13]	GPIO_0 [15]	GPIO_0 [18]	GPIO_0 [20]	GPIO_0 [21]	GPIO_0 [23]	SWP_MODE[1]	GPIO_0 [24]	GPIO_0 [25]	GPIO_0 [26]	GPIO_0 [27]	GPIO_0 [28]	GPIO_0 [29]	GPIO_0 [30]	H	
J	DC_ADDR [2]	VSS	SMBUS_EN_L	SHPC_INT0_L	VSS	SHCL_DC_0	PD00_L [7]	GPIO_0 [9]	GPIO_0 [11]	VDDR	GPIO_0 [14]	VDDR	GPIO_0 [16]	VDDR	GPIO_0 [22]	TDO_1	LNKSTS_0[17]	LNKSTS_0[16]	LNKSTS_0[15]	LNKSTS_0[14]	LNKSTS_0[13]	LNKSTS_0[12]	LNKSTS_0[10]	VSS	LNKSTS_0[11]	GPIO_0 [31]	J	
K	NC	NC	VSS	NC	NC	VSS	PD00_L [8]	GPIO_0 [8]	VP	VPH	VSS	VDD	VSS	VDD	VSS	VDD	VSS	VP	PERST1_L	GPIO_1 [2]	GPIO_1 [0]	VSS	LNKSTS_0[11]	VSS	PERP_1 [0]	PERN_1 [0]	K	
L	NC	NC	VSS	NC	NC	VSS	PD00_L [5]	GPIO_0 [7]	VP	VSS	VDD	VSS	VDD	VSS	VDD	VSS	VPH	VP	CKMODE_1	GPIO_1 [1]	VSS	PETP_1 [0]	PETIN_1 [0]	VSS	PERP_1 [1]	PERN_1 [1]	L	
M	NC	NC	VSS	NC	NC	VSS	PD00_L [4]	PD00_L [6]	VP	VPH	VSS	VDD	VSS	VDD	VSS	VDD	VSS	VP	GPIO_1 [4]	PORTCFG_0[1]	VSS	PETP_1 [1]	PETIN_1 [1]	VSS	REFCLKP_0[0]	REFCLKN_0[0]	M	
N	NC	NC	VSS	NC	NC	VSS	PD00_L [0]	PD00_L [1]	C_VDDC	VP	VSS	VDD	VSS	VDD	VSS	VDD	VSS	VPH	VP	C_VDDC	GPIO_1 [3]	VSS	PETP_1 [2]	PETIN_1 [2]	VSS	PERP_1 [2]	PERN_1 [2]	N
P	NC	NC	VSS	NC	NC	VSS	PD00_L [2]	C_VDDR	VP	VPH	VSS	VDD	VSS	VDD	VSS	VDD	VSS	VP	C_VDDR	PORTCFG_0[2]	PORTPG_0[0]	PETP_1 [3]	PETIN_1 [3]	VSS	PERP_1 [3]	PERN_1 [3]	P	
R	NC	NC	VSS	NC	NC	VSS	NC	NC	VP	VSS	VDD	VSS	VDD	VSS	VDD	VSS	VPH	VP	GPIO_1 [6]	GPIO_1 [5]	VSS	PETP_1 [4]	PETIN_1 [4]	VSS	PERP_1 [4]	PERN_1 [4]	R	
T	NC	NC	VSS	NC	NC	VSS	NC	NC	VP	VPH	VSS	VDD	VSS	VDD	VSS	VDD	VSS	VP	CLKBUF_CMOS_BNO_L	GPIO_1 [15]	VSS	PETP_1 [5]	PETIN_1 [5]	VSS	PERP_1 [5]	PERN_1 [5]	T	
U	NC	NC	VSS	NC	NC	VSS	NC	NC	VP	VSS	VDD	VSS	VDD	VSS	VDD	VSS	VPH	VP	GPIO_1 [14]	GPIO_1 [16]	VSS	PETP_1 [6]	PETIN_1 [6]	VSS	PERP_1 [6]	PERN_1 [6]	U	
V	NC	NC	VSS	NC	NC	VSS	NC	NC	NC	NC	VDDR	SHDA_DC_1	VDDR	PD00_L [3]	VDDR	PD00_L [7]	GPIO_1 [10]	GPIO_1 [13]	GPIO_1 [17]	VSS	PETP_1 [7]	PETIN_1 [7]	VSS	PERP_1 [7]	PERN_1 [7]	V		
W	NC	VSS	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	SHPC_INT1_L	SHCL_DC_1	PD00_L [1]	PD00_L [5]	GPIO_1 [8]	GPIO_1 [11]	VSS	GPIO_1 [18]	GPIO_1 [21]	VSS	FATAL_ERR1_L	GPIO_1 [24]	VSS	GPIO_1 [29]	W	
Y	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	PD00_L [0]	PD00_L [2]	PD00_L [4]	GPIO_1 [7]	GPIO_1 [9]	GPIO_1 [12]	GPIO_1 [19]	GPIO_1 [20]	GPIO_1 [22]	GPIO_1 [23]	INTAL_L	GPIO_1 [26]	GPIO_1 [27]	GPIO_1 [28]	Y	
AA	NC	NC	NC	NC	VSS	VSS	NC	VSS	VSS	VSS	NC	VSS	VSS	VSS	PD00_L [6]	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	RESREF_1	VSS	VSS	GPIO_1 [23]	GPIO_1 [25]	REFCLKN_1	REFCLKIP_1	AA	
AB	VSS	NC	NC	VSS	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	PERP_1 [15]	PERP_1 [14]	REFCLKP_1[0]	PERP_1 [13]	PERP_1 [12]	PERP_1 [11]	PERP_1 [10]	PERP_1 [9]	PERP_1 [8]	VSS	REFCLKON_1[0]	REFCLKOP_1[0]	VSS	AB	
AC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	PERIN_1 [15]	PERIN_1 [14]	REFCLKN_1[0]	PERIN_1 [13]	PERIN_1 [12]	PERIN_1 [11]	PERIN_1 [10]	PERIN_1 [9]	PERIN_1 [8]	REFCLKON_1[2]	REFCLKOP_1[2]	REFCLKON_1[1]	REFCLKOP_1[1]	AC		
AD	NC	NC	NC	NC	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	REFCLKON_1[4]	REFCLKOP_1[4]	REFCLKON_1[3]	REFCLKOP_1[3]	AD
AE	VSS	NC	NC	VSS	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	PERP_1 [15]	PERP_1 [14]	PERP_1 [13]	PERP_1 [12]	PERP_1 [11]	PERP_1 [10]	REFCLKP_1[0]	PERP_1 [9]	PERP_1 [8]	VSS	REFCLKON_1[5]	REFCLKOP_1[5]	VSS	AE	
AF	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	PERIN_1 [15]	PERIN_1 [14]	PERIN_1 [13]	PERIN_1 [12]	PERIN_1 [11]	PERIN_1 [10]	REFCLKN_1[1]	PERIN_1 [9]	PERIN_1 [8]	REFCLKON_1[7]	REFCLKOP_1[7]	REFCLKON_1[6]	REFCLKOP_1[6]	AF	

Figure 3-1 PI7C9X3G1632 Ball Assignment

## 4 FUNCTIONAL OVERVIEW

This chapter provides an overview of the PI7C9X3G1632GP's major functions.

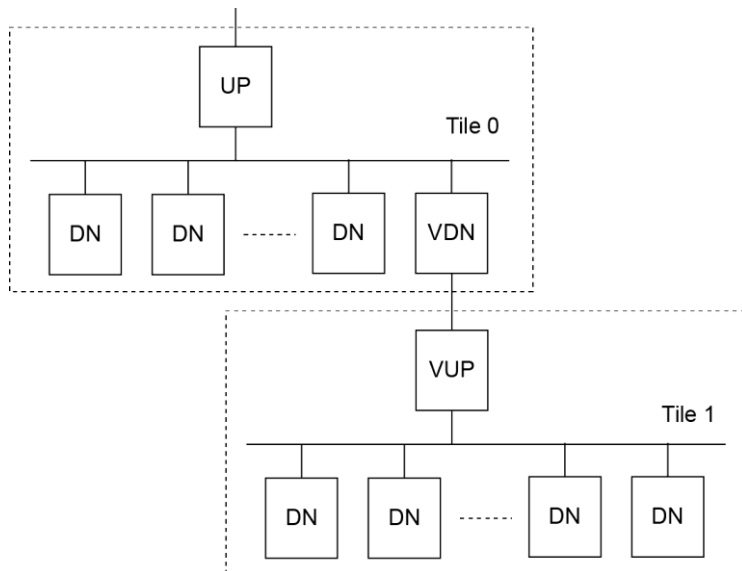
### 4.1 MODES OF OPERATIONS

The PI7C9X3G1632GP supports three modes of operations.

- Base Mode (Fan-out Mode)
- Switch Partition Mode (Fan-out Mode)
- Cross-Domain End-Point (CDEP Mode)

#### 4.1.1 BASE MODE (FAN-OUT MODE)

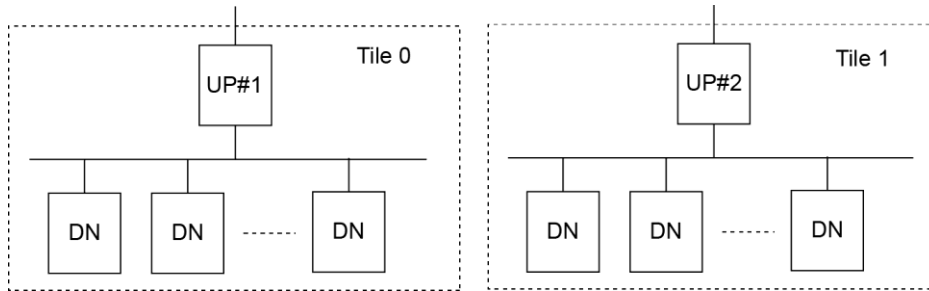
The Base mode is one of the Fan-out mode types. In this mode, the PI7C9X3G1632GP supports one upstream port and up to 15 down ports. Multiple virtual PCI-to-PCI bridges are connected by a virtual PCI bus, residing in the Switch.



**Figure 4-1 Base Mode (Fan-out Mode) Overview**

#### 4.1.2 SWITCH PARTITION MODE (FAN-OUT MODE)

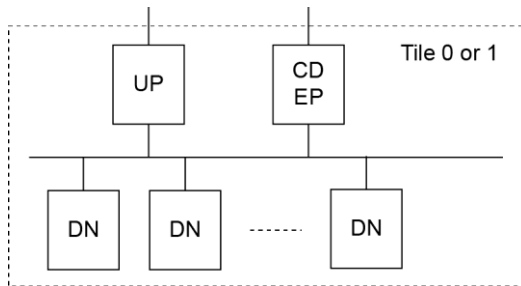
The Switch Partition mode is another type of the Fan-out mode. In this mode, the PI7C9X3G1632GP can be partitioned to two independent virtual switches. Each virtual switch has an independent PCI Express hierarchy, and the virtual switches do not share ports. There are two upstream ports, with one Root Complex attached to one upstream port, and a second Root Complex attached to a second upstream port.



**Figure 4-2 Switch Partition Mode (Fan-out Mode) Overview**

### 4.1.3 CROSS-DOMAIN END-POINT MODE

The switch supports a Cross-Domain End-Point (CDEP) mode allowing more than one host attached to PI7C9X3G1632GP. When configured as CDEP mode, one of downstream port will be turned into CDEP port for additional host to connect with it. So the packets produced from different hosts can exchange through PI7C9X3G1632GP [for system failover application](#).



**Figure 4-3 Cross-Domain End-Point Mode Overview**

## 4.2 PHYSICAL LAYER CIRCUITS

The physical layer circuit design is defined as a converter between serial bus interface and the PHY Interface for PCI Express Architecture (PIPE). It contains Physical Media Attachment (PMA) and Physical Coding Sub-layer (PCS) blocks. PMA includes Serializer/ Deserializer (SERDES), PLL1, Adaptive TX and RX Equalization, Clock Recovery module, receiver detection circuit, electrical idle detector, and input/output buffers. PCS consists of two blocks for handling 128B/130B and 8B/10B encoder/decoder, SYNC code-word framer, receiver elastic buffer, and PIPE PHY control/status circuitries. To provide the flexibility for bifurcating multiple lanes into different port width of configuration, the control and status signals of each lane can be combined for MAC to access as a link basis. In addition, a pair of PRBS generator and checker is included for PHY built-in self-test. The main functions of physical layer circuits include the conversion between serial-link and parallel bus, provision of clock source for the

The driver characteristics including amplitude, and pre-emphasis, on transmit (TX) side are programmable. The PHY on receive (RX) side is capable of automatic calibration and configuration of the internal circuits to maximize receiving performance. In addition, the PHY provides the flexibility for user to override or disable the automatically calibrated settings.

<sup>1</sup> Multiple lanes could share the PLL.

Definition of the Switch Downstream Port's Transmitter presets can be set by LANE EQUALIZATION CONTROL REGISTER (OFFSET from 21Ch – 238h). The encoding for the Transmitter presets is provided in Table 4-1. The Transmitter Preset encoding of 1010b corresponds to the maximum Vtx-boost.

**Table 4-1 Transmitter Preset Encoding**

Encoding	De-emphasis (dB)	Preshoot (dB)
0000b	-6.02	0.00
0001b	-3.74	0.00
0010b	-4.44	0.00
0011b	-2.50	0.00
0100b	0	0.00
0101b	0	1.94
0110b	0	2.50
0111b	-6.02	3.52
1000b	-3.52	3.52
1001b	0	3.74
1010b	-9.12	0.00
1011b~1111b	Reserved	Reserved

#### 4.2.1 PHY CONTROL REGISTER PARALLEL INTERFACE ACCESS

PI7C9X3G1632GP provides the flexibility for user to adjust the transmit swing through the Control Register (CR) Parallel register interface by PCIe link, EEPROM, SMBUS or I2C individually.

The PHY Control Register (CR) Parallel interface is a synchronous, 16 bit data/address parallel port provided for on-chip access to control registers inside the PHY. While access to these registers is not required for normal PHY operation, this interface is included for users that want to override some of the PHY's control signals.

The CR registers can be accessed through PCIe Configuration Registers. The user may access [CR RW CTRL and STATUS](#) register in PCIe Configuration Register space to access the PHY Control Register.

The PI7C9X3G1632GP is constructed of two tiles. Each of the two tiles is constructed of four PCIe PHYs to support 16 lanes. Each tile appears as a separate PCIe bridge device in the system with a single upstream port and multiple downstream port. The Tile ID can be located in [Operation Mode](#) register (Offset 348h[2:0]).

All PHY Registers of a given lane in any PHY can be configured through CR Parallel interface via PCI Configuration Registers in upstream port (Port 0): [CR RW CTRL AND STATUS](#) register (Port 0, Offset 5C0h), [CR CTRL 0](#) register (Port 0, Offset 5C4h), [CR CTRL 1](#) register (Port 0, Offset 5C8h), [CR CTRL 2](#) register (Port 0, Offset 5CC) and [CR CTRL 3](#) register (Port 0, Offset 5D0h). The port is a upstream port when the Port Number field is 0 ([Link Capability](#) register, Offset 74h[31:24]),

The PHY Control Registers of any one of the 16 lanes can be accessed through the CR CTRL register defined in the table below. A specific lane can be located by enumerating the PHY Number from 0 to 3, and the N Value from 0 to 3.

**Table 4-2 PCIe Configuration Registers Used to Access PHY CR Registers**

Lane	PHY Number	N Value	PCIe Configuration Register Used to Access PHY CR Register
Lane 0	0	0	<a href="#">CR RW CTRL and STATUS</a> / <a href="#">CR CTRL 0</a> registers
Lane 1	0	1	<a href="#">CR RW CTRL and STATUS</a> / <a href="#">CR CTRL 0</a> registers
Lane 2	0	2	<a href="#">CR RW CTRL and STATUS</a> / <a href="#">CR CTRL 0</a> registers
Lane 3	0	3	<a href="#">CR RW CTRL and STATUS</a> / <a href="#">CR CTRL 0</a> registers
Lane 4	1	0	<a href="#">CR RW CTRL and STATUS</a> / <a href="#">CR CTRL 1</a> registers
Lane 5	1	1	<a href="#">CR RW CTRL and STATUS</a> / <a href="#">CR CTRL 1</a> registers
Lane 6	1	2	<a href="#">CR RW CTRL and STATUS</a> / <a href="#">CR CTRL 1</a> registers
Lane 7	1	3	<a href="#">CR RW CTRL and STATUS</a> / <a href="#">CR CTRL 1</a> registers
Lane 8	2	0	<a href="#">CR RW CTRL and STATUS</a> / <a href="#">CR CTRL 2</a> registers
Lane 9	2	1	<a href="#">CR RW CTRL and STATUS</a> / <a href="#">CR CTRL 2</a> registers
Lane 10	2	2	<a href="#">CR RW CTRL and STATUS</a> / <a href="#">CR CTRL 2</a> registers

Lane	PHY Number	N Value	PCIe Configuration Register Used to Access PHY CR Register
Lane 11	2	3	<a href="#">CR RW CTRL and STATUS / CR CTRL 2</a> registers
Lane 12	3	0	<a href="#">CR RW CTRL and STATUS / CR CTRL 3</a> registers
Lane 13	3	1	<a href="#">CR RW CTRL and STATUS / CR CTRL 3</a> registers
Lane 14	3	2	<a href="#">CR RW CTRL and STATUS / CR CTRL 3</a> registers
Lane 15	3	3	<a href="#">CR RW CTRL and STATUS / CR CTRL 3</a> registers

The packet switch provides CFG registers (offset [5C0h](#), [5C4h](#), [5C8h](#), [5CCh](#) and [5D0h](#)) to access Qual PHY registers.

#### 4.2.1.1 Read Procedures

- (1) Read PHY0~PHY3 CR Status by CFG Offset [5C0h](#)

Bit[19]=1, PHY3 CR READY To RW  
 Bit[18]=1, PHY2 CR READY To RW  
 Bit[17]=1, PHY1 CR READY To RW  
 Bit[16]=1, PHY0 CR READY To RW

- (2) Write PHY0~PHY3 CR Address by CFG OFFSET [5C4h](#), [5C8h](#), [5CCh](#) and [5D0h](#)

Bit[31:16], PHY Register Address

- (3) Write PHY0 ~PHY3 CR Read Enable bit by CFG OFFSET [5C0h](#)

Bit[11]=1, Enable PHY3 CR Read  
 Bit[10]=1, Enable PHY2 CR Read  
 Bit[9]=1, Enable PHY1 CR Read  
 Bit[8]=1, Enable PHY0 CR Read

- (4) Read PHY0 ~PHY3 CR Read Data by CFG OFFSET [5C4h](#), [5C8h](#), [5CCh](#) and [5D0h](#)

Bit[15:0], PHY Register Data

#### 4.2.1.2 Write Procedures

- (1) Check PHY0 ~PHY3 CR STATUS by CFG OFFSET [5C0h](#)

Bit[19]=1, PHY3 CR READY To RW  
 Bit[18]=1, PHY2 CR READY To RW  
 Bit[17]=1, PHY1 CR READY To RW  
 Bit[16]=1, PHY0 CR READY To RW

- (2) Write PHY0~PHY3 CR Address and Data by CFG OFFSET [5C4h](#), [5C8h](#), [5CCh](#) and [5D0h](#)

Bit[31:16], PHY Register Address  
 Bit[15:0], PHY Register Data

- (3) Enable PHY0 ~PHY3 CR Write Enable bit by CFG OFFSET [5C0h](#)

Bit[3]=1, Enable PHY3 CR Write  
 Bit[2]=1, Enable PHY2 CR Write  
 Bit[1]=1, Enable PHY1 CR Write  
 Bit[0]=1, Enable PHY0 CR Write

## 4.2.2 PHY CONTROL REGISTERS

Once the PHY Number and N Value are determined for a specific lane, the PHY Registers can be accessed by looking up the table below and substituting the correct N Value.

**Table 4-3 PHY Registers**

Register	Offset	Description
<a href="#">CR_TX_AMP_CTRL_0</a>	0Ch	Override values for level settings
<a href="#">CR_TX_AMP_CTRL_1</a>	1N02h	Override values for incoming TX drive controls, N is Lane number for 0~3

### 4.2.2.1 CR\_TX\_AMP\_CTRL\_0 REGISTER – PHY OFFSET 0Ch

CR\_TX\_AMP\_CTRL\_0 register is used for roughly tuning the VBOOST. It is a global variable for each PHY.

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
5:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not Support.	No	01_0000b
8:6	TX_VBOOST_LVL	RW	Used to control tx_vboost_lvl[2:0] signals to set the maximum achievable tx swing.	Yes	111b
9	TX_VBOOST_LVL_EN	RW	Used to enable override value for tx_vboost_lvl[2:0]. 0b: disable 1b: enable	Yes	0
15:10	Reserved	RsvdP	Not Support.	No	0000_00b

**Table 4-4 Tx Peak-to-Peak Swing Value with Different VBOOST**

TX_VBOOST_LVL_EN	TX_VBOOST_LVL	TX P-P Swing
1	000b	592 mV
1	001b	592 mV
1	010b	590 mV
1	011b	592 mV
1	100b (default)	626 mV
1	101b	714 mV
1	110b	786 mV
1	111b	824 mV

Note: Actual levels will vary with temperature, voltage and board effects.

### 4.2.2.2 CR\_TX\_AMP\_CTRL\_1 REGISTER – PHY OFFSET 1N02h

CR\_TX\_AMP\_CTRL\_1 register is used for fine tuning the IBOOST. It is a local variable, and can be adjusted for each lane. ‘N’ is lane number from 0 to 3.

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not Support.	No	000b
6:3	IBOOST_LVL	RW	Used to control txN_iboost_lvl[3:0] signals to set the tx swing level, where N is corresponding to Lane y (0 to 3). Refer to <a href="#">Section 6.1.3</a> .	Yes	1111b
7	IBOOST_EN	RW	Used to control txN_vboost_en signal to enable tx voltage boost, where N is corresponding to Lane y (0 to 3). 0b: disable 1b: enable	Yes	0
8	EN	RW	Enable override values for txN_iboost_lvl[3:0] and txN_vboost_en signals.	Yes	0



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:9	Reserved	RsvdP	For Internal use only.	Yes	010_1000b

**Table 4-5 Tx Peak-to-Peak Swing Value with Different IBOOST**

VBOOST_EN	IBOOST_LVL	P-P Swing(+2mv drift)
1	0000b	588mv
1	0001b	592mv
1	0010b	596mv
1	0011b	598mv
1	0100b	600mv
1	0101b	602mv
1	0110b	604mv
1	0111b	606mv
1	1000b	608mv
1	1001b	610mv
1	1010b	612mv
1	1011b	614mv
1	1100b	616mv
1	1101b	618mv
1	1110b	620mv
1	1111b (default)	624mv

Note: Actual levels will vary with temperature, voltage and board effects.

### 4.3 MEDIA ACCESS CONTROL (MAC)

The Media Access Control (MAC) block, which is consisted of physical layer packet boundary delineation and formation, multiple lanes de-skew, scrambler/de-scrambler, clock correction from inserting skip order-set, PIPE-related control/status circuits and Link Training Status State Machine (LTSSM), is implemented to interface physical layer with data link layer, build and maintain the link between two link partners.

The switch allows users to control GEN3 Link EQ parameters and link training behavior such as detection, compliance and lane reverse etc. The switch implements a group of LTSSM CSR registers located at offset starting from 380h to 3A0h to configure LTSSM operation.

### 4.4 DATA LINK LAYER (DLL)

The Data Link Layer (DLL) provides a reliable data transmission between two PCI Express points. An ACK/NACK protocol is employed to guarantee the integrity of the packets delivered. Each Transaction Layer Packet (TLP) is protected by a 32-bit LCRC for error detection. The DLL receiver performs LCRC calculation to determine if the incoming packet is corrupted in the serial link. If an LCRC error is found, the DLL transmitter would issue a NACK data link layer packet (DLLP) to the opposite end to request a re-transmission, otherwise an ACK DLLP would be sent out to acknowledge on reception of a good TLP.

The moment for issuing ACK DLLP is dependent on a time-out event of ACK latency timer or transmitter channel availability. According to PCI Express specification, the calculation of ACK latency timer is based upon maximum payload size, link width, TLP overhead, ACK factor and internal processing delay. The calculated values are determined by hardware as a default to meet PCIe specified requirement. On the other hand, the chip provides a flexibility to change the value of ACK latency timer by programming the bit 11 ~ bit 0 of DLL CSR registers at offset [420/424/428H](#) for G1/G2/G3 speed. The programmable ACK latency timer can regulate the frequency of issuing ACK DLLP. This can facilitate performance tuning under a burst of TLP in transmission.

In the transmitter, a retry buffer is implemented to store the transmitted TLPs whose corresponding ACK/NACK DLLP have not been received yet. When an ACK is received, the TLPs with sequence number equals to and smaller than that carried in the ACK would be flushed out from the buffer. If a NACK is received or no ACK/NACK is returned from the link partner after the replay timer expires, then a replay mechanism built in DLL transmitter is triggered to re-transmit the corresponding packet that receives NACK or time-out and any other TLP transmitted after that packet.

Meanwhile, the DLL is also responsible for the initialization, updating, and monitoring of the flow-control credit. All of the flow control information is carried in DLLP that is sent to the other end of link. Unlike TLP, DLLP is guarded by 16-bit CRC to detect if data corruption occurs. Furthermore, DLLP is used to handshake protocol between link parties for entering different power states such as ASPM L0s/L1 and PM L1 etc.

The chip implements a group of DLL CSR registers started from offset [420h](#) to [46Ch](#) for users to control the Flow control packet behavior, DLL packet error status report, replay timer and ACK latency timer etc.

## 4.5 TRANSACTION LAYER RECEIVE BLOCK (TLP DECAPSULATION)

The receiving portion of the transaction layer performs header information retrieval and validates the correctness of the transaction type and format. If the TLP is found to contain an illegal header or the indicated packet length mismatches with the actual packet length, then a Malformed TLP is reported as an error associated with the receiving port. PCIe also supports End-to-End CRC operation to ensure end-to-end data integrity, a 32-bit ECRC is checked against the TLP at the receiver if the digest bit is set in header. Please note for ECRC operation, it is necessary both of EP and RC to support ECRC as well.

## 4.6 ROUTING

The transaction layer implements three types of routing protocols: ID-based, address-based, and implicit routing. For configuration reads, configuration writes, transaction completion, and user-defined messages, the packets are routed by their destination ID constituted of bus number, device number, and function number. Address routing is employed to forward I/O or memory transactions to the destination port, which is located within the address range indicated by the address field carried in the packet header. The packet header indicates the packet types including memory read, memory write, IO read, IO write, Message Signaling Interrupt (MSI) and user-defined message. Implicit routing is mainly used to forward system message transactions such as virtual interrupt line, power management, and so on. The message type embedded in the packet header determines the routing mechanism.

If the incoming packet cannot be forwarded to any other port due to a miss to hit the desired address range or targeted ID, this is considered as Unsupported Request (UR) packet, which is similar to a master abort event in PCI protocol.

In addition to following standard packet routing rule, the chip also implements a group of TL CSR registers started from offset [4C0h](#) to [4D0h](#) for users to control packet forwarding mode, packet ordering and arbitration scheme etc.

## 4.7 QUEUE

Six TLP packet types are defined in PCI Express architecture: Memory read/write, IO read/write, Config read/write, Completions, Messages, and Atomic. Each of these packet types fits into the separate switch queues: Posted Request Header (PH), Posted Request Data payload (PD), Non-Posted Request Header (NPH), Non-Posted Data Payload (NPD), Completion Header (CPLH) and Completion Data payload (CPLD). Each packet with different type would be put into a separate queue in order to facilitate the following ordering processor. NPD only contains one DW for all

Non-post requests except CAS AtomicOP with 128-bit operand size, which requires two DWs, so it can be merged with the corresponding NPH into a common queue named NPHD.

#### 4.7.1 POSTED REQUEST HEADER (PH)

PH queue provides TLP header spaces for posted memory writes and various message request headers. The types of TLP stored in this queue are MWr, Msg and MsgD. Each header space occupies sixteen bytes to accommodate 3 DW or 4 DW headers. The number of entries in PH range from 8 to 32 depending on the lane width of link.

#### 4.7.2 POST REQUEST DATA (PD)

PD queue is used for storing posted request data. If the received TLP is a posted request type such as MWr or MsgD, and contained payload other than the header, the payload data would be put into PD queue. The size of PD queue ranges from 2KB to 8KB depending on the lane width of link.

#### 4.7.3 NON-POSTED REQUEST HEADER AND DATA (NPHD)

NPHD queue provides TLP header spaces for non-posted request packets, which include memory read, IO read, IO write, configuration read, configuration write and AtomicOP requests. The types of TLP stored in this queue are MRd, MRdLk, IORd, IOWr, CfgRd0/CfgRd1, CfgWr0/CfgWr1, FetchAdd, Swap and CAS. Usually only IO or configuration write and Atomic requests are given additional data credit. The other TLP type is just given header credit. Each header space takes twenty-four bytes to accommodate the following combinations: 3-DW header, 4-DW header, 3-WD header with 1-DW data, 3-WD header with 2-DW data, 4-DW header with 1-DW data and 4-DW header with 2-DW data. In total, the number of entries in NPHD range from 8 to 32 depending on the lane width of link.

#### 4.7.4 COMPLETION HEADER (CPLH)

CPLH queue provides TLP header space for completion packets. The types of TLP stored in this queue are Cpl, CpID, CplLk and CpIDLk. Each header space takes twelve bytes to accommodate a 3-DW header. Please note that there are no 4-DW completion headers. The number of entries in CPLH range from 8 to 32 depending on the lane width of link.

#### 4.7.5 COMPLETION DATA (CPLD)

CPLD queue is used for storing completion data. If the received TLP is a CpID or CpIDLk type and contained payload other than the header, the payload data would be put into CPLD queue. The size of CPLD queues range from 2KB to 8KB depending on the lane width of link.

### 4.8 TRANSACTION ORDERING

A set of ordering rules is defined to regulate the transactions on the PCI Express Switch including Memory, IO, Configuration and Messages, in order to avoid deadlocks and to support the Producer-Consumer model. The ordering rules defined in Table 4-2 apply within a single Traffic Class (TC). There is no ordering requirement among transactions within different TC labels. Since the transactions with the same TC label are not allowed to map into different virtual channels, it implies no ordering relationship between the traffic in VC0.

**Table 4-6 Summary of PCI Express Ordering Rules**

Row Pass Column	Posted Request	Read Request	Non-posted Write Request	Read Completion	Non-posted Write Completion
Posted Request	Yes/No <sup>1</sup>	Yes <sup>5</sup>	Yes <sup>5</sup>	Yes <sup>5</sup>	Yes <sup>5</sup>
Read Request	No <sup>2</sup>	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Non-posted Write Request	No <sup>2</sup>	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Row Pass Column	Posted Request	Read Request	Non-posted Write Request	Read Completion	Non-posted Write Completion
Read Completion	Yes/No <sup>3</sup>	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Non-Posted Write Completion	Yes <sup>4</sup>	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

1. When the Relaxed Ordering Attribute bit is cleared, the Posted Request transactions including memory write and message request must complete on the egress bus in the order in which they are received on the ingress bus. If the Relaxed Ordering Attribute bit is set, the Posted Request is permitted to pass over other Posted Requests occurring before it.
2. A Read Request transmitting in the same direction as a previously queued Posted Request transaction must push the posted write data ahead of it. The Posted Request transaction must complete on the egress bus before the Read Request can be attempted on the egress bus. The Read transaction can go to the same location as the Posted data. Posted read requests are not allowed to pass posted write transactions due to the concern that if the read and write are to the same location, the subsequent data returned from the read request would be stale data.
3. When the Relaxed Ordering Attribute bit is cleared, a Read completion must “pull” ahead of previously queued posted data transmitting in the same direction. In this case, the read data transmits in the same direction as the posted data, and the requestor of the read transaction is on the same side as the completer of the posted transaction. The posted transaction must deliver to the completer before the read data is returned to the requestor. If the Relaxed Ordering Attribute bit is set, then a read completion is permitted to pass a previously queued Memory Write or Message Request.
4. Non-Posted Write Completions are permitted to pass a previous Memory Write or Message Request transaction. Such transactions are actually transmitting in the opposite directions and hence have no ordering relationship.
5. Posted Request transactions must be given opportunities to pass Non-posted Read and Write Requests as well as Completions. Otherwise, deadlocks may occur when some older bridges, which do Not support delayed transactions are mixed with PCIe Switch in the same system. A fairness algorithm is used to arbitrate between the Posted Write queue and the Non-posted transaction queue

## 4.9 PORT ARBITRATION

Among multiple ingress ports, the port arbitration built in the egress port determines which incoming packets to be forwarded to the output port. The arbitration algorithm the switch uses is fixed Round Robin. The port arbitration is held within the Virtual Channel 0. At the upstream ports, in addition to the inter-port packets, the intra-port packet such as configurations completion would also join the arbitration loop to get the service from Virtual Channel 0.

## 4.10 FLOW CONTROL

PCI Express employs Credit-Based Flow Control mechanism to make buffer utilization more efficient. The transaction layer transmitter ensures that it does not transmit a TLP to an opposite receiver unless the receiver has enough buffer space to accept the TLP. The transaction layer receiver has the responsibility to advertise the free buffer space to an opposite transmitter to avoid packet stale. In this Switch, each port has its own separate queues for different traffic types (Posted, Non Posted and Completion) and the credits of each type are continually updated via the data link layer on the fly. The data link layer compares the current available credits with the monitored ones and reports the updated credit to the counterpart. If no new credit is acquired, the credit reported is scheduled for every 30 us to prevent the link from entering retrain. On the other hand, the receiver at each egress port gets the usable credits from the opposite end

in a link. The egress port notifies the usable credit information to all ingress ports to receive packets that are intended to that egress port.

#### 4.11 TRANSACTION LAYER TRANSMIT BLOCK (TLP ENCAPSULATION)

The transmit portion of transaction layer performs the following functions. They construct the all types of forwarded TLP generated from VC arbiter, respond with the completion packets when the local resource (i.e. configuration register) is accessed, and regenerate the message that terminates at receiver to RC if acting as an upstream port.

#### 4.12 ACCESS CONTROL SERVICE (ACS)

Traditionally, the packet routing between the peer-to-peer downstream ports is determined by either the address or ID field embedded in the packet header. Access Control Service (ACS) provides a mechanism for customer to selectively control access between PCI Express Endpoints attached to the downstream ports of packet switch. If ACS is enabled in the ingress port, the peer-to-peer packet forwarding will follow the rule sets of ACS rather than the destination ID or address. ACS is implemented as a set of capabilities and control registers in the associated hardware component. It brings the following benefits such as preventing the silent data corruption presented in Requests from being incorrectly routed to a peer Endpoint, validating every Request transaction between two downstream components and enabling direct routing of peer-to-peer Memory Requests whose addresses have been translated when ATS system is being used. ACS is usually enabled for directing all peer-to-peer traffic between downstream ports to upstream port.

Please refer to [ACS Extended Capability](#) registers at offset 1C0h for more information.

#### 4.13 MULTICAST OPERATION

This is a PCIe optional feature allowing posted packets delivered to multiple endpoints with an efficient way. For some application, more than one target would receive the same packet. By using traditional unicast operation, this packet would be repeatedly transmitted until all targets receive the same packet. The multicast operation would only require one-time transmission to serve all targets. The PCIe spec defines a Multicast Capability structure containing a Multicast address range that is dividable into multiple Multicast Group (MCG) with the size of Multicast Window to enable multicast operation. The multicast address range must be in the same host domain. Multicast is not translated into other host domain address location for cross-domain multicast transactions.

When the incoming packet hits the dedicated MCG within the Multicast address range defined in the ingress port, it will be simultaneously forwarded to the selected egress ports, which have the corresponding MCG bit set in MC\_Receive register, if no blocking happens in ingress port. The ingress port also allows the multicast-hit packet being dropped by enabling the corresponding MCG bit in MC\_Block\_All or MC\_Block\_Untranslated register.

Please refer to [Multicast Extended Capability](#) registers at offset 1D0h for more information.

## 5 CHIP INITIALIZATION

### 5.1 PORT-LANE CONFIGURATION

#### 5.1.1 MODE SELECTION

PI7C9X3G1632GP includes two tiles. One tile can be independently configured into 1 Port, 2 Ports, 3 Ports, 4 Ports, 5 Ports and 8 Ports across 16 Lanes by employing [PORTCFG\\_x\[2:0\]](#) pins, where x= 0 and 1.

**Table 5-1 Mode Selection**

PORTCFG_x[2]	PORTCFG_x[1]	PORTCFG_x[0]	Functional Mode
0	0	0	1Port-16Lane Configuration <sup>Note 1</sup>
0	0	1	2Port-16Lane Configuration
0	1	0	3Port-16Lane Configuration
0	1	1	4Port-16Lane Configuration <sup>Note 2</sup>
1	0	0	5Port-16Lane Configuration
1	0	1	8Port-16Lane Configuration

Note 1: When PORTCFG\_x[2:0] set to 000b (116 mode), it can support bifurcation. Based on “Fix\_116\_result” register setting, switch can be configured to 1Port-16Lane, 2Port-16Lane, 3Port-Lane and 4Port-16Lane configurations. See [offset 55Ch](#) for more detail.

Note 2: When PORTCFG\_x[2:0] set to 011b (416 mode), it can support bifurcation. Based on “Fix\_416\_result” register setting, switch can be configured to 4Port-16Lane, 5Port-16Lane, 6Port-Lane, 7Port-16Lane and 8Port-16Lane configurations. See [offset 55Ch](#) for more detail.

Note 3: Each tile selects its own local port configuration. If a switch is composed by multiple tiles, the global port configuration is the result of combinations for all tiles’ local port configuration.

#### 5.1.2 LANE MAPPING

The table below shows the mapping of the lanes to the transmission and receive pairs.

**Table 5-2 Lane Mapping**

Lane	TX Pair	RX Pair
Lane 0	PETP[0]PETN[0]	PERP[0]PERN[0]
Lane 1	PETP[1]PETN[1]	PERP[1]PERN[1]
Lane 2	PETP[2]PETN[2]	PERP[2]PERN[2]
Lane 3	PETP[3]PETN[3]	PERP[3]PERN[3]
Lane 4	PETP[4]PETN[4]	PERP[4]PERN[4]
Lane 5	PETP[5]PETN[5]	PERP[5]PERN[5]
Lane 6	PETP[6]PETN[6]	PERP[6]PERN[6]
Lane 7	PETP[7]PETN[7]	PERP[7]PERN[7]
Lane 8	PETP[8]PETN[8]	PERP[8]PERN[8]
Lane 9	PETP[9]PETN[9]	PERP[9]PERN[9]
Lane 10	PETP[10]PETN[10]	PERP[10]PERN[10]
Lane 11	PETP[11]PETN[11]	PERP[11]PERN[11]
Lane 12	PETP[12]PETN[12]	PERP[12]PERN[12]
Lane 13	PETP[13]PETN[13]	PERP[13]PERN[13]
Lane 14	PETP[14]PETN[14]	PERP[14]PERN[14]
Lane 15	PETP[15]PETN[15]	PERP[15]PERN[15]

### 5.1.3 PORT NUMBERING

There are two port numbering systems. One is the local numbering system and the other is the global numbering system. In the local numbering system, port number is given in the port number field of link capability register. Each port has a different link width capability, which is also defined in Maximum Link Width field of the capability register. The following table is the local port number in one tile and the corresponding maximum link width.

**Table 5-3 Port Numbering**

Port Number	P0	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7
Link Width	x16	x2	x4	x2	x8	x2	x4	x2

In the global port numbering system, the port number is formed by concatenating tile ID number and local port number, which results in a 6-bit wide of number such as (tile [2:0], port [2:0]).

### 5.1.4 PORT-LANE MAPPING

The table below shows the mapping of the lanes to ports in different functional modes.

**Table 5-4 Port-Lane Mapping**

	1-Port	2-Port	3-Port	4-Port	5-Port	8-Port
Lane 0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0
Lane 1	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0
Lane 2	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P1
Lane 3	P0	P0	P0	P0	P0	P1
Lane 4	P0	P0	P0	P2	P0	P2
Lane 5	P0	P0	P0	P2	P0	P2
Lane 6	P0	P0	P0	P2	P0	P3
Lane 7	P0	P0	P0	P2	P0	P3
Lane 8	P0	P4	P4	P4	P4	P4
Lane 9	P0	P4	P4	P4	P4	P4
Lane 10	P0	P4	P4	P4	P5	P5
Lane 11	P0	P4	P4	P4	P5	P5
Lane 12	P0	P4	P6	P6	P6	P6
Lane 13	P0	P4	P6	P6	P6	P6
Lane 14	P0	P4	P6	P6	P7	P7
Lane 15	P0	P4	P6	P6	P7	P7

Note: Switch supports automatic lane reversal within a port.

## 5.2 CLOCK SCHEME

### 5.2.1 REFERENCE CLOCK OPERATION MODES

The Switch supports two different reference clock operational modes defined by CKMODE. Each tile of the switch has its own CKMODE setting to allow flexible reference clock operation in various applications. If CKMODE is tied to “0”, the tile sourced from reference clocks is operating under BASE mode. If CKMODE is tied to “1”, the tile driven by reference clocks is operating under Cross Domain Separate Reference clock (CDSR) mode. The configured mode determines how the reference clock sources are connected to REFCLKP/N\_x[2:0] input pins in each tile.

For example, when the Switch is configured to be in the BASE mode, all of the 16 lanes in one tile are driven by REFCLKP/N\_x [0]. In this mode, REFCLKP/N\_x[1] and REFCLKP/N\_x[2] are recommended to be connected to the ground. When the Switch is set to be in CDSR mode, the tile allows three different reference clock sources to drive these 16 lanes. The users can decide how the reference clocks are connected to the appropriate ports based on the appropriate port lane mapping.

When one of the tiles is configured to be in CDSR mode, the ports in the tile or chip operate in multiple reference clock domains. In this mode, some of ports work in one reference clock domain while others work in another domain. Each domain can turn on its own SSC function, and the Switch supports SSC isolation feature to allow ports in different SSC domains to transfer packets to each other correctly, given that the frequency differences are within 5600ppm.

The following table illustrates the connections of REFCLKP/N\_x[2:0] in various use cases when CKMODE is set to BASE mode. The reference clock source comes from Root Complex (RC). The clock signal is distributed through buffer or generator to REFCLKP/N\_x[2:0].

**Table 5-5 REFCLKP/N\_x[2:0] connections when BASE mode is chosen**

Usage Case	REFCLK Architecture	REFCLKP/N_x[0]	REFCLKP/N_x[1]	REFCLKP/N_x[2]
Single Fan-out	Common/SRNS/SRIS	RC for all tiles (i.e. x = 0,1)	GND for all tiles (i.e. x = 0,1)	GND for all tiles (i.e. x = 0,1)
Switch Partition	Common/SRNS/SRIS	RC0 for tile 0 RC1 for tile 1	GND for all tiles (i.e. x = 0,1)	GND for all tiles (i.e. x = 0,1)

If CKMODE is set to CDSR, the use case is similar to multi-host domain. The REFCLK architecture is viewed as in SSC isolation. Each tile can be splitted into 2 host domains with the host port of P0 and P4. These two host ports can be linked at either x8 or x4 lane-width. The reference clock drives P0 via REFCLKP/N\_x[0], which is the main clock for the entire tile. In this mode, REFCLKP/N\_x[0] is isolated from REFCLKP/N\_x[1], which is connected to P4. REFCLKP/N\_x[0] and REFCLKP/N\_x[1] are sourced differently from the RC\_x in their own host domains. If P4 is linked at x4, the REFCLKP/N\_x[2] connects to the same source as REFCLKP/N\_x[0]. The following table illustrates the connection of REFCLKP/N\_x[2:0] in SSC isolation condition.

**Table 5-6 REFCLKP/N\_x[2:0] connections when CDSR mode is chosen**

Port 0	Port 4	REFCLKP/N_x[0]	REFCLKP/N_x[1]	REFCLKP/N_x[2]
x8 or x4	x8	RC_x[0]	RC_x[1]	GND for tile x
x8 or x4	x4	RC_x[0]	RC_x[1]	RC_x[0]

## 5.2.2 INTEGRATED REFERENCE CLOCK BUFFER

The built-in Integrated Reference Clock Buffer of the PI7C9X3G1632GP supports eight reference clock outputs in each tile. Each tile has its strapping pin CKBUFPDx\_L to enable or disable the internal clock buffer feature.

When CKBUFPDx\_L pin is de-asserted, the integrated reference clock buffer is enabled. The clock buffer distributes a single 100 MHz reference clock input to eight referemce clock output paris, REFCLKOP/N\_x[7:0]. The integrated reference clock buffer supports two different operation modes which set by CLKBUF\_CMOS\_ENx\_L pins. When CLKBUF\_CMOS\_ENx\_L set “1”, the integrated clock buffer requires 100 MHz differential clock inputs through REFCLKIP/N\_x pins as shown in Table 12-4. When CLKBUF\_CMOS\_ENx\_L set “0”, REFCLKIP/N\_x are recommended to be connected to the ground.

When CKBUFPDx\_L pin is asserted high, the integrated clock buffer is in power down mode and disabled. The 100 MHz reference clock output pairs are disabled.



The connection of REFCLKOP/N\_x[7:0] pins of PI7C9X3G1632GP and the reference clock input of downstream port devices have to follow the table shown below if L1.1 is implemented.

**Table 5-7 Connection Map for REFCLKOP/N\_x[7:0]**

Reference Clock Source Pins	REFCLKOP_x[0] REFCLKON_x[0]	REFCLKOP_x[1] REFCLKON_x[1]	REFCLKOP_x[2] REFCLKON_x[2]	REFCLKOP_x[3] REFCLKON_x[3]	REFCLKOP_x[4] REFCLKON_x[4]	REFCLKOP_x[5] REFCLKON_x[5]	REFCLKOP_x[6] REFCLKON_x[6]	REFCLKOP_x[7] REFCLKON_x[7]
Reference Clock Destination Pins	Note	Downstream Port 1 device	Downstream Port 2 device	Downstream Port 3 device	Downstream Port 4 device	Downstream Port 5 device	Downstream Port 6 device	Downstream Port 7 device

Note: When CKMODE is set to BASE mode, REFCLKP/N\_x[0] can be connected to REFCLKOP/N\_x[0] or external reference clock source. When CKMODE is set to CDSR mode, REFCLKOP/N\_x[0] is un-used and REFCLKP/N\_x[2:0] are connected to external reference clock sources which need belong to the same clock buffer.

The REFCLKOP/N\_x[7:0] is not only enabled or disabled by a global control signal CKBUFPD\_x\_L, but also controlled by CLKREQ\_x\_L[7:0] pins and internal downstream-port device clock status individually based on L1 PM Substate rule. The output control signals for REFCLKOP/N\_x[7:0] are mapped as the following tables.

**Table 5-8 Output Control for REFCLKOP/N\_x[7:0]**

Reference Clock Source Pins	REFCLKOP_x[0] REFCLKON_x[0]	REFCLKOP_x[1] REFCLKON_x[1]	REFCLKOP_x[2] REFCLKON_x[2]	REFCLKOP_x[3] REFCLKON_x[3]	REFCLKOP_x[4] REFCLKON_x[4]	REFCLKOP_x[5] REFCLKON_x[5]	REFCLKOP_x[6] REFCLKON_x[6]	REFCLKOP_x[7] REFCLKON_x[7]
Clock Request Control Pins	CLKREQ_x_L[0]	CLKREQ_x_L[1]	CLKREQ_x_L[2]	CLKREQ_x_L[3]	CLKREQ_x_L[4]	CLKREQ_x_L[5]	CLKREQ_x_L[6]	CLKREQ_x_L[7]

Note: When CKMODE is set to BASE mode, REFCLKP/N\_x[0] can be connected to REFCLKOP/N\_x[0] or external reference clock source. When CKMODE is set to CDSR mode, REFCLKOP/N\_x[0] is un-used and REFCLKP/N\_x[2:0] are connected to external reference clock sources which need belong to the same clock buffer.

The CLKREQ0\_L[0] is an upstream control signal that should be connected from the switch output with external pull-up to the CLKREQ\_L pin on the host chip (Root Complex). The switch combines the CLKREQ0\_L[7:1] and CLKREQ1\_L[7:0] and drives the resulting signal out on the CLKREQ0\_L[0]. When endpoints do not have any packets to transmit, the switch and endpoints will not drive CLKREQ0\_L[7:1] and CLKREQ1\_L[7:0], CLKREQ0\_L[7:1] and CLKREQ1\_L[7:0] will be high due to external pull-up resistor and the reference clock REFCLKOP/N\_0[7:1] and REFCLKOP/N\_1[7:0] for down ports will stop. Then, the switch does not drive the CLKREQ0\_L[0] low on its upstream port. If the Root Complex does not have any packets requiring transmission, it does not drive the CLKREQ0\_L[0] either. In this case, the CLKREQ0\_L[0] will be high due to external pull-up resistor to stop the reference clock source for the upstream port.

If desires to disable some specified Reference Clock Output Paris, it can be done by Port Clock Enable field in the Bifurcation Control Register ([offset 55Ch](#), bit[31:24]) through I2C, SMBUS or EEPROM.

## 5.3 EEPROM INTERFACE

The EEPROM interface consists of four pins: EESK (EEPROM clock), EEDI (EEPROM serial data input), EEDO (EEPROM serial data output) and EECS (EEPROM chip select). The Switch supports 2-, or 3-byte address SPI EEPROM parts and automatically determines the appropriate addressing mode. The EEPROM is used to initialize a number of registers before enumeration. This is accomplished after PERST\_L is de-asserted, at which time the data from the EEPROM is loaded. The EEPROM interface is organized into a 16-bit base, and the Switch supplies an 8-bit EEPROM word address.

### 5.3.1 EEPROM ACCESS MODES

The Switch may access the EEPROM in a WORD format by either utilizing the auto mode through a hardware sequencer or interactive mode through the host configuration commands. For auto mode, it only happens during chip initialization after system reset (Please refer to 5.3.2 for more details). As to interactive mode, it allows to read/write data from/into the EEPROM by giving the command, address and data via EEPROM Control, address and data configuration registers at offset [30Ch](#) and [310h](#).

### 5.3.2 EEPROM MODE AT RESET

During a reset, the Switch automatically loads the information/data from the EEPROM if the automatic load condition is met. The first offset in the EEPROM contains a signature. If the signature is recognized, the autoloading initiates right after the reset.

During the autoloading, the Switch will read sequential words from the EEPROM and write to the appropriate registers. Before the Switch registers can be accessed through the host, the autoloading condition should be verified by reading bit [4] offset [308h](#) (EEPROM Autoload Status). The host access is allowed only after the status of this bit is set to '1' which indicates that the autoloading initialization sequence is completed.

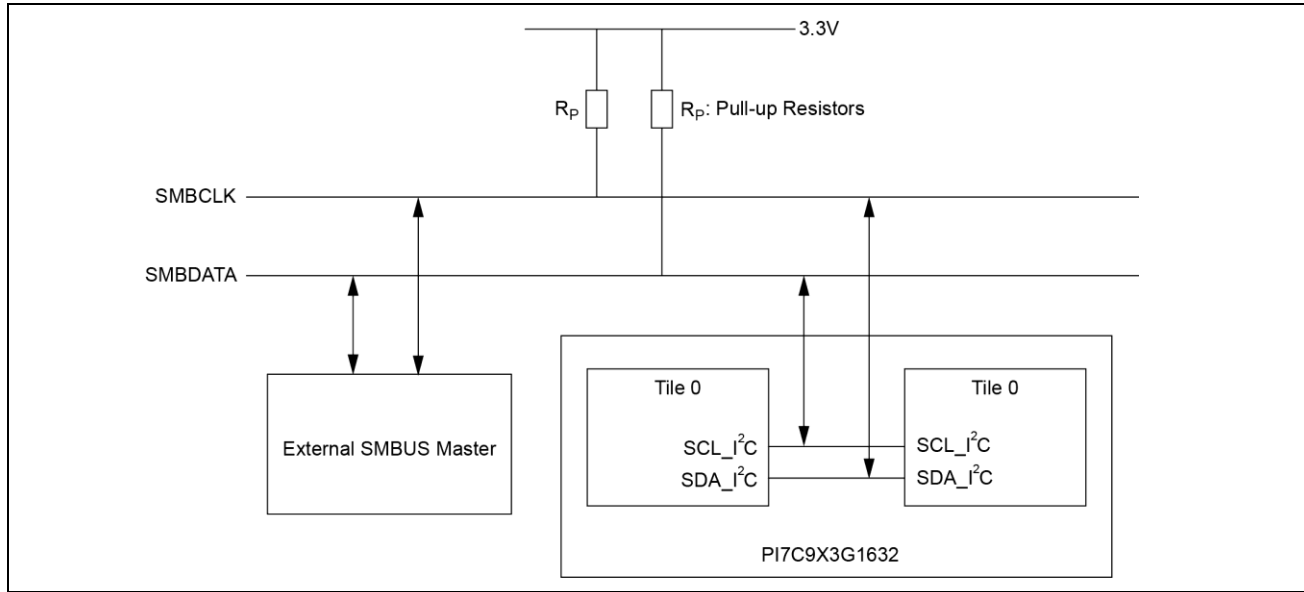
### 5.3.3 EEPROM SPACE ADDRESS MAP

**Table 5-9 EEPROM Space Address Map**

EEPROM Address	Value	Description
00h	1516h	EEPROM signature
02h	EEPROM_BYTE_SIZE	EEPROM size byte count
04h	CFG_TILE_PORT	1 <sup>st</sup> Configuration Tile_Port Address Bit[7:0]: port number Bit[15:8]: tie number
06h	CFG_OFFSET_ADDR	1 <sup>st</sup> Configuration Register Address Bit[9:0]: configuration register address Bit[15:10]: reserved
08h	CFG_LOW_DATA	1 <sup>st</sup> Configuration Register Data (low word)
0Ah	CFG_HIGH_DATA	1 <sup>st</sup> Configuration Register Data (high word)
0Ch	CFG_TILE_PORT	2 <sup>nd</sup> Configuration Tile_Port Address
0Eh	CFG_OFFSET_ADDR	2 <sup>nd</sup> Configuration Register Address
10h	CFG_LOW_DATA	2 <sup>nd</sup> Configuration Register Data (low word)
12h	CFG_HIGH_DATA	2 <sup>nd</sup> Configuration Register Data (high word)
...	...	...
FFF8h	CFG_HIGH_DATA	Last Configuration Register Data (high word)

## 5.4 SMBUS INTERFACE

The Packet Switch provides the System Management Bus (SMBus), a two-wire interface through which a simple device can communicate with the rest of the system. The SMBus interface on the Packet Switch is a bi-directional slave interface. It can receive data from the SMBus master or send data to the master. The interface allows full access to the configuration registers. A SMBus master, such as the processor or other SMBus devices, can read or write to every RW configuration register (read/write register). In addition, the RO and HwInt registers (read-only and hardware initialized registers) that can be auto-loaded by the EEPROM interface can also be read and written by the SMBus interface. This feature allows increases in the system expandability and flexibility in system implementation.



**Figure 5-1 SMBus Architecture Implementation**

The SMBus interface on the Packet Switch consists of one SMBus clock pin ([SCL\\_I2C](#)), a SMBus data pin ([SDA\\_I2C](#)), and 3 SMBus address pins ([I2C\\_ADDR\[2:0\]](#)). The SMBus clock pin provides or receives the clock signal. The SMBus data pin facilitates the data transmission and reception. Both of the clock and data pins are bi-directional. The SMBus address pins determine the address to which the Packet Switch responds to. The SMBus address pins generate addresses according to the following table:

**Table 5-10 SMBUS Address Pin Configuration**

BIT	SMBus Address For Tile 0	SMBus Address For Tile 1
0	I2C_ADDR[0]	I2C_ADDR[0]+1
1	I2C_ADDR[1]	I2C_ADDR[1]
2	I2C_ADDR[2]	I2C_ADDR[2]
3	1	1
4	0	0
5	1	1
6	1	1

Software can change the SMBus Slave address, by programming the SMBus/I2C Control Register SMBus/I2C Device Address field.

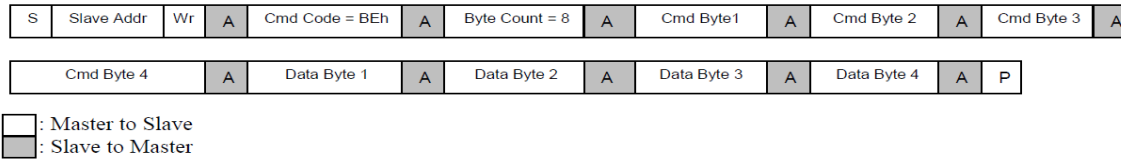
The Switch also supports Packet Error Checking and Packet Error Code (PEC) generation, as explained in the SMBus v2.0.

The Switch supports three commands:

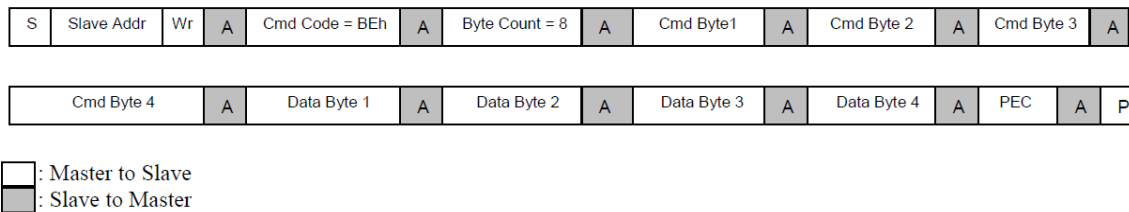
- Block Write (command BEh) is used to write CFG registers
- Block Write (command BAh), followed by Block Read (command BDh), is used to read CFG registers
- Block Read - Block Write Process Call (commands BAh, CDh) can also be used to read CFG registers

### 5.4.1 SMBUS BLOCK WRITE

The Block Write command is used to write to the Switch registers. General SMBus Block Writes are illustrated in Figure 5-2 and Figure 5-3. Table 5-11 explains the elements used in Figure 5-2 and Figure 5-3.



**Figure 5-2 SMBus Block Write Command Format, to Write to a Switch Register without PEC**



**Figure 5-3 SMBus Block Write Command Format, to Write to a Switch Register with PEC**

Block Write transactions that are received with incorrect Cmd Code are NACKed, starting from the wrong byte setting, and including subsequent bytes in the packet. For example, if the Byte Count value is not 8, the Switch NACKs the byte corresponding to the Byte Count value, as well as any Data bytes following within the same packet.

The byte after Data Byte 4, if present, is taken as the PEC byte, and if present, the PEC is checked. If a packet fails Packet Error Checking, the Switch drops the packet (ignores the Write), and returns NACK for the PEC byte, to the SMBus Master. Packet Error Checking can be disabled, by setting the SMBus/I<sup>2</sup>C Control Register PEC Check Disable bit. The Byte Count value, by definition, does not include the PEC byte.

**Table 5-11 Bytes for SMBus Block Write**

Field (Byte) On Bus	Bit(s)	Value/ Description
S	1	<b>START</b> condition
P	1	<b>STOP</b> condition
A	1	<b>Acknowledge</b> (this bit position may be 0 for an ACK or 1 for a NACK)
Command Code	7:0	<b>BEh</b> for Block Write
Byte Count	7:0	<b>08h</b> = 8 bytes to follow (4 Command and 4 Data bytes). The PEC byte is not counted.
Command Byte 1	7:3	<b>Reserved</b>
	2:0	<b>Command</b> 011b = Write register 100b = Read register
Command Byte 2	7	<b>Reserved</b>
	6:4	<b>Tie Select [2:0]</b> Tie Select [2:0] is used to select Tie to access.
	3:0	<b>Port Select [4:1]</b> 2 <sup>nd</sup> Command byte, bit[3:0], and 3 <sup>rd</sup> Command byte, bit 7, combine to form a 5-bit Port Select.
Command Byte 3	7	<b>Port Select [0]</b> 2 <sup>nd</sup> Command byte, bit[3:0], and 3 <sup>rd</sup> Command byte, bit 7, combine to form a 5-bit Port Select. Port Select [4:0] is used to select Port to access.
	6	<b>Reserved</b>
	5:2	<b>Byte Enable</b>
	<b>Bit</b>	<b>Description</b>

Field (Byte) On Bus	Bit(s)	Value/ Description
		2 Byte Enable for Data Byte 4 (Switch register bit[7:0]) 3 Byte Enable for Data Byte 3 (Switch register bit[15:8]) 4 Byte Enable for Data Byte 2 (Switch register bit[23:16]) 5 Byte Enable for Data Byte 1 (Switch register bit[31:24])  0 = Corresponding Switch register byte will not be modified 1 = Corresponding Switch register byte will be modified
	1:0	<b>Switch Register Address [11:10]</b>
Command Byte 4	7:0	<b>Switch Register Address [9:2]</b> Note: Address bit[1:0] are fixed to 0.
Data Byte 1	7:0	<b>Data write to register bit[31:24]</b>
Data Byte 2	7:0	<b>Data write to register bit[23:16]</b>
Data Byte 3	7:0	<b>Data write to register bit[15:8]</b>
Data Byte 4	7:0	<b>Data write to register bit[7:0]</b>
PEC	7:0	<b>Packet Error Code</b>

The table below is a sample to write SSID/SSVID register (offset [A8h](#)) in Port 1. The register value is 1234\_5678h, with all bytes enabled, and without PEC. The default SMBus Address is 1101000b.

**Table 5-12 Sample SMBus Block Write Byte Sequence**

Byte Number	Byte Type	Value	Description
1	Address	D0h	Bit[7:1] for the Switch default Slave address of 68h, with bit 0 Cleared to indicate a Write.
2	Command Code	BEh	Command Code for register Write, using a Block Write
3	Byte Count	08h	Byte Count. Four Command Bytes and Four Data Bytes
4	Command Byte 1	03h	For Write command
5	Command Byte 2	00h	Bit[6:4] – Tie Select [2:0] (for Tie 0) Bit[3:0] - Port Select [4:1] (for Port 1)
6	Command Byte 3	BCh	Bit 7 is Port Select[0] Bit 6 is reserved Bit[5:2] are the for Byte Enables; all are active Bit[1:0] are register Address bit[11:10]
7	Command Byte 4	2Ah	Switch Register Address bit[9:2] (for offset A8h)
8	Data Byte 1	12h	Data Byte for register bit[31:24]
9	Data Byte 2	34h	Data Byte for register bit[23:16]
10	Data Byte 3	56h	Data Byte for register bit[15:8]
11	Data Byte 4	78h	Data Byte for register bit[7:0]

## 5.4.2 SMBUS BLOCK READ

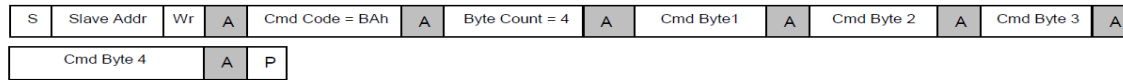
A Block Read command is used to read Switch CFG registers. Similar to CFG register Reads using I<sup>2</sup>C, a SMBus Write sequence must first be performed to select the register to read, followed by a SMBus Read of the corresponding register. There are two ways a Switch register can be read:

- Use a Block Write, followed by a Block Read. The Block Write sets up the parameters including Port Number, register address and Byte Enables, and the Block Read performs the actual Read operation.
- Use a Block Read - Block Write Process Call. This command is defined by the SMBus v2.0, and performs a Block Write and Block Read, using a single command. The Block Write portion of the message sets up the register to be read, and then a repeated START followed by the Block Read portion of the message returns the register data specified by the Block Write

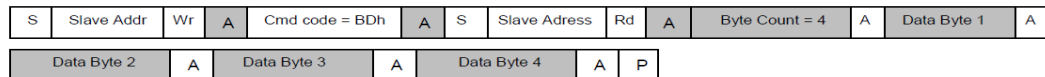
The Switch always NACKs any incorrect command sequences, starting with the wrong Byte. Upon receiving the Block Read command, the Switch returns a PEC to the Master, if after the 4th byte of register data, the Master still requests

one more Byte. As a Slave, the Switch recognizes the end of the Master's Read cycle, by observing the Master's NACK response for the last Data Byte transmitted by the Switch.

Incorrect command sequences are always NACK, starting with the byte that is incorrect. (Refer to Table 5-13.) On the Block Read command, a PEC is returned to the Master, if after the 4th byte of CSR data, the return Master still requests for one additional byte. As a Slave, the Switch will know the end of the Master Read cycle, by observing the NACK for the last byte read from the Master.



**A Block Write to set up Read**



**A Block Read which returns CFG Register Value**

□ : Master to Slave  
 ■ : Slave to Master

**Figure 5-4 SMBus Block Write to Set up Read, and Resulting Read that Returns CFG Register Value**

**Table 5-13 Bytes for SMBus Block Read**

Field (Byte) On Bus	Bit(s)	Value/ Description										
S	1	<b>START</b> condition										
P	1	<b>STOP</b> condition										
A	1	<b>Acknowledge</b> (this bit position may be 0 for an ACK or 1 for a NACK)										
Command Code	7:0	<b>BAh</b> , to set up Read, using Block Writes										
Byte Count	7:0	<b>04h</b> , 4 Command bytes										
Command Byte 1	7:3	<b>Reserved</b>										
	2:0	<b>Command</b> 011b = Write register 100b = Read register										
Command Byte 2	7	<b>Reserved</b>										
	6:4	<b>Tie Select [2:0]</b> Tie Select [2:0] is used to select Tie to access.										
	3:0	<b>Port Select [4:1]</b> 2 <sup>nd</sup> Command byte, bit[3:0], and 3 <sup>rd</sup> Command byte, bit 7, combine to form a 5-bit Port Select.										
Command Byte 3	7	<b>Port Select [0]</b> 2 <sup>nd</sup> Command byte, bit[3:0], and 3 <sup>rd</sup> Command byte, bit 7, combine to form a 5-bit Port Select. Port Select [4:0] is used to select Port to access.										
	6	<b>Reserved</b>										
	5:2	<b>Byte Enable</b>  <table border="0"> <tr> <td><b>Bit</b></td> <td><b>Description</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Byte Enable for Data Byte 4 (Switch register bit[7:0])</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Byte Enable for Data Byte 3 (Switch register bit[15:8])</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>Byte Enable for Data Byte 2 (Switch register bit[23:16])</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>Byte Enable for Data Byte 1 (Switch register bit[31:24])</td> </tr> </table> 0 = Corresponding Switch register byte will not be modified 1 = Corresponding Switch register byte will be modified	<b>Bit</b>	<b>Description</b>	2	Byte Enable for Data Byte 4 (Switch register bit[7:0])	3	Byte Enable for Data Byte 3 (Switch register bit[15:8])	4	Byte Enable for Data Byte 2 (Switch register bit[23:16])	5	Byte Enable for Data Byte 1 (Switch register bit[31:24])
	<b>Bit</b>	<b>Description</b>										
2	Byte Enable for Data Byte 4 (Switch register bit[7:0])											
3	Byte Enable for Data Byte 3 (Switch register bit[15:8])											
4	Byte Enable for Data Byte 2 (Switch register bit[23:16])											
5	Byte Enable for Data Byte 1 (Switch register bit[31:24])											
1:0	<b>Switch Register Address [11:10]</b>											
Command Byte 4	7:0	<b>Switch Register Address [9:2]</b>  Note: Address bit[1:0] are fixed to 0.										
Command Code	7:0	<b>BDh for Block Read</b>										
Data Byte 1	7:0	<b>Return value for CFG register bit[31:24]</b>										

Field (Byte) On Bus	Bit(s)	Value/ Description
Data Byte 2	7:0	Return value for CFG register bit[23:16]
Data Byte 3	7:0	Return value for CFG register bit[15:8]
Data Byte 4	7:0	Return value for CFG register bit[7:0]

Table 5-14, Table 5-15, Table 5-16 and Table 5-17 are a sample to Read SSID/SSVID register (offset [A8h](#)) in Port 1. The register value is 0000\_0000h, with all bytes enabled, and without PEC. The default SMBus Address is 1101000b.

**Table 5-14 SMBus Block Write Portion**

Byte Number	Byte Type	Value	Description
1	Address	D0h	Bit[7:1] for the Switch default Slave address of 68h, with bit 0 Cleared to indicate a Write.
2	Command Code	BAh	Command Code for register Write, using a Block Write
3	Byte Count	04h	Byte Count. Four Command Bytes
4	Command Byte 1	04h	For Read command
5	Command Byte 2	00h	Bit[6:4] – Tie Select [2:0] (for Tie 0) Bit[3:0] - Port Select [4:1] (for Port 1)
6	Command Byte 3	BCh	Bit 7 is Port Select[0] Bit 6 is reserved Bit[5:2] are the for Byte Enables; all are active Bit[1:0] are register Address bit[11:10]
7	Command Byte 4	2Ah	Switch Register Address bit[9:2] (for offset A8h)

**Table 5-15 SMBus Block Read Portion**

Byte Number	Byte Type	Value	Description
1	Address	D0h	Bit[7:1] value for the Switch Slave address of 68h, with bit 0 Cleared to indicate to indicate a Write.
2	Block Read Command Code	BDh	Command code for Block Read of Switch registers.

**Table 5-16 SMBus Read Command following Repeat START from Master**

Byte Number	Byte Type	Value	Description
1	Address	D1h	Bit[7:1] value for the Switch Slave address of 68h, with bit 0 Set to indicate a Read.

**Table 5-17 SMBus Return Bytes**

Byte Number	Byte Type	Value	Description
1	Byte Count	04h	Four Bytes in register
2	Data Byte 1	00h	Register data [31:24]
3	Data Byte 2	00h	Register data [23:16]
4	Data Byte 3	00h	Register data [15:8]
5	Data Byte 4	00h	Register data [7:0]

**Table 5-18 SMBus Return Bytes**

Field (Byte) On Bus	Bit(s)	Value/Description
Command Code	7:0	CDh for Block Read (Process Call Read)

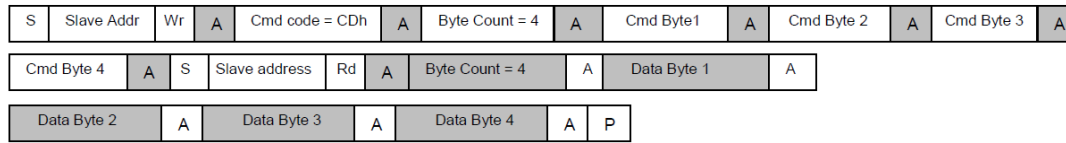
### 5.4.3 CSR READ, USING SMBUS BLOCK READ – BLOCK WRITE PROCESS CALL

A general SMBus Block Read - Block Write Process Call sequence is illustrated in Figure 5-5. Alternatively, a general SMBus Block Read - Block Write Process Call with PEC sequence is illustrated in Figure 5-6.

Using this command, the register to be read can be set up and read back with one SMBus cycle (a transaction with a START and ending in STOP). There is no STOP condition before the repeated START condition. The command format for the Block Write part of this command has the same sequence as in Table 5-14, except that the Command

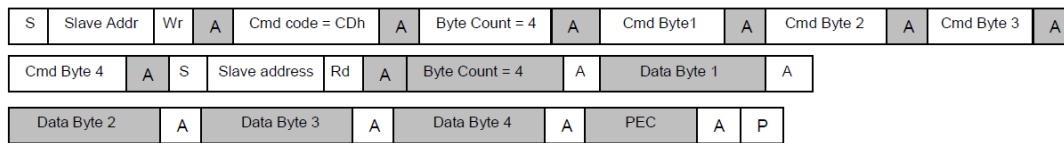
Code changes to CDh, as illustrated below. Other Bytes remain the same as used in the sequence for SMBus Block Write followed by Block Read.

Table 5-18 lists the Command format for Block Read.



□ : Master to Slave  
 ■ : Slave to Master

**Figure 5-5 CSR Read Operation Using SMBus Block Read – Block Write Process Call**



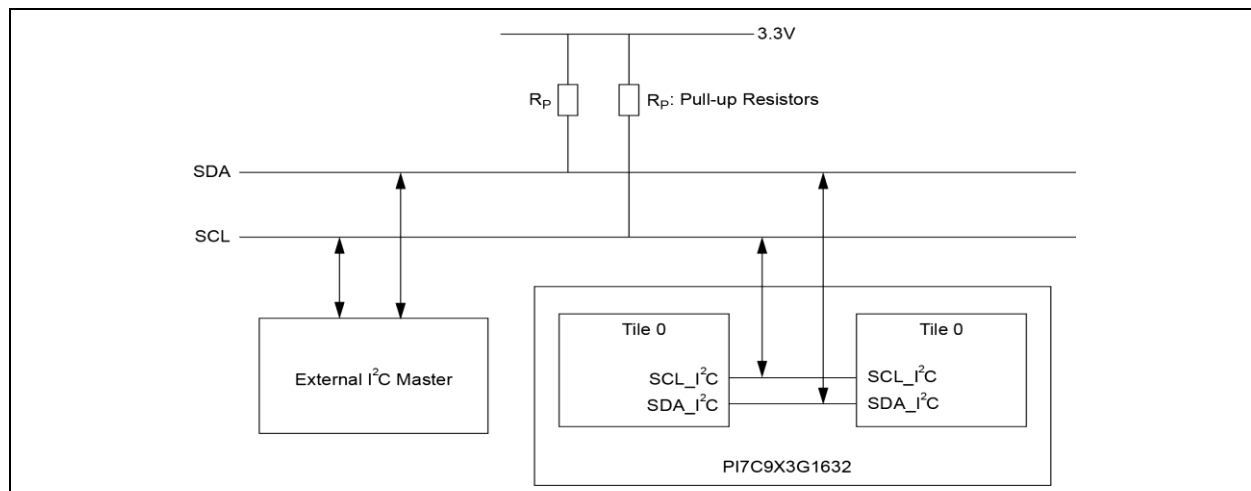
□ : Master to Slave  
 ■ : Slave to Master

**Figure 5-6 CSR Read Operation Using SMBus Block Read – Block Write Process Call with PEC**

## 5.5 I2C INTERFACE

Inter-Integrated Circuit (I<sup>2</sup>C) is a bus used to connect Integrated Circuits (ICs). Multiple ICs can be connected to an I<sup>2</sup>C Bus, and I<sup>2</sup>C devices that have I<sup>2</sup>C mastering capability can initiate a Data transfer. I<sup>2</sup>C is used for Data transfers between ICs at relatively low rates (100 Kbps), and is used in a variety of applications. For further details regarding I<sup>2</sup>C Buses, refer to the *I<sup>2</sup>C Bus v2.1*.

The Switch is an I<sup>2</sup>C Slave. Slave operations allow the Switch's Configuration Registers to be read from or written to by an I<sup>2</sup>C Master, external from the device. I<sup>2</sup>C is a sideband mechanism that allows the device Configuration registers to be programmed, read from, or written to, independent of the PCI Express upstream Link.



**Figure 5-7 Standard Devices to I2C Bus Connection Block Diagram**



The I<sup>2</sup>C interface on the Packet Switch consists of a I<sup>2</sup>C clock pin ([SCL\\_I2C](#)), a I<sup>2</sup>C data pin ([SDA\\_I2C](#)), and 3 I<sup>2</sup>C address pins ([I2C\\_ADDR\[2:0\]](#)). The I<sup>2</sup>C clock pin provides or receives the clock signal. The I<sup>2</sup>C data pin facilitates the data transmission and reception. Both of the clock and data pins are bi-directional. The I<sup>2</sup>C address pins determine the address to which the Packet Switch responds to. The I<sup>2</sup>C address pins generate addresses according to the following table:

**Table 5-19 I<sup>2</sup>C Address Pin Configuration**

BIT	I2C Address for Tile 0	I2C Address for Tile 1
0	I2C_ADDR[0]	I2C_ADDR[0]+1
1	I2C_ADDR[1]	I2C_ADDR[1]
2	I2C_ADDR[2]	I2C_ADDR[2]
3	1	1
4	0	0
5	1	1
6	1	1

Software can change the I<sup>2</sup>C Slave address, by programming the SMBus/I<sup>2</sup>C Control Register SMBus/I<sup>2</sup>C Device Address field.

### 5.5.1 I2C REGISTER WRITE ACCESS

The Switch Configuration registers can be read from and written to, based upon I<sup>2</sup>C register Read and Write operations, respectively. An I<sup>2</sup>C Write packet consists of Address Phase bytes and Command Phase bytes, followed by one to four additional I<sup>2</sup>C Data bytes. Table 5-20 defines mapping of the I<sup>2</sup>C Data bytes to the Configuration register Data bytes.

The I<sup>2</sup>C packet starts with the S (START condition) bit. Data bytes are separated by the A (Acknowledge Control Packet (ACK)) or N (Negative Acknowledge (NAK)) bit. The packet ends with the P (STOP condition) bit. If the Master generates an invalid command, the targeted Switch register is not modified. The Switch considers the 1st Data byte of the 4-byte Data phase, following the four Command bytes in the Command phase, as register Byte 3 (bit[31:24]). The next three Data bytes access register Bytes 2 through 0, respectively. Four Data bytes are required, regardless of the Byte Enable Settings in the Command phase. The Master can then generate either a STOP condition (to finish the transfer) or a repeated START condition (to start a new transfer). If the I<sup>2</sup>C Master sends more than the four Data bytes (violating Switch protocol), further details regarding J2C protocol, the Switch returns a NAK for the extra Data byte(s).

Table 5-20 describes each I<sup>2</sup>C Command byte for Write access. In the packet described in Figure 5-8, Command Bytes 0 through 3 for Writes follow the format specified in Table 5-21.

**Table 5-20 I2C Register Write Access**

I2C Data Byte Order	PCI Express Configuration Register Byte
0	Written to register Byte 3
1	Written to register Byte 2
2	Written to register Byte 1
3	Written to register Byte 0

**Table 5-21 I2C Command Format for Write Access**

Byte	Bit(s)	Description
1 <sup>st</sup> (0)	7:3	Reserved
	2:0	Command 011b = Write register
2 <sup>nd</sup> (1)	7	Reserved
	6:4	Tie Select [2:0] Tie Select [2:0] is used to select Tie to access.
	3:0	Port Select [4:1]

Byte	Bit(s)	Description										
		2 <sup>nd</sup> Command byte, bit[3:0], and 3 <sup>rd</sup> Command byte, bit 7, combine to form a 5-bit Port Select.										
3 <sup>rd</sup> (2)	7	<b>Port Select [0]</b> 2 <sup>nd</sup> Command byte, bit[3:0], and 3 <sup>rd</sup> Command byte, bit 7, combine to form a 5-bit Port Select. Port Select [4:0] is used to select Port to access.										
	6	<b>Reserved</b>										
	5:2	<b>Byte Enable</b>  <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Bit</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Byte Enable for Data Byte 4 (Switch register bit[7:0])</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Byte Enable for Data Byte 3 (Switch register bit[15:8])</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>Byte Enable for Data Byte 2 (Switch register bit[23:16])</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>Byte Enable for Data Byte 1 (Switch register bit[31:24])</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> 0 = Corresponding Switch register byte will not be modified 1 = Corresponding Switch register byte will be modified	Bit	Description	2	Byte Enable for Data Byte 4 (Switch register bit[7:0])	3	Byte Enable for Data Byte 3 (Switch register bit[15:8])	4	Byte Enable for Data Byte 2 (Switch register bit[23:16])	5	Byte Enable for Data Byte 1 (Switch register bit[31:24])
	Bit	Description										
2	Byte Enable for Data Byte 4 (Switch register bit[7:0])											
3	Byte Enable for Data Byte 3 (Switch register bit[15:8])											
4	Byte Enable for Data Byte 2 (Switch register bit[23:16])											
5	Byte Enable for Data Byte 1 (Switch register bit[31:24])											
1:0	<b>Switch Register Address [11:10]</b>											
4 <sup>th</sup> (3)	7:0	<b>Switch Register Address [9:2]</b> Note: Address bit[1:0] are fixed to 0.										

Figure 5-8 I2C Write Packet

**I<sup>2</sup>C Write Packet Address Phase Byte**

Address Cycle			
START	7654321	0	ACK/NAK
S	Slave Address [7:1]	Read/Write Bit 0 = Write	A

**I2C Write Packet Command Phase Byte**

Command Cycle							
76543210	ACK/NAK	76543210	ACK/NAK	76543210	ACK/NAK	76543210	ACK/NAK
Command Byte 0	A	Command Byte 1	A	Command Byte 2	A	Command Byte 3	A

**I<sup>2</sup>C Write Packet Data Phase Byte**

Write Cycle								
76543210	ACK/NAK	76543210	ACK/NAK	76543210	ACK/NAK	76543210	ACK/NAK	STOP
Register Byte 3	A	Register Byte 2	A	Register Byte 1	A	Register Byte 0	A	P

The following tables illustrate a sample I2C packet for writing the Switch SSID/SSVID register (offset [A8h](#)) for Port 0, with data 1234\_5678h.

*Note: The Switch has a default I<sup>2</sup>C Slave address [6:0] value of 68h, with the I2C\_ADDR[2:0] input having a value of 000. The byte sequence on the I<sup>2</sup>C Bus, as listed in the following tables, occurs after the START and before the STOP bits, by which the I<sup>2</sup>C Master frames the transfer.*

Figure 5-9 I2C Register Write Access Example

**I<sup>2</sup>C Register Write Access Example – Address Cycle**

Phase	Value	Description
Address	D0h	Bit[7:1] for Switch I <sup>2</sup> C Slave Address (68h) with last bit (bit 0) for Write = 0

**I<sup>2</sup>C Register Write Access Example – Command Cycle**

Byte	Value	Description
0	03h	[7:3] Reserved [2:0] Command, 011b = Write register
1	00h for Port 0	[7] Reserved [6:4] Tie Select [2:0]

Byte	Value	Description
		[3:0] Port Select[4:1]
2	3Ch for Port 0	[7] Port Select[0] [6] Reserved [5:2] Byte Enable, all active. [1:0] Switch Register Address, Bit[11:10]
3	2Ah	[7:0] Switch Register Address, Bit[9:2]

### I<sup>2</sup>C Register Write Access Example – Data Cycle

Byte	Value	Description
0	12h	Data to Write for Byte 3
1	34h	Data to Write for Byte 2
2	56h	Data to Write for Byte 1
3	78h	Data to Write for Byte 0

Figure 5-10 I2C Write Command Packet Example

### I<sup>2</sup>C Write Packet Address Phase Bytes

1 <sup>st</sup> Cycle			
START	7654321	0	ACK/NAK
S	Slave Address 1101_000b	Read/Write Bit 0 = Write	A

### I<sup>2</sup>C Write Packet Command Phase Bytes

Command Cycle							
76543210	ACK/NAK	76543210	ACK/NAK	76543210	ACK/NAK	76543210	ACK/NAK
Command Byte 0 0000_0011b	A	Command Byte 1 0000_0000b	A	Command Byte 2 0011_1100b	A	Command Byte 3 0010_1010b	A

### I<sup>2</sup>C Write Packet Data Phase Bytes

Write Cycle								
76543210	ACK/NAK	76543210	ACK/NAK	76543210	ACK/NAK	76543210	ACK/NAK	STOP
Register Byte 3	A	Register Byte 2	A	Register Byte 1	A	Register Byte 0	A	P

## 5.5.2 I2C REGISTER READ ACCESS

When the I<sup>2</sup>C Master attempts to read a Switch register, two packets are transmitted. The 1<sup>st</sup> packet consists of Address and Command Phase bytes to the Slave. The 2<sup>nd</sup> packet consists of Address and Data Phase bytes.

According to the I<sup>2</sup>C Bus, v2.1, a Read cycle is triggered when the Read/Write bit (bit 0) of the 1<sup>st</sup> cycle is Set. The Command phase reads the requested register content into the internal buffer. When the I<sup>2</sup>C Read access occurs, the internal buffer value is transferred on to the I<sup>2</sup>C Bus, starting from Byte 3 (bit[31: 24]), followed by the subsequent bytes, with Byte 0 (bit[7:0]) being transferred last. If the I<sup>2</sup>C Master requests more than four bytes, the Switch re-transmits the same byte sequence, starting from Byte 3 of the internal buffer.

The 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> I<sup>2</sup>C Read packets perform the following functions:

- 1<sup>st</sup> packet - Selects the register to read
- 2<sup>nd</sup> packet - Reads the register (sample 2<sup>nd</sup> packet provided is for a 7-bit Switch I<sup>2</sup>C Slave address)

Although two packets are shown for the I<sup>2</sup>C Read, the I<sup>2</sup>C Master can merge the two packets together into a single packet, by not generating the STOP at the end of the first packet (Master does not relinquish the bus) and generating REPEAT START.

Table 5-22 describes each I<sup>2</sup>C Command byte for Read access. In the packet described in Figure 5-11, command Bytes 0 through 3 for Reads follow the format specified in

Table 5-22.

**Table 5-22 I<sup>2</sup>C Command Format for Read Access**

Byte	Bit(s)	Description										
1 <sup>st</sup> (0)	7:3	<b>Reserved</b>										
	2:0	<b>Command</b> 100b = Read register										
2 <sup>nd</sup> (1)	7	<b>Reserved</b>										
	6:4	<b>Tie Select [2:0]</b> Tie Select [2:0] is used to select Tie to access.										
	3:0	<b>Port Select [4:1]</b> 2 <sup>nd</sup> Command byte, bit[3:0], and 3 <sup>rd</sup> Command byte, bit 7, combine to form a 5-bit Port Select.										
3 <sup>rd</sup> (2)	7	<b>Port Select [0]</b> 2 <sup>nd</sup> Command byte, bit[3:0], and 3 <sup>rd</sup> Command byte, bit 7, combine to form a 5-bit Port Select. Port Select [4:0] is used to select Port to access.										
	6	<b>Reserved</b>										
	5:2	<b>Byte Enable</b>  <table border="0"> <thead> <tr> <th>Bit</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Byte Enable for Data Byte 4 (Switch register bit[7:0])</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Byte Enable for Data Byte 3 (Switch register bit[15:8])</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>Byte Enable for Data Byte 2 (Switch register bit[23:16])</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>Byte Enable for Data Byte 1 (Switch register bit[31:24])</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> 0 = Corresponding Switch register byte will not be modified 1 = Corresponding Switch register byte will be modified	Bit	Description	2	Byte Enable for Data Byte 4 (Switch register bit[7:0])	3	Byte Enable for Data Byte 3 (Switch register bit[15:8])	4	Byte Enable for Data Byte 2 (Switch register bit[23:16])	5	Byte Enable for Data Byte 1 (Switch register bit[31:24])
	Bit	Description										
2	Byte Enable for Data Byte 4 (Switch register bit[7:0])											
3	Byte Enable for Data Byte 3 (Switch register bit[15:8])											
4	Byte Enable for Data Byte 2 (Switch register bit[23:16])											
5	Byte Enable for Data Byte 1 (Switch register bit[31:24])											
1:0	<b>Switch Register Address [11:10]</b>											
4 <sup>th</sup> (3)	7:0	<b>Switch Register Address [9:2]</b> Note: Address bit[1:0] are fixed to 0.										

**Figure 5-11 I2C Read Command Packet**
**I<sup>2</sup>C Read Command Packet Address Phase Byte (1<sup>st</sup> Packet)**

1 <sup>st</sup> Cycle			
<b>START</b>	<b>7654321</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>ACK/NAK</b>
S	Slave Address[7:1]	Read/Write Bit 0 = Write	A

**I<sup>2</sup>C Read Command Packet Command Phase Byte (1st Packet)**

Write Cycle							
<b>76543210</b>	<b>ACK/NAK</b>	<b>76543210</b>	<b>ACK/NAK</b>	<b>76543210</b>	<b>ACK/NAK</b>	<b>76543210</b>	<b>ACK/NAK</b>
Command Byte 0	A	Command Byte 1	A	Command Byte 2	A	Command Byte 3	A

**I<sup>2</sup>C Read Data Packet Address Phase Byte (2<sup>nd</sup> Packet)**

1 <sup>st</sup> Cycle			
<b>START</b>	<b>7654321</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>ACK/NAK</b>
S	Slave Address[7:1]	Read/Write Bit 1 = Read	A

**I<sup>2</sup>C Read Data Packet Data Phase Byte (2<sup>nd</sup> Packet)**

Write Cycle								
<b>76543210</b>	<b>ACK/NAK</b>	<b>76543210</b>	<b>ACK/NAK</b>	<b>76543210</b>	<b>ACK/NAK</b>	<b>76543210</b>	<b>ACK/NAK</b>	<b>STOP</b>
Register Byte 3	A	Register Byte 2	A	Register Byte 1	A	Register Byte 0	A	P

The following tables illustrate a sample I2C packet for reading the Switch SSID/SSVID register (offset [A8h](#)) for Port 0. The default value for SSID/SSVID register is 0000\_0000h.

**Note:** The Switch has a default I<sup>2</sup>C Slave address [6:0] value of 68h, with the I2C\_ADDR[2:0] inputs having a value of 000. The byte sequence on the I<sup>2</sup>C Bus, as listed in the following tables, occurs after the START and before the STOP bits, by which the I<sup>2</sup>C Master frames the transfer.

**Figure 5-12 I2C Register Read Access Example**

**I<sup>2</sup>C Register Read Access Example – Address Cycle (1<sup>st</sup> Packet)**

Phase	Value	Description
Address	D0h	Bit[7:1] for Switch I <sup>2</sup> C Slave Address (68h) with last bit (bit 0) for Write = 0

**I<sup>2</sup>C Register Read Access Example – Command Cycle (1<sup>st</sup> Packet)**

Byte	Value	Description
0	04h	[7:3] Reserved [2:0] Command , 100b = Read register
1	00h for Port 0	[7] Reserved [6:4] Tie Select [2:0] [3:0] Port Select [4:1]
2	3Ch for Port 0	[7] Port Select [0] [6] Reserved [5:2] Byte Enable, All active. [1:0] Switch Register Address, Bit[11:10]
3	2Ah	[7:0] Switch Register Address, Bit[9:2]

**I<sup>2</sup>C Register Read Access Example – 2<sup>nd</sup> Packet**

Phase	Value	Description
Address	D1h	Bit[7:1] for Switch I2C Slave Address (68h) with last bit (bit 0) for Read = 1
Read	00h	Byte 3 of Register Read
	00h	Byte 2 of Register Read
	00h	Byte 1 of Register Read
	00h	Byte 0 of Register Read

**Figure 5-13 I2C Read Command Packet**

**I<sup>2</sup>C Read Command Packet Address Phase Bytes (1<sup>st</sup> Packet)**

1 <sup>st</sup> Cycle			
START	7654321	0	ACK/NAK
S	Slave Address 1101_000b	Read/Write Bit 0 = Write	A

**I<sup>2</sup>C Read Command Packet Command Phase Bytes (1<sup>st</sup> Packet)**

Command Cycle						
76543210	ACK/NAK	76543210	ACK/NAK	76543210	ACK/NAK	76543210
Command Byte 0 0000_0100b	A	Command Byte 1 0000_0000b	A	Command Byte 2 0011_1100b	A	Command Byte 3 0010_1010b

**I<sup>2</sup>C Read Data Packet Address Phase Bytes (2<sup>nd</sup> Packet)**

1 <sup>st</sup> Cycle			
START	7654321	0	ACK/NAK
S	Slave Address [7:1] 1101_000b	Read/Write Bit 1 = Read	A

**I<sup>2</sup>C Read Data Packet Data Phase Bytes (2<sup>nd</sup> Packet)**

Command Cycle							
76543210	ACK/NAK	76543210	ACK/NAK	76543210	ACK/NAK	76543210	Stop
Register Byte3 0000_0000b	A	Register Byte2 0000_0000b	A	Register Byte1 0000_0000b	A	Register Byte0 0000_0000b	P

## 6 HOT PLUG SUPPORT

The hot plug usages can be classified into surprised and managed types depending on the application scenario. Each type has two different control and status interfaces: serial and parallel. The switch implements both surprised/managed and serial/parallel hot-plug types in the downstream ports. The [HOT PLUG EN0 L](#) and [HOT PLUG EN1 L](#) strapping pin should be set to “1” to enable hot plug function in the downstream ports of the switch.

### 6.1 HOT PLUG TYPES

#### 6.1.1 SURPRISED SERIAL HOT PLUG

If the device is inserted or removed asynchronously from downstream port, it is called surprised hot plug. When HOT\_PLUG\_TYPE strapping pin is set to “1”, the chip is operating under surprised hot plug mode.

- Hot Insertion Procedures:
  - Present Detect Pin (i.e. PDCx\_L [7:0]) is asserted
  - The corresponding “Presence Detect Change” and “Present Detect State” in slot status reflect the card is in the slot
  - Enable the corresponding reference clock output (i.e. REFCLKOP/N\_x [7:0]) to the hot inserted device
  - Issue INTx Message or MSI to notify software processing hot plug event
  - Wait for 100ms and then deassert the corresponding downstream reset (i.e. HPx\_RST\_L [7:0])
  - If DL\_UP is set, then generating INTx Message or MSI to notify software initiating configuration cycles to the hot inserted device
  
- Hot Removal Procedures
  - The device is removed asynchronously or under abnormal condition (Ex. Human Error ...)
  - Either in-band or out-band Present Detect sensing device being removed
  - Commands LTSSM state machine to Detect.Quiet state
  - Upstream port replies UR status that any TLP being sent to this downstream port
  - Any packet stored in input queue of upstream port will be dropped silently
  - Assert Present detect change Interrupt to system software
  - Enable DPC trigger event and assert DPC interrupt and unmasked non-fatal message to system software
  - Turn off the corresponding output clock buffer and assert the corresponding hot plug reset signal

During power-up, the chip scans IO Expander like devices through I2C clock and data signals (i.e. SHCL\_I2C\_x and SHDA\_I2C\_x). According to the reference design described in LED management, one set of I2C bus serves 4 CPLD, which converts the serial bus into 8-bit parallel bus. The 8-bit mapping is defined in Table 6-1.

**Table 6-1 CPLD Signal Name Mapping for 8-bit IO Expander**

BIT	DIRECTION	CLD SIGNAL NAME
0	O	FAULT
1	O	LOCATE
2	N/A	Not used (Debug Only)
3	N/A	Not used (Debug Only)
4	I	PRSNT_N
5	N/A	Not used (Debug Only)
6	N/A	Not used (Debug Only)
7	N/A	Not used (Debug Only)

Among these signals, ATNLED and PWRLED defined in PCIe specification are repurposed to represent FAULT and LOCATE to be compliant with SFF-8489 for blinking LEDs. For details, please refer to LED Management specification.

The switch hot plug controller supports multiple I2C/SMBUS-like control interfaces. Each interface can serve up to 8 downstream ports. The I2C/SMBUS address for slave devices is started from 40h by default. In addition, this initial address is configurable through EEPROM to [LTSSM 2 Register, Bit\[30\]](#) and [LTSSM 3 Register, Bit\[6:0\]](#). Each downstream port is correspondent to one equivalent 8-bit IO expander with the following Port/Address mapping table.

**Table 6-2 Port/Address Mapping for 8-bit IO Expander**

Downstream Port Number	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8
Address	40h	41h	42h	43h	44h	45h	46h	47h

### 6.1.2 SURPRISED PARALLEL HOT PLUG

The parallel mode of Surprised Hot Plug is very similar to its serial mode except that no CPLD is required to control LED. Instead, the chip outputs LED signals (i.e. HPx\_LED [7:0]) to drive Amber LED directly and the blinking follows SFF-8489 IBPI specification.

### 6.1.3 MANAGED SERIAL HOT PLUG

If the device is inserted or removed synchronously with hot-plug management software from downstream port, it is called managed hot plug. When HOT\_PLUG\_TYPE strapping pin is set to “0”, the chip is operating under managed hot plug mode.

- **Hot Insertion Procedures:**
  - User inserts card
  - User closes MRL
  - User initiates hot-inserted sequence by pressing Attention Button
  - System commands slot control register to drive indicators and power on slot
  - System starts re-enumeration the hierarchy under the slot
  
- **Hot Removal Procedures:**
  - User initiates hot-removed sequence by pressing Attention Button
  - System informs application/driver to complete current task
  - System commands slot control register to drive indicators and power off slot
  - System disabled the hierarchy under the slot
  - User opens MRL and removes the card

During the process of hot insertion and removal, there are hot plug events corresponding to slot status bits ready for generation. When [Hot-Plug Interrupt Enable](#) bit is set, either MSI or INT message is issued to notify S/W for processing.

When power-up, the chip uses I2C clock and data signals to scan either 16-bit or 40-bit IO Expander dependent on the setting of [LTSSM 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 398h](#). The IO Expander responds an interrupt (i.e. [SHPCINTx\\_L](#)) to notify any hot plug signal status change and the chip will read back the status change in serial mode and reflect on slot status register. The 16-bit mapping of managed hot plug events for I2C bit sequence is defined in Table 6-3

**Table 6-3 CPLD Signal Name Mapping for 16-bit IO Expander**

BIT	DIRECTION	CLD SIGNAL NAME
0	O	PWRLED_N
1	O	ATNLED_N
2	O	PWREN
3	O	RECLKEN
4	O	PERST_N
5	O	INTERLOCK
6	N/A	N/A
7	I	SLOT#[0]
8	I	SLOT#[1]
9	I	SLOT#[2]
10	I	SLOT#[3]
11	I	PRSNT_N
12	I	MRL_N
13	I	ATNBTN_N
14	I	PWRFLT_N
15	I	PWRGOOD

Similar to Surprised Serial Hot Plug, each downstream port is correspondent to one equivalent 16-bit IO expander with the following Port/Address mapping table.

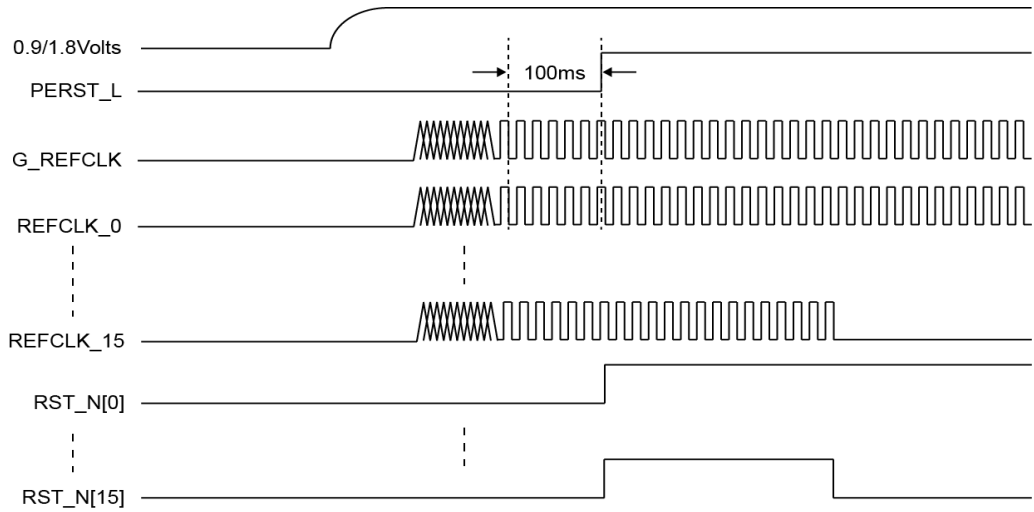
**Table 6-4 Port/Address Mapping for 16-bit IO Expander**

Downstream Port Number	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8
Address	40h	42h	44h	46h	48h	4Ah	4Ch	4Eh

## 6.2 TIMING SEQUENCE FOR SURPRISED HOT PLUG OPERATION

Two timing charts are shown below to illustrate surprised hot insertion or removal under different scenarios. The first chart presents the timing relationship between system reset/reference\_clock and individual downstream reset/reference\_clock under initial power-up condition. The second chart demonstrates the timing sequence of clock and reset for device inserted or removed under power active condition.





Note: There is a device in slot#0 while slot#15 is empty.

**Figure 6-1 Timing Sequence for Surprised Hot Plug Operation**

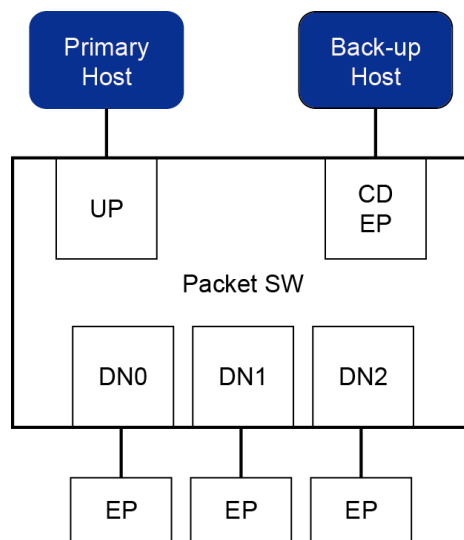
## 7 CROSS-DOMAIN END-POINT

### 7.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The PCIe Packet Switch supports Cross-Domain End-Point (CDEP) function. The function, when working in conjunction with the software running on the PRIMARY HOST, enables data exchange among multiple PCIe-based hosts. This feature allows the system to implement fail-over or co-processor functionalities. These two use cases are briefly described in the following sections with the suitable CDEP Mode Switch Model for the use case.

#### 7.1.1 FAIL-OVER

In an error resilient system, a back-up or secondary host is set up to take over the primary host in the event when primary has failed and the failure is detected. The CDEP Mode Switch Model facilitates the data exchange across domains of the primary and secondary hosts, and swaps the roles of the hosts in the event of the primary host's failure. The CDEP Mode Switch Model used in the fail-over use case is shown in the illustration below.



**Figure 7-1 Switch Reference Model Used in the Fail-Over Use Case**

In the event when the primary host is unable to send regular messages to the back-up host, the back-up host can swap its role to the primary host and its CDLEP port being an agent of upstream port to handle the traffic to/from downstream ports. . The previous primary host's upstream port will be reset during the link-down process initiated by the previous primary host. The Switch has to ensure that the reset does not propagate to the entire upstream hierarchy in the previous primary host's, so that the new primary host can seamlessly manage the original End-Points. As a result, the impacts to the entire system are minimal during the fail-over transition.

#### 7.1.2 CO-PROCESSOR

The co-processor can be connected to the CDLEP port to off-load the computation on the primary host. The illustration below shows a co-processor unit (CP), which works with the Primary Host to form a two-processor system. The DMA function of the PRIMARY HOST's upstream port is enabled to move data among the Primary Host and co-processor to accelerate intensive computation tasks.

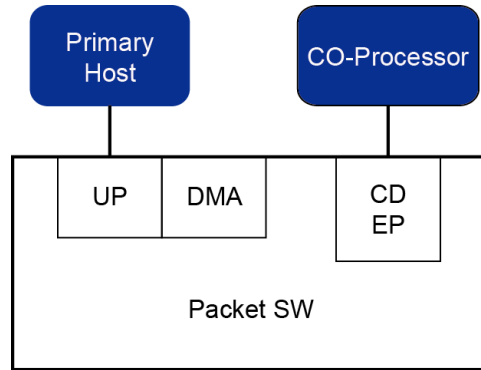


Figure 7-2 Switch Reference Model Used in the Co-Processor Use Case

## 7.2 PORT CONFIGURATION

The Primary Host can configure a Link CDEP port as a generic PCIe End-Point. This allows the secondary host(s) the ability to link to the switch CDEP port during PCIe enumeration. The enumeration process includes BIOS start-up, operating system start-up, and/or subsequent PCIe hot-plug or dynamic enumerations initiated by the host operating system.

Before the Primary Host can enable the CDEP function, the Switch has to be configured into the CDEP mode and designate the CDEP port to as the upstream port of a generic end-point. The configuration is performed through EEPROM programming at power-up. In order to operate in the CDEP mode, the Switch is required to set Chip CD Mode for all of the tiles and Tile CD Mode per tile to select one of the CDEP port configurations. The Chip CD Mode and Tile CD Mode are defined in the [Device Configuration 0](#) and [2](#) Registers respectively.

The Switch is constructed of two tiles, one of which is a master tile and the other one is a slave tile. The upstream port is located in the master tile. In order to support the CDEP mode, the master tile has to contain a Cross-Domain Virtual End-Point (CDVEP). The CDVEP acts as an agent to bridge the PRIMARY HOST and other host domain, and only exists in the master tile.

In addition to the CDVEP, the Switch has another type of End-Point, called Cross-Domain Line End-Point (CDLEP). The CDLEP is visible to the Local Host (LH), but not the PRIMARY HOST. The CDLEP bridges the communications between the LH and other HOST. The table below describes the CDEP port's configurations by the tile types.

Table 7-1 CDEP mode configuration

Tile CD Mode	Master Tile	CDEP Configuration
0x	Y/N	Both CDEPs disabled
10	Yes	CDVEP enabled, but CDLEP disabled
11	Yes	CDVEP enabled, and CDLEP enabled
10	No	CDVEP disabled, but 1 CDLEP enabled
11	No	2 CDLEP enabled

In the master tile, only P4 can be designated as a CDLEP port. In slave tile, however, both of P0 and P4 can be selected as CDLEP ports<sup>2</sup>. Once the ports are chosen as CDLEP ports, the port numbers defined in Link Capability Register and MMIO Register offsets will be changed accordingly. Please refer to the application note of CDEP operation for more information.

<sup>2</sup> When Tile CD mode is “10”, P0 is defined as a CDLEP port.

When Tile CD mode is “11”, both of P0 and P4 are defined as CDLEP ports.

## 7.3 BAR TRANSLATION FOR LOCAL HOST DOMAIN

The PRIMARY HOST configures a set of CDEP Link address translations to the Switch. The translations allow the Local Host to access the CDEP Link's 64-bit BAR2/BAR3 and BAR4/BAR5 similar to accessing the other HOST locations. The PRIMARY HOST software is responsible for managing the memory regions appropriately to implement and emulate the CDLEP end-point behaviors.

The PRIMARY HOST defines either or both of a Direct Address Translation (DAT) range, and an Address Look-up Table (ALUT) for the BAR translations for the LH to access to other HOST memory locations. The PRIMARY HOST configures these settings prior to enabling the CDLEP port. After the PRIMARY HOST programs the CDLEP port's BARs, the LH is able to read/write to the PRIMARY HOST or other LH memory locations.

### 7.3.1 DIRECT ADDRESS TRANSLATION (DAT)

The PRIMARY HOST arranges a contiguous memory block in the LH domain by setting BAR Configuration registers with the chosen DAT. The BAR2/BAR3 and BAR4/BAR5 have their own corresponding contiguous memory blocks. These memory blocks are characterized by the Base bits and Window Size bits. If the upper address of incoming TLP matches with the Base bits, the upper address will be replaced with the translated address stored in Base Translation Registers ([BTR2/BTR3](#) and [BTR4/BTR5](#)). The lower address bits are defined by the Window Size bits and remain intact. They are considered to be an offset address from the base address. The Window Size is determined by the BAR configuration, and the minimum size is 1MB.

### 7.3.2 ADDRESS LOOK-UP TRANSLATION (ALUT)

In addition to the Direct Address Translation, the BAR2/BAR3 provides an alternative address translation mechanism, Address Look-Up Translation (ALUT). The ALUT allows multiple translated address blocks in a non-contiguous address range. The Window Size bits defined earlier can be partitioned into 7 index bits and the rest lower address bits can form Page Size bits. The minimum page size is 8KB (1MB divided by 128). The 7 index bits are used to access 128 entries. Each entry represents a translated address block and the host domain destination it is associated with.

The ALUT Access Control Registers at offset from [918h](#) to [920h](#) in the CDLEP is used to store 128 entries. When performing ALUT entry write, the software has to program the ALUT data into the CDLEP at offset [91Ch](#) and [920h](#) if the translated address is 64-bit. The software then updates the index and Command (set to write) fields of the CDLEP at offset 918h. When performing LUT entry read, the software has to program index and Command (set to read) fields of the CDLEP at offset 918h, and then read 91Ch and 920h to get the LUT data.

### 7.3.3 ID TRANSLATION

In the event when a PCIe read or write is initiated in the LH PCIe domain, and the read/write targets the PRIMARY HOST memory or an end-point in the PRIMARY HOST PCIe domain, the PCIe Requestor ID field in the TLP header that targets the PRIMARY HOST must be *translated* into the PCIe Requestor ID of the CDVEP. This is to ensure that the IOMMU access permissions granted by the MPCU operating system, virtual machine, and/or end-point driver, apply to these translated TLPs. If the target is to another LH PCIe domain, the PCIe Requestor ID has to be translated into the PCIe Requestor ID of the destination CDLEP to ensure that a legal ID is used by the destination LH system.

## 7.4 BAR TRANSLATION FOR PRIMARY HOST DOMAIN

The PRIMARY HOST also configures a set of CDEP Virtual address translations. The address translations allow accesses to a defined address range to be translated to the LH memory addresses.

Similar to BAR Translation on the LH domain described previously, the BAR Translation on the PRIMARY HOST domain also supports two different approaches: the Direct Address Translation and the Address Look-Up table Translation. Please refer to the section of [CDVEP Configuration Registers](#) for related BAR translation setup registers such as [BAR Configuration](#), [BTR](#), [ALUT Access Control](#), and more.

The RID translation in PRIMARY HOST domain is the same as the translation in the LH domain. The only difference is in building the RID LUT. However, the [RID Table](#) is programmed by the PRIMARY HOST in the default setting, not by hardware automatically.

## 7.5 SCRATCHPADS AND DOORBELLS

The CDEP Link and virtual interfaces may provide a set of switch-specific scratchpad and doorbell registers for uses in Host-to-PRIMARY HOST/Host communication. By definition, custom driver or diagnostic code is required to run on the hosts. As a result, the PRIMARY HOST or Local Host must determine their visibility when a CDEP port emulates a generic End-Point. The registers must appear in PCIe configuration space in user-defined regions.

If the PRIMARY HOST intends to make the scratchpad and doorbell registers visible to the host, the PRIMARY HOST should define a CDEP Link property that enables a non-prefetchable 32-bit BAR0 containing these scratchpad and doorbell registers. A 4K range is allocated for CDLEP within the BAR0 at an offset address defined in the table in section 9.2.3 of the register reference document

In each CDLEP or CDVEP, there are 8 sets of 32-bit scratchpad registers (CDLEP at offset [9E4h~A00h](#), and CDVEP at offset [9E4h~A00h](#)), and one set of 32-bit doorbell registers (CDLEP offset [9C4h~9D0h](#) and CDVEP offset [9C4h~9D0h](#)). The scratchpad registers are used to store information for communication among Local Hosts and PRIMARY HOST. The doorbell registers are utilized to process (set/clear/mask/unmask) interrupt in order to notify the destination host to fetch the data stored in scratchpad registers of the source host. The scratchpad registers can only be written by the host in same domain while doorbell registers can be set/clear by both of hosts either in the same domain or in different domain. If the PRIMARY HOST uses the PCIe configuration command to access scratchpad and doorbell registers, it keep track of its End-Point-defined region and restrict its range so it does not go over the offset 9C4h. If the memory commands are used to access these registers in the CDLEP, the PRIMARY HOST has to enable a non-prefetchable 32-bit BAR3. A 4K range is allocated for CDLEP within the BAR0/1 at an offset address defined in the address table of Device Specific Memory Mapped Configuration Mechanism.

## 8 DIRECT MEMORY ACCESS

### 8.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Switch provides DMA engines, two of which are available per switch tile. These are hardware blocks that includes a set of buffers to asynchronously read and write to I/O memory through the Switch's ports. Each DMA engine is configured through a corresponding PCIe Function, managed by a software device driver running on a connected Local Host (LH) or Main Host (MH). The DMA engine is divided into single or multiple physical channels (2 per engine), providing a reserved portion of the buffer pool, and access to a set of virtual channels (2 per physical channel). The virtual channels allow the software initiator to submit lock-free requests, or partition access to the channel among a set of cooperating software subsystems. The initiator accesses the DMA engine using a physical/virtual channel (hereafter abbreviated as channel) to submit descriptors. Each descriptor tells the engine to read from a DMA source into one of the channel's internal buffers, and then performs a corresponding write to a DMA destination.

The Switch's DMA engines can be configured in a variety of ways, including:

- **Device Status Collection:** A host CPU can off-load blocking MMIO reads of device status registers to the DMA engine for asynchronous processing.
- **Peer-to-Peer EP Transfer:** A host CPU can off-load memory copies between a set of managed devices in the Switch.
- **Peer-to-Peer LH Transfer:** A set of cooperating LHs connected through a pair of [CDEP](#) ports can use the DMA Engine as a LH-to-LH memory transport, implementing a message queue.

In this section, any description of register layouts and data formats uses little-endian ordering.

### 8.2 DMA CONFIGURATION

The Switch's EEPROM or a micro-controller connected via I2C interface first configures the Switch's DMA engines (functions), enabling the DMA functions to appear underneath appropriate ports. Then, the software attaches a DMA driver to the DMA function based on the software model for the switch deployment to initialize and manage the set of channels (descriptor queues), start/stop/restart the channels, and perform appropriate error handling.

#### 8.2.1 DMA FUNCTIONS

The Switch's EEPROM and switch configuration registers are set to indicate the ports under which the DMA functions will be visible to the connected LH or MH. This may include upstream ports, CDEP Link Ports, or virtual upstream ports.

The [Device Configuration 2 Register \(Offset 50Ch\)](#) defined in upstream port (Port 0) of a master tile or tile-based management port (Port 0) in slaves tiles is used to configure DMA function (bit[19:18]) under various CD modes (bit[17:16]) (Please refer to [CDEP Chapter](#) for CD mode definition). The DMA mode definition is represented by the following table.

**Table 8-1: DMA Mode definition**

DMA Mode	Master Tile	DMA Configuration
0x	Y/N	DMA functions disabled
10	YES	DMA functions enabled for P0 or P4 based upon CD mode
11	YES	DMA functions enabled for P0 only
10	NO	DMA functions enabled for P0 or P4 based upon CD mode
11	NO	DMA functions enabled for VUP only

Note: VUP stands for Virtual upstream port in slave tile.

### 8.2.1.1 DMA MODE BIT DEFINITION

- bit[1]: Decides if DMA function is enabled in the port connected to LH or MH.  
0: DMA function is disabled  
1: DMA function is enabled
- bit[0]: Determines if DMA function only visible to the MH's domain  
0: DMA function is visible to its own local host or the MH's domain  
1: DMA function is only visible to the MH's domain

### 8.2.1.2 DMA MODE AND CD MODE

DMA function is defined in the various ports under different CD and DMA mode settings. These ports are respectively “P0 port in master tile”, “CDLEP port” and “Virtual Upstream Port in slave tiles”. A comprehensive table as shown below illustrates how the DMA functions (F1 or F2) being assigned to these three types of ports in terms of master/slave tile, CD and DMA modes.

**Table 8-2: DMA function definition in P0, CDLEP and VUP under various modes**

CD Mode	DMA Mode	Master Tile	P0/F0	P0/F1/F2	P4/F0	P4/F1	VUP/F1/F2
00	00	Y	Up-Port	N/A	Down-Port	N/A	N/A
00	01	Y	Up-Port	N/A	Down-Port	N/A	N/A
00	10	Y	Up-Port	2 DMAs	Down-Port	N/A	N/A
00	11	Y	Up-Port	2 DMAs	Down-Port	N/A	N/A
01	00	Y	Up-Port	N/A	Down-Port	N/A	N/A
01	01	Y	Up-Port	N/A	Down-Port	N/A	N/A
01	10	Y	Up-Port	2 DMAs	Down-Port	N/A	N/A
01	11	Y	Up-Port	2 DMAs	Down-Port	N/A	N/A
10	00	Y	Up-Port*	N/A	Down-Port	N/A	N/A
10	01	Y	Up-Port*	N/A	Down-Port	N/A	N/A
10	10	Y	Up-Port*	2 DMAs	Down-Port	N/A	N/A
10	11	Y	Up-Port*	2 DMAs	Down-Port	N/A	N/A
11	00	Y	Up-Port*	N/A	CDLEP	N/A	N/A
11	01	Y	Up-Port*	N/A	CDLEP	N/A	N/A
11	10	Y	Up-Port*	1 DMA	CDLEP	1 DMA	N/A
11	11	Y	Up-Port*	2 DMAs	CDLEP	N/A	N/A
00	00	N	Down-Port	N/A	Down-Port	N/A	N/A
00	01	N	Down-Port	N/A	Down-Port	N/A	N/A
00	10	N	Down-Port	N/A	Down-Port	N/A	2 DMAs
00	11	N	Down-Port	N/A	Down-Port	N/A	2 DMAs

CD Mode	DMA Mode	Master Tile	P0/F0	P0/F1/F2	P4/F0	P4/F1	VUP/F1/F2
01	00	N	Down-Port	N/A	Down-Port	N/A	N/A
01	01	N	Down-Port	N/A	Down-Port	N/A	N/A
01	10	N	Down-Port	N/A	Down-Port	N/A	2 DMAs
01	11	N	Down-Port	N/A	Down-Port	N/A	2 DMAs
10	00	N	CDLEP	N/A	Down-Port	N/A	N/A
10	01	N	CDLEP	N/A	Down-Port	N/A	N/A
10	10	N	No Support				
10	11	N	CDLEP	N/A	Down-Port	N/A	2 DMAs
11	00	N	CDLEP	N/A	CDLEP	N/A	N/A
11	01	N	CDLEP	N/A	CDLEP	N/A	N/A
11	10	N	CDLEP	1 DMA	CDLEP	1 DMA	N/A
11	11	N	CDLEP	N/A	CDLEP	N/A	2 DMAs

Note: Up-Port\* means that CDVEP exists in the Up-Port host domain

### 8.2.1.3 ENUMERATION

The PCIe configuration space for each port that has been configured for DMA will enumerate one or more DMA Functions (Type0 configuration space headers), with a well-defined vendor, device, and class code indicating DMA, and a set of control registers associated with a non-prefetchable BAR. Software will enumerate each DMA Function and program BARs. These configuration registers for [function #1 or function #2](#) is defined in the chapter 9 of this document.

## 8.2.2 DMA CONTROL REGISTER

DMA engine (i.e. function) provides [a set of interface registers](#) for software to control the operation and monitor the status of DMA transfer for all channels managed by this function. These registers are accessed by mmio via a base address defined in non-prefetchable BAR0 and BAR1 registers associated with the channel and individual register offset defined in the section 5 of this document. For each channel, it will add an additional 100h offset to indicate the interface registers of one channel located in a 256-byte block. Hence, the access to one particular interface register in one of channels requires to set the address offset as follows: register offset + (number of channel) x 100h. Software can check the Channel ID field (bit[31:28]) of DMA Control and Status Register 0 at offset 00h to see if it is accessing the desired channel.

### 8.2.2.1 DMA DESCRIPTOR REGISTER

The DMA control register space will include a 64-bit pointer to the i/o address base of each channel's descriptor ring, and the size of the descriptor ring. Software will program the DMA registers to configure each descriptor ring, from which a channel will prefetch. The channel will support a total size for each descriptor ring of at most 4096 entries.

#### 8.2.2.1.1 DESCRIPTOR POINTER REGISTER

The I/O address base of each channel's descriptor ring is pointed by a [64-bit channel descriptor ring base pointer at register offset 0Ch and 10h](#). The software has to program these registers, so the hardware can prefetch the descriptors starting from there.

#### 8.2.2.1.2 DESCRIPTOR SIZE REGISTER

The size of descriptor ring can be programmed in [register offset 24h](#) (bit[12:0] in Channel Descriptor Ring Size for Prefetch register). The maximum descriptor ring size is 4096 entries. The bit[28:16] of this register indicates the next descriptor index is going to be prefetched.



### 8.2.2.2 DMA OPERATIONAL REGISTER

The DMA control register space will include a control register ([DMA Control and Status Register 1](#) at register offset 20h) for each channel to start, stop, abort, pause, and resume DMA activity for the channel. Software will update the control register to start the engine once it is ready to begin submitting requests. Software will update the control register if it needs to pause, stop, or otherwise reconfigure a channel.

After starting the DMA activity for that virtual channel (i.e. write “1” to bit[0] of DMA Control and Status Register 1), the software can update the control register any time by commanding the DMA engine to pause, abort or stop operation. Following is a summary for these three operations.

#### 8.2.2.2.1 PAUSE (bit[1])

When set, the DMA activity is paused to the next active descriptor after completing the processing on current descriptor. Then, the DMA Pause Done status (bit[16]) is turned on to represent the DMA is in “paused” condition. If DMA Pause Interrupt Enable (bit[3]) is set, an interrupt will be issued to notify the software when bit[16] is set. For pause operation, there is no any descriptor or data being dropped and the DMA operation can be resumed any time by clearing the Pause Control (bit[1]).

#### 8.2.2.2.2 ABORT (bit[2])

When set, the DMA activity drops the current active descriptor by flushing out all outstanding read commands and discarding all received completion data. The pointer will move to the next active descriptor. Then, the DMA Abort Done status (bit[17]) is turned on to represent the DMA is in “aborted” condition. If DMA Abort Interrupt Enable (Bit 6) is set, an interrupt will be issued to notify the software when bit[17] is set. In abort condition, the DMA operation can be resumed any time by clearing the Abort Control (bit[2]) and setting DMA Start (bit[0]). Then, DMA begins to process the next active descriptor. In fact, the software is also allowed to reprogram interface registers for re-initialization and start from the base descriptor pointer.

#### 8.2.2.2.3 STOP (bit[7])

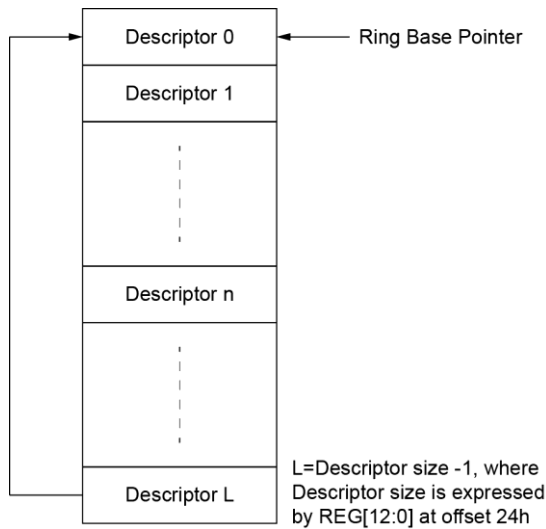
When set, the DMA activity drops the current active descriptor by flushing out all outstanding read commands and discarding all received completion data. The channel interface registers are all cleaned to default state except Interrupt flag bit if DMA stop enable is set earlier. Then, the DMA Stop Done status (bit[18]) is turned on to represent the DMA is in “stopped” condition. If DMA Stop Interrupt Enable (bit[5]) is set, an interrupt will be issued to notify the software when bit[18] is set. In stop condition, the data buffer contents pointed by the previous processed descriptor will be dropped as well, so the software needs to reprogram interface registers for re-initialization before resuming DMA activity by setting DMA Start (bit[0]).

## 8.3 DMA DESCRIPTORS AND TRANSFERS

Each DMA channel will initiate descriptor pre-fetch when the channel is enabled and its ownership register is updated, indicating the valid range of descriptors to prefetch. When a valid descriptor is found, a DMA transfer will be scheduled with the underlying DMA engine in a fair manner with respect to other descriptors from other channels. The descriptor will be re-written by the DMA engine when the DMA transfer is complete, or if the DMA transfer fails due to an error. The switch will also update the ownership register to indicate the range of completed descriptors. Software will then examine the completed descriptors and take appropriate action.

### 8.3.1 DESCRIPTORS

Descriptors are located in the system memory. All of descriptors in a ring have to be concatenated together without gap (see figure 1. below). The switch will calculate the address offset automatically by adding the index of descriptor multiplied with the byte count of a single-descriptor to the ring base descriptor pointer for prefetch.



**Figure 8-1 DMA Descriptor Map**

### 8.3.1.1 INITIALIZATION

Software will initialize a valid descriptor by writing it to memory at the next free location in a channel’s descriptor ring. Software will ensure that the descriptor’s valid bit is written only after all other descriptor fields have been initialized. Software will update the ownership register to schedule execution of all initialized descriptors with the DMA engine.

### 8.3.1.2 OWNERSHIP

After all descriptor fields have been initialized, Software will update the ownership registers located at the register offset 04h and 08h by setting valid status. The [descriptor ownership 0 register](#) (04h) represents the first 32 descriptors’ valid status starting from bit[0] while the [descriptor ownership 1 register](#) (08h) stands for the next 32 descriptors’ valid status. The switch will pre-fetch the descriptors with valid status turned on continuously until the descriptor with valid status being cleared. After the descriptors have been processed, the switch will update the ownership registers by clearing valid status in the order it was received.

### 8.3.1.3 PRE-FETCH

Software needs to update the Channel Descriptor Ring Size for [Pre-fetch register at offset 24h](#) by writing total descriptor numbers into bit[12:0]. Starting from the 1st descriptor pointed by ring base pointer register (0Ch and 10h), the descriptors will be pre-fetched by the switch continuously. The Channel Descriptor Current Pointer register at offset 14h indicates which descriptor is under processing. The switch will also take a residual function over the descriptor numbers divided by 64. If the remainder is less than or equal to 64, the switch will go back to prefetch the 1st descriptor after hitting the last descriptor.

When Software prepares to update the ownership registers during the DMA operation, it requires to check Descriptor current pointer (14h) viewed by the switch in order to update the correct 64-bit sliding window, which is advanced in terms of descriptor units.

## 8.3.2 TRANSFER

Software will define in the descriptor a 64-bit i/o source address, 64-bit i/o destination address, and transfer length up to 8MB. Switch will divide the DMA transfer into appropriate pairs of Memory Read and Write TLPs based on the current switch settings for Max\_Payload\_Size and Max\_Read\_Request\_Size, along with any 4k boundaries crossed by the range of addresses. Other than 64-bit i/o source and 64-bit i/o destination address, Software will also define 4-bit

source domain and 4-bit destination domain in the descriptor for moving data across domains. Switch needs to generate Read or Write TLPs with a translated RID if the TLP destined domain is different from the domain where the DMA function is located.

### 8.3.2.1 LOCAL DOMAIN TRANSFER

For a local DMA transfer (i.e. no crossing host domains, the SDV and DDV must be “0” in the CTRL word of descriptors), the switch will refer to [Max Payload Size](#) and [Max Read Request Size](#) defined in PCIe configuration space in where the DMA function is resided for generating MRD and MWR TLPs along with any 4k boundaries crossed by the range of addresses.

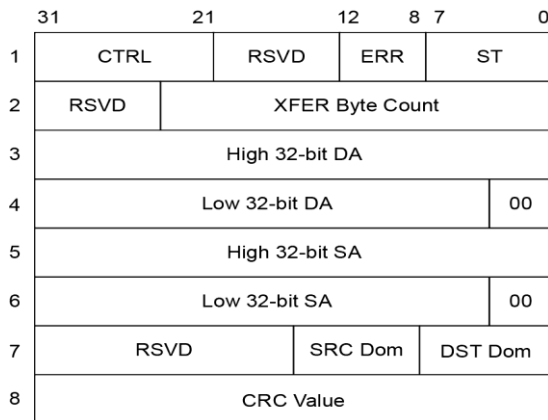
### 8.3.2.2 CROSS DOMAIN TRANSFER

As to a cross-host-domain DMA transfer (i.e. either SDV or DDV or both are “0”), the switch will refer to [Max\\_Payload\\_Size](#) and [Max\\_Read\\_Request\\_Size](#) of other host domains defined in register offset [28h, 2Ch and 30h](#), which are usually programmed by Main Host. The switch will check the domain number carried in descriptor to choose the appropriate [Max\\_Payload\\_Size](#) and [Max\\_Read\\_Request\\_Size](#) for creating MRD and MWR TLPs. Please note that the Main Host software has to program the correct values of [Max\\_Payload\\_Size](#) and [Max\\_Read\\_Request\\_Size](#) for each domain by following the definition in PCIe configuration device control registers of that domain. Otherwise, it will cause undesired result in packet transfers.

As the DMA transfer source domain is different from destination domain, the Requester ID needs to be translated into a legal BDF ID of the destination domain. The software is required to program the captured bus number of CDV or CDL into domain bus number defined in register offset [34h, 38h and 3Ch](#). Regarding the captured bus number, the software can refer to CDEP data 0 register at offset A04h of CD port. The switch will check the domain number carried in descriptor to choose the appropriate bus number for creating RID of MRD and MWR TLPs.

### 8.3.3 DESCRIPTOR LAYOUT

The descriptor is formed by an 8-DW data block. The Figure 2 (see below) presents the layout of these DWs containing control word, source domain/address, destination domain/address, transfer byte count and others.



**Figure 8-2 DMA Descriptor Layout in an 8-DW block**

#### 8.3.3.1 DOMAIN AND ADDRESS FIELD

The 64-bit I/O destination address and source address are located from the 3rd DW to 6th DW. They must be D-Word aligned. Also in the 7th DW, it defines the destination domain number (bit[7:0]) and source domain number (bit[15:8]) used for cross-domain DMA operation. Each domain number is expressed by LSB 4-bit that represents for 4 different host domain (0 ~ 3) supported by one packet switch. As to MSB 4-bit, they are reserved for future use.

### 8.3.3.2 TRANSFER COUNT FIELD

The bit[22:0] in the 2nd DW stands for the transfer byte count for one descriptor can be up to 8MB.

### 8.3.3.3 CONTROL FILED

There are several bits defined in CTRL field of 1st DW for further formatting and enabling the source and destination locations. Please see Table 3 for illustrating bit definition in CTRL filed.

**Table 8-3: Bit Definition in CTRL field of the 1<sup>st</sup> DW**

Bit	Name	Description
31	EOT	End of transfer
30	INT	Issue interrupt when DMA done
29	TPH	TPH function enable
28	NOP	No operation
27	FLH	Dlush any cached data
26	SAV	Source address is valid
25	DAV	Destination address is valid
24	64bit	Rnable 64 bit address
23	SAV	Source domain is valid
22	DDV	Destination domain is valid
21	CRC	Enable CRC checksum

- ◇ EOT(End of Transfer): Defined in bit[31]. When set, it indicates the current DMA transfer is completed. The interpretation on EOT is various for different DMA modes.
  - DMA mode bit[0] = 0: DMA processing is transferred from a source host domain to a destination host domain. In this condition, EOT bit will be set by software in the source descriptor when it is the last transfer. Once the destination DMA is notified by this event, the switch will set EOT bit in the destination descriptor and the transfer byte count will be updated as well. So the destination host would know the last transfer happening in this descriptor.
  - DMA mode bit[0] = 1: DMA processing is handled by the root host only. If the EOT valid bit defined in the DMA control register 0 is set, the switch will update the EOT bit in descriptor from 0 to 1 after transfer count indicated in descriptor is ended.
- ◇ 64bit: Defined in bit[24]. When set, the I/O address is in 64-bit physical memory. Otherwise, it is in 32-bit physical memory.
- ◇ SAV: Defined in bit[26]. When set, it means the I/O source address is valid. If cleared, the I/O source address is not valid, which is the condition that only destination DMA channel is enabled for executing host to host DMA.
- ◇ DAV: Defined in bit[25]. When set, it means the I/O destination address is valid. If cleared, the I/O destination address is not valid, which is the condition that only source DMA channel is enabled for executing host to host DMA.
- ◇ SDV: Defined in bit[23]. When set, it means the source domain number is valid and MRD will be issued to that domain by following its max payload size and read request size. It implies that DMA source and DMA function (or descriptors) are located in different domains. If cleared, it might be in the condition of either only DMA destination is positioned in a different domain from DMA function or just for a local (i.e. same domain) DMA transfer between source and destination.
- ◇ DDV: Defined in bit[22]. When set, it means the destination domain number is valid and MWR will be issued to that domain by following its max payload size. It implies that DMA destination and DMA function (or descriptors) are located in different domains. If cleared, it might be in the condition of either only DMA source is positioned in a different domain from DMA function or just for a local (i.e. same domain) DMA transfer between source and destination.
- ◇ NOP: Defined in bit[28]. Software can configure a no-op (zero length) descriptor by setting NOP of CTRL field. Once this bit is turned on, that performs no Reads or Writes. and
- ◇ FLH: Defined in bit[27]. Software can configure a cache flush descriptor by setting FLH of CTRL field. A cache flush descriptor, that forces the DMA engine to flush its buffer cache, and cancel any outstanding DMA Reads (thereby avoiding lengthy Completion Timeout conditions). Once this bit is turned on, the DMA activity drops the current active descriptor by flushing out all outstanding read commands and discarding all received

completion data. The channel interface registers are all cleaned to default state as well. Software can check if DMA Start (bit[0] of register at offset 20h) is cleared to ensure “flush” event has completed. This “flush” feature provides a way for Software to restart DMA operation in terms of reinitializing the DMA ring buffer and interface registers.

- ◇ INT: Defined in bit[30]. Software may configure a descriptor with a flag (setting INT of CTRL field) to interrupt the software device driver on the completion (or failure) of the corresponding descriptor, using an interrupt mechanism defined by the containing DMA Function’s configuration registers. Software needs to clear the interrupt status by writing “1” to the bit[31] (Interrupt Flag) of register at offset 20h.
- ◇ In DMA Engine (Function) Configuration registers for function 1 or 2, it defines various interrupt mechanisms such as INTx Interrupt message enabled by bit[10] of command register at offset 04h (via configuration space), MSI/Multiple MSI enabled by bit[16]/bit[22:20] of MSI control register at offset 48h or MSI-X enabled by bit[31] of MSI-X control register at offset B0h.
- ◇ TPH: Defined in bit[29]. Software may configure a descriptor with a flag (setting TPH of CTRL field) to indicate that the posted memory writes issued by the DMA engine for this descriptor should include a set of TLP Processing Hints (TPH). The TPH will consist of setting the TH bit in each posted write’s TLP header, and incorporating an 8-bit ST (7:0) steering tag data field that is found in the DMA descriptor. The steering tag in the TLP header is copied from ST value defined in bit[7:0] of 1st DW in descriptor.

#### 8.3.3.4 ERR FIELD

This 5-bit field can encode into 32 errors at most. In descriptor level, the DMA might detect the following errors such as Data Poison (encoded as 12, which is corresponding to bit[12] in AER), Completion Time-Out (bit[14]), Completer Abort (bit[15]), ECRC error (bit[19]) and Unsupported Request (bit[20]). If there are more than two errors (included) happening at the same time, it always reports the error defined with the least bit.

#### 8.3.3.5 ST FIELD

It represents 8-bit steering tag. This 8-bit data is valid only when TPH bit set in control field.

#### 8.3.3.6 CRC FIELD

Software may configure a descriptor with a flag to indicate that the DMA engine should compute a CRC-32 checksum of the data bytes (not including headers) that were read as part of the DMA transfer. The calculated CRC-32 will be written back to the descriptor on completion.

By setting CRC of CTRL field (bit[21] of the 1st DW), it enables DMA engine to compute a CRC-32 checksum over the raw data bytes of buffer pointed by the descriptor. It uses PCIe ECRC-32 polynomial and calculation is in a DW alignment. Upon the completion of descriptor processing, the final CRC-32 checksum result will be written back to the 8th DW of descriptor.

## 8.4 ERROR REPORTING AND HANDLING

The software managing a DMA function and associated channels must be able to define appropriate error handling behaviors for the DMA processing, including the handling of DMA memory read failures. To implement appropriate error handling for DMA:

### 8.4.1 ERROR REPORTING

Software will discover the Advanced Error Reporting (AER) capability in the configuration space of each DMA Function. Software will then enable AER, and configure the AERUCES, AERUCEM, AERUCESSEV, AERCS, AERCEM, AERCC, AERHL, and AERTLP registers appropriately. The switch will update these registers and issue M\_ERR messages as the DMA engine detects errors when processing a descriptor from the corresponding function. The switch will also rewrite the descriptor affected by an error with an error status field, indicating the corresponding PCIe error that caused the DMA to fail (e.g. DP, ECRC, CTO).

### 8.4.1.1 REPORTING VIA FUNCTION

In DMA Engine (Function) Configuration registers for function 1 or 2, it defines Advanced Error Reporting (AER) capability at byte offset 100h that followed by AERUCES, AERUCEM, AERUCESEV, AERCES, AERCEM, AERCC and AERHL registers from a byte offset 104h to 128h.

### 8.4.1.2 REPORTING VIA CHANNEL

When processing any descriptor in all of channels assigned to that DMA function, it will issue UCE\_MSG If any of UCE is detected and also the corresponding UCE bit in AERUCEM is cleared. Meanwhile, the AERUCES would be copied to Channel UCES register defined in DMA interface register at offset 44h, so it will know which channel causing UCE. Furthermore, bit[25:24] of Channel UCES register will also indicate what type of DMA transaction running into Uncorrectable error. bit[24] represents the detected error happening in fetching descriptor while bit[25] shows that error detected in reading data into DMA buffer. The DMA engine will issue interrupt if UCE Interrupt Enable bit (bit[17] of DMA Control and Status 0) is turned on.

### 8.4.1.3 REPORTING VIA DESCRIPTOR

To continuously trace down from where the UCE is coming, the DMA engine will also write back the error status to the descriptor which is affected by an error with a 5-bit error status field (bit[12:7] of 1st DW in descriptor). A 5-bit error status field can represent any of the PCIe UEs defined in AERUCES (e.g. error field=12 in descriptor would mean DP because DP is the 12th bit of AERUCES). Once Multiple UEs happen simultaneously, the lowest bit position in AERUCES will be recorded. (e.g. if DP (bit[12] in AERUCES) and Malformed TLP (bit[18] in AERUCES) are detected, only the DP reported as error since it is a lowest bit)

## 8.4.2 ERROR LOGGING

The DMA Function will provide a default (or configurable) value for AERCAP + 18h AERCC.MHRC, and errors will be logged appropriately into AERHL and AERTLP as detected when processing a descriptor from the corresponding function. The default value for AERCC.MHRC is zero, so there is only one TLP header with error(s) will be logged into AERHL.

## 8.4.3 DATA INTEGRITY

The switch will implement ECRC checking and ECRC generation for TLPs passing through the DMA engine. As such, the DMA Function will set AERCC.ECC=1 and AEREGC=1 in the AER capability, DMA Reads will verify ECRC, and DMA Writes will generate ECRC.

In AERCC register of DMA function configuration space, it defines ECC (bit[7]) and EGC (bit[5]) as “1” so the system software can set ECE =1 (bit[8]) and EGE = 1 (bit[6]) to enable the switch to perform ECRC checking and ECRC generation for TLPs passing through the DMA engine.

## 8.4.4 ERROR HANDLING FOR UNCORRECTABLE ERROR DETECTED

The switch will provide software the channel status to determine whether a particular detected error will automatically stop the channel, or simply mark the descriptor as being in error, and continue processing the next descriptor. Once detecting uncorrectable error, the DMA will write back error status into the descriptor which is affected by error(s). Also, the switch will take the following steps for two scenarios.

### 8.4.4.1 ERROR IN DATA BUFFER

If the error occurs in the TLPs that are CPLDs for storing into DMA data buffer, the DMA activity drops the current active descriptor by flushing out all outstanding read commands and discarding all received completion data. The pointer will move to the next active descriptor and this would be treated like an H/W abort event. This channel is

aborted and it is up to Software to restart DMA from the next descriptor or re-program the DMA control register to start from the base descriptor.

#### 8.4.4.2 ERROR IN DESCRIPTOR

If the error occurs in the TLPs that are CPLDs for storing into Prefetch descriptor cache, the DMA activity not only drops the current active descriptor by flushing out all outstanding read commands and discarding all received completion data, but also dumps the following descriptors since they are damaged as well. So this channel is stopped and requires Software to reprogram interface registers for re-initialization before resuming DMA activity by setting DMA Start (bit[0]).

#### 8.4.5 ERROR HANDLING FOR DMA READ

The switch will provide a register for the DMA function that software can use to determine whether an error on DMA Memory Read will cause the function and/or descriptor to report an error immediately (without writing), or will cause the function and/or descriptor to report an error only after writing to the DMA destination address a Poisoned (DP) Memory Write TLP for each corresponding Memory Read that failed.

If the UCE occurring in DMA read for CPLDs acquired from source address, the error report scheme (bit[18] in DMA Control and Status Register 0) can be configured in two different modes.

- ◇ If bit[18] is set, DMA reports UCE event after writing DP TLP to destination address. The DP TLP is generated for each corresponding memory read that failed.
- ◇ If bit[18] is cleared, DMA reports UCE event immediately without writing DP TLP to destination address.

## 9 REGISTER DESCRIPTION

### 9.1 REGISTER TYPES

This chapter details the Packet Switch registers, including

- Bit names
- Description of register functions
- Type, refer to Table 9-1
- Whether the default value can be modified by EEPROM and/or I2C/SMBUS
- Default value

**Table 9-1 Register Types**

REGISTER TYPE	DEFINITION
RO	Read Only
RW	Read / Write
RWIC	Read / Write 1 to Clear
RWIO	Read/Write 1 Only
RsvdP	RO and must return 0 when read.

### 9.2 REGISTER ACCESS

Each Switch Port implements a 4-KB Configuration Space which includes the lower 256 bytes PCI-compatible Configuration Space, and the upper 3840 bytes PCI Express Extended Configuration Space. There are several mechanisms that can access the Configuration Space:

- PCI-compatible Configuration Mechanism
- PCI Express Enhanced Configuration Access Mechanism
- Device-specific Memory Mapped Configuration Mechanism
- I2C Slave Interface
- SMBUS Slave Interface

#### 9.2.1 PCI-COMPATIBLE CONFIGURATION MECHANISM

The PCI-compatible Configuration Mechanism provides standard access to the first 256 bytes of the PCI Express Configuration Space. The mechanism uses PCI Type 0 and Type 1 Configuration transactions to access the Packet Switch Configuration registers.

#### 9.2.2 PCI EXPRESS ENHANCED CONFIGURATION ACCESS MECHANISM

The PCI Express Enhanced Configuration Access Mechanism is implemented on all PCI Express PCs. It provides a memory-mapped address space in the root complex, through which the root complex translates a memory access into one or more configuration requests. Device drivers normally use an application programming interface (API) provided by the Operating System (OS) to use this mechanism. The mechanism can access all Packet Switch registers.

#### 9.2.3 DEVICE\_SPECIFIC MEMORY MAPPED CONFIGURATION MECHANISM

The Device-Specific memory-Mapped Configuration Mechanism provides a method to access the configuration registers of all ports in a single 512KB memory map. The registers of each port are contained within a 4-KB range.



To use this mechanism, BIOS/OS needs to set BAR 0 and BAR 1 registers of up port at boot time. After BAR 0 and BAR 1 are enumerated, Port 0 registers can be access with Memory Reads from and Writes to the first 4 KB, Port 1 registers can be accessed with Memory Reads from and Writes to the 2<sup>nd</sup> , and so forth.

Physical Location Index	Port Number	BAR 0/1 Offset
Tile 0, Port 0	0000_0000b	0_0000h
Tile 0, Port 1	0000_0001b	0_1000h
...	...	...
Tile 0, Port 15	0000_1111b	0_F000h
Tile 1, Port 0	0001_0000b	1_0000h
...	...	...
Tile 1, Port 15	0001_1111b	1_F000h
...	...	...
Tile 5, Port 15	0101_1111b	5_F000h
Tile 1, CDEP 0	1000_0001b	6_1000h
Tile 2, CDEP 0	1000_0010b	6_2000h
Tile 3, CDEP 0	1000_0011b	6_3000h
Tile 4, CDEP 0	1000_0100b	6_4000h
Tile 5, CDEP 0	1000_0101b	6_5000h
Tile 0, CDEP 1	1001_0000b	7_0000h
Tile 1, CDEP 1	1001_0001b	7_1000h
Tile 2, CDEP 1	1001_0010b	7_2000h
Tile 3, CDEP 1	1001_0011b	7_3000h
Tile 4, CDEP 1	1001_0100b	7_4000h
Tile 5, CDEP 1	1001_0101b	7_5000h
CQ Header Location	N/A	6_F000h

Note: "Port Number" is defined in link capabilities register (offset 74h) bit[31:24].

### 9.3 TRANSPARENT MODE CONFIGURATION REGISTERS

When the port of the Switch is set to operate at the transparent mode, it is represented by a logical PCI-to-PCI Bridge that implements type 1 configuration space header. The following table details the allocation of the register fields of the PCI 2.3 compatible type 1 configuration space header.

31 – 24	23 – 16	15 – 8	7 – 0	BYTE OFFSET
<a href="#">Device ID</a>		<a href="#">Vendor ID</a>		00h
<a href="#">Primary Status</a>		<a href="#">Command</a>		04h
<a href="#">Class Code</a>		<a href="#">Revision ID</a>		08h
Reserved	<a href="#">Header Type</a>	<a href="#">Primary Latency Timer</a>	<a href="#">Cache Line Size</a>	0Ch
<a href="#">Base Address 0 (Upstream Port Only)</a>				10h
<a href="#">Base Address 1 (Upstream Port Only)</a>				14h
<a href="#">Secondary Latency Timer</a>	<a href="#">Subordinate Bus Number</a>	<a href="#">Secondary Bus Number</a>	<a href="#">Primary Bus Number</a>	18h
<a href="#">Secondary Status</a>		<a href="#">I/O Limit Address</a>	<a href="#">I/O Base Address</a>	1Ch
<a href="#">Memory Limit Address</a>		<a href="#">Memory Base Address</a>		20h
<a href="#">Prefetchable Memory Limit Address</a>		<a href="#">Prefetchable Memory Base Address</a>		24h
<a href="#">Prefetchable Memory Base Address Upper 32-bit</a>				28h
<a href="#">Prefetchable Memory Limit Address Upper 32-bit</a>				2Ch
<a href="#">I/O Limit Address Upper 16-bit</a>		<a href="#">I/O Base Address Upper 16-bit</a>		30h
Reserved			<a href="#">Capability Pointer to 40h</a>	34h
Reserved				38h
<a href="#">Bridge Control</a>		<a href="#">Interrupt Pin</a>	<a href="#">Interrupt Line</a>	3Ch
<a href="#">Power Management Capabilities</a>		<a href="#">Next Item Pointer=48h</a>	<a href="#">Capability ID=01h</a>	40h
<a href="#">PM Data</a>	<a href="#">PPB Support Extensions</a>	<a href="#">Power Management Data</a>		44h
<a href="#">Message Control</a>		<a href="#">Next Item Pointer=68h</a>	<a href="#">Capability ID=05h</a>	48h
<a href="#">Message Address</a>				4Ch
<a href="#">Message Upper Address</a>				50h
Reserved		<a href="#">Message Data</a>		54h
<a href="#">MSI Mask</a>				58h
<a href="#">MSI Pending</a>				5Ch
Reserved				60h – 64h
<a href="#">PCI Express Capabilities Register</a>		<a href="#">Next Item Pointer=A4h</a>	<a href="#">Capability ID=10h</a>	68h
<a href="#">Device Capabilities</a>				6Ch
<a href="#">Device Status</a>		<a href="#">Device Control</a>		70h
<a href="#">Link Status</a>		<a href="#">Link Control</a>		74h
<a href="#">Slot Status</a>		<a href="#">Slot Control</a>		78h
<a href="#">Slot Capabilities</a>				7Ch
<a href="#">Slot Capabilities</a>				7Ch
<a href="#">Slot Status</a>		<a href="#">Slot Control</a>		80h
Reserved				84h – 88h
<a href="#">Device Capabilities 2</a>				8Ch
<a href="#">Device Status 2</a>		<a href="#">Device Control 2</a>		90h
<a href="#">Link Status 2</a>		<a href="#">Link Control 2</a>		94h
<a href="#">Slot Status 2</a>		<a href="#">Slot Control 2</a>		98h
<a href="#">Slot Capabilities 2</a>				9Ch
<a href="#">Slot Status 2</a>		<a href="#">Slot Control 2</a>		A0h
Reserved		<a href="#">Next Item Pointer= B0h (Up) 00h (Down)</a>	<a href="#">SSID/SSVID Capability ID=0Dh</a>	A4h
<a href="#">SSID</a>		<a href="#">SSVID</a>		A8h
Reserved				ACh
<a href="#">MSI-X Control</a>		<a href="#">Next Item Pointer=00h</a>	<a href="#">MSI-X Capability ID=11h</a>	B0h
<a href="#">MSI-X Table Offset / Table BIR</a>				B4h
<a href="#">MSI-X PBA Offset / PBA BIR</a>				B8h
Reserved				BCh - DCh
<a href="#">BAR 0 Configuration (Upstream Port Only)</a>				E0h
<a href="#">BAR 0-1 Configuration (Upstream Port Only)</a>				E4h
Reserved				E8h - FCh

Other than the PCI 2.3 compatible configuration space header, the Switch also implements PCI express extended configuration space header, which includes advanced error reporting, virtual channel, and power budgeting capability

registers. The following table details the allocation of the register fields of PCI express extended capability space header. The first extended capability always begins at offset 100h with a PCI Express Enhanced Capability header and the rest of capabilities are located at an offset greater than 0FFh relative to the beginning of PCI compatible configuration space.

31 - 24	23 - 16	15 - 8	7 - 0	BYTE OFFSET
<a href="#">Next Capability Offset=130h</a>	<a href="#">Cap. Version</a>	<a href="#">PCI Express Extended Capability ID=0001h</a>		100h
<a href="#">Uncorrectable Error Status</a>				104h
<a href="#">Uncorrectable Error Mask</a>				108h
<a href="#">Uncorrectable Error Severity</a>				10Ch
<a href="#">Correctable Error Status</a>				110h
<a href="#">Correctable Error Mask</a>				114h
<a href="#">Advanced Error Capabilities and Control</a>				118h
<a href="#">Header Log Register 0</a>				11Ch
<a href="#">Header Log Register 1</a>				120h
<a href="#">Header Log Register 2</a>				124h
<a href="#">Header Log Register 3</a>				128h
Reserved				12Ch
<a href="#">Next Capability Offset=1A0</a>	<a href="#">Cap. Version</a>	<a href="#">PCI Express Extended Capability ID=0002h</a>		130h
<a href="#">Port VC Capability Register 1</a>				134h
<a href="#">VC Arbitration Table Offset=4h</a>	<a href="#">Port VC Capability Register 2</a>			138h
<a href="#">Port VC Status</a>		<a href="#">Port VC Control</a>		13Ch
<a href="#">Port Arbitration Table Offset=5h</a>	<a href="#">VC Resource Capability Register (0)</a>			140h
<a href="#">VC Resource Control Register (0)</a>				144h
<a href="#">VC Resource Status Register (0)</a>		Reserved		148h
Reserved				14Ch - 19Ch
<a href="#">Next Capability Offset=1B0h (Up) 1C0h (Down)</a>	<a href="#">Cap. Version</a>	<a href="#">PCI Express Extended Capability ID=0003h</a>		1A0h
<a href="#">Serial Number Lower DW</a>				1A4h
<a href="#">Serial Number Upper DW</a>				1A8h
Reserved				1ACh
<a href="#">Next Capability Offset=1D0h</a>	<a href="#">Cap. Version</a>	<a href="#">PCI Express Extended Capability ID=0004h</a>		1B0h
Reserved		<a href="#">Data Select</a>		1B4h
<a href="#">Power Budgeting Data</a>				1B8h
Reserved		<a href="#">Power Budget Capability</a>		1BCh
<a href="#">Next Capability Offset=1D0h</a>	<a href="#">Cap. Version</a>	<a href="#">PCI Express Extended Capability ID=000Dh</a>		1C0h
<a href="#">ACS Capability</a>				1C4h
Reserved		<a href="#">Egress Control Vector</a>		1C8h
Reserved				1CCh
<a href="#">Next Capability Offset=200h (Up) 210h (Down)</a>	<a href="#">Cap. Version</a>	<a href="#">PCI Express Extended Capability ID=0012h</a>		1D0h
<a href="#">Multi-Case Control</a>		<a href="#">Multi-Case Capability</a>		1D4h
<a href="#">Multi-Case Base Address 0</a>				1D8h
<a href="#">Multi-Case Base Address 1</a>				1DCh
<a href="#">Multi-Case Receive</a>				1E0h
<a href="#">Multi-Case Receive Upper 32-Bits</a>				1E4h
<a href="#">Multi-Case Block All</a>				1E8h
<a href="#">Multi-Case Block All 32-Bits</a>				1ECh
<a href="#">Multi-Case Block Untranslated</a>				1F0h
<a href="#">Multi-Case Block Untranslated 32-Bits</a>				1F4h
Reserved				1F8h - 1FCh
<a href="#">Next Capability Offset=210h</a>	<a href="#">Cap. Version</a>	<a href="#">PCI Express Extended Capability ID=0018h</a>		200h
<a href="#">Max. No-Snoop Latency</a>		<a href="#">Max. Snoop Latency</a>		204h
Reserved				208h - 20Ch

31 - 24	23 - 16	15 - 8	7 - 0	BYTE OFFSET
<a href="#">Next Capability Offset=2B0h (Up)</a> <a href="#">2A0h (Down)</a>	<a href="#">Cap. Version</a>	<a href="#">PCI Express Extended Capability ID=0019h</a>		210h
<a href="#">Link Control 3</a>				214h
<a href="#">Lane Error Status</a>				218h
<a href="#">Lane 1 Equalization Control</a>		<a href="#">Lane 0 Equalization Control</a>		21Ch
<a href="#">Lane 3 Equalization Control</a>		<a href="#">Lane 2 Equalization Control</a>		220h
Reserved		Reserved		224h
Reserved		Reserved		228h
<a href="#">Lane 5 Equalization Control</a>		<a href="#">Lane 4 Equalization Control</a>		22Ch
<a href="#">Lane 7 Equalization Control</a>		<a href="#">Lane 6 Equalization Control</a>		230h
Reserved		Reserved		234h
Reserved		Reserved		238h
Reserved				23Ch - 29Ch
<a href="#">Next Capability Offset=2B0h</a>	<a href="#">Cap. Version</a>	<a href="#">PCI Express Extended Capability ID=001Dh</a>		2A0h
<a href="#">DPC Control</a>		<a href="#">DPC Capability</a>		2A4h
<a href="#">DPC Error Source ID</a>		<a href="#">DPC Status</a>		2A8h
Reserved				2ACh
<a href="#">Next Capability Offset=300h</a>	<a href="#">Cap. Version</a>	<a href="#">PCI Express Extended Capability ID=001Eh</a>		2B0h
<a href="#">L1 PM Substates Capability</a>				2B4h
<a href="#">L1 PM Substates Control 1</a>				2B8h
<a href="#">L1 PM Substates Control 2</a>				2BCh
Reserved				2C0h - 2FCh
<a href="#">Next Capability Offset=000h</a>	<a href="#">Cap. Version</a>	<a href="#">PCI Express Extended Capability ID=000Bh</a>		300h
<a href="#">Vendor-Specific Length</a>	<a href="#">Revision</a>	<a href="#">Vendor-Specific ID</a>		304h
<a href="#">EEPROM Control (Upstream Port Only)</a>				308h
<a href="#">EEPROM Address and Data (Upstream Port Only)</a>				30Ch
<a href="#">Debug Control (Port 0 Only)</a>				310h
<a href="#">Debug Data (Port 0 Only)</a>				314h
<a href="#">SMBUS Control and Status (Port 0 Only)</a>				318h
<a href="#">GPIO 0-15 Direction Control (Port 0 Only)</a>				31Ch
<a href="#">GPIO 16-31 Direction Control (Port 0 Only)</a>				320h
<a href="#">GPIO Input De-bounce (Port 0 Only)</a>				324h
<a href="#">GPIO 0-15 Input Data (Port 0 Only)</a>				328h
<a href="#">GPIO 16-31 Input Data (Port 0 Only)</a>				32Ch
<a href="#">GPIO 0-15 Output Data (Port 0 Only)</a>				330h
<a href="#">GPIO 16-31 Output Data (Port 0 Only)</a>				334h
<a href="#">GPIO 0-31 Interrupt Polarity (Port 0 Only)</a>				338h
<a href="#">GPIO 0-31 Interrupt Status</a>				33Ch
<a href="#">GPIO 0-31 Interrupt Mask</a>				340h
Reserved				344h
<a href="#">Operation Mode (Port 0 Only)</a>				348h
<a href="#">Clock Buffer Control (Port 0 Only)</a>				34Ch
Reserved				350h - 37Ch
<a href="#">LTSSM CSR 0</a>				380h
<a href="#">LTSSM CSR 1</a>				384h
<a href="#">LTSSM CSR 2</a>				388h
<a href="#">LTSSM CSR 3</a>				38Ch
<a href="#">LTSSM 0</a>				390h
<a href="#">LTSSM 1</a>				394h
<a href="#">LTSSM 2</a>				398h
<a href="#">LTSSM 3</a>				39Ch
<a href="#">LTSSM 4</a>				3A0h
<a href="#">LTSSM 5</a>				3A4h
<a href="#">LTSSM 6</a>				3A8h
<a href="#">LTSSM 7</a>				3ACh
<a href="#">LTSSM 8</a>				3B0h
<a href="#">LTSSM 9</a>				3B4h
<a href="#">LTSSM 10</a>				3B8h
<a href="#">LTSSM 11</a>				3BCh
<a href="#">LTSSM 12</a>				3C0h
<a href="#">LTSSM 13</a>				3C4h

31 -24	23 - 16	15 - 8	7 -0	BYTE OFFSET
	<a href="#">LTSSM 14</a>			3C8h
	<a href="#">LTSSM 15</a>			3CCh
	Reserved			3D0h ~ 41Ch
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 0</a>			420h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 1</a>			424h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 2</a>			428h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 3</a>			42Ch
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 4</a>			430h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 5</a>			434h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 6</a>			438h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 7</a>			43Ch
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 8</a>			440h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 9</a>			444h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 10</a>			448h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 11</a>			44Ch
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 12</a>			450h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 13</a>			454h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 14</a>			458h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 15</a>			45Ch
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 16</a>			460h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 17</a>			464h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 18</a>			468h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 19</a>			46Ch
	<a href="#">LA Debug</a>			470h
	Reserved			474h ~ 4BCh
	<a href="#">TL CSR 0</a>			4C0h
	<a href="#">TL CSR 1</a>			4C4h
	<a href="#">TL CSR 2</a>			4C8h
	<a href="#">TL CSR 3 (Port 0 Only)</a>			4CCCh
	<a href="#">TL CSR 4</a>			4D0h
	Reserved			4D4h ~ 500h
	<a href="#">Device Configuration 0 (Port 0 Only)</a>			504h
	<a href="#">Device Configuration 1 (Port 0 Only)</a>			508h
	<a href="#">Device Configuration 2 (Port 0 Only)</a>			50Ch
	<a href="#">Device Clock External Control (Port 0 Only)</a>			510h
	<a href="#">Device SRIS Mode External Control (Port 0 Only)</a>			514h
	<a href="#">Device COMM Refclk Mode External Control (Port 0 Only)</a>			518h
	<a href="#">Internal Use (Test Purpose)</a>			51Ch
	<a href="#">Internal Use (Test Purpose)</a>			520h
	<a href="#">Internal Use (Test Purpose)</a>			524h
	<a href="#">External Loopback PRBS Control (Port 0 Only)</a>			528h
	<a href="#">PHY SRAM Program 0 (Port 0 Only)</a>			52Ch
	<a href="#">PHY SRAM Program 1 (Port 0 Only)</a>			530h
	<a href="#">Failover Control (Port 0 Only)</a>			534h
	<a href="#">Thermal Sensor INT Mask and Status (Port 0 Only)</a>			538h
	<a href="#">Thermal Sensor Control (Port 0 Only)</a>			53Ch
	<a href="#">Device Elastic Buffer Empty Mode External Control (Port 0 Only)</a>			540h
	<a href="#">Device Misc (Port 0 Only)</a>			544h
	Reserved			548h~ 554h
	<a href="#">Switch Domain Mode Control (Port 0 Only)</a>			558h
	<a href="#">Port Clock Control (Port 0 Only)</a>			55Ch
	Reserved			560h ~ 568h
	<a href="#">Performance Counter Control</a>			56Ch
	<a href="#">Internal Use</a>			570h
	Reserved			574h ~ 59Ch
	<a href="#">NIC CTRL 0 (Port 0 Only)</a>			5A0h
	Reserved			5A4h
	<a href="#">NIC CTRL 2 (Port 0 Only)</a>			5A8h
	Reserved			5ACh ~ 5BCh
	<a href="#">CR RW Ctrl and Status (Port 0 Only)</a>			5C0h
	<a href="#">CR CTRL 0 (Port 0 Only)</a>			5C4h
	<a href="#">CR CTRL 1 (Port 0 Only)</a>			5C8h
	<a href="#">CR CTRL 2 (Port 0 Only)</a>			5CCh
	<a href="#">CR CTRL 3 (Port 0 Only)</a>			5D0h

31 - 24	23 - 16	15 - 8	7 - 0	BYTE OFFSET	
				Thermal Sensor Test (Port 0 Only)	5D4h
				Thermal Sensor Ctrl 0 (Port 0 Only)	5D8h
				Thermal Sensor Ctrl 1 (Port 0 Only)	5DCh
				Thermal Sensor Ctrl 2 (Port 0 Only)	5E0h
				Reserved	5E4h ~ 5FCh
				INGRESS Completion TLP Packet Count[31:0]	600h
Reserved				INGRESS Completion TLP Packet Count[47:32]	604h
				INGRESS Completion TLP Payload Byte Count[31:0]	608h
Reserved				INGRESS Completion TLP Payload Byte Count[47:32]	60Ch
				INGRESS Post TLP Packet Count[31:0]	610h
Reserved				INGRESS Post TLP Packet Count[47:32]	614h
				INGRESS Post TLP Payload Byte Count[31:0]	618h
Reserved				INGRESS Post TLP Payload Byte Count[47:32]	61Ch
				INGRESS Bad TLP Packet Count[31:0]	620h
				Reserved	624h
				INGRESS Non-Post TLP Packet Count[31:0]	628h
Reserved				INGRESS Non-Post TLP Packet Count[47:32]	62Ch
				EGRESS Completion TLP Packet Count[31:0]	630h
Reserved				EGRESS Completion TLP Packet Count[47:32]	634h
				EGRESS Completion TLP Payload Byte Count[31:0]	638h
Reserved				EGRESS Completion TLP Payload Byte Count[47:32]	63Ch
				EGRESS Post TLP Packet Count[31:0]	640h
Reserved				EGRESS Post TLP Packet Count[47:32]	644h
				EGRESS Post TLP Payload Byte Count[31:0]	648h
Reserved				EGRESS Post TLP Payload Byte Count[47:32]	64Ch
Reserved				EGRESS Error TLP Packet Count[15:0]	650h
				Reserved	654h
				EGRESS Non-Post TLP Packet Count[31:0]	658h
Reserved				EGRESS Non-Post TLP Packet Count[47:32]	65Ch
				TL/DLL/MAC/PHY Error Type Sel	660h
				TL/DLL/MAC/PHY Error Count 0	664h
				TL/DLL/MAC/PHY Error Count 1	668h
				TL/DLL/MAC/PHY Error Count 2	66Ch
				TL/DLL/MAC/PHY Error Mask 0	670h
				TL/DLL/MAC/PHY Error Mask 1	674h
				TL/DLL/MAC/PHY Error Mask 2	678h
				Ingress Error Counter Enable	67Ch
				Reserved	680h ~ 6FCh
				Trigger 1 Mask (Port 0 Only)	700h
				Trigger 2 Mask (Port 0 Only)	704h
				Pattern 1 Setting (Port 0 Only)	708h
				Pattern 2 Setting (Port 0 Only)	70Ch
				Trigger 1 Mode Setting (Port 0 Only)	710h
				Trigger 2 Mode Setting (Port 0 Only)	714h
				Trigger 1 and/or Condition Selection (Port 0 Only)	718h
				Trigger 2 and/or Condition Selection (Port 0 Only)	71Ch
				Trigger Select (Port 0 Only)	720h
				Trigger Position Select (Port 0 Only)	724h
				Reserved	728h
				Trigger Counter Setting (Port 0 Only)	72Ch
				Trigger Start (Port 0 Only)	730h
				Read Waveform Data (Port 0 Only)	734h
				Sample Rate Setting (Port 0 Only)	738h
				Waveform Output Port Select (Port 0 Only)	73Ch
				Reserved	740h
				Reserved	744h
				Waveform Read Event Reset (Port 0 Only)	748h
				Dump Memory to GPIO Rate Control (Port 0 Only)	74Ch
				Dump Waveform Start (Port 0 Only)	750h
				Free Run Button (Port 0 Only)	754h
				Reserved	758h ~ FFCh

### 9.3.1 VENDOR ID REGISTER – OFFSET 00h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Vendor ID	RO	Identifies Pericom as the vendor of this device.	Yes	12D8h

### 9.3.2 DEVICE ID REGISTER – OFFSET 00h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:16	Device ID	RO	Identifies this device as the PI7C9X3G1632.	Yes	C232h

### 9.3.3 COMMAND REGISTER – OFFSET 04h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	I/O Space Enable	RW	0b: ignores I/O transactions on the primary interface 1b: enables responses to I/O transactions on the primary interface	Yes	0
1	Memory Space Enable	RW	0b: ignores memory transactions on the primary interface 1b: enables responses to memory transactions on the primary interface	Yes	0
2	Bus Master Enable	RW	0b: does not initiate memory or I/O transactions on the upstream port and handles asan Unsupported Request (UR) to memory and I/O transactions on the downstream port. For Non-Posted Requests, a completion with UR completion status must be returned 1b: enables the Switch Port to forward memory and I/O Read/Write transactions in the upstream direction	Yes	0
3	Special Cycle Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
4	Memory Write And Invalidate Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
5	VGA Palette Snoop Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
6	Parity Error Response Enable	RW	0b: Switch may ignore any parity errors that it detects and continue normal operation 1b: Switch must take its normal action when a parity error is detected	Yes	0
7	Wait Cycle Control	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
8	SERR# enable	RW	0b: disables the reporting of Non-fatal and Fatal errors detected by the Switch to the Root Complex 1b: enables the Non-fatal and Fatal error reporting to Root Complex	Yes	0
9	Fast Back-to-Back Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
10	Interrupt Disable	RW	Controls the ability of a PCI Express device to generate INTx Interrupt Messages. In the Switch, this bit does not affect the forwarding of INTx messages from the downstream ports.	Yes	0
15:11	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0b

### 9.3.4 PRIMARY STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 04h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
18:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
19	Interrupt Status	RO	Indicates that an INTx Interrupt Message is pending internally to the device. In the Switch, the forwarding of INTx messages from the downstream device of the Switch port is not reflected in this bit. Must be hardwired to 0.	No	0
20	Capabilities List	RO	Set to 1b to enable support for the capability list (offset 34h is the pointer to the data structure).	Yes/No	1
21	66MHz Capable	RO	Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0.	No	0
22	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
23	Fast Back-to-Back Capable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
24	Master Data Parity Error	RW1C	Set to 1b (by a requester) whenever a Parity error is detected or forwarded on the primary side of the port in a Switch.  If the Parity Error Response Enable bit is cleared, this bit is never set.	No/Yes	0
26:25	DEVSEL# timing	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
27	Signaled Target Abort	RW1C	Set when the Secondary Side for Type 1 Configuration Space header Function (for Requests completed by the Type 1 header Function itself) completes a Posted or Non-Posted Request as a Completer Abort error.	No/Yes	0
28	Received Target Abort	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
29	Received Master Abort	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
30	Signaled System Error	RW1C	Set to 1b when the Switch sends an ERR_FATAL or ERR_NONFATAL Message, and the SERR Enable bit in the Command register is 1b.	No/Yes	0
31	Detected Parity Error	RW1C	Set to 1b whenever the primary side of the port in a Switch receives a Poisoned TLP.	No/Yes	0

### 9.3.5 REVISION ID REGISTER – OFFSET 08h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Revision	RO	Indicates revision number of device.	Yes	07h for Port 0 06h for Port 1-7

### 9.3.6 CLASS REGISTER – OFFSET 08h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:8	Programming Interface	RO	Read as 00h to indicate no programming interfaces have been defined for PCI-to-PCI Bridges.	No	00h
23:16	Sub-Class Code	RO	Read as 04h to indicate device is a PCI-to-PCI Bridge.	No	04h
31:24	Base Class Code	RO	Read as 06h to indicate device is a Bridge device.	No	06h

### 9.3.7 CACHE LINE REGISTER – OFFSET 0Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Cache Line Size	RW	The cache line size register is set by the system firmware and the operating system cache line size. This field is implemented by PCI Express devices as a RW field for legacy compatibility, but it has no impact on any PCI Express device functionality.	Yes	00h

### 9.3.8 PRIMARY LATENCY TIMER REGISTER – OFFSET 0Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:8	Primary Latency Timer	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h

### 9.3.9 HEADER TYPE REGISTER – OFFSET 0Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
22:16	Header Type	RO	Read as 01h to indicate that the register layout conforms to the standard PCI-to-PCI Bridge layout.	No	01h
23	Multi-Function Device	RO	0b: single function device 1b: multiple functions device	No	0 if DMA=0 1 if DMA=1



### 9.3.10 BASE ADDRESS 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 10h (Upstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Memory Space Indicator	RO	Reset to 0 to indicate Memory Base address.	No	0
2:1	64-bit Addressing	RO	00b: 32-bit addressing 10b: 64-bit addressing Others: reserved	No	00b
3	Prefetchable	RO	0b: non-prefetchable 1b: prefetchable	No	0
18:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h
31:19	Base Address 0 [31:19]	RW	Use this Memory base address to map the packet switch registers.	Yes	0-0h

### 9.3.11 BASE ADDRESS 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 14h (Upstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Reserved	RO	When the Base Address 0 register is not 64-bit addressing ( <a href="#">offset 10h[2:1]</a> is not 10b).	No	0000_0000h
	Base Address 0 [63:32]	RW	When the Base Address 0 register is 64-bit addressing. Base Address 1 is used to provide the upper 32 Address bits when <a href="#">offset 10h[2:1]</a> is set to 10b.	Yes	

### 9.3.12 PRIMARY BUS NUMBER REGISTER – OFFSET 18h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Primary Bus Number	RW	Indicates the number of the PCI bus to which the primary interface is connected. The value is set in software during configuration.	Yes	00h

### 9.3.13 SECONDARY BUS NUMBER REGISTER – OFFSET 18h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:8	Secondary Bus Number	RW	Indicates the number of the PCI bus to which the secondary interface is connected. The value is set in software during configuration.	Yes	00h

### 9.3.14 SUBORDINATE BUS NUMBER REGISTER – OFFSET 18h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
23:16	Subordinate Bus Number	RW	Indicates the number of the PCI bus with the highest number that is subordinate to the Bridge. The value is set in software during configuration.	Yes	00h

### 9.3.15 SECONDARY LATENCY TIMER REGISTER – OFFSET 18h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:24	Secondary Latency Timer	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h

### 9.3.16 I/O BASE ADDRESS REGISTER – OFFSET 1Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	32-bit Indicator	RO	Read as 1h to indicate 32-bit I/O addressing.	Yes	1h
7:4	I/O Base Address [15:12]	RW	Defines the bottom address of the I/O address range for the Bridge to determine when to forward I/O transactions from one interface to the other. The upper 4 bits correspond to address bit[15:12] and are writable. The lower 12 bits corresponding to address bit[11:0] are assumed to be 0. The upper 16 bits corresponding to address bit[31:16] are defined in the I/O base address upper 16 bits address register.	Yes	Fh

### 9.3.17 I/O LIMIT ADDRESS REGISTER – OFFSET 1Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
11:8	32-bit Indicator	RO	Read as 1h to indicate 32-bit I/O addressing.	Yes	1h
15:12	I/O Limit Address [15:12]	RW	Defines the top address of the I/O address range for the Bridge to determine when to forward I/O transactions from one interface to the other. The upper 4 bits correspond to address bit[15:12] and are writable. The lower 12 bits corresponding to address bit[11:0] are assumed to be FFFh. The upper 16 bits corresponding to address bit[31:16] are defined in the I/O limit address upper 16 bits address register.	Yes	0h

### 9.3.18 SECONDARY STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 1Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
20:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0000b
21	66MHz Capable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
22	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
23	Fast Back-to-Back Capable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
24	Master Data Parity Error	RW1C	Set to 1b (by a requester) whenever a Parity error is detected or forwarded on the secondary side of the port in a Switch.  If the Parity Error Response Enable bit is cleared, this bit is never set.	No/Yes	0
26:25	DEVSEL_L timing	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
27	Signaled Target Abort	RW1C	Set when the Secondary Side for Type 1 Configuration Space header Function (for Requests completed by the Type 1 header Function itself) completes a Posted or Non-Posted Request as a Completer Abort error.	No/Yes	0
28	Received Target Abort	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
29	Received Master Abort	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
30	Received System Error	RW1C	Set to 1b when the Switch sends an ERR_FATAL or ERR_NONFATAL Message, and the SERR Enable bit in the Bridge Control register is 1.	No/Yes	0
31	Detected Parity Error	RW1C	Set to 1b whenever the secondary side of the port in a Switch receives a Poisoned TLP.	No/Yes	0

### 9.3.19 MEMORY BASE ADDRESS REGISTER – OFFSET 20h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:4	Memory Base Address [15:4]	RW	Defines the bottom address of an address range for the Bridge to determine when to forward memory transactions from one interface to the other. The upper 12 bits correspond to address bit[31:20] and are able to be written to. The lower 20 bits corresponding to address bit[19:0] are assumed to be 0.	Yes	000h

### 9.3.20 MEMORY LIMIT ADDRESS REGISTER – OFFSET 20h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
19:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h
31:20	Memory Limit Address [31:20]	RW	Defines the top address of an address range for the Bridge to determine when to forward memory transactions from one interface to the other. The upper 12 bits correspond to address bit[31:20] and are writable. The lower 20 bits corresponding to address bit[19:0] are assumed to be FFFFh.	Yes	000h

### 9.3.21 PREFETCHABLE MEMORY BASE ADDRESS REGISTER – OFFSET 24h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	64-bit addressing	RO	Read as 1h to indicate 64-bit addressing.	No	1h
15:4	Prefetchable Memory Base Address [31:20]	RW	Defines the bottom address of an address range for the Bridge to determine when to forward memory read and write transactions from one interface to the other. The upper 12 bits correspond to address bit[31:20] and are writable. The lower 20 bits are assumed to be 0. The memory base register upper 32 bits contain the upper half of the base address.	Yes	000h

### 9.3.22 PREFETCHABLE MEMORY LIMIT ADDRESS REGISTER – OFFSET 24h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
19:16	64-bit addressing	RO	Read as 1h to indicate 64-bit addressing.	No	1h
31:20	Memory Limit Address [31:20]	RW	Defines the top address of an address range for the Bridge to determine when to forward memory transactions from one interface to the other. The upper 12 bits correspond to address bit[31:20] and are writable. The lower 20 bits corresponding to address bit[19:0] are assumed to be FFFFh.	Yes	000h

### 9.3.23 PREFETCHABLE MEMORY BASE ADDRESS UPPER 32-BITS REGISTER – OFFSET 28h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Prefetchable Memory Base Address, Upper 32-bit[63:32]	RW	Defines the upper 32-bits of a 64-bit bottom address of an address range for the Bridge to determine when to forward memory read and write transactions from one interface to the other.	Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.3.24 PREFETCHABLE MEMORY LIMIT ADDRESS UPPER 32-BITS REGISTER – OFFSET 2Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Prefetchable Memory Limit Address, Upper 32-bit[63:32]	RW	Defines the upper 32-bits of a 64-bit top address of an address range for the Bridge to determine when to forward memory read and write transactions from one interface to the other.	Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.3.25 I/O BASE ADDRESS UPPER 16-BITS REGISTER – OFFSET 30h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	I/O Base Address, Upper 16-bit[31:16]	RW	Defines the upper 16-bits of a 32-bit bottom address of an address range for the Bridge to determine when to forward I/O transactions from one interface to the other.	Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.3.26 I/O LIMIT ADDRESS UPPER 16-BITS REGISTER – OFFSET 30h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:16	I/O Limit Address, Upper 16-bit[31:16]	RW	Defines the upper 16-bits of a 32-bit top address of an address range for the Bridge to determine when to forward I/O transactions from one interface to the other.	Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.3.27 CAPABILITY POINTER REGISTER – OFFSET 34h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Capability Pointer	RO	Pointer points to first PCI capability structure.	Yes	40h

### 9.3.28 INTERRUPT LINE REGISTER – OFFSET 3Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Interrupt Line	RW	The interrupt line register communicates interrupt line routing information.	Yes	00h

### 9.3.29 INTERRUPT PIN REGISTER – OFFSET 3Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:8	Interrupt Pin	RO	The Switch implements INTA virtual wire interrupt signals to represent hot-plug events at downstream ports. 0b: disable INTA 1b: enable INTA	Yes	00h for Up 01h for Down

### 9.3.30 BRIDGE CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 3Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
16	Parity Error Response	RW	0b: ignore Poisoned TLPs on the secondary interface 1b: enable the Poisoned TLPs reporting and detection on the secondary interface	Yes	0
17	S_SERR# Enable	RW	0b: disables the forwarding of EER_COR, ERR_NONFATAL and ERR_FATAL from secondary to primary interface 1b: enables the forwarding of EER_COR, ERR_NONFATAL and ERR_FATAL from secondary to primary interface	Yes	0
18	ISA Enable	RW	0b: forwards downstream all I/O addresses in the address range defined by the I/O Base, I/O Base, and Limit registers 1b: forwards upstream all I/O addresses in the address range defined by the I/O Base and Limit registers that are in the first 64KB of PCI I/O address space (top 768 bytes of each 1KB block)	Yes	0
19	VGA Enable	RW	0b: ignores access to the VGA memory or IO address range 1b: forwards transactions targeted at the VGA memory or IO address range VGA memory range starts from 000A 0000h to 000B FFFFh VGA IO addresses are in the first 64KB of IO address space. AD [9:0] is in the ranges 3B0 to 3BBh and 3C0h to 3DFh.	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
20	VGA 16-bit Decode	RW	0b: executes 10-bit address decoding on VGA I/O accesses 1b: executes 16-bit address decoding on VGA I/O accesses	Yes	0
21	Master Abort Mode	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
22	Secondary Bus Reset	RW	0b: does not trigger a hot reset on the corresponding PCI Express Port 1b: triggers a hot reset on the corresponding PCI Express Port  At the downstream port, it asserts PORT_RST# to the attached downstream device.  At the upstream port, it asserts the PORT_RST# at all the downstream ports.	Yes	0
23	Fast Back-to-Back Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
24	Primary Master Timeout	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
25	Secondary Master Timeout	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
26	Master Timeout Status	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
27	Discard Timer SERR# Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
31:28	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h

### 9.3.31 POWER MANAGEMENT CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET 40h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Enhanced Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 01h to indicate that this is power management capability register.	Yes	01h
15:8	Next Item Pointer	RO	Point to next capability structure.	Yes	48h
18:16	Power Management Revision	RO	Read as 011b to indicate the device is compliant to Revision 1.2 of <i>PCI Power Management Interface Specifications</i> .	No	011b
19	PME# Clock	RO	Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0.	No	0
20	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
21	Device specific Initialization	RO	Read as 0b to indicate Switch does not have device specific initialization requirements.	Yes	0
24:22	AUX Current	RO	Reset to 0.	Yes	000b
25	D1 Power State Support	RO	Read as 0b to indicate Switch does Not support the D1 power management state.	Yes	0
26	D2 Power State Support	RO	Read as 0b to indicate Switch does Not support the D2 power management state.	Yes	0
31:27	PME# Support	RO	Read as 19h to indicate Switch supports the forwarding of PME# message in D0, D3 and D4 states.	Yes	19h

### 9.3.32 POWER MANAGEMENT DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 44h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1:0	Power State	RW	Indicates the current power state of the Switch. Writing a value of D0 when the previous state was D3 cause a hot reset without asserting DWRST_L.  00b: D0 state 01b: D1 state 10b: D2 state 11b: D3 hot state	Yes	00b
2	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
3	No_Soft_Reset	RO	When set, this bit indicates that device transitioning from D3hot to D0 does not perform an internal reset. When clear, an internal reset is performed when power state transits from D3hot to D0.	Yes	1
7:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h
8	PME# Enable	RW	When asserted, the Switch will generate the PME# message.	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
12:9	Data Select	RW	Select data registers. RW if <a href="#">offset 4C4h[9]=1</a> and RO if <a href="#">offset 4C4h[9]=0</a> .	Yes	0h
14:13	Data Scale	RO	Reset to 00b.	No	00b
15	PME Status	RW1C	Read as 0b as the PME# message is not implemented.	Yes	0

### 9.3.33 PPB SUPPORT EXTENSIONS REGISTER – OFFSET 44h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
21:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h
22	B2_B3 Support for D <sub>3HOT</sub>	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
23	Bus Power / Clock Control Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0

### 9.3.34 DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 44h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:24	Data Register	RO	Data Register.	Yes	00h

### 9.3.35 MSI CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET 48h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Enhanced Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 05h to indicate that this is message signal interrupt capability register.	No	05h
15:8	Next Item Pointer	RO	Pointer points to next PCI capability structure.	Yes	68h
16	MSI Enable	RW	0b: the function is prohibited from using MSI to request service 1b: the function is permitted to use MSI to request service and is prohibited from using its INTx # pin	Yes	0
19:17	Multiple Message Capable	RO	Indicate the number of requested vectors.	Yes	011b
22:20	Multiple Message Enable	RW	Software writes to this field to indicate the number of allocated vectors (equal to or less than the number of requested vectors.)	Yes	000b
23	64-bit address capable	RO	0b: the function is not capable of generating a 64-bit message address 1b: the function is capable of generating a 64-bit message address	Yes	1b
24	Pre-vector Masking Capable	RO	1b: the function supports MSI pre-vector masking. 0b: the function does Not support MSI pre-vector masking.	Yes	1b
31:25	Reserved	RO	Not support.	No	00h

### 9.3.36 MESSAGE ADDRESS REGISTER – OFFSET 4Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
31:2	Message Address	RW	If the message enable bit is set, the contents of this register specify the DWORD aligned address for MSI memory write transaction.	Yes	0-0h

### 9.3.37 MESSAGE UPPER ADDRESS REGISTER – OFFSET 50h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Message Upper Address	RW	This register is only effective if the device supports a 64-bit message address is set.	Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.3.38 MESSAGE DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 54h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Message Data	RW	Message data.	Yes	0000h

### 9.3.39 MESSAGE MASK REGISTER – OFFSET 58h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	MSI Mask for Hot Plug	RW	MSI mask for Hot Plug interrupts.	Yes	0
1	MSI Mask for DPC	RW	MSI mask for DPC interrupts.	Yes	0
2	MSI Mask for DMA and GPIO	RW	MSI mask for DMAGPIO interrupts.	Yes	0
3	MSI Mask for CDEP	RW	MSI mask for CDEP interrupts.	Yes	0
4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
5	MSI Mask for thermal sensor	RW	MSI mask for thermal sensor interrupts.	Yes	0
7:6	Reserved	RW	Not support.	No	00
31:8	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_000h

### 9.3.40 MESSAGE PENDING REGISTER – OFFSET 5Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	MSI Pending for Hot Plug Interrupts	RO	MSI pending status for Hot Plug interrupts.	No	0
1	MSI Pending for DPC Interrupts	RO	MSI pending status for DPC interrupts.	No	0
2	MSI Pending for GPIO Interrupts	RO	MSI pending status for GPIO interrupts.	No	0
3	MSI Pending for CDEP Interrupts	RO	MSI pending status for CDEP interrupts.	No	0
4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
5	MSI Pending for thermal sensor Interrupts	RO	MSI pending status for thermal sensor interrupts.	No	0
31:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_000h

### 9.3.41 PCI EXPRESS CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET 68h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Enhanced Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 10h to indicate that this is PCI express capability register.	No	10h
15:8	Next Item Pointer	RO	Point to next PCI capability structure.	Yes	A4h
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Read as 2h to indicate the device is compliant to Revision .2.0 of <i>PCI Express Base Specifications</i> .	Yes	2h
23:20	Device/Port Type	RO	Indicates the type of PCI Express logical device.	Yes	5h for Up 6h for Down
24	Slot Implemented	RO	Valid for downstream ports only. When set, indicates that the PCIe Link associated with this Port is connected to a slot. This field is valid for downstream ports of the Switch.	Yes	0 for Up 1 for Down
29:25	Interrupt Message Number	RO	Read as 0. No MSI messages are generated in the transparent mode.	No	00_000b
31:30	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b

### 9.3.42 DEVICE CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET 6Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2:0	Max_Payload_Size Supported	RO	Indicates the maximum payload size that the device can support for TLPs. Each port of the Switch supports 512 bytes max payload size.	Yes	010b
4:3	Phantom Functions Supported	RO	Indicates the support for use of unclaimed function numbers as Phantom functions. Read as 00b, since the Switch does not act as a requester.	No	00b
5	Extended Tag Field Supported	RO	Indicates the maximum supported size of Tag field as a Requester. Read as 0, since the Switch does not act as a requester.	No	0
8:6	Endpoint L0s Acceptable Latency	RO	Acceptable total latency that an Endpoint can withstand due to the transition from L0s state to the L0 state. For Switch, the ASPM software would not check this value.	No	000b
11:9	Endpoint L1 Acceptable Latency	RO	Acceptable total latency that an Endpoint can withstand due to the transition from L1 state to the L0 state. For Switch, the ASPM software would not check this value.	No	000b
14:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
15	Role_Based Error Reporting	RO	When set, indicates that the device implements the functionality originally defined in the Error Reporting ECN.	Yes	1
17:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
25:18	Captured Slot Power Limit Value	RO	It applies to Upstream Port only.  In combination with the Slot Power Limit Scale value, specifies the upper limit on power supplied by slot.  This value is set by the Set_Slot_Power_Limit message or hardwired to 00h.	No	00h
27:26	Captured Slot Power Limit Scale	RO	It applies to Upstream Port only.  Specifies the scale used for the Slot Power Limit Value.  This value is set by the Set_Slot_Power_Limit message or hardwired to 00b.	No	00b
31:28	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h

### 9.3.43 DEVICE CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 70h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Correctable Error Reporting Enable	RW	0b: disable Correctable Error Reporting 1b: enable Correctable Error Reporting	Yes	0
1	Non-Fatal Error Reporting Enable	RW	0b: disable Non-Fatal Error Reporting 1b: enable Non-Fatal Error Reporting	Yes	0
2	Fatal Error Reporting Enable	RW	0b: disable Fatal Error Reporting 1b: enable Fatal Error Reporting	Yes	0
3	Unsupported Request Reporting Enable	RW	0b: disable Unsupported Request Reporting 1b: enable Unsupported Request Reporting	Yes	0
4	Enable Relaxed Ordering	RsvdP	When set, it permits the device to set the Relaxed Ordering bit in the attribute field of transaction. Since the Switch can not either act as a requester or alter the content of packet it forwards, this bit always returns '0' when read.	No	0
7:5	Max_Payload_Size	RW	This field sets maximum TLP payload size for the device. Permissible values that can be programmed are indicated by the Max_Payload_Size Supported in the Device Capabilities register. Any value exceeding the Max_Payload_Size Supported written to this register results into clamping to the Max_Payload_Size Supported value.	Yes	000b
8	Extended Tag Field Enable	RsvdP	Does not apply to PCI Express Switch. Returns '0' when read.	No	0
9	Phantom Function Enable	RsvdP	Does not apply to PCI Express Switch. Returns '0' when read.	No	0
10	Auxiliary (AUX) Power PM Enable	RO	When set, indicates that a device is enabled to draw AUX power independent of PME AUX power.	No	0



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
11	Enable No Snoop	RsvdP	When set, it permits to set the No Snoop bit in the attribute field of transaction. Since the Switch can not either act as a requester or alter the content of packet it forwards, this bit always returns '0' when read.	No	0
14:12	Max_Read_Request_Size	RsvdP	This field sets the maximum Read Request size for the device as a Requester. Since the Switch does not generate read request by itself, these bits are hardwired to 000b.	No	000b
15	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0

### 9.3.44 DEVICE STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 70h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
16	Correctable Error Detected	RW1C	Asserted when correctable error is detected. Errors are logged in this register regardless of whether error reporting is enabled or not in the Device Control register.	Yes	0
17	Non-Fatal Error Detected	RW1C	Asserted when non-fatal error is detected. Errors are logged in this register regardless of whether error reporting is enabled or not in the Device Control register.	Yes	0
18	Fatal Error Detected	RW1C	Asserted when fatal error is detected. Errors are logged in this register regardless of whether error reporting is enabled or not in the Device Control register.	Yes	0
19	Unsupported Request Detected	RW1C	Asserted when unsupported request is detected. Errors are logged in this register regardless of whether error reporting is enabled or not in the Device Control register.	Yes	0
20	AUX Power Detected	RO	Asserted when the AUX power is detected by the Switch	No	0
21	Transactions Pending	RO	Each port of Switch does not issue Non-posted Requests on its own behalf, so this bit is hardwired to 0b.	No	0
31:22	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.3.45 LINK CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET 74h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	Maximum Link Speed	RO	Indicate the maximum speed of the Express link is 8Gb/s, 5Gb/s and 2.5 Gb/s. 0001b: 2.5 Gb/s 0010b: 5.0 Gb/s 0011b: 8.0 Gb/s Others: Reserved	Yes	3h
9:4	Maximum Link Width	RO	Indicates the maximum width of the given PCIe Link. 00_0001b: x1 lane width 00_0010b: x2 lane width 00_0100b: x4 lane width 00_1000b: x8 lane width 01_0000b: x16 lane width	Yes	Set by <a href="#">PORTCFG_x [2:0]</a>
11:10	Active State Power Management (ASPM) Support	RO	Indicates the level of ASPM supported on the given PCIe Link. Each port of Switch supports L0s and L1 entry.	Yes	10b
14:12	L0s Exit Latency	RO	Indicates the L0s exit latency for the given PCIe Link. The length of time this port requires to complete transition from L0s to L0 is in the range of 256ns to less than 512ns.	Yes	011b
17:15	L1 Exit Latency	RO	Indicates the L1 exit latency for the given PCIe Link. The length of time this port requires to complete transition from L1 to L0 is less than 1us.	Yes	000b
18	Clock Power Management	RO	For upstream port, a value of 1b indicates that component tolerates the removal of any reference clock via CLKREQ#.  For downstream ports, this bit must be hardwired to 0b.	Yes	1 for Up 0 for Down

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
19	Surprise Down Error Reporting Capable	RO	For downstream port, this bit must be set if the component supports the optional capability of detecting and reporting a surprise down error condition.  For upstream port, this bit must be hardwired to 0b.	Yes	0 for Up 1 for Down
20	Data Link Layer Active Reporting Capable	RO	For downstream ports, this bit must be set to 1b if the component supports the optional capability of reporting the DL_Active state of the Data Link Control and Management State Machine. For a hot-plug capable downstream port, this bit must be set to 1b.  For upstream port, this bit must be hardwired to 0b.	Yes	0 for Up 1 for Down
21	Link BW Notify Cap.	RO	Valid for downstream ports only.	Yes	0 for Up 1 for Down
22	ASPM Optionality Compliance	RO	Software is permitted to use the value of this bit to help determine whether to enable ASPM or whether to run ASPM compliance tests.	Yes	1
23	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
31:24	Port Number	RO	Indicates the PCIe Port Number for the given PCIe Link.	Yes	00h for Up 01 h for Port 1 02h for Port 2 03h for Port 3 ....

### 9.3.46 LINK CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 78h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1:0	Active State Power Management (ASPM) Control	RW	00b: ASPM is Disabled 01b: L0s Entry Enabled 10b: L1 Entry Enabled 11b: L0s and L1 Entry Enabled  Note that the receiver must be capable of entering L0s even when the field is disabled	Yes	00b
2	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
3	Read Completion Boundary (RCB)	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
4	Link Disable	RW	At upstream port, it is not allowed to disable the link, so this bit is hardwired to '0'. For downstream ports, it disables the link when this bit is set.	Yes	0
5	Retrain Link	RW	At upstream port, it is not allowed to retrain the link, so this bit is hardwired to 0. For downstream ports, it initiates Link Retraining when this bit is set.  This bit always returns '0' when read.	Yes	0
6	Common Clock Configuration	RW	0b: the components at both ends of a link are operating with synchronous reference clock 1b: the components at both ends of a link are operating with a distributed common reference clock	Yes	0
7	Extended Synch	RW	When set, it transmits 4096 FTS ordered sets in the L0s state for entering L0 state and transmits 1024 TS1 ordered sets in the L1 state for entering L0 state.	Yes	0
8	Enable Clock Power Management	RW	Valid for upstream port only:  0b: clock power management is disabled and must hold CLKREQ# low 1b: device is permitted to use CLKREQ# to power manage Link clock	Yes	0
9	HW Autonomous Width Disable	RW	Reset to 0.	Yes	0
10	Link Bandwidth Management Interrupt Enable	RW	Valid for downstream ports only.	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
11	Link Autonomous Bandwidth Interrupt Enable	RW	Valid for downstream ports only.	Yes	0
15:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h

### 9.3.47 LINK STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 78h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
19:16	Link Speed	RO	Indicates the negotiated speed of the Express link.  0001b: 2.5 Gb/s 0010b: 5.0 Gb/s 0011b: 8.0 Gb/s Others: Reserved	No	1h
25:20	Negotiated Link Width	RO	Indicates the negotiated width of the given PCIe link.  00_0001b: x1 lane width 00_0010b: x2 lane width 00_0100b: x4 lane width 00_1000b: x8 lane width 01_0000b: x16 lane width	No	Set by <a href="#">PORTCFG_x [2:0]</a>
26	Training Error	RO	When set, indicates a Link training error occurred. This bit is cleared by hardware upon successful training of the link to the L0 link state.	No	0
27	Link Training	RO	When set, indicates the link training is in progress. Hardware clears this bit once link training is complete.	No	0
28	Slot Clock Configuration	RO	0b: the Switch uses an independent clock irrespective of the presence of a reference on the connector 1b: the Switch uses the same reference clock that the platform provides on the connector	Yes	1 for Up 0 for Down
29	Data Link Layer Link Active	RO	Indicates the status of the Data Link Control and Management State Machine.  1b: indicate the DL_Active state 0b: otherwise	No	0
30	Link Bandwidth Management Status	RW1C	Valid for downstream port only.	Yes	0
31	Link Autonomous Bandwidth Status	RW1C	Valid for downstream port only.	Yes	0

### 9.3.48 SLOT CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET 7Ch (Downstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Attention Button Present	RO	When set, it indicates that an Attention Button is implemented on the chassis for this slot.	Yes	1
1	Power Controller Present	RO	When set, it indicates that a Power Controller is implemented for this slot.	Yes	1
2	MRL Sensor Present	RO	When set, it indicates that a MRL Sensor is implemented for this slot.	Yes	1
3	Attention Indicator Present	RO	When set, it indicates that an Attention Indicator is implemented on the chassis for this slot	Yes	1
4	Power Indicator Present	RO	When set, it indicates that a Power Indicator is implemented on the chassis for this slot.	Yes	1
5	Hot-Plug Surprise	RO	When set, it indicates that a device present in this slot might be removed from the system without any prior notification.	No/Yes	Set by <a href="#">SURPRISE_HP_0</a> (Tile 0) 1 (Tile 1)
6	Hot-Plug Capable	RO	When set, it indicates that this slot is capable of supporting Hot-Plug operation.	Yes	Set by <a href="#">HOT_PLUG_ENx_L</a>

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
14:7	Slot Power Limit Value	RO	In combination with the Slot Power Limit Scale value, specifies the upper limit on power supplied by slot. Writes to this register also cause the Port to send the Set_Slot_Power_Limit message.	Yes	19h
16:15	Slot Power Limit Scale	RO	Specifies the scale used for the Slot Power Limit Value. Writes to this register also cause the Port to send the Set_Slot_Power_Limit message.	Yes	00b
17	EM_INTRELOCK Present	RO	When set, it indicates that an Electromechanical Interlock Present is implemented on the chassis for this slot.	Yes	0
18	No Command Completed Support	RO	When set, it indicates that this slot does not generate software notification when an issued command is completed by the Hot-Plug Controller.	Yes	0
31:19	Physical Slot Number	RO	It indicates the physical slot number attached to this Port.	Yes	01 h for Port 1 02h for Port 2 03h for Port 3 ...

### 9.3.49 SLOT CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 80h (Downstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Attention Button Pressed Enable	RW	When set, it enables the generation of Hot-Plug interrupt or wakeup event on an attention button pressed event.	Yes	0
1	Power Fault Detected Enable	RW	When set, it enables the generation of Hot-Plug interrupt or wakeup event on a power fault event.	Yes	0
2	MRL SENOR ENABLE	RW	When set, it enables the generation of Hot-Plug interrupt or wakeup even.	Yes	0
3	Presence Detect Changed Enable	RW	When set, it enables the generation of Hot-Plug interrupt or wakeup event on a presence detect changed event.	Yes	0
4	Command Completed Interrupt Enable	RW	When set, it enables the generation of Hot-Plug interrupt when the Hot-Plug Controller completes a command. It is valid when offset <a href="#">7Ch[18]</a> =0b.	Yes	0
5	Hot-Plug Interrupt Enable	RW	When set, it enables generation of Hot-Plug interrupt on enabled Hot-Plug events.	Yes	0
7:6	Attention Indicator Control	RW	Controls the display of Attention Indicator.  00b: reserved 01b: on 10b: blink 11b: off  Writes to this register also cause the Port to send the ATTENTION_INDICATOR_* Messages.	Yes	11b
9:8	Power Indicator Control	RW	Controls the display of Power Indicator.  00b: reserved 01b: on 10b: blink 11b: off  Writes to this register also cause the Port to send the POWER_INDICATOR_* Messages.	Yes	11b if bit[2]=1 01b if bit[2]=0
10	Power Controller Control	RW	0b: reset the power state of the slot (Power On) 1b: set the power state of the slot (Power Off)	Yes	1 if bit[2]=1 0 if bit[2]=0
11	EM_INTRELOCK Control	RW	0b: no effect. 1b: cause the state of the interlock to toggle.	Yes	0
12	Data Link Layer State Changed Enable	RW	If the Data Link Layer Link Active capability is implemented, when set to 1b, this field enables software notification when Data Link Layer Link Active field is changed.	Yes	0
15:13	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b

### 9.3.50 SLOT STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 80h (Downstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
16	Attention Button Pressed	RW1C	When set, it indicates the Attention Button is pressed.	Yes	0
17	Power Fault Detected	RW1C	When set, it indicates a Power Fault is detected.	Yes	0
18	MRL Sensor Changed	RW1C	When set, it indicates a MRL Sensor Changed is detected.	Yes	0
19	Presence Detect Changed	RW1C	When set, it indicates a Presence Detect Changed is detected.	Yes	0
20	Command Completed	RW1C	When set, it indicates the Hot-Plug Controller completes an issued command.	Yes	0
21	MRL Sensor State	RO	Reflects the status of MRL Sensor. 0b: MRL Closed 1b: MRL Opened	No	0
22	Presence Detect State	RO	Indicates the presence of a card in the slot. 0b: slot Empty 1b: card Present in slot  This register is implemented on all downstream ports that implement slots. For downstream ports not connected to slots (where the Slot Implemented bit of the PCI Express Capabilities register is 0b), this bit returns 1b.	No	0
23	EM_INTRELOCK Status	RO	Indicates the Electromechanical Interlock's current status. 0b: Electromechanical Interlock is disengaged 1b: Electromechanical Interlock is engaged	No	0
24	Data Link Layer State Changed	RW1C	This bit is set when the value reported in the Data Link Layer Link Active field of the Link Status register is changed.	Yes	0
31:25	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.3.51 DEVICE CAPABILITIES REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 8Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
4:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0000b
5	ARI Forwarding Supported	RO	0b: ARI forwarding is Not supported 1b: ARI forwarding is supported  Valid for downstream ports only.	Yes	0 for Up 1 for Down
6	AtomicOp Routing Supported	RO	0b: AtomicOp Routing is not supported 1b: AtomicOp Routing is supported	Yes	1
10:7	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h
11	LTR Mechanism Supported	RO	A value of 1b indicates support for the optional Latency Tolerance Reporting (LTR) mechanism.  Valid for upstream port only.	Yes	0
17:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h
19:18	OBFF Supported	RO	This field indicates if OBFF is supported.	Yes	00b
31:20	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000h

### 9.3.52 DEVICE CONTROL REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 90h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
4:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0000b
5	ARI Forwarding Enable	RW	0b: disable 1b: enable  Valid for downstream ports only.	Yes	0
6	AtomicOp Routing Enable	RW	0b: disable 1b: enable	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
9:8	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
10	LTR Mechansim Enable	RW	Enable LTR Mechanism	Yes	0
12:11	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
14:13	OBBF Enable	RW	Enable OBBF Mechansim and select the signaling method.	Yes	00b
15	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0

### 9.3.53 DEVICE STATUS REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 90h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

### 9.3.54 LINK CAPABILITIES REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 94h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
7:1	Supported Link Speeds Vector	RO	This field indicates the supported Link speed of the associated Port. bit[0]... 2.5 GT/s bit[1]... 5.0 GT/s bit[2]... 8.0 GT/s bit[6:3]... Reserved	Yes	0000_111b
8	Crosslink Supported	RO	0b: Crosslink is Not supported 1b: Crosslink is supported	Yes	0
31:9	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b

### 9.3.55 LINK CONTROL REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 98h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	Target Link Speed	RW	0001b: 2.5GT/s link speed is supported 0010b: 5.0GT/s link speed is supported 0011b: 8.0GT/s link speed is supported Others: reserved.	Yes	3h
4	Enter Compliance	RW	1b: enter compliance	Yes	0
5	HW_AutoSpeed_Dis	RW	When set, this bit disables hardware from changing the link speed for device-specific reasons other than attempting to correct unreliable link operation by reducing link speed.	Yes	0
6	Select_Deemp	RO	Valid for downstream ports only. 0b: select -3.5db de-emphasis 1b: select -6.0 db de-emphasis	Yes	0 for Up 1 for Down
9:7	Tran_Margin	RW	This field controls the value of the non-deemphasized voltage level at the transmitter pins. Valid for upstream port only.	Yes	000b
10	Enter Modify Compliance	RW	When set, the device transmits modified compliance pattern if the LTSSM enters Polling.Compliance substate. Valid for upstream port only.	Yes	0
11	Compliance SOS	RW	When set, the LTSSM is required to send SKP Ordered Sets between sequences when sending the Compliance Pattern or Modified Compliance Pattern.	Yes	0
15:12	Compliance Preset/De-emphasis	RW	This field is intended for debug and compliance testing purpose.	Yes	000b

### 9.3.56 LINK STATUS REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 98h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
16	Current De-emphasis level	RO	1b: -3.5dB 0b: -6 dB	No	1
17	Equalization Complete	RO	When set to 1b, this bit indicates that the Transmitter Equalization procedure has completed.	No	0
18	Equalization Phase 1 Successful	RO	When set to 1b, this bit indicates that Phase 1 of Transmitter Equalization procedure has successfully completed.	No	0
19	Equalization Phase 2 Successful	RO	When set to 1b, this bit indicates that Phase 2 of Transmitter Equalization procedure has successfully completed.	No	0
20	Equalization Phase 3 Successful	RO	When set to 1b, this bit indicates that Phase 3 of Transmitter Equalization procedure has successfully completed.	No	0
21	Link Equalization Request	RW1C	This bit is set by hardware to request the Link equalization process to be performed on the link.	Yes	0
27:22	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
30:28	Downstream Component Presence	RO	This field indicates the presence and DRS status for the Downstream Component.  000b: link down – Presence Not Determined 001b: link down – Component Not Present 010b: link down – Component Present 011b: reserved 100b: link up – Component Present 101b: link up – Component Present and DRS Received 110b: reserved 111b: reserved	No	000b
31	DRS Message Received	RW1C	This bit must be set whenever the Port receives a DRS message.	Yes	0

### 9.3.57 SLOT CAPABILITIES REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 9Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0000h

### 9.3.58 SLOT CONTROL REGISTER 2 – OFFSET A0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0000h

### 9.3.59 SLOT STATUS REGISTER 2 – OFFSET A0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0000h

### 9.3.60 SSID/SSVID CAPATILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET A4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	SSID/SSVID Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 0Dh to indicate that this is SSID/SSVID capability register.	Yes	0Dh
15:8	Next Item Pointer	RO	Point to next PCI capability structure.	Yes	B0h for Up 00h for Down
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

### 9.3.61 SUBSYSTEM VENDOR ID REGISTER – OFFSET A8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	SSVID	RO	It indicates the sub-system vendor id.	Yes	12D8h

### 9.3.62 SUBSYSTEM ID REGISTER – OFFSET A8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:16	SSID	RO	It indicates the sub-system device id.	Yes	C232h

### 9.3.63 MSI-X CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET B0h (Upstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	MSI-X Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 11h to indicate that this is MSI-X capability register.	No	11h
15:8	Next Item Pointer	RO	Read as 00h. No other ECP registers.	Yes	00h
26:16	Table Size	RO	System software reads this field to determine the MSI-X Table Size N, which is encoded as N-1.	No	005h
29:27	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
30	Function Mask	RW	If set, all of the vectors associated with the function are masked, regardless of their per-vector mask bit values. If clear, each vector's mask bit determines whether the vector is masked or not.	Yes	0
31	MSI-X Enable	RW	If set and the MSI Enable bit in the MSI Message Control register is clear, the function is permitted to use MSI-X to request service and is prohibited from using INTx interrupts (if implemented). If clear, the function is prohibited from using MSI-X to request service.	Yes	0

### 9.3.64 MSI-X TABLE OFFSET/TABLE BIR REGISTER – OFFSET B4h (Upstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2:0	Table BIR	RO	Read as 000b to indicate Base Address 0 register (offset 10h in Configuration Space) is used to map the function MSI-X Table into Memory space.	Yes	000b
31:3	Table Offset	RO	Used as an offset from the address contained by one of the function's Base Address registers to point to the base of the MSI-X Table.	Yes	0000_FE00h

### 9.3.65 MSI- X PBA OFFSET / PBA BIR REGISTER – OFFSET B8h (Upstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2:0	PBA BIR	RO	Read as 000b to indicate Base Address 0 register (offset 10h in Configuration Space) is used to map the function MSI-X PBA into Memory space.	Yes	000b
31:3	PBA Offset	RO	Used as an offset from the address contained by one of the function's Base Address registers to point to the base of the MSI-X PBA.	Yes	0000_FE10h

### 9.3.66 BAR 0 CONFIGURATION REGISTER – OFFSET E0h (Upstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Type Selector	RsvdP	Not supported.	No	0



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2:1	BAR 0 Type	RW	00b: BAR0 is implemented as a 32 bit Memory BAR 10b: BAR0/1 is implemented as a 64-bit Memory BAR	Yes	00b
3	Prefetchable	RW	0b: non Prefetchable 1b: prefetchable	Yes	0
18:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not supported.	No	0-0b
30:19	BAR 0 Size	RW	To specify BAR0 size. 0b: corresponding BAR0 bits are RO bits that always return 0 1b: corresponding BAR0 bits are RW bits	Yes	FFFh
31	BAR 0 Enable	RW	bit[2:1]=00b 0b: disable BAR0 1b: enable BAR0	Yes	1
	BAR 0 Size	RW	bit[2:1]=10b Includes with bit[30:19] when this BAR is used as a 64-bit BAR (bit[2:1]=10b).		

### 9.3.67 BAR 0-1 CONFIGURATION REGISTER – OFFSET E4h (Upstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Type Selector	RsvdP	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=00b</a> Not support.	No	0
		RW	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR0/1 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits.	Yes	0
2:1	BAR 1 Type	RO	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=00b</a> 00b: BAR1 is implemented as 32 bit Memory BAR.	No	00b
		RW	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR0/1 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits.	Yes	00b
3	Prefetchable	RW	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=00b</a> 0b: non Prefetchable 1b: prefetchable	Yes	0
		RW	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR0/1 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits.		
4	Reserved	RsvdP	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=00b</a> Not support.	No	0
		RW	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR0/1 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits.	Yes	0
8:5	Domain ID	RW	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=00b</a> The valid number is from 0 to 1.	Yes	0000b
		RW	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR0/1 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits.		
19:9	Reserved	RsvdP	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=00b</a> Not support.	No	0-0b
		RW	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR0/1 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits.	Yes	0-0b
30:20	BAR 1 Size	RW	To specify BAR1 size. 0b: corresponding BAR1 bits are RO bits that always return 0 1b: corresponding BAR1 bits are RW bits	Yes	000h
31	BAR 1 Enable	RW	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=00b</a> 0b: disable BAR1 1b: enable BAR1	Yes	0
	64-Bit BAR	RW	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=10b</a> 0b: BAR0/1 is disabled, all BAR0/1 bits read 0. 1b: BAR0/1 is enabled as a 64-bit BAR.		

### 9.3.68 PCI EXPRESS ADVANCED ERROR REPORTING ENHANCED CAPABILITY HEADER REGISTER – OFFSET 100h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Extended Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 0001h to indicate that this is PCI express extended capability register for advance error reporting.	No	0001h
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Read as 1h.	No	1h
31:20	Next Capability Offset	RO	Point to next PCI extended capability structure.	Yes	130h

### 9.3.69 UNCORRECTABLE ERROR STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 104h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Training Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Training Error event has occurred.	Yes	0
3:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
4	Data Link Protocol Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Data Link Protocol Error event has occurred.	Yes	0
5	Surprise Down Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Surprise Down Error event has occurred. Valid for Downstream ports only.	Yes	0
11:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
12	Poisoned TLP Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that a Poisoned TLP has been received or generated.	Yes	0
13	Flow Control Protocol Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Flow Control Protocol Error event has occurred.	Yes	0
14	Completion Timeout Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Completion Timeout event has occurred.	Yes	0
15	Completer AbortStatus	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Completer Abort event has occurred.	Yes	0
16	Unexpected Completion Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Unexpected Completion event has occurred.	Yes	0
17	Receiver Overflow Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Receiver Overflow event has occurred.	Yes	0
18	Malformed TLP Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that a Malformed TLP has been received.	Yes	0
19	ECRC Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that an ECRC Error has been detected.	Yes	0
20	Unsupported Request Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that an Unsupported Request event has occurred.	Yes	0
21	ACS Violation Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that an ACS Violation event has occurred. Valid for Downstream ports only.	Yes	0
22	Internal Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that an internal error event has occurred.	Yes	0
23	MC Blocked TLP Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that an MC Blocked TLP event has occurred.	Yes	0
24	AtomicOp Egress Blocked Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that an AtomicOp Egress Blocked event has occurred.	Yes	0
31:25	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_000b

### 9.3.70 UNCORRECTABLE ERROR MASK REGISTER – OFFSET 108h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Training Error Mask	RW	When set, the Training Error event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
3:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
4	Data Link Protocol Error Mask	RW	When set, the Data Link Protocol Error event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
5	Surprise Down Error Mask	RW	When set, Surprise Down Error event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either. Valid for Downstream ports only.	Yes	0
11:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
12	Poisoned TLP Mask	RW	When set, an event of Poisoned TLP has been received or generated is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
13	Flow Control Protocol Error Mask	RW	When set, the Flow Control Protocol Error event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
14	Completion Timeout Mask	RW	When set, the Completion Timeout event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15	Completer AbortMask	RW	When set, the Completer Abort event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
16	Unexpected Completion Mask	RW	When set, the Unexpected Completion event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
17	Receiver Overflow Mask	RW	When set, the Receiver Overflow event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
18	Malformed TLP Mask	RW	When set, an event of Malformed TLP has been received is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
19	ECRC Error Mask	RW	When set, an event of ECRC Error has been detected is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
20	Unsupported Request Error Mask	RW	When set, the Unsupported Request event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
21	ACS Violation Mask	RW	When set, the ACS Violation event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.  Valid for Downstream ports only.	Yes	0
22	Internal Error Mask	RW	When set, the Internal Error has been detected is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	1
23	MC Blocked TLP Mask	RW	When set, the MC Blocked TLP event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
24	AtomicOp Egress Blocked Mask	RW	When set, the AtomicOp Egress Blocked event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
31:25	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_000b

### 9.3.71 UNCORRECTABLE ERROR SEVERITY REGISTER – OFFSET 10Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Training Error Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	1
3:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
4	Data Link Protocol Error Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	1
5	Surprise Down Error Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal  Valid for Downstream ports only.	Yes	0 for Up 1 for Down
11:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
12	Poisoned TLP Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	0
13	Flow Control Protocol Error Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	1
14	Completion Timeout Error Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	0
15	Completer AbortSeverity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	0
16	Unexpected Completion Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	0
17	Receiver Overflow Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	1
18	Malformed TLP Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	1
19	ECRC Error Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: Fatal	Yes	0
20	Unsupported Request Error Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
21	ACS Violation Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal  Valid for Downstream ports only.	Yes	0
22	Internal Error Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	1
23	MC Blocked TLP Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	0
24	AtomicOp Egress Blocked Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	0
31:25	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_000b

### 9.3.72 CORRECTABLE ERROR STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 110h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Receiver Error Status	RW1C	When set, the Receiver Error event is detected.	Yes	0
5:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_000b
6	Bad TLP Status	RW1C	When set, the event of Bad TLP has been received is detected.	Yes	0
7	Bad DLLP Status	RW1C	When set, the event of Bad DLLP has been received is detected.	Yes	0
8	REPLAY_NUM Rollover Status	RW1C	When set, the REPLAY_NUM Rollover event is detected.	Yes	0
11:9	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
12	Replay Timer Timeout Status	RW1C	When set, the Replay Timer Timeout event is detected.	Yes	0
13	Advisory Non-Fatal Error Status	RW1C	When set, the Advisory Non-Fatal Error event is detected.	Yes	0
14	Corrected Internal Error Status	RW1C	When set, the Corrected Internal Error event is detected.	Yes	0
31:15	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.3.73 CORRECTABLE ERROR MASK REGISTER – OFFSET 114h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Receiver Error Mask	RW	When set, the Receiver Error event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
5:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_000b
6	Bad TLPMask	RW	When set, the event of Bad TLP has been received is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
7	Bad DLLP Mask	RW	When set, the event of Bad DLLP has been received is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
8	REPLAY_NUM Rollover Mask	RW	When set, the REPLAY_NUM Rollover event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
11:9	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
12	Replay Timer Timeout Mask	RW	When set, the Replay Timer Timeout event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
13	Advisory Non-Fatal Error Mask	RW	When set, the Advisory Non-Fatal Error event is not logged in the Header Long register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	1
14	Corrected Internal Error Mask	RW	When set, the corrected internal error event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	1
31:15	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.3.74 ADVANCE ERROR CAPABILITIES AND CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 118h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
4:0	First Error Pointer	RO	It indicates the bit position of the first error reported in the Uncorrectable Error Status register.	No	0_0000b
5	ECRC Generation Capable	RO	When set, it indicates the Switch has the capability to generate ECRC.	Yes	1
6	ECRC Generation Enable	RW	When set, it enables the generation of ECRC when needed.	Yes	0
7	ECRC Check Capable	RO	When set, it indicates the Switch has the capability to check ECRC.	Yes	1
8	ECRC Check Enable	RW	When set, the function of checking ECRC is enabled..	Yes	0
31:9	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.3.75 HEADER LOG REGISTER – OFFSET From 11Ch to 128h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	1 <sup>st</sup> DWORD	RO	Hold the 1st DWORD of TLP Header. The Head byte is in big endian.	No	0000_0000h
63:32	2 <sup>nd</sup> DWORD	RO	Hold the 2nd DWORD of TLP Header. The Head byte is in big endian.	No	0000_0000h
95:64	3 <sup>rd</sup> DWORD	RO	Hold the 3rd DWORD of TLP Header. The Head byte is in big endian.	No	0000_0000h
127:96	4 <sup>th</sup> DWORD	RO	Hold the 4th DWORD of TLP Header. The Head byte is in big endian.	No	0000_0000h

### 9.3.76 PCI EXPRESS VIRTUAL CHANNEL ENHANCED CAPABILITYHEADER REGISTER – OFFSET 130h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Extended Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 02h to indicate that this is PCI express extended capability register for virtual channel.	No	02h
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Read as 1h.	No	01h
31:20	Next Capability Offset	RO	Point to next PCI extended capability structure.	Yes	1A0h

### 9.3.77 PORT VC CAPABILITY REGISTER 1 – OFFSET 134h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2:0	Extended VC Count	RO	It indicates the number of extended Virtual Channels in addition to the default VC supported by the Switch.	No	000b
3	Reserved	RO	Not support.	No	0
6:4	Low Priority Extended VC Count	RO	It indicates the number of extended Virtual Channels in addition to the default VC belonging to the low-priority VC (LPVC) group.	No	000b
7	Reserved	RO	Not support.	No	0
9:8	Reference Clock	RO	It indicates the reference clock for Virtual Channels that support time-based WRR Port Arbitration. Defined encoding is 00b for 100ns reference clock.	No	00b
11:10	Port Arbitration Table Entry Size	RO	Read as 10b to indicate the size of Port Arbitration table entry in the device is 4 bits.	No	10b
31:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0h

### 9.3.78 PORT VC CAPABILITY REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 138h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	VC Arbitration Capability	RO	It indicates the types of VC Arbitration supported by the device for the LPVC group. This field is valid when LPVC is greater than 0. The Switch supports Hardware fixed arbitration scheme, e.g., Round Robin and Weight Round Robin arbitration with 32 phases in LPVC.	No	00h
23:8	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h
31:24	VC Arbitration Table Offset	RO	It indicates the location of the VC Arbitration Table as an offset from the base address of the Virtual Channel Capability register in the unit of DQWD (16 bytes).	No	00h

### 9.3.79 PORT VC CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 13Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Load VC Arbitration Table	WO	When set, the programmed VC Arbitration Table is applied to the hardware. This bit always returns 0b when read.	Yes	0
3:1	VC Arbitration Select	RW	This field is used to configure the VC Arbitration by selecting one of the supported VC Arbitration schemes. The valid values for the schemes supported by Switch are 0b and 1b. Other value than these written into this register will be treated as default.	Yes	000b
15:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000h

### 9.3.80 PORT VC STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 13Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
16	VC Arbitration Table Status	RO	When set, it indicates that any entry of the VC Arbitration Table is written by software. This bit is cleared when hardware finishes loading values stored in the VC Arbitration Table after the bit of “Load VC Arbitration Table” is set.	No	0
31:17	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.3.81 VC RESOURCE CAPABILITY REGISTER (0) – OFFSET 140h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Port Arbitration Capability	RO	It indicates the types of Port Arbitration supported by the VC resource. The Switch supports Round Robin Hardware fixed arbitration scheme.	No	01h
13:8	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00_0000h
14	Advanced Packet Switching	RO	When set, it indicates the VC resource only supports transaction optimized for Advanced Packet Switching (AS).	No	0
15	Reject Snoop Transactions	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
22:16	Maximum Time Slots	RO	It indicates the maximum numbers of time slots (minus one) are allocated for Isochronous traffic.	No	3Fh
23	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
31:24	Port Arbitration Table Offset	RO	It indicates the location of the Port Arbitration Table (n) as an offset from the base address of the Virtual Channel Capability register in the unit of DQWD (16 bytes).	No	05h

### 9.3.82 VC RESOURCE CONTROL REGISTER (0) – OFFSET 144h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	TC/VC Map	RW	This field indicates the TCs that are mapped to the VC resource. Bit locations within this field correspond to TC values. When the bits in this field are set, it means that the corresponding TCs are mapped to the VC resource. Bit 0 of this field is read-only and must be set to “1” for the VC0.	Yes	FFh
15:8	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h
16	Load Port Arbitration Table	RW	When set, the programmed Port Arbitration Table is applied to the hardware. This bit always returns 0b when read.	Yes	0
19:17	Port Arbitration Select	RW	This field is used to configure the Port Arbitration by selecting one of the supported Port Arbitration schemes. The permissible values for the schemes supported by Switch are 000b and 011b at VC0, other value than these written into this register will be treated as default.	Yes	000b
23:20	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h
26:24	VC ID	RO	This field assigns a VC ID to the VC resource.	No	000b
30:27	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h
31	VC Enable	RW	0b: disable this Virtual Channel 1b: enable this Virtual Channel	Yes	1

### 9.3.83 VC RESOURCE STATUS REGISTER (0) – OFFSET 148h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h
16	Port Arbitration Table Status	RO	When set, it indicates that any entry of the Port Arbitration Table is written by software. This bit is cleared when hardware finishes loading values stored in the Port Arbitration Table after the bit of “Load Port Arbitration Table” is set.	No	0
17	VC Negotiation Pending	RO	When set, it indicates that the VC resource is still in the process of negotiation. This bit is cleared after the VC negotiation is complete.	No	1
31:18	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.3.84 DEVICE SERIAL NUMBER ENHANCED CAPABILITY HEADER REGISTER – OFFSET 1A0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Extended Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 0003h to indicate that this is PCI express extended capability register for device serial number.	No	0003h
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Must be 1h for this version.	No	1h
31:20	Next Capability Offset	RO	Point to next PCI extended capability structure.	Yes	1B0h for Up 1C0h for Down

### 9.3.85 DEVICE SERIAL NUMBER LOWER DW REGISTER – OFFSET 1A4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Device serial number 1 <sup>st</sup> DW	RO	First dword for device serial number.	Yes	0000_12D8h

### 9.3.86 DEVICE SERIAL NUMBER HIGHER DW REGISTER – OFFSET 1A8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Device serial number 2 <sup>nd</sup> DW	RO	2 <sup>nd</sup> dword for device serial number.	Yes	0816_4896h

### 9.3.87 PCI EXPRESS POWER BUDGETING ENHANCED CAPABILITY HEADER REGISTER – OFFSET 1B0h (Upstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Extended Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 0004h to indicate that this is PCI express extended capability register for power budgeting.	No	0004h
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Must be 1h for this version.	No	01h
31:20	Next Capability Offset	RO	Point to next PCI extended capability structure.	Yes	1D0h

### 9.3.88 DATA SELECT REGISTER – OFFSET 1B4h (Upstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Data Selection	RW	It indexes the power budgeting data reported through the data register.  When 00h, it selects D0 Max power budget When 01h, it selects D0 Sustained power budget Other values would return zero power budgets, which means Not supported.	Yes	00h
31:8	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.3.89 POWER BUDGETING DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 1B8h (Upstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Base Power	RO	It specifies the base power value in watts. This value represents the required power budget in the given operation condition.	Yes	04h if <a href="#">13Ch.bit[0]=0</a> 03h if <a href="#">13Ch.bit[0]=1</a>
9:8	Data Scale	RO	It specifies the scale to apply to the base power value.	Yes	00b
12:10	PM Sub State	RO	It specifies the power management sub state of the given operation condition. It is initialized to the default sub state.	Yes	000b
14:13	PM State	RO	It specifies the power management state of the given operation condition. It defaults to the D0 power state.	Yes	00b
17:15	Type	RO	It specifies the type of the given operation condition which is controlled by offset <a href="#">13Ch[7:0]</a> . It defaults to the Maximum power state.	Yes	7h if <a href="#">13Ch.bit[0]=0</a> 3h if <a href="#">13Ch.bit[0]=1</a>
20:18	Power Rail	RO	It specifies the power rail of the given operation condition.	Yes	010b
31:21	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.3.90 POWER BUDGET CAPABILITY REGISTER – OFFSET 1BCh (Upstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	System Allocated	RO	When set, it indicates that the power budget for the device is included within the system power budget.	Yes	1
31:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.3.91 ACS ENHANCED CAPABILITY HEADER REGISTER – OFFSET 1C0h (Downstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	PCI Express Extended Capability ID	RO	Read as 000Dh to indicate that this is PCI Express Extended Capability register for ACS.	No	000Dh



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Must be 1h for this version.	No	1h
31:20	Next Capability ID	RO	Point to next PCI extended capability structure.	Yes	1D0h

### 9.3.92 ACS CAPABILITY REGISTER – OFFSET 1C4h (Downstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	ACS Source Validation	RO	Indicated the implements of ACS Source Validation.	Yes	1
1	ACS Translation Blocking	RO	Indicated the implements of ACS Translation Blocking.	Yes	1
2	ACS P2P Request Redirect	RO	Indicated the implements of ACS P2P Request Redirect.	Yes	1
3	ACS P2P Completion Redirect	RO	Indicated the implements of ACS P2P Completion Redirect	Yes	1
4	ACS Upstream Forwarding	RO	Indicated the implements of ACS Upstream Forwarding.	Yes	1
5	ACS P2P Egress control	RO	Indicated the implements of ACS P2P Egress control.	Yes	1
6	ACS Direct Translated P2P	RO	Indicated the implements of ACS Direct Translated P2P.	Yes	1
7	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
15:8	Egress Control Vector Size	RO	Encodings 01h – FFh directly indicate the number of applicable bits in theEgress Control Vector.	Yes	10h
16	ACS Source Validation Enable	RW	Enable the source validation.	Yes	0
17	ACS Translation Blocking Enable	RW	Enable ACS Translation Blocking.	Yes	0
18	ACS P2P Request Redirect	RW	Enable ACS P2P Request Redirect.	Yes	0
19	ACS P2P Completion Redirect Enable	RW	Enable ACS P2P Completion Redirect.	Yes	0
20	ACS Upstream Forwarding Enable	RW	Enable ACS Upstream Forwarding.	Yes	0
21	ACS P2P Egress control Enable	RW	Enable ACS P2P Egress control.	Yes	0
22	ACS Direct Translated P2P Enable	RW	Enable ACS Direct Translated P2P.	Yes	0
31:23	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h

### 9.3.93 EGRESS CONTROL VECTOR REGISTER – OFFSET 1C8h (Downstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Egress Control Vector	RW	When a given bit is set, peer-to-peer requests targeting the associated Port are blocked or redirected.	Yes	0000h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

### 9.3.94 MULTI-CAST ENHANCED CAPABILITY HEADER REGISTER – OFFSET 1D0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Extended Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 0012h to indicate that this is PCI express extended capability register for multi-cast.	No	0012h
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Read as 1h.	No	1h
31:20	Next Capability Offset	RO	Point to next PCI extended capability structure.	Yes	210h if <a href="#">8Ch.bit[11]=0</a> 200h if <a href="#">8Ch.bit[11]=1</a>

### 9.3.95 MULTI-CAST CAPABILITY REGISTER – OFFSET 1D4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
5:0	MC_Max_Group	RO	Value indicates the max. number of Multicast Groups that the component supports.	No	11_1111b
14:6	Reserved	RO	Not support.	No	0
15	MC_ECRC_Regeneration_Supported	RO	If set, indicates that ECRC regeneration is supported.	No	0

### 9.3.96 MULTI-CAST CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 1D4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
21:16	MC_Num_Group	RW	Value indicates the number of Multicast Groups configured for use.	Yes	00_0000b
30:17	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h
31	MC_Enable	RW	When set, the Multicast mechanism is enabled for the component.	Yes	0

### 9.3.97 MULTI-CAST BASE ADDRESS 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 1D8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
5:0	MC_Index_Position	RW	The location of the LSB of the Multicast Group number within the address.	Yes	00h
11:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h
31:12	MC_Base_Address [31:12]	RW	The base address of the Multicast address range.	Yes	0-0h

### 9.3.98 MULTI-CAST BASE ADDRESS 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 1DCh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	MC_Base_Address [63:32]	RW	The base address of the Multicast address range.	Yes	0000-0000h

### 9.3.99 MULTI-CAST RECEIVER REGISTER – OFFSET 1E0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	MC_Receive[31:0]	RW	For each bit that's set, this Function gets a copy of any Multicast TLPs for the associated Multicast Group.	Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.3.100 MULTI-CAST RECEIVER UPPER 32-BITS REGISTER – OFFSET 1E4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	MC_Receive[63:32]	RW	For each bit that's set, this Function gets a copy of any Multicast TLPs for the associated Multicast Group.	Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.3.101 MULTI-CAST BLOCK ALL REGISTER – OFFSET 1E8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	MC_Block_All[31:0]	RW	For each bit that is set, this Function is blocked from sending TLPs to the associated Multicast Group.	Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.3.102 MULTI-CAST BLOCK ALL UPPER 32-BITS REGISTER – OFFSET 1ECh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	MC_Block_All[63:32]	RW	For each bit that is set, this Function is blocked from sending TLPs to the associated Multicast Group.	Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.3.103 MULTI-CAST BLOCK UNTRANSLATED REGISTER – OFFSET 1F0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	MC_Block_Untranslated[31:0]	RW	For each bit that is set, this Function is blocked from sending TLPs containing Untranslated Addresses to the associated MCG.	Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.3.104 MULTI-CAST BLOCK UNTRANSLATED UPPER 32-BITS REGISTER – OFFSET 1F4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	MC_Block_Untranslated[63:32]	RW	For each bit that is set, this Function is blocked from sending TLPs containing Untranslated Addresses to the associated MCG.	Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.3.105 LTR EXTENDED CAPABILITY HEADER – OFFSET 200h (Upstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	PCI Express Extended Capability ID	RO	Read as 0018h to indicate that this is PCI Express Extended Capability register for LTR.	No	0018h if <a href="#">8Ch.bit[11]</a> =1 0000h if <a href="#">8Ch.bit[11]</a> =0
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Must be 1h for this version.	No	1h if <a href="#">8Ch.bit[11]</a> =1 0h if <a href="#">8Ch.bit[11]</a> =0
31:20	Next Capability ID	RO	Point to next PCI extended capability structure.	Yes	210h if <a href="#">8Ch.bit[11]</a> =1 000h if <a href="#">8Ch.bit[11]</a> =0

### 9.3.106 MAX SNOOP LATENCY REGISTER – OFFSET 204h (Upstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
9:0	Max Snoop Latency Value	RW	Specifies the maximum snoop latency that a device is permitted to request	Yes	0D0h if <a href="#">8Ch.bit[11]</a> =1 000h if <a href="#">8Ch.bit[11]</a> =0
12:10	Max Snoop Latency Scale	RW	This register provides a scale for the value contained within the Maximum Snoop Latency Value field	Yes	000b
15:13	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b

### 9.3.107 MAX NO-SNOOP LATENCY REGISTER – OFFSET 204h (Upstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
25:16	Max No-Snoop Latency Value	RW	Specifies the maximum no-snoop latency that a device is permitted to request	Yes	0D0h if <a href="#">8Ch.bit[11]</a> =1 000h if <a href="#">8Ch.bit[11]</a> =0
28:26	Max No-Snoop Latency Scale	RW	This register provides a scale for the value contained within the Maximum No-Snoop Latency Value field	Yes	000b
31:29	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b

### 9.3.108 SECONDARY PCI EXPRESS EXTENDED CAPABILITY HEADER – OFFSET 210h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	PCI Express Extended Capability ID	RO	Read as 0019h to indicate that this is PCI Express Extended Capability register for Secondary PCI Express.	No	0019h
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Must be 1h for this version.	No	1h
31:20	Next Capability ID	RO	Point to next PCI extended capability structure.	Yes	2B0h for Up 2A0h for Down

### 9.3.109 LINK CONTROL 3 REGISTER – OFFSET 214h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Perform Equalization	RW	When this bit is 1b and a 1b is written to the Retrain Link bit with the Target Link Speed field set to 8.0 GT/s, the downstream port must perform Link Equalization.	Yes	0
1	Link Equalization Request Interrupt Enable	RW	When set, this bit enables the generation of an interrupt to indicate that the Link Equalization bit has been set.	Yes	0
31:2	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

### 9.3.110 LANE ERROR STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 218h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Lane Error Status	RW1C	Each bit indicates if the corresponding Lane detected a Lane-base error.	Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.3.111 LANE EQUALIZATION CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 21Ch – 230h

**Table 9-2 Lane Equalization Control Register Locations**

CFG_OFFSET	Lane Number	CFG_OFFSET	Lane Number
21Ch	0	22Ch	8
21Eh	1	22Eh	9
220h	2	230h	10
222h	3	232h	11
224h	4	234h	12
226h	5	236h	13
228h	6	238h	14
22Ah	7	23Ah	15

**Table 9-3 Lane Equalization Control Register Definitions**

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	Downstream Port Transmitter Preset	RW	Transmitter Preset used for equalization by this Port when the Port is operating as a Downstream Port. This field is ignored when the Port is operating as an Upstream Port.	Yes	0h for Up 8h for Down
7:4	Downstream Port Receiver Preset Hint	RW	Receiver Preset Hint may be used as a hint for receiver equalization by this Port when the Port is operating as a Downstream Port. This field is ignored when the Port is operating as an Upstream Port.	Yes	0h for Up 2h for Down
11:8	Upstream Port Transmitter Preset	RO	For downstream ports, Field contains the Transmit Preset value sent or received during Link Equalization.  For upstream port, it is debugged used only.	Yes	0h for Up 8h for Down
14:12	Upstream Port Receiver Preset Hint	RO	For downstream ports, Field contains the Receiver Preset Hint value sent or received during Link Equalization.  For upstream port, it is debugged used only.	Yes	0h for Up 2h for Down
15	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0

### 9.3.112 DPC EXTENDED CAPABILITY HEADER – OFFSET 2A0h (Downstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	PCI Express Extended Capability ID	RO	Read as 001Dh to indicate that this is PCI Express Extended Capability register for DPC.	No	001Dh
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Must be 1h for this version.	No	1h
31:20	Next Capability ID	RO	Point to next PCI extended capability structure.	Yes	2B0h

### 9.3.113 DPC CAPABILITY REGISTER – OFFSET 2A4h (Downstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
4:0	DPC Interrupt Message Number	RO	This field indicates which MSI/MSI-X vector is used for the interrupt message generated in association with the DPC Capability structure.	No	01h
15:5	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.3.114 DPC CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 2A4h (Downstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
17:16	DPC Trigger Enable	RW	This field enables DPC and controls the conditions that cause DPC to be triggered.  00b... DPC is disabled 01b... DPC is enabled and is triggered when the Downstream port detects and unmasked uncorrectable error or when the Downstream port receives an ERR_FATAL message. 10b... DPC is enabled and is triggered when the Downstream port detects an unmasked uncorrectable error or when the Downstream port receives an ERR_NONFATAL or ERR_FATAL message 11b... reserved	Yes	00b
18	DPC Completion Control	RW	This bit controls the Completion Status for Completions formed during DPC.  0b: Completer Abort (CA) Completion Status 1b: Unsupported Request (UR) Completion Status	Yes	0
19	DPC Interrupt Enable	RW	When set, this bit enables the generation of an interrupt to indicate that DPC has been triggered.	Yes	0
20	DPC ERR_COR Enable	RW	When set, this bit enables the sending of an ERR_COR message to indicate that DPC has been triggered.	Yes	0
31:21	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.3.115 DPC STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 2A8h (Downstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	DPC Trigger Status	RW1C	When set, this bit indicates that DPC has been triggered.	Yes	0
2:1	DPC Trigger Reason	RW1C	This field indicates why DPC has been triggered.  00b... DPC was triggered due to an unmasked uncorrectable error 01b... DPC was triggered due to receiving an ERR_NONFATAL 10b... DPC was triggered due to receiving an ERR_FATAL 11b... reserved	Yes	00b
3	DPC Interrupt Status	RW1C	This bit is set if DPC is triggered while the DPC interrupt Enable bit is set.	Yes	0
15:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.3.116 DPC ERROR SOURCE ID REGISTER – OFFSET 2A8h (Downstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:16	DPC Error Source ID	RO	When the DPC Trigger Reason field indicates that DPC was triggered due to the reception of an ERR_NONFATAL or ERR_FATAL, this register contains the Requester ID of the received message. Otherwise, the value of this register is undefined.	No	0000h

### 9.3.117 L1 PM SUBSTATES ENHANCED CAPABILITY HEADER – OFFSET 2B0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	PCI Express Extended Capability ID	RO	Read as 001Eh to indicate that this is PCI Express Extended Capability register for L1 PM Substates.	No	001Eh
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Must be 1h for this version.	No	1h
31:20	Next Capability ID	RO	Point to next PCI extended capability structure.	Yes	300h

### 9.3.118 L1 PM SUBSTATES CAPABILITY REGISTER – OFFSET 2B4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	PCI-PM L1.2 Supported	RO	When set this bit indicates that PCI-PM L1.2 is supported.	Yes	0
1	PCI-PM L1.1 Supported	RO	When set this bit indicates that PCI-PM L1.1 is supported and must be set by all ports implementing L1 PM Substates.	Yes	0
2	ASPM L1.2 Supported	RO	When set this bit indicates that ASPM L1.2 is supported.	Yes	0
3	ASPM L1.1 Supported	RO	When set this bit indicates that ASPM L1.1 is supported.	Yes	0
4	L1 PM Substates Supported	RO	When set this bit indicates that this port supports L1 PM Substates.	Yes	1
31:5	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.3.119 L1 PM SUBSTATES CONTROL 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 2B8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	PCI-PM L1.2 Enable	RW	When set this bit enables PCI-PM L1.2. Required for both upstream and downstream ports.	Yes	0
1	PCI-PM L1.1 Enable	RW	When set this bit enables PCI-PM L1.1. Required for both upstream and downstream ports.	Yes	0
2	ASPM L1.2 Enable	RW	When set this bit enables ASPM L1.2. Required for both upstream and downstream ports.	Yes	0
3	ASPM L1.1 Enable	RW	When set this bit enables ASPM L1.1. Required for both upstream and downstream ports.	Yes	0
31:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.3.120 L1 PM SUBSTATES CONTROL 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 2BCh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0000h

### 9.3.121 VENDOR-SPECIFIC ENHANCED CAPABILITY HEADER – OFFSET 300h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	PCI Express Extended Capability ID	RO	Read as 000Bh to indicate that this is PCI Express Extended Capability register for Vendor-Specific.	No	000Bh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Must be 1h for this version.	No	1h
31:20	Next Capability ID	RO	Points to 000h.	No	000h

### 9.3.122 VENDOR-SPECIFIC HEADER – OFFSET 304h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	VSEC ID	RO	This field is a vendor-defined ID number that indicates the nature and format of the VSEC structure.	Yes	0000h
19:16	VSEC Rev	RO	This field is a vendor-defined version number that indicates the version of the VSEC structure.	No	0h
31:20	VSEC Length	RO	This field indicates the number of bytes in the entire VSEC structure.	Yes	560h

### 9.3.123 EEPROM CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 308h (Upstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	EEPROM Start	RW	Starts the EEPROM read or write cycle. This bit will auto clear to 0 when access is completed.  1b: start read or write cycle	Yes	0
3:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
4	EEPROM Autoload Status	RO	0b: EEPROM autoload is unsuccessful or is disabled 1b: EEPROM autoload is successful after PERST_L.	No	0
5	EEPROM is in programming mode	RO	0b: EEPROM is in auto-load mode 1b: EEPROM is in programming mode	Yes	1
7:6	EEPROM Clock Rate	RW	Determines the frequency of the EEPROM clock which is derived from the primary clock.  00b: 500MHz/128 01b: 500MHz/(128*2) 10b: 500MHz/(128*4) 11b: 500MHz/(128*8)	Yes	00b
15:8	EEPROM Status	RO	Indicates the EEPROM status reflected by EEPROM read command.	No	00h
23:16	EEPROM Command	RW	01h: write STATUS register 02h: EEPROM write 03h: EEPROM read 04h: disable write operation 05h: read STATUS register 06h: enable write operation C7h: erase entire EEPROM	Yes	00h
30:24	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h
31	Size 64K Mode	RW	0b: EEPROM size is less or equal to 64K 1b: EEPROM size is larger 64K	Yes	0

### 9.3.124 EEPROM ADDRESS AND DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 30Ch (Upstream Port Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	EEPROM Address	RW	Contains the EEPROM address.	Yes	0000h
31:16	EEPROM Data	RW	Contains the EEPROM data.	Yes	0000h

### 9.3.125 DEBUGOUT CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 310h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
4:0	Debug Mode Select	RW	Debug mode select. Selects a signal group for probing the current internal status. For example, “0” represents LTSSM signal group. As to other values, please inquire internal team for further information.	Yes	0_0000b
7:5	Debug Port_Select_S1	RW	Debug port select s1. Selects a port number for monitoring at a given signal group.	Yes	000b
8	DebugPort_Select_S2	RW	Debugport select s2.	Yes	0
9	Debug Output Start	RW	Start to capture debug output data.	Yes	0
31:10	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.3.126 DEBUGOUT DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 314h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
9:0	Debug Output Data	RO	Content of the debug output data.  For example, if LTSSM signal group is selected, the meaning of debug output data is as follows.  001h: detect 002h: polling 004h: configuration 008h: L0 010h: L1 020h: L2 040h: disable 080h: hot-reset 100h: loopback 200h: recovery Others: reserved	No	000h
31:10	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support	No	0000_0h

### 9.3.127 SMBUS CONTROL AND STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 318h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	SMBus Enabled	RW	0b: SMBus is disabled while I2C is enabled 1b: SMBus is enabled while I2C is disabled	Yes	Set by <a href="#">SMBUS_EN_L</a>
3:1	I2C/SMBUS Address [2:0]	RW	Used to set I2C/SMBUS Address[2:0].	Yes	Set by <a href="#">I2C_ADDRESS [2:0]</a>
7:4	I2C/SMBUS Address [6:3]	RW	Used to set I2C/SMBUS Address[6:3].	Yes	1101b
8	ARP_Disable	RW	Test used only.	Yes	1
9	PEC Check Disable	RW	0b: enable PEC check 1b: disable PEC check	Yes	1
10	AV Flag	RW	Test used only.	Yes	0
11	AR Flag	RW	Test used only.	Yes	0
13:12	UDID Addr Type	RW	Test used only.	Yes	00b
14	UDID PEC Support	RW	Test used only.	Yes	1
15	Cross Strapping Done	RO	Test used only.	No	0
23:16	UDID Vendor ID	RW	Test used only.	Yes	B0h
26:24	UDID Revision ID	RW	Test used only.	Yes	001b
27	Fty Test 0	RW	Test used only.	Yes	0
28	SMBUS In Progress	RO	0b: SMBUS interface is idle 1b: SMBUS interface is busy	No	0
29	PEC Check Fail	RO	0b: PEC check successfully 1b: PEC check failed	No	0



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
30	Unsupported SMBUS Command	RO	0b: supported command 1b: unsupported command	No	0
31	Reserved	RO	Not support.	No	1

### 9.3.128 GPIO 0-15 DIRECTION CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 31Ch (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	GPIO[0] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[0]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[0] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[0]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
1	GPIO[0] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
2	GPIO[1] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[1]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[1] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[1]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
3	GPIO[1] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
4	GPIO[2] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[2]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[2] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[2]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
5	GPIO[2] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
6	GPIO[3] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[3]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[3] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[3]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
7	GPIO[3] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
8	GPIO[4] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[4]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[4] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[4]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
9	GPIO[4] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
10	GPIO[5] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[5]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[5] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[5]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
11	GPIO[5] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
12	GPIO[6] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[6]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[6] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[6]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
13	GPIO[6] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
14	GPIO[7] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[7]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[7] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[7]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
15	GPIO[7] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
16	GPIO[8] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[8]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[8] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[8]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
17	GPIO[8] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
18	GPIO[9] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[9]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[9] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[9]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
19	GPIO[9] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
20	GPIO[10] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[10]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[10] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[10]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
21	GPIO[10] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
22	GPIO[11] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[11]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[11] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[11]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
23	GPIO[11] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
24	GPIO[12] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[12]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[12] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[12]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
25	GPIO[12] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
26	GPIO[13] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[13]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[13] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[13]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
27	GPIO[13] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
28	GPIO[14] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[14]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[14] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[14]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
29	GPIO[14] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
30	GPIO[15] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[15]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[15] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[15]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
31	GPIO[15] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0

### 9.3.129 GPIO 16-31 DIRECTION CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 320h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	GPIO[16] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 32Ch[0]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[16] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[0]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
1	GPIO[16] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
2	GPIO[17] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 32Ch[1]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[17] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[1]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
3	GPIO[17] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
4	GPIO[18] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 32Ch[2]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[18] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[2]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
5	GPIO[18] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
6	GPIO[19] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 32Ch[3]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[19] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[3]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
7	GPIO[19] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
8	GPIO[20] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 32Ch[4]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[20] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[4]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
9	GPIO[20] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
10	GPIO[21] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 32Ch[5]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[21] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[5]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
11	GPIO[21] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
12	GPIO[22] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 32Ch[6]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[22] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[6]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
13	GPIO[22] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
14	GPIO[23] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 32Ch[7]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[23] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[7]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
15	GPIO[23] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
16	GPIO[24] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 32Ch[8]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[24] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[8]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
17	GPIO[24] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
18	GPIO[25] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 32Ch[9]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[25] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[9]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
19	GPIO[25] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
20	GPIO[26] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 32Ch[10]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[26] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[10]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
21	GPIO[26] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
22	GPIO[27] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 32Ch[11]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[27] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[11]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
23	GPIO[27] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
24	GPIO[28] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 32Ch[12]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[28] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[12]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
25	GPIO[28] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
26	GPIO[29] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 32Ch[13]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[29] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[13]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
27	GPIO[29] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
28	GPIO[30] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 32Ch[14]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[30] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[14]</a> ) 1b: Reserved  This register is validated for Tile 0 only. For Tile 1, it is reserved.	Yes	0
29	GPIO[30] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output  This register is validated for Tile 0 only. For Tile 1, it is reserved.	Yes	0
30	GPIO[31] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 32Ch[15]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx, or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[31] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[15]</a> ) 1b: Reserved  This register is validated for Tile 0 only. For Tile 1, it is reserved.	Yes	0
31	GPIO[31] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output  This register is validated for Tile 0 only. For Tile 1, it is reserved.	Yes	0

### 9.3.130 GPIO INPUT DE-BOUNCE REGISTER – OFFSET 324h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	GPIOx Input De- Bounce Control	RW	Controls de-bounce when the corresponding GPIOx signal is configured as an input. Bit[31:0] correspond to GPIO[31:0], respectively.  0b: GPIOx input is not de-bounced 1b: GPIOx input is de-bounced  For Tile 1, bit[31:30] are reserved.	Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.3.131 GPIO 0-15 INPUT DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 328h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	GPIO[0] Input Data	RO	GPIO[0] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[0] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[1]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[0] pin if GPIO[0] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[1]=0</a> )	No	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[0]</a>
1	GPIO[1] Input Data	RO	GPIO[1] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[1] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[3]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[1] pin if GPIO[1] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[3]=0</a> )	No	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[1]</a>
2	GPIO[2] Input Data	RO	GPIO[2] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[2] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[5]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[2] pin if GPIO[2] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[5]=0</a> )	No	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[2]</a>
3	GPIO[3] Input Data	RO	GPIO[3] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[3] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[7]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[3] pin if GPIO[3] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[7]=0</a> )	No	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[3]</a>
4	GPIO[4] Input Data	RO	GPIO[4] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[4] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[9]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[4] pin if GPIO[4] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[9]=0</a> )	No	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[4]</a>

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
5	GPIO[5] Input Data	RO	GPIO[5] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[5] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[11]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[5] pin if GPIO[5] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[11]=0</a> )	No	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[5]</a>
6	GPIO[6] Input Data	RO	GPIO[6] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[6] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[13]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[6] pin if GPIO[6] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[13]=0</a> )	No	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[6]</a>
7	GPIO[7] Input Data	RO	GPIO[7] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[7] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[15]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[7] pin if GPIO[7] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[15]=0</a> )	No	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[7]</a>
8	GPIO[8] Input Data	RO	GPIO[8] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[8] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[17]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[8] pin if GPIO[8] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[17]=0</a> )	No	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[8]</a>
9	GPIO[9] Input Data	RO	GPIO[9] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[9] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[19]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[9] pin if GPIO[9] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[19]=0</a> )	No	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[9]</a>
10	GPIO[10] Input Data	RO	GPIO[10] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[10] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[21]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[10] pin if GPIO[10] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[21]=0</a> )	No	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[10]</a>
11	GPIO[11] Input Data	RO	GPIO[11] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[11] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[23]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[11] pin if GPIO[11] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[23]=0</a> )	No	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[11]</a>
12	GPIO[12] Input Data	RO	GPIO[12] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[12] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[25]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[12] pin if GPIO[12] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[25]=0</a> )	No	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[12]</a>
13	GPIO[13] Input Data	RO	GPIO[13] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[13] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[27]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[13] pin if GPIO[13] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[27]=0</a> )	No	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[13]</a>
14	GPIO[14] Input Data	RO	GPIO[14] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[14] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[29]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[14] pin if GPIO[14] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[29]=0</a> )	No	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[14]</a>
15	GPIO[15] Input Data	RO	GPIO[15] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[15] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[31]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[15] pin if GPIO[15] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[31]=0</a> )	No	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[15]</a>
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

### 9.3.132 GPIO 16-31 INPUT DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 32Ch (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	GPIO[16] Input Data	RO	GPIO[16] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[16] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[1]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[16] pin if GPIO[16] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[1]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[16]</a>
1	GPIO[17] Input Data	RO	GPIO[17] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[17] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[3]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[17] pin if GPIO[17] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[3]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[17]</a>

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2	GPIO[18] Input Data	RO	GPIO[18] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[18] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[5]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[18] pin if GPIO[18] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[5]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[18]</a>
3	GPIO[19] Input Data	RO	GPIO[19] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[19] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[7]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[19] pin if GPIO[19] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[7]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[19]</a>
4	GPIO[20] Input Data	RO	GPIO[20] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[20] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[9]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[20] pin if GPIO[20] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[9]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[20]</a>
5	GPIO[21] Input Data	RO	GPIO[21] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[21] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[11]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[21] pin if GPIO[21] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[11]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[21]</a>
6	GPIO[22] Input Data	RO	GPIO[22] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[22] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[13]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[22] pin if GPIO[22] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[13]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[22]</a>
7	GPIO[23] Input Data	RO	GPIO[23] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[23] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[15]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[23] pin if GPIO[23] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[15]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[23]</a>
8	GPIO[24] Input Data	RO	GPIO[24] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[24] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[17]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[24] pin if GPIO[24] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[17]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[24]</a>
9	GPIO[25] Input Data	RO	GPIO[25] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[25] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[19]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[25] pin if GPIO[25] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[19]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[25]</a>
10	GPIO[26] Input Data	RO	GPIO[26] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[26] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[21]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[26] pin if GPIO[26] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[21]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[26]</a>
11	GPIO[27] Input Data	RO	GPIO[27] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[27] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[23]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[27] pin if GPIO[27] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[23]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[27]</a>
12	GPIO[28] Input Data	RO	GPIO[28] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[28] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[25]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[28] pin if GPIO[28] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[25]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[28]</a>
13	GPIO[29] Input Data	RO	GPIO[29] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[29] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[27]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[29] pin if GPIO[29] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[27]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[29]</a>
14	GPIO[30] Input Data	RO	GPIO[30] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[30] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[29]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[30] pin if GPIO[30] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[29]=0</a> )  This register is valid for Tile 0 only. For Tile 1, it is reserved.	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[30]</a>
15	GPIO[31] Input Data	RO	GPIO[31] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[31] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[31]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[31] pin if GPIO[31] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[31]=0</a> )  This register is valid for Tile 0 only. For Tile 1, it is reserved.	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[31]</a>
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	Yes	0000h

### 9.3.133 GPIO 0-15 OUTPUT DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 330h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	GPIO[0] Output Data	RW	GPIO[0] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[0] output if GPIO[0] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[1]=1</a> )	Yes	0
1	GPIO[1] Output Data	RW	GPIO[1] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[1] output if GPIO[1] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[3]=1</a> )	Yes	0
2	GPIO[2] Output Data	RW	GPIO[2] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[2] output if GPIO[2] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[5]=1</a> )	Yes	0
3	GPIO[3] Output Data	RW	GPIO[3] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[3] output if GPIO[3] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[7]=1</a> )	Yes	0
4	GPIO[4] Output Data	RW	GPIO[4] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[4] output if GPIO[4] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[9]=1</a> )	Yes	0
5	GPIO[5] Output Data	RW	GPIO[5] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[5] output if GPIO[5] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[11]=1</a> )	Yes	0
6	GPIO[6] Output Data	RW	GPIO[6] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[6] output if GPIO[6] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[13]=1</a> )	Yes	0
7	GPIO[7] Output Data	RW	GPIO[7] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[7] output if GPIO[7] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[15]=1</a> )	Yes	0
8	GPIO[8] Output Data	RW	GPIO[8] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[8] output if GPIO[8] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[17]=1</a> )	Yes	0
9	GPIO[9] Output Data	RW	GPIO[9] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[9] output if GPIO[9] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[19]=1</a> )	Yes	0
10	GPIO[10] Output Data	RW	GPIO[10] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[10] output if GPIO[10] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[21]=1</a> )	Yes	0
11	GPIO[11] Output Data	RW	GPIO[11] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[11] output if GPIO[11] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[23]=1</a> )	Yes	0
12	GPIO[12] Output Data	RW	GPIO[12] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[12] output if GPIO[12] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[25]=1</a> )	Yes	0
13	GPIO[13] Output Data	RW	GPIO[13] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[13] output if GPIO[13] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[27]=1</a> )	Yes	0
14	GPIO[14] Output Data	RW	GPIO[14] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[14] output if GPIO[14] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[29]=1</a> )	Yes	0
15	GPIO[15] Output Data	RW	GPIO[15] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[15] output if GPIO[15] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[31]=1</a> )	Yes	0
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

### 9.3.134 GPIO 16-31 OUTPUT DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 334h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	GPIO[16] Output Data	RW	GPIO[16] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[16] output if GPIO[16] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[1]=1</a> )	Yes	0
1	GPIO[17] Output Data	RW	GPIO[17] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[17] output if GPIO[17] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[3]=1</a> )	Yes	0



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2	GPIO[18] Output Data	RW	GPIO[18] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[18] output if GPIO[18] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[5]=1</a> )	Yes	0
3	GPIO[19] Output Data	RW	GPIO[19] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[19] output if GPIO[19] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[7]=1</a> )	Yes	0
4	GPIO[20] Output Data	RW	GPIO[20] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[20] output if GPIO[20] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[9]=1</a> )	Yes	0
5	GPIO[21] Output Data	RW	GPIO[21] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[21] output if GPIO[21] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[11]=1</a> )	Yes	0
6	GPIO[22] Output Data	RW	GPIO[22] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[22] output if GPIO[22] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[13]=1</a> )	Yes	0
7	GPIO[23] Output Data	RW	GPIO[23] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[23] output if GPIO[23] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[15]=1</a> )	Yes	0
8	GPIO[24] Output Data	RW	GPIO[24] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[24] output if GPIO[24] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[17]=1</a> )	Yes	0
9	GPIO[25] Output Data	RW	GPIO[25] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[25] output if GPIO[25] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[19]=1</a> )	Yes	0
10	GPIO[26] Output Data	RW	GPIO[26] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[26] output if GPIO[26] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[21]=1</a> )	Yes	0
11	GPIO[27] Output Data	RW	GPIO[27] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[27] output if GPIO[27] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[23]=1</a> )	Yes	0
12	GPIO[28] Output Data	RW	GPIO[28] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[28] output if GPIO[28] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[25]=1</a> )	Yes	0
13	GPIO[29] Output Data	RW	GPIO[29] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[29] output if GPIO[29] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[27]=1</a> )	Yes	0
14	GPIO[30] Output Data	RW	GPIO[30] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[30] output if GPIO[30] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[29]=1</a> )  This register is valid for Tile 0 only. For Tile 1, it is reserved.	Yes	0
15	GPIO[31] Output Data	RW	GPIO[31] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[31] output if GPIO[31] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[31]=1</a> )  This register is valid for Tile 0 only. For Tile 1, it is reserved.	Yes	0
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

### 9.3.135 GPIO 0-31 INTERRUPT POLARITY REGISTER – OFFSET 338h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	GPIO Interrupt Polarity	RW	Controls whether GPIO Interrupt input is Active-Low or Active-High for the corresponding GPIOx signal. Bit[31:0] correspond to GPIO[31:0], respectively.  0b: GPIOx Interrupt input is Active-Low 1b: GPIOx Interrupt input is Active-High  For Tile 1, bit[31:30] are resered.	Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.3.136 GPIO 0-31 INTERRUPT STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 33Ch (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	GPIO Interrupt Status	RO	Indicates whether GPIO interrupt are inactive or active for the corresponding GPIOx signal. Bit[31:0] correspond to GPIO[31:0] respectively.  0b: GPIOx interrupt is inactive 1b: GPIOx interrupt is active  For Tile 1, bit[31:30] are reversed.	No	0000_0000h

### 9.3.137 GPIO 0-31 INTERRUPT MASK REGISTER – OFFSET 340h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	GPIO Interrupt Mask	RW	Indicates whether GPIO interrupts are masked or not masked for the corresponding GPIOx signal. Bit[31:0] correspond to GPIO[31:0], respectively.  0b: GPIOx interrupt is unmasked 1b: GPIOx interrupt is masked  For Tile 1, bit[31:30] are reserved.	Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.3.138 OPERATION MODE REGISTER – OFFSET 348h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2:0	tile_id	RO	Bonding option, tile ID selection.  000b: Tile 0 001b: Tile 1 Others: reserved	No	000b for Tile 0 001b for Tile 1
5:3	pkgssel	RO	Package Bonding option, tie high/low in substrate.	No	011b
8:6	portcfg	RO	Port/lane configuration settings.  000b: 1 x16 port 001b: 2 x4 ports 010b: 1 x4, 2 x2 ports 011b: 4 x2 ports 100b: 1 x4, 4 x1 ports 101b: 8 x1 ports Others: reserved	No	Set by <a href="#">PORTCFG_x[2:0]</a>
10:9	chipmode	RO	Chip operation mode selection.  00b: normal mode 01b: iddq/mbist mode 10b: AC JTAG mode 11b: phy_mode	No	Set by <a href="#">CHIPMODE[1:0]</a>
12:11	swpmode	RO	Switch Partition mode These registers are only valid for multi-tile device.  00b: no switch partition 01b: each tile is a distinctive switch partition 1xb: undefined	No	00b
13	ckmode	RO	Reference clock modes.  0b: base mode 1b: CDEP separate reference mode	No	Set by <a href="#">CKMODEx</a>
14	dma_mode	RO	0b: disable DMA 1b: enable DMA	No	0
20:15	uport_sel	RO	Upstream port selection.	No	0000_00b

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
21	CDEP_mode	RO	0b: disable CDEP 1b: enable CDEP	No	0
22	scan_tm	RO	0b: normal mode 1b: scan mode	No	0
23	hotplug_pin_en	RO	0b: GPIO[31:0] are GPIO pins 1b: GPIO[31:0] are used as hot plug pins	No	Set by <a href="#">HOT_PLUG_ENx_L</a>
24	surprise_hp_en	RO	0b: disable surprise hot-plug 1b: enable surprise hot-plug	No	Set by <a href="#">SURPRISE_HP_0</a> (Tile 0) 1 (Tile 1)
25	ioe_40bit_en	RO	0b: support 16 bit IOE 1b: support 40 bit IOE	No	0
26	clkbuf_pd	RO	0b: clock buffer is in normal mode 1b: clock buffer is in power down mode	No	Set by <a href="#">CLKBUFPDx_L</a>
27	pm_l1_1_en	RO	0b: GPIO[15:8] are GPIO pins 1b: GPIO[15:8] are used as CLKREQ_L[7:0]	No	Set by <a href="#">PM_L11_ENx_L</a>
30:28	I2c/smaddr_out	RO	Indicate I2C/SMBUS address[2:0]. They are decided by the status of <a href="#">I2C_ADDRESS[2:0]</a> strap pins.	No	Set by <a href="#">I2C_ADDRESS[2:0]</a>
31	Reserved	RO	Not Support.	No	0

### 9.3.139 CLOCK BUFFER CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 34Ch (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Clock OE Control	RW	0b: disable clock output 1b: enable clock output	Yes	FFh
8	Clock Power Down	RW	0b: power on 1b: power down	Yes	Set by <a href="#">CLKBUFPDx_L</a>
9	Control Enable	RW	0b: disable to use this register control clock buffer output 1b: enable to use this register control clock buffer output	Yes	0
10	Clock Source Sel	RW	0b: input clock buffer source is from differential clock pad 1b: input clock buffer source is from CMOS single end clock source	Yes	Set by <a href="#">CLKBUF_CMOS_ENx_L</a>
23:11	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0h
31:24	Revision ID	RO	Revision id.	No	00h

### 9.3.140 LTSSM CSR 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 380h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	eq_preset_uplimited_0	RW	Define EQ evaluation upper limit range of preset for Lane 0.	Yes	Ah
7:4	eq_preset_dnlimited_0	RW	Define EQ evaluation down limit range of preset for Lane 0.	Yes	5h
11:8	eq_preset_uplimited_1	RW	Define EQ evaluation upper limit range of preset for Lane 1.	Yes	Ah
15:12	eq_preset_dnlimited_1	RW	Define EQ evaluation down limit range of preset for Lane 1.	Yes	5h
19:16	eq_preset_uplimited_2	RW	Define EQ evaluation upper limit range of preset for Lane 2. If Lane 2 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
23:20	eq_preset_dnlimited_2	RW	Define EQ evaluation down limit range of preset for Lane 2. If Lane 2 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h
27:24	eq_preset_uplimited_3	RW	Define EQ evaluation upper limit range of preset for Lane 3. If Lane 3 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:28	eq_preset_dnlimited_3	RW	Define EQ evaluation down limit range of preset for Lane 3. If Lane 3 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h

### 9.3.141 LTSSM CSR 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 384h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	eq_preset_uplimited_4	RW	Define EQ evaluation upper limit range of preset for Lane 4. If Lane 4 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
7:4	eq_preset_dnlimited_4	RW	Define EQ evaluation down limit range of preset for Lane 4. If Lane 4 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h
11:8	eq_preset_uplimited_5	RW	Define EQ evaluation upper limit range of preset for Lane 5. If Lane 5 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
15:12	eq_preset_dnlimited_5	RW	Define EQ evaluation down limit range of preset for Lane 5. If Lane 5 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h
19:16	eq_preset_uplimited_6	RW	Define EQ evaluation upper limit range of preset for Lane 6. If Lane 6 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
23:20	eq_preset_dnlimited_6	RW	Define EQ evaluation down limit range of preset for Lane 6. If Lane 6 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h
27:24	eq_preset_uplimited_7	RW	Define EQ evaluation upper limit range of preset for Lane 7. If Lane 7 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
31:28	eq_preset_dnlimited_7	RW	Define EQ evaluation down limit range of preset for Lane 7. If Lane 7 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h

### 9.3.142 LTSSM CSR 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 388h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	eq_preset_uplimited_8	RW	Define EQ evaluation upper limit range of preset for Lane 8. If Lane 8 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
7:4	eq_preset_dnlimited_8	RW	Define EQ evaluation down limit range of preset for Lane 8. If Lane 8 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h
11:8	eq_preset_uplimited_9	RW	Define EQ evaluation upper limit range of preset for Lane 9. If Lane 9 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
15:12	eq_preset_dnlimited_9	RW	Define EQ evaluation down limit range of preset for Lane 9. If Lane 9 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h
19:16	eq_preset_uplimited_10	RW	Define EQ evaluation upper limit range of preset for Lane 10. If Lane 10 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
23:20	eq_preset_dnlimited_10	RW	Define EQ evaluation down limit range of preset for Lane 10. If Lane 10 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h
27:24	eq_preset_uplimited_11	RW	Define EQ evaluation upper limit range of preset for Lane 11. If Lane 11 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
31:28	eq_preset_dnlimited_11	RW	Define EQ evaluation down limit range of preset for Lane 11. If Lane 11 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h

### 9.3.143 LTSSM CSR 3 REGISTER – OFFSET38Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	eq_preset_uplimited_12	RW	Define EQ evaluation upper limit range of preset for Lane 12. If Lane 12 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
7:4	eq_preset_dnlimited_12	RW	Define EQ evaluation down limit range of preset for Lane 12. If Lane 12 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h
11:8	eq_preset_uplimited_13	RW	Define EQ evaluation upper limit range of preset for Lane 13. If Lane 13 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
15:12	eq_preset_dnlimited_13	RW	Define EQ evaluation down limit range of preset for Lane 13. If Lane 13 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h
19:16	eq_preset_uplimited_14	RW	Define EQ evaluation upper limit range of preset for Lane 14. If Lane 14 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
23:20	eq_preset_dnlimited_14	RW	Define EQ evaluation down limit range of preset for Lane 14. If Lane 14 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h
27:24	eq_preset_uplimited_15	RW	Define EQ evaluation upper limit range of preset for Lane 15. If Lane 15 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
31:28	eq_preset_dnlimited_15	RW	Define EQ evaluation down limit range of preset for Lane 15. If Lane 15 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h

### 9.3.144 LTSSM 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 390h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1:0	detection_times	RW	Used to set how many detection times LTSSM will execute. Max times is 3 and Mini times is 1.	Yes	11b
2	force2detect	RW	Force LTSSM state stayed in detect state.	Yes	0
3	force2compliance	RW	Force LTSSM sending compliance pattern.	Yes	0
5:4	force_comp_rate	RW	Force compliance rate in forced compliance mode(i.e. force2compliance = 1). 00b: GEN1 01b: GEN2 10b: GEN3	Yes	00b
9:6	force_comp_preset	RW	Force LTSSM GEN3 compliance mode's preset value when force_comp_rate selects GEN3.	Yes	0h
10	comp_parity_en	RW	Force GEN 1/GEN2 compliance parity. Internal use only..	Yes	0
11	force2loop	RW	Force LTSSM sending TS1/TS2 with loopback bit set to 1.	Yes	0
12	upconfig_capable	RW	Enable upconfig capability in order to increase link width.	Yes	0
13	lane_disable	RW	1: lane will be disable when it is a unused lane.	Yes	0
17:14	SHP_reset_time_sel	RW	Reset asserted period on surprised hot plug power on/power off sequence. 00b: 100 ms 01b: 300 ms 10b: 500 ms 11b: 600 ms	Yes	3h
19:18	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
27:20	tx_nfts_num	RW	Set NFTS NUMBER for ASPM L0s state.	Yes	F0h
28	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
29	chg_ln_width	RW	Enable change link width. Note: The link width can be increased only when upconfig_capable sets to 1.	Yes	0
30	up_speed_ctrl_chg	RW	Enable upstream port speed changed to GEN 3 autonomously.	Yes	0
31	LTSSM_debug_sel	RW	Internal use only. 0b: the output of <a href="#">offset 734h</a> is for embedded LA 1b: the output of <a href="#">offset 734h</a> is for LTSSM flow	Yes	1

### 9.3.145 LTSSM 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 394h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1:0	EQ_evaluation_sel	RW	EQ evaluation mode. Valid for downstream port only. 00b: check both FOM and Coefficient Direction Change 01b: check FOM only (default) 10b: undefined 11b: bypass EQ2 and EQ3	Yes	01b
2	comp_recv_bit_set	RW	When operating at master loopback mode, it sets compliance receive bit to 1. Internal use only.	Yes	0
3	mrlpdc_ctrl_in	RW	Enable D3 delink function, which overwrites MRL_PDC pin value when RXEIDLE asserted for a period of time.	Yes	0
8:4	eq_eval_time	RW	EQ evaluate process timer selection. Internal use only.	Yes	0_0000b
10:9	mrlpdc_tmr_sel	RW	When D3 dlink function is enabled, this timer is used to set PDC enabled time.	Yes	00b
11	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	Yes	0
12	infer_EIDLE_en	RW	Enable infer EIDLE function.	Yes	1
13	aspm_nack_en	RW	Enable to responding NACK Message when ASPM L1 DLLP is received.	Yes	0
14	Hp_hot_ctr_en_reg	RW	Force mrlpdc to0. Internal use only.	Yes	0h
15	Hp_hot_clk_en_reg	RW	Enable clock buffer output. Clock is not controlled by SHP sequence.	Yes	0h
19:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support	No	0h
22:20	Any_phy_sts	RW	Control physts alignment time among lanes. Internal use only.	Yes	000b
31:23	LTSSM_debug_sel	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0-0b

### 9.3.146 LTSSM 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 398h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	detect_timer_sel	RW	Define two LTSSMtxdetect space. Internal use only .	Yes	0000h
23:16	sel_linkevalfigure	RW	Set FOM value threshold.	Yes	F0h
26:24	lane_good_sel	RW	Selection for lane good condition when EQ evaluation mode defined in 394h[1:0] is 00. 00b: coefficient direction change completed 01b: FOM!=00b and coefficient direction change completed 10b: FOM>=threshold or coefficient direction change completed 11b: FOM>=threshold and coefficient direction change completed	Yes	000b
28:27	EIDLE_sel_reg	RW	1b: use PHY generates EIDLE 0b: use inferred EIDLE	Yes	0
29	sh_extra_reset	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0
30	IOE_addr_sel	RW	Use register setting to match external IOE address. 0b: internal hardwired address 1b: register setting value (please refer to 39Ch[6:0])	Yes	0
31	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	Yes	0

### 9.3.147 LTSSM 3 REGISTER – OFFSET 39Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
6:0	IOE_address_in	RW	IOE address defined by register.	Yes	00h
7	IOE_scl_clk_sel_in	RW	IOE I2C clock rate. 0b: 62Khz 1b: 31Khz	Yes	0
15:8	ASPM_L1_cnt_num	RW	Accumulated L0s number to reach a threshold for entering ASPM L1 state.	Yes	08h
31:16	ASPM_L1_IDLE_timer	RW	The link at L0 state is kept idle for over a period defined in ASPM L1 IDLE timer. Then, the link will enter ASPM L1 state.	Yes	0FFh

### 9.3.148 LTSSM 4 REGISTER – OFFSET 3A0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	tx_swing	RW	Select TX swing for each lane (0: lane0, 1: lane1, ..., 15: lane15). 0b: full swing 1b: half swing	Yes	0000h
17:16	EIOS_cnt	RW	Exit condition for Polling compliance. Internal use only.	Yes	01b
18	Bypass_detect	RW	Ignore LTSSM detect result and using max lane width instead.	Yes	0
19	Detection_option	RW	1b: use detection result from physical layer 0b: use tailored detection result to fit legal lane width requirement  Internal use only	Yes	0
20	Stand_by	RW	Used to control whether the PHY rx is active when PHY is in P0 or P0s. This is defined in PIPE specification.  1b: active 0b: standby	Yes	0
21	In_progress	RW	Override MAC controller to notify PHY the EQ evaluation is in progress. Internal use only.	Yes	0
22	Deskew_rxeqval	RW	Execute deskew function in a special EQ evaluation period. Internal use only.	Yes	0
23	LTSSM_CFG_2_ Loop_sel	RW	CFG go to Loopback condition. Internal use only.  0b: any lane of loopback bit is observed 1b: all lanes of loopback bits are observed.	Yes	0
31:24	Reserved	RW	Internal use only	Yes	01h

### 9.3.149 LTSSM 5 REGISTER – OFFSET 3A4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	SKP_GEN1/2_N0_reg	RW	If SRIS selected, this skip value is used when linked at GEN1 or GEN2.	Yes	004Bh
31:16	SKP_GEN1/2_reg	RW	If SRNS selected, this skip value is used when linked at GEN1 or GEN2.	Yes	0258h

### 9.3.150 LTSSM 6 REGISTER – OFFSET 3A8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	SKP_GEN3_N0_reg	RW	If SRIS selected, this skip value is used when linked at GEN3.	Yes	011Ch
31:16	SKP_GEN3_reg	RW	If SRIS selected, this skip value is used when linked at GEN3.	Yes	0BBEh

### 9.3.151 LTSSM 7 REGISTER – OFFSET 3ACh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
4:0	LTSSM_RX_mask_reg	RW	bit[0]... mask hot reset bit bit[1]... mask disable bit bit[2]... mask loopback bit bit[3]... mask disable scrambling bit bit[4]... mask compliance bit	Yes	0_0000b
5	LTSSM_port_birfurcation_ctr_reg	RW	0b: enable port bifurcation 1b: disable port bifurcation	Yes	0
9:6	LTSSM_lg_idle_cnt_reg	RW	logical idle data receive number.	Yes	6h
10	LTSSM_chg_rate_ms_reg	RW	When link at GEN1 or GEN2, this bit is set to control down port change rate as a slave.	Yes	0
16:11	Reserved	RW	Internal use only	Yes	000000b

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
17	disable_cfg_lane_chg_reg	RW	If set to 1, the lane number change does not occur during CFG state. This means the lane number is always honored from detection result.	Yes	0
18	Reserved	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0
20:19	partial_lane_sel_reg	RW	Under lane reversal situation, these two bits provide link negotiation options for partial-lane connection. 00b: partial lanes in link negotiation are decided by receiving lanes 01b: partial lanes in link negotiation are decided by both of detected and receiving lanes 10b: partial lanes in link negotiation are decided by detected lanes 11b: undefined	Yes	01b
28:21	Reserved	RW	Internal use only	No	00h
29	LED_management_prsnt_sel_reg	RW	In LED management mode for hot-plug function, the present detect signal can be selected from either external pin or IOE. 0b: PRNTDET signal from IOE 1b: PRNTDET signal from external pin	Yes	1
30	SHP_rest_ctr_reg	RW	Under surprised hotplug mode, the reset signal drives the downstream port and its connected endpoint can be selected from either PERST# or internal generated reset by SHP controller. 0b: comes from SHP controller 1b: comes from PERST#	Yes	0
31	SHP_linkup_control_reg	RW	Under surprised hotplug mode, the link training will be stayed until link up if this bit is set. Otherwise, the power-on sequence will be resumed when an internal timer is expired.	Yes	0

### 9.3.152 LTSSM 8 REGISTER – OFFSET 3B0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
13:0	Reserved	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	1
19:14	rate_chg_ctr_reg	RW	When the link at GEN3, it has possibility to occur rate changed to GEN1/2 during recovery configuration, recovery speed or recovery lock state. Setting these control bits can prevent from rate change.	Yes	0-0b
23:20	Reserved	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0h
25:24	L0_power_dn_wait_reg	RW	PM control will wait a period of time defined by the following setting for entering L1/L0s/L2 after EIOS is transmitted. 00b: 32h 01b: 1Fh 10b: FFh 11b: FFFFh	Yes	00b
26	GEN3_PHY_PM_IDLE_control_reg	RW	0b: use RXEIDLE from PHY in PM 1b: ignore RXEIDLE from PHY in PM	Yes	0
27	Reserved	RW	Internal use only	Yes	0
30:28	Debounce_sel_reg	RW	bit[29:28] De-bounce timer for attention button and present detect signals. 00b: C00h 01b: FFFh 10b: 600h 11b: 0FFh  bit[30] 0b: de-bounce disabled 1b: de-bounce enabled	Yes	100b
31	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support	No	0



### 9.3.153 LTSSM 9 REGISTER – OFFSET 3B4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	clear_rx_sts_err_counter	WO	Writing 1 will clear rx status error counter.	Yes	0
1	redo_eq_ctrl	RW	When set, it will redo EQ process with downstream port. This bit is only valid for upstream port, which issues EQ procedure request to downstream port.	Yes	0
2	Statistics_en_EQ_dn_reg	RW	When set, it will perform downstream port EQ if rx error numbers are larger than statistics counter defined by bit[15:8].	Yes	0
3	Perform_EQ_reg	RW	When set, the EQ procedure is allowed to be enabled by either bit[1], bit[2] or bit[4].	Yes	0
4	Statistics_en_EQ_up_reg	RW	When set, it will perform upstream port EQ if rx error numbers are larger than statistics counter defined by bit[15:8].	Yes	0
7:5	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
15:8	Statistics_threshold	RW	Setting threshold value for statistics error count.	Yes	01h
31:16	rx_sts_err_latch	RO	Statistics error count is latched at two instants. They are respectively at 256 cycles after link-up edge (instant #1) and right at link-down edge (instant #2). The latched values are stored in bit[23:16] for instant #1 and bit[31:24] for instant #2.	No	0000h

### 9.3.154 LTSSM 10 REGISTER – OFFSET 3B8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
19:0	CLKREQ_L Wait Time	RW	Once entering L1.1 power state, the port will deassert CLKREQ_L immediately. However, CLKREQ_L signal is an open-drain wire-or signal with the link partner. If the link partner does not deassert CLKREQ_L for a certain period of time, which is defined by CLKREQ_L Wait Time, the port will assert CLKREQ_L again to resume back to L1 state.  The CLKREQ_L wait time decides how long the switch will wait for CLKREQ_L being deasserted by the link partner. The unit is “10 ns”.  Reset to F_FF00h. It is about 10 ms.	Yes	F_FF00h
20	UPP_entry_L1ss	RW	When set, it disables up port for L1ss entry (only valid for up port)	Yes	0
21	DNP_entry_L1ss	RW	When set, it disables down port for L1ss entry (only valid for down port)	Yes	0
31:22	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000h

### 9.3.155 LTSSM 11 REGISTER – OFFSET 3BCh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Reserved	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0
2:1	TS1_chgrate_bit_num_reg	RW	Used to qualify the contiguous number of received TS1 having change-rate bit set in order to perform change rate action.	Yes	10b
3	poll_comp_exit_reg	RW	Used to control polling compliance exit.	Yes	0
6:4	loop_test_ctr_EIOS_reg	RW	Used to qualify the contiguous number of received EIOS in order to exit loopback state.	Yes	010b
7	Reserved	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0
15:8	PM_RXEDILE_cnt_reg	RW	Used to qualify the contiguous number of RXEDILE cycles to ensure the link entering low power state.	Yes	01h
31:16	LTSSM.CFG state internal setting	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	9C49h

### 9.3.156 LTSSM 12 REGISTER – OFFSET 3C0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	DIS_HW_auto_bit	RW	0b: honor hardware autonomous speed bit in link control 2 register 1b: ignore hardware autonomous speed bit in link control 2 register	Yes	0
1	UPP_hot_reset	RW	0b: upstream port cannot send hot reset until entering recovery state 1b: upstream port cannot send hot reset until entering hot reset state	Yes	0
2	Reserved	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0
3	PM_check_ RXEIDLE	RW	When set, PM will exit low power state if RXEIDLE is deasserted.	Yes	0
7:4	Out_RXEIDLE_sel	RW	The following selection bits are valid for link at GEN3 speed.  bit[4]: when clear, FTS packet will infer RXEIDLE deasserted. bit[5]: when clear, TS1 packet will infer RXEIDLE deasserted. bit[6]: when clear, TS2 packet will infer RXEIDLE deasserted. bit[7]: when clear, EIOS packet will infer RXEIDLE deasserted.	Yes	1000b
15:8	PM_check_ RXEIDLE_cnt	RW	When bit[3] is set, this counter represents the cycle of numbers RXEIDLE being deasserted for leaving low power state.	Yes	1Fh
23:16	Reserved	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	06h
24	ACK_NAK_ checking_reg	RW	0b: check ACK or NAK is received when L0 entering L1 1b: no need to receive ACK or NACK for entering L1 from L0	Yes	0
25	EQ_start_ctrl_reg	RW	0b: get coefficient does not need LTSSM moving to EQ state 1b: get coefficient requiring LTSSM stayed in EQ state	Yes	0
26	DIS_increase_LNK WIDTH_Coef_reg	RW	When linkwidth is increased, the coefficient values for the extra lanes can be acquired from the following way.  0b: get coefficient for redoing EQ once 1b: copy coefficient from the exiting lanes	Yes	0
28:27	RX_EIOS_ctrl_reg	RW	When changing rate, this register decides the number of EIOS being received in order to move into recovery lock state.	Yes	00b
31:29	TX_EIOS_ctrl_reg	RW	When changing rate, this register represents the number of EIOS sent to the link partner.	Yes	100b

### 9.3.157 LTSSM 13 REGISTER – OFFSET 3C4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	TX_IDLE_data_num	RW	Specify IDLE data number being sent to link partner before entering L0.	Yes	08h
11:8	RX_IDLE_data_num	RW	Specify IDLE data number being received from link partner before entering L0.	Yes	8h
12	EN_Poll2Loop_reg	RW	0b: disable polling state to loopback even if loopback bit is set in TS 1b: enable polling state to loopback if loopback bit is set in TS	Yes	0
14:13	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	10b
15	Forced at Gen 3	RW	Forced the downstream port trying to link at Gen 3 speed if the link partner reports Gen 3 link capability.  0b: no trying (i.e. linked at whatever speed per standard flow) 1b: keep trying to change rate to Gen 3 until it is successful	Yes	0
31:16	Reserved	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	1806h

### 9.3.158 LTSSM 14 REGISTER – OFFSET 3C8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	Lane_sel_cnt	RW	Select lane number to show its EQ negotiated preset value.	Yes	0h
7:4	Reserved	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
9:8	PME_to_ACK_timer	RW	Applied to upstream port only. PME to ACK response will be sent from upstream port if the following timer expired once not all downstream ports respond PME to ACK.  00b: 1ms 01b: 2ms 10b: 10ms 11b: 12ms	Yes	00b
10	Cross_tile_Info_reg	RW	Link events such as link-up, link-down and RXEIDLE exchange between tiles.  0b: delivered only when link events change 1b: delivered link event regularly for every 500ms	Yes	0
19:11	Reserved	RW	Internal use only	Yes	0-0b
20	Direct_hot_reset_reg	RW	Control the behavior for entering hot reset when the link is at recovery  0b: go back to L0 and then enter recovery before moves to hot-reset 1b: directly go to hot-reset from recovery state	Yes	0
23:21	Recovery_TS2_cnt	RW	Control the behavior for Recovery.CFG jumping to Recovery.IDLE Specify the additional number of TS2 sent to link partner for above state change	Yes	000b
27:24	EQ_number_req	RO	Request link partner to set the desired EQ preset value	No	0h
31:28	EQ_number_ack	RO	Acknowledge link partner to set the preset value at transmitter	No	0h

### 9.3.159 LTSSM 15 REGISTER – OFFSET 3CCh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	PWR_Saving_ctrl	RW	Used to enable power saing function at empty port.  0b: disable power saving function at empty port 1b: enable power saving function at empty port	Yes	0
1	ASPM_RX_L0s_ctrl	RW	Control the behavior of ASPM RX exits L0s state  0b: follow the normal procedure going back to L0 1b: go to recovery state if TS is received even no FTS observed	Yes	0
3:2	Reserved	RW	Internal use only	Yes	00
7:4	DIS_EQ_Reject	RW	During EQ negotiation in process, it has chance to reject the coefficient change request from link partner  When any bit of DIS_EQ_Reject[7:4] is set, the reject function for the corresponding item is disabled.	Yes	0h
23:8	Reserved	WO	Internal use only	Yes	0000h
31:24	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h

### 9.3.160 DLL CSR 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 420h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
11:0	GEN1_ACK_LATENCY_CTRL	RW	bit[11]: enable user-defined function bit[10:0]: userdefined ACK latency value for GEN1 speed	Yes	800h for up 000h for down
15:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h
16	BLOCK_BUMP_DET	RO	Block list for retry buffer has been used up. Internal use only.	No	0
27:17	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0b
28	TLP_NO_EOF_ERR_DFT	RO	Detecting TLP has no end of frame. Internal use only.	No	0
29	TLP_HEADER_ERR_DET	RO	Detecting header of TLP is wrong. Internal use only.	No	0
30	FIFO_LTH_ERR_ABORT_DET	RO	Detecting TLP is abort. Internal use only.	No	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31	FIFO_LTH_ERR_DET	RO	Detecting total length of TLP is wrong. Internal use only.	No	0

### 9.3.161 DLL CSR 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 424h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
11:0	GEN2_ACK_LATENCY_CTRL	RW	Bit[11]: enable user-defined function Bit[10:0]: user defined ACK latency value for GEN2 speed	Yes	800h for up 000h for down
15:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h
16	BLOCK_BUMP_DET	RO	Block list for retry buffer has been used up. Internal use only.	No	0
27:17	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0b
28	TLP_NO_EOF_ERR_DFT	RO	Detecting TLP has no end of frame. Internal use only.	No	0
29	TLP_HEADER_ERR_DET	RO	Detecting header of TLP is wrong. Internal use only.	No	0
30	FIFO_LTH_ERR_ABORT_DET	RO	Detecting TLP is abort. Internal use only.	No	0
31	FIFO_LTH_ERR_DET	RO	Detecting total length of TLP is wrong. Internal use only.	No	0

### 9.3.162 DLL CSR 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 428h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
11:0	GEN3_ACK_LATENCY_CTRL	RW	Bit[11]: enable user-defined function Bit[10:0]: user defined ACK latency value for GEN2 speed	Yes	800h for up 000h for down
15:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h
16	BLOCK_BUMP_DET	RO	Block list for retry buffer has been used up. Internal use only.	No	0
27:17	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0b
28	TLP_NO_EOF_ERR_DFT	RO	Detecting TLP has no end of frame. Internal use only.	No	0
29	TLP_HEADER_ERR_DET	RO	Detecting header of TLP is wrong. Internal use only.	No	0
30	FIFO_LTH_ERR_ABORT_DET	RO	Detecting TLP is abort. Internal use only.	No	0
31	FIFO_LTH_ERR_DET	RO	Detecting total length of TLP is wrong. Internal use only.	No	0

### 9.3.163 DLL CSR 3 REGISTER – OFFSET 42Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
11:0	GEN1_REPLAY_TIMER_CTRL	RW	User-defined replay timeout value for GEN1.	Yes	000h
12	User_define_GEN1_REPLAY_TIMER	RW	0b: disable user-defined replay timer for GEN1 1b: enable user-defined replay timer for GEN1	Yes	0b
21:13	retry buffer threshold for 128	RW	Used to set retry buffer threshold for MPS equals to 128.	Yes	1F1h
30:22	retry buffer threshold for 256	RW	Used to set retry buffer threshold for MPS equals to 256.	Yes	1F0h
31	tx ready non valid error by transaction layer	RW1C	Internal use only.	Yes	0

### 9.3.164 DLL CSR 4 REGISTER – OFFSET 430h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
11:0	GEN2_REPLAY_TIMER_CTRL	RW	User-defined replay timeout value for GEN2.	Yes	000h
12	User_define_GEN2_REPLAY_TIMER	RW	0b: disable user-defined replay timer for GEN1 1b: enable user-defined replay timer for GEN1	Yes	0b
21:13	retry buffer threshold for 512	RW	Used to set retry buffer threshold for MPS equals to 512.	Yes	1E0h
23:22	External dlp_tx_block_ctrl	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	11b
31:24	Internal dlp_tx_block_ctrl	RW	Internal use only	Yes	FBh

### 9.3.165 DLL CSR 5 REGISTER – OFFSET 434h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
11:0	GEN3_REPLAY_TIMER_CTRL	RW	User-defined replay timeout value for GEN2.	Yes	000h
12	User_define_GEN3_REPLAY_TIMER	RW	0b: disable user-defined replay timer for GEN1 1b: enable user-defined replay timer for GEN1	Yes	0b
13	reserved	RO	Not support	No	0b
15:14	Loopback synchronous signal	RO	Internal use only.	No	0h
27:16	Loopback error count	RW1C	Recording errors when the port is operating master loopback function. Write one tobit 16 write can clear the count.	No	0h
29:28	DLP TX control	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	01b
30	Loopback insert error	RW	User inserts 1-bit error into loopback bitstream.	Yes	0b
31	Loopback packet start	RW	Start loopback packet transmission.	Yes	0b

### 9.3.166 DLL CSR 6 REGISTER – OFFSET 438h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
6:0	INI_FLOW_CTRL	RW	bit[2:0]: The number of firing initial flow control DLLP after getting flow control DLLP from link partner bit[3]: enable user-defined for bit[2:0] bit[4]: enable initial flow control 1 transferred to initial flow control 2 before receiving any TLP or initial flow control 2 bit[5]: enable initial flow control 2 transferred to initial done before receiving any TLP bit[6]: enable initial flow control to initial done before receiving any good TLP or update flow control	Yes	70h
7	INI_FLOW2_EN	RW	When set, the value of initial flow control 2 is recorded.	Yes	0
8	Dis_replaytimer_rx	RW	Used to disable Replay timer counting in RX L0s.	Yes	1
9	Dis_replaytimer_tx	RW	Used to disable Replay timer counting in TX L0s.	Yes	0
10	En_duplicate_seq_nak	RW	Used to enable duplicated sequence number for NAK.	Yes	0
11	En_bypass_flowctrl	RW	Used to bypass initial flow control 1 to DL_UP.	Yes	1
12	Rx_polarity_force_en	RW	Used to enable manual RX polarity control.	Yes	0
15:13	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
31:16	Rx_polarity_value	RW	Used to set rx polarity value for 16 lanes manually.	Yes	0000h

### 9.3.167 DLL CSR 7 REGISTER – OFFSET 43Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
8:0	DLL_DEBUG_SEL	RW	Data link layer debug select. Internal use only.	Yes	0_0b

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
9	DLL Error Enable	RW	Used to enable or disable DLL 16-bit LCRC Error report to AER. 0b: disable 1b: enable	Yes	1
10	TLP Error Enable	RW	Used to enable or disable TLP 32-bit LCRC Error report to AER. 0b: disable 1b: enable	Yes	1
11	DLL Protocol Error Enable_Disable	RW	Used to enable or disable DLL Protocol Error report to AER. 0b: disable for P1~P7 and enable for P0 and P4 1b: enable for P1~P7 and disable for P0 and P4	Yes	1
12	Receive Error Enable	RW	Used to enable or disable Receive Error (eg. Framing error) to AER. 0b: disable 1b: enable	Yes	1
16:13	MAC ERR extend control	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	7h
18:17	EIOS amount control	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	00b
24:19	DLL rx control	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	7h
29:25	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0h
31:30	Loopback mode status	RO	Indicate loopback mode status. Internal use only.	No	00b

### 9.3.168 DLL CSR 8 REGISTER – OFFSET 440h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
12:0	ERR_CTRL	RW	bit[0]: EIEOS error status enable bit[1]: SKIP on data stream error status enable bit[2]: NFTS error status enable bit[3]: SKIP framing error status enable bit[4]: GEN3 logical idle error status enable bit[5]: EDS token to get FTS error status enable bit[6]: GEN3 FCRC error status enable bit[7]: GEN3 EDB token error status enable bit[8]: GEN3 TLP framing error status enable bit[9]: TLP Framing check enable bit[10]: GEN1/2 TLP framing error status error enable bit[11]: GEN1/2 PAD framing error status enable bit[12]: GEN1/2 SDP framing error status enable	Yes	000h
13	GEN1/2_framing_err_en	RW	Enable GEN1/2 framing error detect.	Yes	0
14	Recovery_enable_for_err_detect	RW	Enable Recovery for all detected PHY errors..	Yes	1
15	Recovery_for_replay_rollover	RW	Enable Replay rollover entering recovery.	Yes	1
16	GEN3_sync_header_err_detect	RW	Enable GEN3 synchronous header error detect.	Yes	1
17	PHY_err_detect_en	RW	PHY status error detection enabled.	Yes	1
18	GEN3_skip_back2_back_err_detect	RW	Enable GEN3 SKIP back 2 back error detect.	Yes	0
19	Elastic_buf_overrun_detect	RW	Enable Elastic buffer overrun detect.	Yes	0
20	Elastic_buf_underrun_detect	RW	Enable Elastic buffer underrun detect.	Yes	0
21	GEN3_decode_error_detect	RW	Enable GEN3 decode error detect.	Yes	0
22	Recovery_lane_detect_error_en	RW	Enable Recovery for Lane detect error.	Yes	1
23	Recovery_ordered_set_error_en	RW	Enable Recovery for ordered set error.	Yes	0
31:24	Recovery_rx_error_amount	RW	Enable Recovery if RX status error amount is met.	Yes	03h

### 9.3.169 DLL CSR 9 REGISTER – OFFSET 444h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	GEN3_FC_LIFE_CTRL_POST	RW	bit[15]: user-defined update flow control life cycle enable for post credit bit[14]: reserved bit[13:2]: user-defined update flow control life cycle value for post credit bit[1:0]: reserved	Yes	0000h
31:16	GEN2_1_FC_LIFE_CTRL_POST	RW	bit[15]: user-defined update flow control life cycle enable for post credit bit[14]: reserved bit[13:2]: user-defined update flow control life cycle value for post credit bit[1:0]: reserved	Yes	0000h

### 9.3.170 DLL CSR 10 REGISTER – OFFSET 448h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	GEN3_FC_LIFE_CTRL_NP	RW	bit[15]: user-defined update flow control life cycle enable for non-post credit bit[14]: reserved bit[13:2]: user-defined update flow control life cycle value for non-post credit bit[1:0]: reserved	Yes	0000h
31:16	GEN2_1_FC_LIFE_CTRL_NP	RW	bit[15]: user-defined update flow control life cycle enable for non-post credit bit[14]: reserved bit[13:2]: user-defined update flow control life cycle value for non-post credit bit[1:0]: reserved	Yes	0000h

### 9.3.171 DLL CSR 11 REGISTER – OFFSET 44Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	GEN3_FC_LIFE_CTRL_CPL	RW	bit[15]: user-defined update flow control life cycle enable for completion credit bit[14]: reserved bit[13:2]: user-defined update flow control life cycle value for completion credit bit[1:0]: reserved	Yes	0000h
31:16	GEN2_1_FC_LIFE_CTRL_CPL	RW	bit[15]: user-defined update flow control life cycle enable for completion credit bit[14]: reserved bit[13:2]: user-defined update flow control life cycle value for completion credit bit[1:0]: reserved	Yes	0000h

### 9.3.172 DLL CSR 12 REGISTER – OFFSET 450h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	SKIP_LFSR_CTRL	RW	Use LFSR value embedded in SKP OS for descrambling when linked at GEN3.	Yes	1
1	tlp_payload_ignore_check	RW	Ignore TLP payload checking.	Yes	0
2	x16_tlp_back2back_count_reset	RW	1b: clear x16 TLP back 2 back counter 0b: enable x16 TLP back 2 back counter Internal use only.	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3	Force_disable_tlp_send	RW	Force to disable TLP sending when TLP retry buffer is empty.	Yes	1
6:4	GEN3_de-skew_reset_count	RW	GEN3 de-skew reset count. Internal use only.	Yes	111b
7	GEN3_RX_EIDLE_en	RW	GEN3 RX Electrical Idle enable for data valid or not.	Yes	1
10:8	GEN1/2_de-skew_reset_count	RW	GEN1/2 de-skew reset count. Internal use only.	Yes	111b
27:11	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0050h
31:28	x16_tlp_back2back_counter	RO	x16 TLP back 2 back counter. Use bit 2 to clear. Internal use only.	Yes	0h

### 9.3.173 DLL CSR 13 REGISTER – OFFSET 454h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	NULLIFIED_FLAG	RO	Nullified TLP detected.	No	0
1	ENDING_FLAG	RO	Ending of TLP is not consistent with total received length.	No	0
2	SEQ_NUM_ERR_DET	RO	Sequence number is wrong.	No	0
3	BUFFER_FULL_DET	RO	Retry buffer is full.	No	0
4	Reserved	RO	Not support.	No	0
5	Reserved	RO	Not support.	No	0
6	REPLAY_DET	RO	Replay timeout is detected.	No	0
7	CRC16_DET	RO	CRC error of SDP is detected.	No	0
8	CRC32_DET	RO	CRC error of TLP is detected.	No	0
9	CRC32_NULL_DET	RO	Nullified CRC of TLP is detected.	No	0
11:10	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
14:12	RX PM ACK Number	RW	Used to set the number of received PM ACK packets before entering power down state. The range is from 0 to 6.	Yes	011b
15	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	1
18:16	TX PM ACK Number	RW	Used to send the number of PM ACK packets . The range is from 0 to 6.	Yes	000b
31:19	Reserved	RsvdP	If the link is x16, the default value is 03E3h. Otherwise, the default value is 01E3h. Internal use only.	No	03E3h or 01E3h

### 9.3.174 DLL CSR 14 REGISTER – OFFSET 458h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
11:0	RX_NAK_SEQ_NUM	RO	NAK sequence number recorded for the last received TLP.	Yes	000h
14:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
15	RX_NAK_FLAG	RO	NAK flag is asserted for receiver.	No	0
27:16	TX_NAK_SEQ_NUM	RO	NAK sequence number recorded for the last transmitted TLP.	Yes	000h
30:28	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
31	TX_NAK_FLAG	RO	NAK flag is asserted for transmitter.	No	0

### 9.3.175 DLL CSR 15 REGISTER – OFFSET 45Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Nullified Enable	RW	When set, it enables to generate nullified packet when condition is met.	Yes	1
1	Data Link Layer reset	RW1C	Reset the data link layer.	Yes	0



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2	TLP EOP Type	RW	Internal use only. 0b: TLP EOP is decided by calculating length when writing to buffer. 1b: TLP EOP is decided by the received length	Yes	0
3	Enable Block List Full Selection	RW	Internal use only. TLP Block list full select enabled. Please refer to 470[30:24] for selected values.	Yes	0
7:4	RXFIFOReceive Threshold Value	RW	RXFIFO receive threshold value. When reaching to threshold, the credit is not updated until the RXFIFO is under threshold.	Yes	8h
8	x16 Low Latency Enable	RW	x16 low latency enable when REFCLK is in common mode.	Yes	0
9	x16 Synchronous Mode	RW	x16 Tx synchronous enable when REFCLK is in common mode.	Yes	0
12:10	GEN1_FTS_skew_Range_value	RW	GEN1 FTS skew range value.	Yes	011b
15:13	GEN2_FTS_skew_Range_value	RW	GEN2 FTS skew range value.	Yes	001b
19:16	GEN1_de-skew_range_value	RW	GEN1 de-skew range value.	Yes	Ch
23:20	GEN2_de-skew_range_value	RW	GEN2 de-skew range value.	Yes	Ch
27:24	GEN3_de-skew_range_value	RW	GEN3 de-skew range value.	Yes	Ch
28	L0 State and Non valid for Surprise disconnect	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0
29	Port Bifurcation enable	RW	When set, it enables port bifurcation function.	Yes	0
30	SKIP_precedence_select_en	RW	SKIP is unconditionally selected over DLP even though there is still room for transmitting DLP in data block.	Yes	0
31	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0

### 9.3.176 DLL CSR 16 REGISTER – OFFSET 460h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	DLL_TX_DEBUG_i	RO	Internal use only.	No	0000_0070h

### 9.3.177 DLL CSR 17 REGISTER – OFFSET 464h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	DLL_RX_DEBUG_i	RO	Internal use only.	No	0000_0000h

### 9.3.178 DLL CSR 18 REGISTER – OFFSET 468h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	MAC_TX_DEBUG_i	RO	Internal use only.	No	0098_0029h

### 9.3.179 DLL CSR 19 REGISTER – OFFSET 46Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	MAC_RX_DEBUG_i	RO	Internal use only.	No	0000_0000h

### 9.3.180 LA DEBUG REGISTER – OFFSET 470h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	initial flow control 2	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	1011b
4	flow control life cycle synchronous	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0
5	initial flow control 2 expire enable	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0
6	GEN3 auto change lane width	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	1
7	de-skew delay time disable	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	1
31:8	msic	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	7000_00h

### 9.3.181 TL CSR 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 4C0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	VGA_Decode	RW	0b: disable VGA decode 1b: enable VGA decode	Yes	1
1	MSI_CAP_DIS	RO	PCI Message Signaling Interrupt Capability. 0b: enable MSI capability 1b: disable MSI capability	Yes	0
2	PM_CAP_DIS	RO	PCI Power Management Capability 0b: enable power management capability 1b: disable power management capability	Yes	0
3	MF_Credit_update_DIS	RO	Credit upate option once Malformed TLP is received. Internal use only.	Yes	0
4	MC_CAP_DIS	RO	PCI Multi-cast Capability. 0b: enable multicast capability 1b: disable multicast capability	Yes	0
5	MEM_Sharing_DIS	RO	Disable memory sharing function of ingress buffer. 0b: enable memory sharing 1b: disable memory sharing  It is set by Port 0 or Port4 only. When set, all the ports in one group will be affected.	Yes	0
7:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
8	Pin_INTA_Slot	RW	Enable INTA pin function for slot status change. Internal use only.	Yes	0
9	Pin_INTA_GPIO	RW	Enable INTA pin function for GPIO event. Internal use only.	Yes	0
10	Pin_INTA_CDEP	RW	Enable INTA pin function for CDEP event. Internal use only.	Yes	0
11	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
13:12	Initial Credit Advertisement	RO	Initial Credit Advertised to the link partner. 00b: full credits 01b: 3 quarters of full credits 10b: half credits 11b: one quarer of full credits	Yes	00b
31:14	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.3.182 TL CSR 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 4C4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Store_Forward_en	RW	When set, a store-forward mode is used. Otherwise, the chip is operating under cut-through mode.  It is set by Port 0 or Port4 only.	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:1	cut-through threshold	RW	Cut-through Threshold. 00b: the threshold is set at the middle of forwarding packet 01b: the threshold is set ahead 1-cycle of middle point 10b: the threshold is set ahead 2-cycle of middle point 11b: the threshold is set ahead 3-cycle of middle point	Yes	100b
4	port_arb_mode	RW	When set, the round-robin arbitration will stay in the arbitrated port even if the credit is not enough but request is pending. When clear, the round-robin arbitration will always go to the requesting port, whose outgoing credit is enough for the packet queued in the port.	Yes	0
5	Port_order	RW	When set, there is a strict ordering rule on packets for different egress port.  It is set by Port 0 or Port4 only.	Yes	0
6	CPL_order	RW	When set, there is a strict ordering rule between completion packet with different tag.  It is set by Port 0 or Port4 only.	Yes	0
7	NP_store_forward_en	RW	When set, a store-forward mode is used for Non-post TLP. Otherwise, the Non-post TLP is operating under cut-through mode.  It is set by Port 0 or Port4 only.	Yes	0
8	Reserved	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0
9	datasel_rw_en	RO	When set, PM data register's DATA SEL field can be R/W.	Yes	0
10	Reserved	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0
11	4k_boundary_check_en	RW	0b: disable 4KB boundary checking 1b: enable 4KB boundary checking	Yes	0
12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
13	order_rule5_en	RW	Enable ordering rule #5. When set, the post packet cannot pass non-post Packet.  It is set by Port 0 or Port4 only.	Yes	0
14	Strict_ordering_P	RW	When set, the post packets will follow strict ordering.  It is set by Port 0 or Port4 only.	Yes	0
15	Strict_ordering_NP	RW	When set, the non-post packets will follow strict ordering.  It is set by Port 0 or Port4 only.	Yes	1
16	TLP Poisoned	RW	When set, the received TLP with data poison will be dropped.	Yes	0
17	TLP ECRC Error	RW	When set, the received TLP with ECRC error will be dropped.	Yes	0
18	TLP MC overlay ECRC Error	RW	When set, the received TLP MC overlay with ECRC error will be dropped.	Yes	0
31:19	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.3.183 TL CSR 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 4C8h (Port0 only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1:0	Reserved	RO	Internal use only	Yes	00
2	Power_saving_en	RO	When set power saving mode is enabled.  It is set by Port 0 only. When set, it will affect the entire tile.	Yes	1
4:3	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	10
5	Egress_tlp_request_mode	RW	Control egress TLP behavior.  0b: egress TLP is pending until transmitter ready 1b: egress TLP is back off if transmitter is not ready	Yes	0
6	Read Tracking mode	RW	Control read tracking behavior.  0b: emulate transmitter is ready 1b: does not emulate	Yes	0
7	Reserved	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0
31:8	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b

### 9.3.184 TL CSR 3 REGISTER – OFFSET 4CCh (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	VP port Ring Control	RO	Bit[0]: Reserved  Bit[1]: Ready signal for VP port ring data crossing tile-boundary 0b: ready signal is asserted all the time 1b: ready signal is only asserted only when ring request is served  Bit[2]: Control VP port ring source arbiter returning to idle state 0b: ring request is served and no new ring request is pending 1b: ring request is served no matter whether there is new ring request pending or not  Bit[3]: VP port ring buffer selection for buffer0 and buffer1 0b: buffer1 is chosen for producing request if buffer1 contains data 1b: buffer1 is chosen for producing request when buffer1 contains data and buffer0 is empty.	Yes	1010b
4	VP Port Cut-through control	RO	0b: VP port behaves following the bandwidth of upstream port 1b: VP port behaves like GEN3 x16	Yes	0
5	Reserved	RsvdP	Internal use only.	No	0
31:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0h

### 9.3.185 TL CSR 4 REGISTER – OFFSET 4D0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
23:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00_0000h
31:24	specific TL debug mode_sel	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	00h

### 9.3.186 DEVICE CONFIGURATION 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 504h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2:0	UP_Port_SEL_P	RO	Select one upstream port among all ports. For multi-tile device, the selected port number must be the same for all tiles, otherwise it will cause unexpected result.  It is valid for transparent mode only.	Yes	000b
5:3	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
6	Chip CD Mode	RO	Used to enable CD mode for the whole chip.  1b: enable Chip CD mode (i.e. switch operates in cross-domain mode) 0b: disable Chip CD mode (i.e. switch operates in transparent mode)  All tiles should be configured with the same setting if the switch is a multi-tile device.  Note: If the chip CD mode of master tile is enabled, the chip CD mode for the rest of all slave tiles are required to be enabled as well, even though there is no CDEP or CDBR ports configured in that slave tile.	Yes	0
7	Smbus Enable	RO	Used to set <a href="#">SMBUS_EN_L</a> strap pin.  0b: I2C 1b: SMBUS	Yes	Set by <a href="#">SMBUS_EN_L</a>
10:8	I2C/Smbus Address	RO	Used to set <a href="#">I2C_ADDRESS[2:0]</a> strap pins.	Yes	Set by <a href="#">I2C_ADDRESS[2:0]</a>
11	Debug_Mode	RO	0b: disable debug mode 1b: enable debug mode	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C- SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0h

### 9.3.187 DEVICE CONFIGURATION 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 508h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
4:2	PORTCFG	RO	Used to set <a href="#">PORTCFG_x[2:0]</a> strap pins.	Yes	Set by <a href="#">PORTCFG_x[2:0]</a>
6:5	Chip Mode	RO	Used to set <a href="#">CHIPMODE[1:0]</a> strap pins.	Yes	Set by <a href="#">CHIPMODE[1:0]</a>
7	Fast Mode	RO	0b: disable fast mode 1b: enable fast mode for internal use only	Yes	0
8	Ckmode	RO	Used to set <a href="#">CKMODEx</a> strap pin.	Yes	Set by <a href="#">CKMODEx</a>
31:9	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b

### 9.3.188 DEVICE CONFIGURATION 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 50Ch (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
1	HotPlug_Enable	RO	Used to enable/disable for hot plug functions. 0b: disable 1b: enable	Yes	Set by <a href="#">HOT_PLUG_ENx_L</a>
2	Surprise_Hot_Plug_Disable	RO	Used to select surprise or managed hot plug function. 0b: surprise hot plug 1b: managed hot plug	No/Yes	Set by <a href="#">SURPRISE_HP_0</a> (Tile 0) 1 (Tile 1)
3	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
4	Pm_L1_SS_Enable	RO	Used to enable/disable PM L1 sub-state function. 0b: disable 1b: enable	Yes	Set by <a href="#">PM_L1_ENx_L</a>
7:5	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	111b
8	CLKBUF_PD	RO	Used to power down internal clock buffer. 0b: power on 1b: power down	Yes	Set by <a href="#">CLKBUFPD_x_L</a>
13:9	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000000b
14	P0_RID_Auto_Set	RO	Used to set RID table being automatically built and maintained by the switch hardware in CDVEP of master tile.	Yes	0b
15	P4_RID_Auto_Set	RO	Used to set RID table being automatically built and maintained by the switch hardware in CDLEP Port 4.	Yes	1b
17:16	Tile CD Mode	RO	Used to configure CDEP Port per tile  0x: No CDEP ports configured in this tile 10: one CDEP port configured in this tile (a) One CDVEP port if it is master tile (b) One CDLEP port if it is slave tile 11: Two CDEP port configured in this tile (a) One CDVEP port and One CDLEP port if it is a master tile (b) Two CDLEP ports if it is a slave tile  The setting in Tile CD Mode can be ignored if Chip CD Mode is disabled.	Yes	00b

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
19:18	DMA Mode	RO	Used to configure DMA Mode for this switch.  0xb: DMA functions are disabled in this switch 10b: DMA functions are enabled under its own main or local hosts Tile CD Mode = 0x: DMA functions are at P0 only Tile CD Mode = 11: DMA functions are at P0 and P4 respectively 11b: DMA function only enabled under the main host domain and DMA functions are enabled at P0 only	Yes	00b
20	CLKBUF_CTL_EN	RO	Used to enable all internal clock buffer outputs	Yes	0
21	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
22	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
23	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
31:24	CLKBUF_Output_EN	RO	Used to enable/disable internal clock buffer outputs REFCLKOP/N[7:0]  0b: disable 1b: enable  These bits are valid when bit[20]=1.	Yes	FFh

### 9.3.189 DEVICE CLOCK EXTERNAL CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 510h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	EE_Ext_Pclk_Req	RO	Device Ext_Pclk_Req Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0000h
19:16	EE_Mplla_Force_En	RO	Device Mplla_Force_En Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0h
23:20	EE_Ref_Use_Pad	RO	Device Ref_Use_Pad_Enable Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0h
27:24	EE_Ref_Repeat_Clk_En	RO	Device Ref_Repeat_Clk_Enable Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0h
28	EE_Phy_Control_En	RO	Device Phy Clock External Control Enable from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
29	Valid for bit[19:16]	RO	1b: bit[19:16] are valid.	Yes/No	0
30	Valid for bit[23:20]	RO	1b: bit[23:20] are valid.	Yes/No	0
31	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0

### 9.3.190 DEVICE SRIS MODE EXTERNAL CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 514h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	lane 0_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 0_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
1	lane 1_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 1_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
2	lane 2_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 2_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
3	lane 3_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 3_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
4	lane 4_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 4_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
5	lane 5_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 5_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
6	lane 6_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 6_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
7	lane 7_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 7_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
8	lane 8_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 8_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
9	lane 9_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 9_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
10	lane 10_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 10_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
11	lane 11_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 11_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
12	lane 12_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 12_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
13	lane 13_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 13_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
14	lane 14_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 14_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
15	lane 15_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 15_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
30:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
31	Sris External Control En	RO	Device Sris External Control Enable.	Yes/No	0

### 9.3.191 DEVICE COMM REFCLK MODE EXTERNAL CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 518h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	lane 0_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 0_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
1	lane 1_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 1_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
2	lane 2_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 2_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
3	lane 3_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 3_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
4	lane 4_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 4_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
5	lane 5_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 5_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
6	lane 6_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 6_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
7	lane 7_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 7_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
8	lane 8_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 8_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
9	lane 9_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 9_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
10	lane 10_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 10_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
11	lane 11_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 11_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
12	lane 12_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 12_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
13	lane 13_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 13_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
14	lane 14_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 14_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
15	lane 15_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 15_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
30:16	Rsvrd	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
31	Cmn_Refclk_Mode External Control En	RO	Device Common Refclk Mode External Control Enable. Bit[15:0] can only take effect when bit[31] is set	Yes/No	0

### 9.3.192 INTERNAL USE REGISTER – OFFSET 51Ch (TEST PURPOSE)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Reserved	RO	Internal use only	No	0-0h

### 9.3.193 INTERNAL USE REGISTER – OFFSET 520h (TEST PURPOSE)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Reserved	RO	Internal use only	No	0-0h

### 9.3.194 INTERNAL USE REGISTER – OFFSET 524h (TEST PURPOSE)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Reserved	RO	Internal use only	No	0-0h

### 9.3.195 EXTERNAL LOOPBACK PRBS CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 528h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1:0	Lane 3-0 PRBS Rate	RW	Choose Lane 3-0 PRBS Rate. 00b: GEN1 01b: GEN2 10b: GEN3 11b: Reserved	Yes	00b
3:2	Lane 7-4 PRBS Rate	RW	Choose Lane 7-4 PRBS Rate. 00b: GEN1 01b: GEN2 10b: GEN3 11b: Reserved	Yes	00b
5:4	Lane 11-8 PRBS Rate	RW	Choose Lane 11-8 PRBS Rate. 00b: GEN1 01b: GEN2 10b: GEN3 11b: Reserved	Yes	00b
7:6	Lane 15-12 PRBS Rate	RW	Choose Lane 15-12 PRBS Rate. 00b: GEN1 01b: GEN2 10b: GEN3 11b: Reserved	Yes	00b
8	Lane 3-0 PRBS Rate Enable	RW	When enabled, Lane 3-0 is set to PRBS rate as indicated in bit[1:0] to run loopback test.  Please note an external test fixture must be provided to loopback TX to RX. Also, please follow PRBS Appnote to set TXEQ PRESET value at GEN3 speed through CR interface.	Yes	0
9	Lane 7-4 PRBS Rate Enable	RW	When enabled, Lane 7-4 is set to PRBS rate as indicated in bit[3:2] to run loopback test.  Please note an external test fixture must be provided to loopback TX to RX. Also, please follow PRBS Appnote to set TXEQ PRESET value at GEN3 speed through CR interface.	Yes	0
10	Lane 11-8 PRBS Rate Enable	RW	When enabled, Lane 11-8 is set to PRBS rate as indicated in bit[5:4] to run loopback test.  Please note an external test fixture must be provided to loopback TX to RX. Also, please follow PRBS Appnote to set TXEQ PRESET value at GEN3 speed through CR interface.	Yes	0
11	Lane 15-12 PRBS Rate Enable	RW	When enabled, Lane 15-12 is set to PRBS rate as indicated in bit[7:6] to run loopback test.  Please note an external test fixture must be provided to loopback TX to RX. Also, please follow PRBS Appnote to set TXEQ PRESET value at GEN3 speed through CR interface.	Yes	0
31:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0h

### 9.3.196 PHY SRAM PROGRAM 0 REGISER – OFFSET 52Ch (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	PHY SRAM DATA	RO	PHY SRAM DATA.	Yes/No	0000h
31:16	PHY SRAM OFFSET	RO	PHY SRAM OFFSET.	Yes/No	0000h



### 9.3.197 PHY SRAM PROGRAM 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 530h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	PHY SRAM Program Enable	RO	Start PHY SRAM Program.	Yes/No	0
1	PHY SRAM Program Done	RO	Finish PHY SRAM Program.	Yes/No	0
31:2	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.3.198 FAILOVER CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 534h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
1	DIS_DNP_hotreset	RW	Used to disable hot-reset generation to the downstream port once upstream port link down event occurs 0b: enable 1b: disable	Yes	0
2	EN_UPP_keep_enum	RW	Used to enable upstream port having enumeration data kept intact if upstream port link down event occurs 0b: disable 1b: enable	Yes	0
31:3	Reserved	ResvP	Not support.	No	0-0b

### 9.3.199 THERMAL SENSOR INT MASK AND STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 538h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2:0	thermal sensor 2~0 status	RW1C	Thermal sensor 2~0 status.	Yes	000b
15:3	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
18:16	thermal sensor 2~0 interrupt mask	RW	Thermal sensor 2~0 interrupt mask.	Yes	111b
31:19	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b

### 9.3.200 THERMAL SENSOR CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 53Ch (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Thermal Sensor 0 Status	RO	When set, it indicates the temperature of sensor 0 is over the threshold.	No	0b
1	Thermal Sensor 1 Status	RO	When set, it indicates the temperature of sensor 1 is over the threshold.	No	0b
2	Thermal Sensor 2 Status	RO	When set, it indicates the temperature of sensor 2 is over the threshold.	No	0b
23:3	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h
25:24	Thermal Sensor 0 Threshold	RW	Used to set the threshold temperature of sensor 0. 00b:110 01b:120 10b:130 11b:140	Yes	0
27:26	Thermal Sensor 1 Threshold	RW	Used to set the threshold temperature of sensor 1. 00b:110 01b:120 10b:130 11b:140	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
29:28	Thermal Sensor 2 Threshold	RW	Used to set the threshold temperature of sensor 2. 00b:110 01b:120 10b:130 11b:140	Yes	0
30	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
31	Auto Test Temp.	RW	Used to set Thermal Sensor burst test Enable.	Yes	0

### 9.3.201 DEVICE ELASTIC BUFFER EMPTY MODE EXTERNAL CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 540h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	lane 0_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 0_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
1	lane 1_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 1_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
2	lane 2_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 2_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
3	lane 3_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 3_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
4	lane 4_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 4_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
5	lane 5_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 5_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
6	lane 6_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 6_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
7	lane 7_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 7_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
8	lane 8_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 8_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
9	lane 9_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 9_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
10	lane 10_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 10_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
11	lane 11_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 11_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
12	lane 12_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 12_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
13	lane 13_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 13_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
14	lane 14_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 14_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
15	lane 15_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 15_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM..	Yes/No	0
30:16	Rerved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
31	Eb_Empty_Mode Control En	RO	Eb Empty mode Control Enble. Bit[15:0] can only take effect when bit[31] is set	Yes/No	0

### 9.3.202 DEVICE MISC REGISTER – OFFSET 544h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	HW_Init_Load	RO	When set, the hardware is notified that EEPROM preloading is done. This bit must be set if external EEPROM programming is used	Yes/No	0
31:1	Rerved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b

**9.3.203 SWITCH DOMAIN MODE CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 558h (Port 0 Only)**

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Virtual Port configuration	RO	Internal use only.	Yes	Tile0:04h Tile1:01h
13:8	Broadcast index	RO	Internal use only	Yes	00_0011b
31:14	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

**9.3.204 BIFURCATION and PORT CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 55Ch (Port 0 Only)**

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Bifurcation_Enable	RO	Used to Enable Port Bifurcation function. By default, the bifurcation is performed automatically.	Yes	0b
1	Manual_Bifurcation	RO	Used to control port bifurcation according to bit[7:4] or bit[11:8]. For manual bifurcation, both of bit0 and bit1 must be set to “1”.	Yes	0b
3:2	Rerved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
7:4	Fix_116_result	RO	port_cfg set to 116 mode.  0000b: set bifurcation result to 116 0001b: set bifurcation result to 216 0010b: set bifurcation result to 316 0011b: set bifurcation result to 416 Others: Reserved	Yes	0h
11:8	Fix_416_result	RO	port_cfg set to 4444 mode.  0000b: set bifurcation result to 416(4444) 0001b: set bifurcation result to 516A(44422) 0010b: set bifurcation result to 516B(44224) 0011b: set bifurcation result to 516C(42244) 0100b: set bifurcation result to 516D(22444) 0101b: set bifurcation result to 616A(442222) 0110b: set bifurcation result to 616B(422422) 0111b: set bifurcation result to 616C(224422) 1000b: set bifurcation result to 616D(422224) 1001b: set bifurcation result to 616E(224224) 1010b: set bifurcation result to 616F(222244) 1011b: set bifurcation result to 716A(4222222) 1100b: set bifurcation result to 716B(2242222) 1101b: set bifurcation result to 716C(2222422) 1110b: set bifurcation result to 716D(2222224) 1111b: set bifurcation result to 816(2222222)	Yes	0
12	Port0_auto_bifu_En	RO	0b: auto bifurcation for port 0 is disabled 1b: auto bifurcation for port 0 is enabled	Yes	0
13	Port2_auto_bifu_En	RO	0b: auto bifurcation for port 2 is disabled 1b: auto bifurcation for port 2 is enabled	Yes	0
14	Port4_auto_bifu_En	RO	0b: auto bifurcation for port 4 is disabled 1b: auto bifurcation for port 4 is enabled	Yes	0
15	Port6_auto_bifu_En	RO	0b: auto bifurcation for port 6 is disabled 1b: auto bifurcation for port 6 is enabled	Yes	0
16	Port Clock control Enable	RW	Used to enable Port Clock control function.	Yes	0
23:17	Rerved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h
31:24	Port Clock Enable	RW	Used to set Port0~Port7 Port Clock Enable.  These bits are valid when bit[16]=1.	Yes	FFh

**9.3.205 PERFORMANCE COUNTER CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 56Ch**

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	counter_start_stop	RW	1b: performance counter start counting 0b: performace counter stop counting	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1	counter_clear	WO	1b: clear performance counter. It is valid when bit[4]=1 and is always read as 0b.	Yes	0
3:2	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
4	counter_enable	RW	1b: Performance counter is controlled by s/w (bit[0]) 0b: Performance counter is controlled by h/w (autorun)	No	0
31:5	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.3.206 INTERNAL USE REGISTER – OFFSET 570h (TEST PURPOSE)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Internal use only	No	0000_0000h

### 9.3.207 NIC CTRL 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 5A0h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Reserved	RW	Internal use only	No	00h
9:8	Cmd Arbiter Delay	RW	Specify the delay cycles for next command arbiter start.	Yes	00b
31:10	Reserved	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0000_000b

### 9.3.208 NIC CTRL 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 5A8h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1:0	NIC Router Arbiter Delay	RW	Delay cycles for next arbiter start.	Yes	00b
2	NIC Out Router Arbiter Delay	RW	Delay cycles for next arbiter start.	Yes	1
3	msic	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0
6:4	noc_buffer_empty for speed up	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	010b
7	nic_speed_up_en	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0
15:8	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h
18:16	Adaptive Weight RRPeriod	RW	The period for monitoring total Cross tile packet number of each port from tile-1 to master tile's VP port ,this is used for the Adaptive VP Port Weighting .  000b: 1000 001b: 3000 010b: 5000 011b: 7000 100b: 9000 101b: 11000 110b: 13000 111b: 15000  The uint is in 2ns cycle.	Yes	000b
21:19	Adaptive Weight Refinement	RW	A criterion for packet number issued from each port on cross tile to master tile's VP Port during the time period defined in bit[18:16]. If the number is less than the selected threshold, the VP port weight will be reduced by 1 due to this port not producing sufficient packets.  000b: 20 001b: 50 010b: 100 011b: 150 100b: 200 101b: 250 110b: 300 111b: 350	Yes	000b

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
22	phase_tag_arbiter_en	RW	0b: round robin arbitration with adaptive vp port weighting 1b: phase tag arbitrationInternal use.	Yes	0
23	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
28:24	phase_tag_timer	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0_0010b
31:29	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b

### 9.3.209 CR RW CTRL AND STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 5C0h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Write Enable for Lane 3-0	RW	Write enable bit for Lane 3-0.	No/Yes	0
1	Write Enable for Lane 7-4	RW	Write enable bit for Lane 7-4.	No/Yes	0
2	Write Enable for Lane 11-8	RW	Write enable bit for Lane 11-8.	No/Yes	0
3	Write Enable for Lane 15-12	RW	Write enable bit for Lane 15-12.	No/Yes	0
7:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h
8	Read Enable for Lane 3-0	RW	Read enable bit for Lane 3-0.	No/Yes	0
9	Read Enable for Lane 7-4	RW	Read enable bit for Lane 7-4.	No/Yes	0
10	Read Enable for Lane 11-8	RW	Read enable bit for Lane 11-8.	No/Yes	0
11	Read Enable for Lane 15-12	RW	Read enable bit for Lane 15-12.	No/Yes	0
15:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h
19:16	RW Ready Status	RO	Indicates whether Lane 3-0, Lane 7-4, Lane 11-8 or Lane 15-12 is ready for the Read or Write cycle.	No	1111h
31:20	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000h

Note: CR is an interface for accessing PHY internal registers directly.

### 9.3.210 CR CTRL 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 5C4h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Lane 3-0 Data	RW	Contains the Lane 3-0 register data.	Yes	0000h
31:16	Lane 3-0 Register	RW	Contains the Lane 3-0 register address.	Yes	0000h

### 9.3.211 CR CTRL 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 5C8h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Lane 7-4 Data	RW	Contains the Lane 7-4 register data.	Yes	0000h
31:16	Lane 7-4 Register	RW	Contains the Lane 7-4 register address.	Yes	0000h

### 9.3.212 CR CTRL 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 5CCh (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Lane 11-8 Data	RW	Contains the Lane 11-8 register data.	Yes	0000h
31:16	Lane 11-8 Register	RW	Contains the Lane 11-8 register address.	Yes	0000h

### 9.3.213 CR CTRL 3 REGISTER – OFFSET 5D0h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Lane 15-12 Data	RW	Contains the Lane 15-12 register data.	Yes	0000h
31:16	Lane 15-12 Register	RW	Contains the Lane 15-12 register address.	Yes	0000h

### 9.3.214 THERMAL SENSOR TEST REGISTER – OFFSET 5D4h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	Thermal Sensor Test Access Control	RW	Select Thermal Sensor Test Items.	Yes	0h
5:4	Thermal Sensor Macro Select	RW	Select Thermal Sensor Macro for Test. 00b: thermal Sensor 0 01b: thermal Sensor 1 10b: thermal Sensor 2 11b: reserved	Yes	00b
6	Software Digital Test Mode	RW	Digital Test Enable. 0b: disable 1b: enable	Yes	0
7	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
8	Digital Test Status	RO	Indicate Success or Fail Status of Digital Test. 0b: fail 1b: success	No	0
9	Digital Test Mode 8 Status	RO	Indicate Success or Fail Status of Digital Test Mode 8. 0b: fail 1b: success	No	0
10	Digital Test Mode 9 Status	RO	Indicate Success or Fail Status of Digital Test Mode 9. 0b: fail 1b: success	No	0
14:11	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h
15	Digital Test Done	RO	Thermal Sensor Digital Test Done Status. 0b: test no complete 1b: test complete	No	0
16	EEPROM Single Read	RW	Internal use only.	No	0
31:17	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

### 9.3.215 THERMAL SENSOR CTRL 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 5D8h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Thermal Sensor Burst Run	RW	Get Thermal Result periodically. 0b: OFF 1b: ON	Yes	0
1	Thermal Sensor Single Run	RW	Get Thermal Result Once. 0b: OFF 1b: ON	Yes	0
2	Thermal Sensor Power Down	RW	Turn off Thermal Sensor. 0b: disable power down 1b: enable power down	Yes	0
7:3	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0b
19:8	Thermal Sensor Conversion Data Output	RO	Thermal Sensor Results.	No	000h
22:20	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
23	Thermal Sensor Conversion Done	RO	Get Thermal Sensor Result Done. 0b: conversion not complete 1b: conversion complete	No	0
31:24	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h

**9.3.216 THERMAL SENSOR CTRL 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 5DCh (Port 0 Only)**

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Thermal Sensor Burst Run	RW	Get Thermal Result periodically. 0b: OFF 1b: ON	Yes	0
1	Thermal Sensor Single Run	RW	Get Thermal Result Once. 0b: OFF 1b: ON	Yes	0
2	Thermal Sensor Power Down	RW	Turn off Thermal Sensor. 0b: disable power down 1b: enable power down	Yes	0
7:3	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0b
19:8	Thermal Sensor Conversion Data Output	RO	Thermal Sensor Result.	No	000h
22:20	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
23	Thermal Sensor Conversion Done	RO	Get Thermal Sensor Result Done. 0b: conversion not complete 1b: conversion complete	No	0
31:24	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h

**9.3.217 THERMAL SENSOR CTRL 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 5E0h (Port 0 Only)**

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Thermal Sensor Burst Run	RW	Get Thermal Result periodically. 0b: OFF 1b: ON	Yes	0
1	Thermal Sensor Single Run	RW	Get Thermal Result Once. 0b: OFF 1b: ON	Yes	0
2	Thermal Sensor Power Down	RW	Turn off Thermal Sensor. 0b: disable power down 1b: enable power down	Yes	0
7:3	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0b
19:8	Thermal Sensor Conversion Data Output	RO	Thermal Sensor Result.	No	000h
22:20	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
23	Thermal Sensor Conversion Done	RO	Get Thermal Sensor Result Done. 0b: conversion not complete 1b: conversion complete	No	0
31:24	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h

**9.3.218 INGRESS COMPLETION TLP PACKET COUNT[31:0] REGISTER – OFFSET 600h**

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Ingress Completion TLP Packet Count [31:0]	RC	Records received completion TLP packet count[31:0].	No	0000_0000h

### 9.3.219 INGRESS COMPLETION TLP PACKET COUNT[47:32] REGISTER – OFFSET 604h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Ingress Completion TLP Packet Count [47:32]	RC	Records received completion TLP packet count[47:32].	No	0000h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

### 9.3.220 INGRESS COMPLETION TLP PAYLOAD BYTE COUNT[31:0] REGISTER – OFFSET 608h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Ingress Completion TLP Payload Byte Count Count[31:0]	RC	Records received completion TLP payload byte count[31:0].	No	0000_0000h

### 9.3.221 INGRESS COMPLETION TLP PAYLOAD BYTE COUNT[47:32] REGISTER – OFFSET 60Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Ingress Completion TLP Payload Byte Count[47:32]	RC	Records received completion TLP payload byte count[47:32].	No	0000h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

### 9.3.222 INGRESS POST TLP PACKET COUNT[31:0] REGISTER – OFFSET 610h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Ingress Post TLP Packet Count[31:0]	RC	Records received post TLP packet count[31:0].	No	0000_0000h

### 9.3.223 INGRESS POST TLP PACKET COUNT[47:32] REGISTER – OFFSET 614h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Ingress Post TLP Packet Count[47:32]	RC	Records received post TLP packet count[47:32].	No	0000h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

### 9.3.224 INGRESS POST TLP PAYLOAD BYTE COUNT[31:0] REGISTER – OFFSET 618h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Ingress Post TLP Payload Byte Count [31:0]	RC	Records received post TLP payload byte count[31:0].	No	0000_0000h



### 9.3.225 INGRESS POST TLP PAYLOAD BYTE COUNT[47:32] REGISTER – OFFSET 61Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Ingress Post TLP Payload Byte Count [47:32]	RC	Records received post TLP payload byte count[47:32].	No	0000h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

### 9.3.226 INGRESS BAD TLP PACKET COUNT[31:0] REGISTER – OFFSET 620h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Ingress Error TLP Payload Byte Count [31:0]	RC	Records received error TLP packet count bit[31:0]. The counter is increased by one as receiving a TLP contaminated with errors that are enabled in <a href="#">Ingress error counter enable register at offset 67Ch</a>	No	0000_0000h

### 9.3.227 INGRESS NON-POST TLP PACKET COUNT[31:0] REGISTER – OFFSET 628h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Ingress Non-Post TLP Packet Count [31:0]	RC	Records received non-post TLP packet count[31:0].	No	0000_0000h

### 9.3.228 INGRESS NON-POST TLP PACKET COUNT[47:32] REGISTER – OFFSET 62Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Ingress Non-Post TLP Packet Count [47:32]	RC	Records received non-post TLP packet count[47:32].	No	0000h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

### 9.3.229 EGRESS COMPLETION TLP PACKET COUNT[31:0] REGISTER - OFFSET 630h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Egress Completion TLP Packet Count [31:0]	RC	Records transmit completion TLP packet count[31:0].	No	0000_0000h

### 9.3.230 EGRESS COMPLETION TLP PACKET COUNT[47:32] REGISTER – OFFSET 634h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Egress Completion TLP Packet Count [47:32]	RC	Records transmit completion TLP packet count[47:32].	No	0000h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

### 9.3.231 EGRESS COMPLETION TLP PAYLOAD BYTE COUNT[31:0] REGISTER – OFFSET 638h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Egress Completion TLP Payload Byte Count[31:0]	RC	Records transmit completion TLP payload byte count[31:0].	No	0000_0000h

### 9.3.232 EGRESS COMPLETION TLP PAYLOAD BYTE COUNT[47:32] REGISTER – OFFSET 63Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Egress Completion TLP Payload Byte Count[47:32]	RC	Records transmit completion TLP payload byte count[47:32].	No	0000h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

### 9.3.233 EGRESS POST TLP PACKET COUNT[31:0] REGISTER – OFFSET 640h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Egress Post TLP Packet Count[31:0]	RC	Records transmit post TLP packet count[31:0]	No	0000_0000h

### 9.3.234 EGRESS POST TLP PACKET BYTE COUNT[47:32] REGISTER – OFFSET 644h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Egress Post TLP Packet Count[47:32]	RC	Records transmit post TLP packet count[47:32].	No	0000h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

### 9.3.235 EGRESS POST TLP PAYLOAD BYTE COUNT[31:0] REGISTER – OFFSET 648h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Egress Post TLP Payload Byte Count [31:0]	RC	Records transmit post TLP payload byte count[31:0].	No	0000_0000h

### 9.3.236 EGRESS POST TLP PAYLOAD BYTE COUNT[47:32] REGISTER – OFFSET 64Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Egress Post TLP Payload Byte Count [47:32]	RC	Records transmit post TLP payload byte count[47:32].	No	0000h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

**9.3.237 EGRESS ERROR TLP PACKET COUNT[15:0] REGISTER – OFFSET 650h**

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Egress Error TLP Payload Byte Count [15:0]	RC	Records transmit error TLP packet count[15:0].  A switch internal error such as ECC non-correctable error is detected when the packet reaches an egress port.	No	0000h

**9.3.238 EGRESS ERROR TLP PAYLOAD BYTE COUNT[47:32] REGISTER – OFFSET 654h**

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Egress Error TLP Payload Byte Count [47:32]	RC	Records transmit error TLP payload byte count[47:32].	No	0000h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

**9.3.239 EGRESS NON-POST TLP PACKET COUNT[31:0] REGISTER – OFFSET 658h**

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Egress Non-Post TLP Packet Count [31:0]	RC	Records transmit non-post TLP packet count[31:0].	No	0000_0000h

**9.3.240 EGRESS NON-POST TLP PACKET COUNT[47:32] REGISTER – OFFSET 65Ch**

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Egress Non-Post TLP Packet Count[47:32]	RC	Records transmit non-post TLP packet count bit[47:32].	No	0000h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

**9.3.241 TL/DLL/MAC/PHY ERROR TYPE SEL REGISTER – OFFSET 660h**

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Reg_664h_Sel	RW	bit[1:0]: Reg_664h_Sel_Type 00b... Reg_664h_Sel[7:2] are used as dll_mac_err_sel_0[5:0] 01b... Reg_664h_Sel[7:2] are used as tl_err_sel_0[5:0] 10b... Reg_664h_Sel[7:2] are used as noc_err_sel_0[5:0] 11b...Reserved  dll_mac_err_sel_x[5:0] (x=0, 1 or 2): 00h... seq_err 01h... fcfail_retrain 02h... retry_buffer_full 03h... retry_buffer_ecc_one_bit_error 04h... retry_buffer_ecc_two_bit_error 05h... tx_nullify 06h... replay_timer_expired 07h... replay_no_roll_over 08h... retrain_link 09h... nack_seq_err 0Ah... tlp_tx_fifo_length_error (tlp tx protocol error (redundant sof/eof, length error...))	Yes	FEh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Reg_664h_Sel	RW	<p>dll_mac_err_sel_x[5:0] (x=0, 1 or 2):            0Bh... tlp tx fifo abort            0Ch... tlp tx header error            0Dh... tlp tx no EOF error            0Eh... crc16 error            0Fh... crc32 error            10h... nullify crc detect            11h... receive packet abort(tlp_rx_abort = 1)            12h... receive nack            13h... framing error            14h... retrain link            15h... recv_ts_speed_change            16h... recv_hot_reset_bit            17h... recv_disable_link            18h... recv_loopback            19h... recv_dis_screamb            1Ah... recv_comp            1Bh... goto retrain by MAC            1Ch... goto retrain by DUT LTSSM            1Dh... goto retrain by root            1Eh... PHY status error            1Fh~3Eh... reserved            3Fh... wire or errors that corresponding mask bit set to 0 in            TL/DLL/MAC/PHY ERROR MASK 0 Register.</p> <p>tl_err_sel_x[5:0] (x=0, 1 or 2):            00h...TL_ERR_STA[0]            01h...TRAIN_ERR_SET            02h...DLLP_ERR_SET            03h...RX_ERR_SET            04h...BAD_TLP_SET            05h...BAD_DLLP_SET            06h...REPLAY_ROLLOVER_SET            07h...REPLAY_TIMEOUT_SET            08h...UR_ERR_SET_all            09h...ECRC_ERR_SET_all            0Ah...MF_TLP_ERR_SET_all            0Bh...RX_OVERFLOW_SET            0Ch...UC_STS_SET_all            0Dh...FC_ERR_SET_all            0Eh...POISON_TLP_SET_all            0Fh... TL_ECC[0] (P/NP/CPLD buffer 1 bit ecc error OR)            10h... TL_ECC[1] (P/NP/CPLD buffer 1 bit ecc error OR)            11h~12h... Reserved            13h... TL_ERR_STA[1]            14h... TL_ERR_STA[2]            15h... TL_ERR_STA[3]            16h~3Eh... Reserved            3Fh...wire or errors that corresponding mask bit set to 0 in  <a href="#">TL/DLL/MAC/PHY ERROR MASK 0 Register.</a></p> <p>noc_err_sel_x[5:0] (x=0, 1 or 2):            00h~01h... r_buffer one/two bit ecc error            02h~03h... v_buffer one/two bit ecc error            04h~05h... l_buffer one/two bit ecc error            06h~07h... d_buffer one/two bit ecc error            08h~09h... dma noc r_buffer one/two bit ecc error            0Ah~0Bh... dma noc v_buffer one/two bit ecc error            0Ch~0Dh... dma noc l_buffer one/two bit ecc error            0Eh~0Fh... dma noc d_buffer one/two bit ecc error            10h~1Dh... reserved            1Eh... eeprom_done            1Fh... strapin_transfer_time_out            20h~3Eh... reserved            3Fh... wire or errors that corresponding mask bit set to 0 in  <a href="#">TL/DLL/MAC/PHY ERROR MASK 0 Register.</a></p>	Yes	FEh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:8	Reg_668h_Sel	RW	bit[1:0]: Reg_668h_Sel_Type. 00b... Reg_668h_Sel[15:10] are used as dll_mac_err_sel_1[5:0] 01b... Reg_668h_Sel[15:10] are used as tl_err_sel_1[5:0] 10b... Reg_668h_Sel[15:10] are used as noc_err_sel_1[5:0] 11b...Reserved  If Reg_668h_Sel[15:10] = 3Fh, wire or errors that corresponding mask bit set to 0 in <a href="#">TL/DLL/MAC/PHY ERROR MASK 1 Register</a> .	Yes	FDh
23:16	Reg_66Ch_Sel	RW	bit[1:0]: Reg_66Ch_Sel_Type. 00b... Reg_66Ch_Sel[23:18] are used as dll_mac_err_sel_2[5:0] 01b... Reg_66Ch_Sel[23:18] are used as tl_err_sel_2[5:0] 10b... Reg_66Ch_Sel[23:18] are used as noc_err_sel_2[5:0] 11b...Reserved  If Reg_66Ch_Sel[23:18] = 3Fh, wire or errors that corresponding mask bit set to 0 in <a href="#">TL/DLL/MAC/PHY ERROR MASK 2 Register</a> .	Yes	FCh
31:24	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h

### 9.3.242 TL/DLL/MAC/PHY ERROR COUNT 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 664h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	TL/DLL/MAC/PHY Error Count 0	RW1C	TL/DLL/MAC/PHY Error count 0.	Yes	0000h

### 9.3.243 TL/DLL/MAC/PHY ERROR COUNT 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 668h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	TL/DLL/MAC/PHY Error Count 1	RW1C	TL/DLL/MAC/PHY Error count 1.	Yes	0000h

### 9.3.244 TL/DLL/MAC/PHY ERROR COUNT 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 66Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	TL/DLL/MAC/PHY Error Count 2	RW1C	TL/DLL/MAC/PHY Error count 2.	Yes	0000h

### 9.3.245 TL/DLL/MAC/PHY ERROR MASK 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 670h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Reg_664 Error Mask	RW	For reg_664_sel[7:2]==6'h3f error mask purpose.	Yes	FFF0_0000h

### 9.3.246 TL/DLL/MAC/PHY ERROR MASK 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 674h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Reg_668 Error Mask	RW	For reg_668_sel[7:2]==6'h3f error mask purpose.	Yes	FB3F_C1FFh

### 9.3.247 TL/DLL/MAC/PHY ERROR MASK 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 678h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Reg_66C Error Mask	RW	For reg_66C_sel[7:2]==6'h3f error mask purpose.	Yes	BFFB_389Fh

### 9.3.248 INGRESS ERROR COUNTER ENABLE REGISTER – OFFSET 67Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Training Error Enable	RW	When set, the Training Error event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
2	MWR Error Enable	RW	When set, the Memory write error event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	1
3	MRD Error Enable	RW	When set, the Memory read clpd error event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	1
4	Data Link Protocol Error Enable	RW	When set, the Data Link Protocol Error event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
5	Surprise Down Error Enable	RW	When set, Surprise Down Error event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
11:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	Yes	0
12	Poisoned TLP Enable	RW	When set, an event of Poisoned TLP is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
13	Flow Control Protocol Error Enable	RW	When set, the Flow Control Protocol Error event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
14	Completion Timeout Enable	RW	When set, the Completion Timeout event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
15	Completer Abort Enable	RW	When set, the Completer Abort event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
16	Unexpected Completion Enable	RW	When set, the Unexpected Completion event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
17	Receiver Overflow Enable	RW	When set, the Receiver Overflow event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
18	Malformed TLP Enable	RW	When set, an event of Malformed TLP is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
19	ECRC Error Enable	RW	When set, an event of ECRC Error is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
20	Unsupported Request Error Enable	RW	When set, the Unsupported Request event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
21	ACS Violation Enable	RW	When set, the ACS Violation event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
22	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	Yes	0
23	MC Blocked TLP Enable	RW	When set, the MC Blocked TLP event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
24	AtomicOp Egress Blocked Enable	RW	When set, the AtomicOp Egress Blocked event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
25	Bad TLP Enable	RW	When set, the event of Bad TLP has been received is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
26	Bad DLLP Enable	RW	When set, the event of Bad DLLP has been received is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
27	REPLAY_NUM Rollover Enable	RW	When set, the REPLAY_NUM Rollover event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
28	Replay Timer Timeout Enable	RW	When set, the Replay Timer Timeout event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
29	Advisory Non-Fatal Error Enable	RW	When set, the Advisory Non-Fatal Error event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
30	One bit ECC Error Enable	RW	When set, the One-bit ECC Error event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
31	Two bit ECC Error Enable	RW	When set, the Two-bit ECC Error event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	1

### 9.3.249 TRIGGER 1 MASK REGISTER – OFFSET 700h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Trigger 1 Mask	RW	1b: enable corresponding <a href="#">offset 708h</a> bits	Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.3.250 TRIGGER 2 MASK REGISTER – OFFSET 704h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Trigger 2 Mask	RW	1b: enable corresponding offset <a href="#">70Ch</a> bits	Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.3.251 PATTERN 1 SETTING REGISTER – OFFSET 708h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Pattern 1 Setting	RW	Set bit[31:0] pattern to match internal selected debug_out[31:0] by <a href="#">offset 710h</a> .	Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.3.252 PATTERN 2 SETING REGISTER – OFFSET 70Ch (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Pattern 2 Setting	RW	Set bit[31:0] pattern to match internal selected debug_out[31:0] by <a href="#">offset 714h</a> .	Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.3.253 TRIGGER 1 DEBUG\_OUT MODE SELECTION REGISTER – OFFSET 710h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
4:0	Mode 1 Setting	RW	Used as debug_out mode_sel[4:0].  When <a href="#">offset 390h</a> .bit[31]=0 (embedded LA) bit[4]=0, used for MAC debug out signals bit[4]=1 and bit[3:0]=0~14 are used for TLP debug out signals bit[4]=1 and bit[3:0]=15 are used for power saving debug signals  When <a href="#">offset 390h</a> .bit[31]=1 (LTSSM flow) bit[4] is used to reset read/write counter	Yes	0_0000b
7:5	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
13:8	Trigger 1 port Selection	RW	Used to set trigger 1 port.	Yes	00_0000b
31:14	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0h

### 9.3.254 TRIGGER 2 DEBUG\_OUT MODE SELECTION REGISTER – OFFSET 714h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
4:0	Mode 2 Setting	RW	Used as debug_out mode_sel[4:0].	Yes	0_0000b
7:5	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
13:8	Trigger 2 port selection	RW	Used to set trigger 2 port.	Yes	00_0000b
31:14	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0h

### 9.3.255 TRIGGER 1 AND/OR CONDITION SELECTION REGISTER – OFFSET 718h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	And/Or Select 1	RW	0b: OR logical for trigger 1 1b: AND logical for trigger 1	Yes	1
31:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0h

### 9.3.256 TRIGGER 2 AND/OR CONDITION SELECTION REGISTER – OFFSET 71Ch (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	And/Or Select 2	RW	0b: OR logical for trigger 1 1b: AND logical for trigger 1	Yes	1
31:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0h

### 9.3.257 TRIGGER SELECT REGISTER – OFFSET 720h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2:0	Trigger Select	RW	000b: select <a href="#">offset 708h</a> trigger pattern as trigger 001b: select <a href="#">offset 70Ch</a> trigger pattern as trigger 010b: select <a href="#">offset 708h</a> and <a href="#">70Ch</a> trigger patterns as trigger 011b: select <a href="#">offset 708h</a> or <a href="#">70Ch</a> trigger pattern as trigger 100b: if <a href="#">offset 708h</a> match then go to <a href="#">offset 70Ch</a> trigger pattern Others: Reserved	Yes	000b
7:3	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0b
10:8	External port trigger	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	000b
31:11	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0h

### 9.3.258 TRIGGER POSITION SELECT REGISTER – OFFSET 724h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
6:0	Trigger Position Select	RW	Used to select the trigger address, where 00h is from header (0%) and 7Fh is ending (100%).	Yes	20h
31:7	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0h

### 9.3.259 TRIGGER COUNTER SETTING REGISTER – OFFSET 72Ch (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	Counter	RW	Used to set trigger amount when trigger achieves the trigger count.	Yes	0h
31:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_000h

### 9.3.260 TRIGGER START REGISTER – OFFSET 730h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Trigger Start	RW	When set, start the trigger.	Yes	0
1	Debug_to_use_LA_en	RW	When set, enable debug to use LA.	Yes	0
15:2	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
29:16	Cycle Left	RO	Show how many cycles left.	No	3FFFh
31:30	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b

### 9.3.261 READ WAVEFORM DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 734h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Read Waveform Data	RO	Used to output embedded debug memory data.  Total 4096 cycles can be read and read out is in sequence from cycle 0. Each offset 734h read command will advance 1 cycle automatically.	No	0000_0000h



### 9.3.262 SAMPLE RATE SETTING REGISTER – OFFSET 738h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	Sample Rate Setting	RW	Used to set the embedded LA sampling rate. 0h: 500MHz sampling rate 1h: 250MHz sampling rate 2h: 125MHz sampling rate ...	Yes	0000_0000h
31:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.3.263 WAVEFORM OUTPUT PORT SELECT REGISTER – OFFSET 73Ch (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
5:0	Waveform Output Port Select	RW	Used to select which port's debug_out[31:0] can be dumped into embedded debug memory.	Yes	00_0000b
7:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
12:8	Waveform Output Model_Sel Select	RW	Used to select which model_sel[4:0] debug_out can be dumped into embedded debug memory.	Yes	0-0b
15:13	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
16	Switch Output Singal Source	RW	When set, it will switch debug_mode GPIO[31:0] output signal source from internal debug_out to debug memory stored debug_out data.	Yes	0
17	Enable User-Defined Mode	RW	When set, it will select internal debug_out port_sel/mode_sel to bit[5:0]/bit[12:8] port_sel/mode_sel value.	Yes	0
18	PORT_GOOD Setting	RW	When set, it will switch PORT_GOOD_L[7:0] output from original link status to internal error status.	Yes	0
31:19	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.3.264 WAVEFORM READ EVENT RESET REGISTER – OFFSET 748h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Back to waveform by CFG/I2C/SMBUS	WO	When set, the read point will back to the header of the waveform. Reading returns 0 always.	Yes	0
31:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.3.265 DUMP MEMORY TO GPIO RATE CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 74Ch (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	Dump Waveform to LA Sample Rate Setting	RW	Used to set the debug memory 32 bits data output to GPIO[31:0] rate. 0h: output to GPIO[31:0] as 500MHz clock rate 1h: output to GPIO[31:0] as 250MHz clock rate 2h: output to GPIO[31:0] as 125MHz clock rate ...	Yes	0h
31:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.3.266 DUMP WAVEFORM START REGISTER – OFFSET 750h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Dump Waveform Start	RW	When set, start to dump waveform to LA.	Yes	0
31:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.3.267 FREE RUN BUTTON REGISTER – OFFSET 754h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Free Run Button	RW	When set, debug memory will store pre-defined internal debug_out[31:0] data, and output to GPIO[31:0] automatically.	Yes	0
31:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.4 CDLEP CONFIGURATION REGISTERS

When the port of the Switch is set to operate at the cross-domain end point mode, it is represented by an Other Bridge that implementstype 0configuration space header. The following table details the allocation of the register fields of the PCI 2.3 compatible type 0 configuration space header.

Please be aware of those registers marked as port 0 only, which are defined for management purpose.

31 –24	23 – 16	15 – 8	7 –0	BYTE OFFSET
<a href="#">Device ID</a>		<a href="#">Vendor ID</a>		00h
<a href="#">Primary Status</a>		<a href="#">Command</a>		04h
<a href="#">Class Code</a>		<a href="#">Revision ID</a>		08h
Reserved	<a href="#">Header Type</a>	<a href="#">Primary Latency Timer</a>	<a href="#">Cache Line Size</a>	0Ch
<a href="#">BAR 0</a>				10h
<a href="#">BAR 1</a>				14h
<a href="#">BAR 2</a>				18h
<a href="#">BAR 3</a>				1Ch
<a href="#">BAR 4</a>				20h
<a href="#">BAR 5</a>				24h
Reserved				28h
<a href="#">SSID</a>		<a href="#">SSVID</a>		2Ch
Reserved				30h
Reserved		<a href="#">Capability Pointer to 40h</a>		34h
Reserved				38h
Reserved		<a href="#">Interrupt Pin</a>	<a href="#">Interrupt Line</a>	3Ch
<a href="#">Power Management Capabilities</a>		<a href="#">Next Item Pointer=48h</a>	<a href="#">Capability ID=01h</a>	40h
<a href="#">PM Data</a>	<a href="#">PPB Support Extensions</a>	<a href="#">Power Management Data</a>		44h
<a href="#">Message Control</a>		<a href="#">Next Item Pointer=68h</a>	<a href="#">Capability ID=05h</a>	48h
<a href="#">Message Address</a>				4Ch
<a href="#">Message Upper Address</a>				50h
Reserved		<a href="#">Message Data</a>		54h
<a href="#">MSI Mask</a>				58h
<a href="#">MSI Pending</a>				5Ch
Reserved				60h – 64h
<a href="#">PCI Express Capabilities Register</a>		<a href="#">Next Item Pointer=A4h</a>	<a href="#">Capability ID=10h</a>	68h
<a href="#">Device Capabilities</a>				6Ch
<a href="#">Device Status</a>		<a href="#">Device Control</a>		70h
<a href="#">Link Capabilities</a>				74h
<a href="#">Link Status</a>		<a href="#">Link Control</a>		78h
<a href="#">Slot Capabilities</a>				7Ch
<a href="#">Slot Status</a>		<a href="#">Slot Control</a>		80h
Reserved				84h– 88h
<a href="#">Device Capabilities 2</a>				8Ch
<a href="#">Device Status 2</a>		<a href="#">Device Control 2</a>		90h
<a href="#">Link Capabilities 2</a>				94h
<a href="#">Link Status 2</a>		<a href="#">Link Control 2</a>		98h
<a href="#">Slot Capabilities 2</a>				9Ch
<a href="#">Slot Status 2</a>		<a href="#">Slot Control 2</a>		A0h
Reserved		<a href="#">Next Item Pointer=B0h</a>	<a href="#">SSID/SSVID</a> <a href="#">Capability ID=0Dh</a>	A4h
<a href="#">SSID</a>		<a href="#">SSVID</a>		A8h
Reserved				ACh
<a href="#">MSI-X Control</a>		<a href="#">Next Item Pointer=C8h</a>	<a href="#">MSI-X</a> <a href="#">Capability ID=11h</a>	B0h
<a href="#">MSI-X Table Offset / Table BIR</a>				B4h
<a href="#">MSI-X PBA Offset / PBA BIR</a>				B8h
Reserved				BCh – C4h
<a href="#">Length</a>		<a href="#">Next Item Pointer=00h</a>	<a href="#">Vendor Specific</a> <a href="#">Capability ID=09h</a>	C8h
Reserved				CCh - DCh
<a href="#">BAR 0 Configuration</a>				E0h
<a href="#">BAR 0-1 Configuration</a>				E4h

31 – 24	23 – 16	15 – 8	7 – 0	BYTE OFFSET
	<a href="#">BAR 2 Configuration</a>			E8h
	<a href="#">BAR 2-3 Configuration</a>			ECh
	<a href="#">BAR 4 Configuration</a>			F0h
	<a href="#">BAR 4-5 Configuration</a>			F4h
	Reserved			F8h - FCh

Other than the PCI 2.3 compatible configuration space header, the Switch also implements PCI express extended configuration space header, which includes advanced error reporting, virtual channel, and power budgeting capability registers. The following table details the allocation of the register fields of PCI express extended capability space header. The first extended capability always begins at offset 100h with a PCI Express Enhanced Capability header and the rest of capabilities are located at an offset greater than 0FFh relative to the beginning of PCI compatible configuration space.

31 – 24	23 – 16	15 – 8	7 – 0	BYTE OFFSET
<a href="#">Next Capability Offset=130h</a>	<a href="#">Cap. Version</a>	<a href="#">PCI Express Extended Capability ID=0001h</a>		100h
	<a href="#">Uncorrectable Error Status</a>			104h
	<a href="#">Uncorrectable Error Mask</a>			108h
	<a href="#">Uncorrectable Error Severity</a>			10Ch
	<a href="#">Correctable Error Status</a>			110h
	<a href="#">Correctable Error Mask</a>			114h
	<a href="#">Advanced Error Capabilities and Control</a>			118h
	<a href="#">Header Log Register 0</a>			11Ch
	<a href="#">Header Log Register 1</a>			120h
	<a href="#">Header Log Register 2</a>			124h
	<a href="#">Header Log Register 3</a>			128h
	Reserved			12Ch
<a href="#">Next Capability Offset=1A0h</a>	<a href="#">Cap. Version</a>	<a href="#">PCI Express Extended Capability ID=0002h</a>		130h
	<a href="#">Port VC Capability 1</a>			134h
<a href="#">VC Arbitration Table Offset=4h</a>		<a href="#">Port VC Capability 2</a>		138h
	<a href="#">Port VC Status</a>	<a href="#">Port VC Control</a>		13Ch
<a href="#">Port Arbitration Table Offset=5h</a>		<a href="#">VC Resource Capability Register (0)</a>		140h
	<a href="#">VC Resource Control Register (0)</a>			144h
	<a href="#">VC Resource Status Register (0)</a>	Reserved		148h
	Reserved			14Ch – 19Ch
<a href="#">Next Capability Offset=1B0h</a>	<a href="#">Cap. Version</a>	<a href="#">PCI Express Extended Capability ID=0003h</a>		1A0h
	<a href="#">Serial Number Lower DW</a>			1A4h
	<a href="#">Serial Number Upper DW</a>			1A8h
	Reserved			1ACh
<a href="#">Next Capability Offset=210h</a>	<a href="#">Cap. Version</a>	<a href="#">PCI Express Extended Capability ID=0004h</a>		1B0h
	Reserved		<a href="#">Data Select</a>	1B4h
	<a href="#">Power Budgeting Data</a>			1B8h
	Reserved		<a href="#">Power Budget Capability</a>	1BCh
	Reserved			1C0h - 20Ch
<a href="#">Next Capability Offset=2B0h</a>	<a href="#">Cap. Version</a>	<a href="#">PCI Express Extended Capability ID=0019h</a>		210h
	<a href="#">Link Control 3</a>			214h
	<a href="#">Lane Error Status</a>			218h
	<a href="#">Lane 1 Equalization Control</a>	<a href="#">Lane 0 Equalization Control</a>		21Ch
	<a href="#">Lane 3 Equalization Control</a>	<a href="#">Lane 2 Equalization Control</a>		220h
	Reserved		Reserved	224h
	Reserved		Reserved	228h
	<a href="#">Lane 5 Equalization Control</a>	<a href="#">Lane 4 Equalization Control</a>		22Ch
	<a href="#">Lane 7 Equalization Control</a>	<a href="#">Lane 6 Equalization Control</a>		230h
	Reserved		Reserved	234h
	Reserved		Reserved	238h
	Reserved			23Ch ~ 2ACh

31 - 24	23 - 16	15 - 8	7 - 0	BYTE OFFSET
<a href="#">Next Capability Offset=300h</a>	Cap. Version	<a href="#">PCI Express Extended Capability ID=001Eh</a>		2B0h
	<a href="#">L1 PM Substates Capability</a>			2B4h
	<a href="#">L1 PM Substates Control 1</a>			2B8h
	<a href="#">L1 PM Substates Control 2</a>			2BCh
	Reserved			2C0h ~ 2DCh
	<a href="#">CDEP Data 2</a>			2E0h
	Reserved			2E4h ~ 2FCh
<a href="#">Next Capability Offset=900h</a>	Cap. Version	<a href="#">PCI Express Extended Capability ID=000Bh</a>		300h
<a href="#">Vendor-Specific Length</a>	Revision	<a href="#">Vendor-Specific ID</a>		304h
	Reserved			308h
	Reserved			30Ch
	<a href="#">Debug Control (Port 0 Only)</a>			310h
	<a href="#">Debug Data (Port 0 Only)</a>			314h
	<a href="#">SMBUS Control and Status (Port 0 Only)</a>			318h
	<a href="#">GPIO 0-15 Direction Control (Port 0 Only)</a>			31Ch
	<a href="#">GPIO 16-31 Direction Control (Port 0 Only)</a>			320h
	<a href="#">GPIO Input De-bounce (Port 0 Only)</a>			324h
	<a href="#">GPIO 0-15 Input Data (Port 0 Only)</a>			328h
	<a href="#">GPIO 16-31 Input Data (Port 0 Only)</a>			32Ch
	<a href="#">GPIO 0-15 Output Data (Port 0 Only)</a>			330h
	<a href="#">GPIO 16-31 Output Data (Port 0 Only)</a>			334h
	<a href="#">GPIO 0-31 Interrupt Polarity (Port 0 Only)</a>			338h
	<a href="#">GPIO 0-31 Interrupt Status (Port 0 Only)</a>			33Ch
	<a href="#">GPIO 0-31 Interrupt Mask (Port 0 Only)</a>			340h
	Reserved			344h
	<a href="#">Operation Mode (Port 0 Only)</a>			348h
	<a href="#">Clock Buffer Control (Port 0 Only)</a>			34Ch
	Reserved			350h ~ 37Ch
	<a href="#">LTSSM CSR 0</a>			380h
	<a href="#">LTSSM CSR 1</a>			384h
	<a href="#">LTSSM CSR 2</a>			388h
	<a href="#">LTSSM CSR 3</a>			38Ch
	<a href="#">LTSSM 0</a>			390h
	<a href="#">LTSSM 1</a>			394h
	<a href="#">LTSSM 2</a>			398h
	<a href="#">LTSSM 3</a>			39Ch
	<a href="#">LTSSM 4</a>			3A0h
	<a href="#">LTSSM 5</a>			3A4h
	<a href="#">LTSSM 6</a>			3A8h
	<a href="#">LTSSM 7</a>			3ACh
	<a href="#">LTSSM 8</a>			3B0h
	<a href="#">LTSSM 9</a>			3B4h
	<a href="#">LTSSM 10</a>			3B8h
	<a href="#">LTSSM 11</a>			3BCh
	<a href="#">LTSSM 12</a>			3C0h
	<a href="#">LTSSM 13</a>			3C4h
	<a href="#">LTSSM 14</a>			3C8h
	<a href="#">LTSSM 15</a>			3CCh
	Reserved			3D0h ~ 41Ch
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 0</a>			420h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 1</a>			424h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 2</a>			428h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 3</a>			42Ch
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 4</a>			430h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 5</a>			434h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 6</a>			438h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 7</a>			43Ch
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 8</a>			440h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 9</a>			444h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 10</a>			448h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 11</a>			44Ch
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 12</a>			450h

31 – 24	23 – 16	15 – 8	7 – 0	BYTE OFFSET
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 13</a>			454h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 14</a>			458h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 15</a>			45Ch
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 16</a>			460h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 17</a>			464h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 18</a>			468h
	<a href="#">DLL CSR 19</a>			46Ch
	<a href="#">LA Debug</a>			470h
	Reserved			474h ~ 4BCCh
	<a href="#">TL CSR 0</a>			4C0h
	<a href="#">TL CSR 1</a>			4C4h
	<a href="#">TL CSR 2</a>			4C8h
	<a href="#">TL CSR 3 (Port 0 Only)</a>			4CCCh
	<a href="#">TL CSR 4</a>			4D0h
	Reserved			4D4h ~ 500h
	<a href="#">Device Configuration 0 (Port 0 Only)</a>			504h
	<a href="#">Device Configuration 1 (Port 0 Only)</a>			508h
	<a href="#">Device Configuration 2 (Port 0 Only)</a>			50Ch
	<a href="#">Device Clock External Control (Port 0 Only)</a>			510h
	<a href="#">Device SRIS Mode External Control (Port 0 Only)</a>			514h
	<a href="#">Device COMM Refclk Mode External Control (Port 0 Only)</a>			518h
	<a href="#">MBIST CFG Control (Port 0 Only)</a>			51Ch
	<a href="#">MBIST CFG Status (Port 0 Only)</a>			520h
	<a href="#">NOC BIST Control and Status (Port 0 Only)</a>			524h
	<a href="#">External Loopback PRBS Control (Port 0 Only)</a>			528h
	<a href="#">PHY SRAM Program 0 (Port 0 Only)</a>			52Ch
	<a href="#">PHY SRAM Program 1 (Port 0 Only)</a>			530h
	<a href="#">Failover Control Register (Port 0 Only)</a>			534h
	<a href="#">Thermal Sensor INT Mask and Status (Port 0 Only)</a>			538h
	<a href="#">Thermal Sensor Control (Port 0 Only)</a>			53Ch
	<a href="#">Device Elastic Buffer Empty Mode External Control (Port 0 Only)</a>			540h
	<a href="#">Device Misc (Port 0 Only)</a>			544h
	Reserved			548h ~ 554h
	<a href="#">Switch Domain Mode Control (Port 0 Only)</a>			558h
	<a href="#">Clock Buffer Control (Port 0 Only)</a>			55Ch
	Reserved			560h ~ 568h
	<a href="#">Performance Counter Control</a>			56Ch
	<a href="#">Internal Use</a>			570h
	Reserved			574h ~ 59Ch
	<a href="#">NIC_CTLR0 (Port 0 Only)</a>			5A0h
	Reserved			5A4h
	<a href="#">NIC_CTLR1 (Port 0 Only)</a>			5A8h
	Reserved			5ACh ~ 5BCh
	<a href="#">CR RW Ctrl and Status (Port 0 Only)</a>			5C0h
	<a href="#">CR_CTRL0 (port 0 Only)</a>			5C4h
	<a href="#">CR_CTRL1 (Port 0 Only)</a>			5C8h
	<a href="#">CR_CTRL2 (Port 0 Only)</a>			5CCh
	<a href="#">CR_CTRL3 (port 0 Only)</a>			5D0h
	<a href="#">Thermal Sensor Test (Port 0 Only)</a>			5D4h
	<a href="#">Thermal Sensor Ctrl 0 (Port 0 Only)</a>			5D8h
	<a href="#">Thermal Sensor Ctrl 1 (Port 0 Only)</a>			5DCh
	<a href="#">Thermal Sensor Ctrl 2 (Port 0 Only)</a>			5E0h
	Reserved			5E4h ~ 5FCh
	<a href="#">INGRESS Completion TLP Packet Count[31:0]</a>			600h
Reserved		<a href="#">INGRESS Completion TLP Packet Count[47:32]</a>		604h
	<a href="#">INGRESS Completion TLP Payload Byte Count[31:0]</a>			608h
Reserved		<a href="#">INGRESS Completion TLP Payload Byte Count[47:32]</a>		60Ch
	<a href="#">INGRESS Post TLP Packet Count[31:0]</a>			610h
Reserved		<a href="#">INGRESS Post TLP Packet Count[47:32]</a>		614h
	<a href="#">INGRESS Post TLP Payload Byte Count[31:0]</a>			618h
Reserved		<a href="#">INGRESS Post TLP Payload Byte Count[47:32]</a>		61Ch
	<a href="#">INGRESS Bad TLP Packet Count[31:0]</a>			620h
	Reserved			624h
	<a href="#">INGRESS Non-Post TLP Packet Count[31:0]</a>			628h

31 – 24	23 – 16	15 - 8	7 – 0	BYTE OFFSET
Reserved		<a href="#">INGRESS Non-Post TLP Packet Count[47:32]</a>		62Ch
	<a href="#">EGRESS Completion TLP Packet Count[31:0]</a>			630h
Reserved		<a href="#">EGRESS Completion TLP Packet Count[47:32]</a>		634h
	<a href="#">EGRESS Completion TLP Payload Byte Count[31:0]</a>			638h
Reserved		<a href="#">EGRESS Completion TLP Payload Byte Count[47:32]</a>		63Ch
	<a href="#">EGRESS Post TLP Packet Count[31:0]</a>			640h
Reserved		<a href="#">EGRESS Post TLP Packet Count[47:32]</a>		644h
	<a href="#">EGRESS Post TLP Payload Byte Count[31:0]</a>			648h
Reserved		<a href="#">EGRESS Post TLP Payload Byte Count[47:32]</a>		64Ch
Reserved		<a href="#">EGRESS Error TLP Packet Count[15:0]</a>		650h
	Reserved			654h
	<a href="#">EGRESSNon-Post TLP Packet Count[31:0]</a>			658h
Reserved		<a href="#">EGRESS Non-Post TLP Packet Count[47:32]</a>		65Ch
	<a href="#">TL/DLL/MAC/PHY Error Type Sel</a>			660h
	<a href="#">TL/DLL/MAC/PHY Error Count 0</a>			664h
	<a href="#">TL/DLL/MAC/PHY Error Count 1</a>			668h
	<a href="#">TL/DLL/MAC/PHY Error Count 2</a>			66Ch
	<a href="#">TL/DLL/MAC/PHY Error Mask 0</a>			670h
	<a href="#">TL/DLL/MAC/PHY Error Mask1</a>			674h
	<a href="#">TL/DLL/MAC/PHY Error Mask 2</a>			678h
	<a href="#">Ingress Error Counter Enable</a>			67Ch
	Reserved			680h ~ 6FCh
	<a href="#">Trigger 1 Mask (Port 0 Only)</a>			700h
	<a href="#">Trigger 2 Mask (port 0 Only)</a>			704h
	<a href="#">Pattern 1 Setting (Port 0 Only)</a>			708h
	<a href="#">Pattern 2 Setting (Port 0 Only)</a>			70Ch
	<a href="#">Trigger 1 Mode Setting (Port 0 Only)</a>			710h
	<a href="#">Trigger 2 Mode Setting (port 0 Only)</a>			714h
	<a href="#">Trigger 1 and/or Condition Selection (Port 0 Only)</a>			718h
	<a href="#">Trigger 2 and/or Condition Selection (Port 0 Only)</a>			71Ch
	<a href="#">Trigger Select (Port 0 Only)</a>			720h
	<a href="#">Trigger Position Select (Port 0 Only)</a>			724h
	Reserved			728h
	<a href="#">Trigger Counter Setting (Port 0 Only)</a>			72Ch
	<a href="#">Trigger Start (Port 0 Only)</a>			730h
	<a href="#">Read Waveform Data (Port 0 Only)</a>			734h
	<a href="#">Sample Rate Setting (Port 0 Only)</a>			738h
	<a href="#">Waveform Output Port Select (Port 0 Only)</a>			73Ch
	Reserved			740h
	Reserved			744h
	<a href="#">Waveform Read Event Reset (Port 0 Only)</a>			748h
	<a href="#">Dump Memory to GPIO Rate Control (Port 0 Only)</a>			74Ch
	<a href="#">Dump Waveform Start (Port 0 Only)</a>			750h
	<a href="#">Free Run Button (Port 0 Only)</a>			754h
	Reserved			758h ~ 8FCh
<a href="#">Next Capability Offset=000h</a>	<a href="#">Cap. Version</a>	<a href="#">PCI Express Extended Capability ID=000Bh</a>		900h
<a href="#">Vendor-Specific Length</a>	<a href="#">Revision</a>	<a href="#">Vendor-Specific ID</a>		904h
	<a href="#">BTR 0</a>			908h
	<a href="#">BTR 1</a>			90Ch
	<a href="#">BTR 4</a>			910h
	<a href="#">BTR 5</a>			914h
	<a href="#">Address LUT Access Address</a>			918h
	<a href="#">Address LUT Access Data 0</a>			91Ch
	<a href="#">Address LUT Address Data 1</a>			920h
	<a href="#">ID/Domain LUT 0 ~ 15</a>			924h ~ 960h
	Reserved			964h ~ 990h
	<a href="#">Captured Bus ID for Domain 0 to 3</a>			994h
	Reserved			998h ~ 9C0h
	<a href="#">Door Bell IRQ Set</a>			9C4h
	<a href="#">Door Bell IRQ Clear</a>			9C8h
	<a href="#">Door Bell IRQ Mask Set</a>			9CCh
	<a href="#">Door Bell IRQ Mask Clear</a>			9D0h
	Reserved			9D4h ~ 9E0h

31 – 24	23 – 16	15 - 8	7 – 0	BYTE OFFSET
<a href="#">Scratchpad 0 ~ 7</a>				9E4h - A00h
<a href="#">CDEP Data 0</a>				A04h
<a href="#">CDEP Data 1</a>				A08h
Reserved				A0Ch - A24h
<a href="#">Uncorrectable Fatal Error Link Reset</a>				A28h
<a href="#">SYNC. CDVEP Uncorrectable Error Status</a>				A2Ch
Reserved				A30h – A78h
<a href="#">Source ID Look-Up Table</a>				A80h – A9Ch
Reserved				AA0h – FFCh

#### 9.4.1 VENDOR ID REGISTER – OFFSET 00h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Vendor ID	RO	Identifies Diodes as the vendor of this device.	Yes	12D8h

#### 9.4.2 DEVICE ID REGISTER – OFFSET 00h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:16	Device ID	RO	Identifies this device as the PI7C9X3G1632.	Yes	C232h

#### 9.4.3 COMMAND REGISTER – OFFSET 04H

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	I/O Space Enable	RW	0b: ignores I/O transactions on the primary interface 1b: enables responses to I/O transactions on the primary interface	Yes	0
1	Memory Space Enable	RW	0b: ignores memory transactions on the primary interface 1b: enables responses to memory transactions on the primary interface	Yes	0
2	Bus Master Enable	RW	0b: does not initiate memory or I/O transactions on the upstream port and handles asan Unsupported Request (UR) to memory and I/O transactions on the downstream port. For Non-Posted Requests, a completion with UR completion status must be returned 1b: enables the Switch Port to forward memory and I/O Read/Write transactions in the upstream direction	Yes	0
3	Special Cycle Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
4	Memory Write And Invalidate Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
5	VGA Palette Snoop Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
6	Parity Error Response Enable	RW	0b: Switch may ignore any parity errors that it detects and continue normal operation 1b: Switch must take its normal action when a parity error is detected	Yes	0
7	Wait Cycle Control	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
8	SERR# enable	RW	0b: disables the reporting of Non-fatal and Fatal errors detected by the Switch to the Root Complex 1b: enables the Non-fatal and Fatal error reporting to Root Complex	Yes	0
9	Fast Back-to-Back Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
10	Interrupt Disable	RW	Controls the ability of a PCI Express device to generate INTx Interrupt Messages. In the Switch, this bit does not affect the forwarding of INTx messages from the downstream ports.	Yes	0
15:11	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0b



#### 9.4.4 PRIMARY STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 04H

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
18:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
19	Interrupt Status	RO	Indicates that an INTx Interrupt Message is pending internally to the device. In the Switch, the forwarding of INTx messages from the downstream device of the Switch port is not reflected in this bit. Must be hardwired to 0.	No	0
20	Capabilities List	RO	Set to 1b to enable support for the capability list (offset 34h is the pointer to the data structure).	Yes/No	1
21	66MHz Capable	RO	Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0.	No	0
22	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
23	Fast Back-to-Back Capable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
24	Master Data Parity Error	RW1C	Set to 1b (by a requester) whenever a Parity error is detected or forwarded on the primary side of the port in a Switch.  If the Parity Error Response Enable bit is cleared, this bit is never set.	No/Yes	0
26:25	DEVSEL# timing	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
27	Signaled Target Abort	RW1C	This bit is Set when the Secondary Side for Type 1 Configuration Space header Function (for Requests completed by the Type 1 header Function itself) completes a Posted or Non-Posted Request as a Completer Abort error.	No/Yes	0
28	Received Target Abort	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
29	Received Master Abort	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
30	Signaled System Error	RW1C	Set to 1b when the Switch sends an ERR_FATAL or ERR_NONFATAL message, and the SERR Enable bit in the Command register is 1b.	No/Yes	0
31	Detected Parity Error	RW1C	Set to 1b whenever the primary side of the port in a Switch receives a Poisoned TLP.	No/Yes	0

#### 9.4.5 REVISION REGISTER – OFFSET 08H

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Revision	RO	Indicates revision number of device.	Yes	07h for Port 0 06h for Port 4

#### 9.4.6 CLASS REGISTER – OFFSET 08H

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:8	Programming Interface	RO	Read as 00h to indicate no programming interfaces have been defined for PCI-to-PCI Bridges.	No	00h
23:16	Sub-Class Code	RO	Read as 80h to indicate device is an Other Bridge.	No	80h
31:24	Base Class Code	RO	Read as 06h to indicate device is a Bridge device.	No	06h

#### 9.4.7 CACHE LINE REGISTER – OFFSET 0Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Cache Line Size	RW	The cache line size register is set by the system firmware and the operating system cache line size. This field is implemented by PCI Express devices as a RW field for legacy compatibility, but it has no impact on any PCI Express device functionality.	Yes	00h

#### 9.4.8 PRIMARY LATENCY TIMER REGISTER – OFFSET 0Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:8	Primary Latency Timer	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h

#### 9.4.9 HEADER TYPE REGISTER – OFFSET 0Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
23:16	Header Type	RO	Read as 00h to indicate that the register layout conforms to Type 0 Configuration header for CDLEP port.	No	00h

#### 9.4.10 BAR 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 10h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Memory Space Indicator	RO	Reset to 0b to indicate Memory Base address.	No	0
2:1	64-bit Addressing	RO	00b: 32-bit addressing 10b: 64-bit addressing Others: reserved	No	00b
3	Prefetchable	RO	0b: non-prefetchable 1b: prefetchable	No	0
18:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h
31:19	Base Address 0 [31:19]	RW	Use this Memory base address to map the packet switch registers.	Yes	0-0h

#### 9.4.11 BAR 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 14h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Reserved	RO	When the Base Address 0 register is not 64-bit addressing ( <a href="#">offset 10h[2:1]</a> is not 10b).	No	0000_0000h
	Base Address 0 [63:32]	RW	When the Base Address 0 register is 64-bit addressing. Base Address 1 is used to provide the upper 32 Address bits when <a href="#">offset 10h[2:1]</a> is set to 10b.	Yes	

#### 9.4.12 BAR 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 18h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Memory Space Indicator	RO	Reset to 0b to indicate it is a Memory BAR.	No	0
2:1	Memory Map Type	RO	00b: support 32-bit Memory Space 10b: support 64-bit Memory Space  When 64-bit memory space is supported, the assigned memory address has to be larger than 4GB.	No	00b
3	Prefetchable	RO	0b: non-prefetchable 1b: prefetchable	No	0
19:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h
31:20	Base Address 2 [31:20]	RW	Base Address 2.	Yes	000h

### 9.4.13 BAR 3 REGISTER – OFFSET 1Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Memory Space Indicator	RO	When <a href="#">offset 18h[2:1]=00b</a> , BAR 3 is used as an independent 32-bit BAR. Reset to 0b to indicate it is a Memory BAR.	No	0
	Base Address 2 [32]	RW	When <a href="#">18h[2:1]=10b</a> , BAR 3 is used as the upper 32 bits of 64-bit BAR 2/3.	Yes	0
2:1	Memory Map Type	RO	When <a href="#">offset 18h[2:1]=00b</a> , BAR 3 is used as an independent 32-bit BAR.  00b: support 32-bit Memory Space 10b: support 64-bit Memory Space	No	00b
	Base Address 2 [34:33]	RW	When <a href="#">offset 18h[2:1]=10b</a> , BAR 3 is used as the upper 32 bits of 64-bit BAR 2/3.	Yes	00b
3	Prefetchable	RO	When <a href="#">offset 18h[2:1]=00b</a> , BAR 3 is used as an independent 32-bit BAR.  0b: non-prefetchable 1b: prefetchable	No	0
	Base Address 2 [35]	RW	When <a href="#">offset 18h[2:1]=10b</a> , BAR 3 is used as the upper 32 bits of 64-bit BAR 2/3.	Yes	0
19:4	Reserved	RsvdP	When <a href="#">offset 18h[2:1]=00b</a> , bit[19:4] are reserved.	No	0000_000h
	Base Address 2 [51:36]	RW	When <a href="#">offset 18h[2:1]=10b</a> , BAR 3 is used as the upper 32 bits of 64-bit BAR 2/3.	Yes	0000_000h
31:20	Base Address 3 [31:20]	RW	When <a href="#">offset 18h[2:1]=00b</a> , BAR 3 is used as an independent 32-bit BAR.	No	0000_000h
	Base Address 2 [63:52]	RW	When <a href="#">offset 18h[2:1]=10b</a> , BAR 3 is used as the upper 32 bits of 64-bit BAR 2/3.	Yes	0000_000h

### 9.4.14 BAR 4 REGISTER – OFFSET 20h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Memory Space Indicator	RO	Reset to 0b to indicate it is a Memory BAR.	No	0
2:1	Memory Map Type	RO	00b: support 32-bit Memory Space 10b: support 64-bit Memory Space  When 64-bit memory space is supported, the assigned memory address has to be larger than 4GB.	No	00b
3	Prefetchable	RO	0b: non-prefetchable 1b: prefetchable	No	0
19:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h
31:20	Base Address 4 [31:20]	RW	Base Address 4.	Yes	000h

### 9.4.15 BAR 5 REGISTER – OFFSET 24h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Memory Space Indicator	RO	When <a href="#">offset 20h[2:1]</a> =00b, BAR 5 is used as an independent 32-bit BAR.	No	0
	Base Address 4 [33]	RW	When <a href="#">offset 20h[2:1]</a> =10b, BAR 5 is used as the upper 32 bits of 64-bit BAR 4/5.	Yes	0
2:1	Memory Map Type	RO	When <a href="#">offset 20h[2:1]</a> =00b, BAR 5 is used as an independent 32-bit BAR.  00b: support 32-bit Memory Space 10b: support 64-bit Memory Space	No	00b
	Base Address 4 [34:33]	RW	When <a href="#">offset 20h[2:1]</a> =10b, BAR 5 is used as the upper 32 bits of 64-bit BAR 4/5.	Yes	00b
3	Prefetchable	RO	When <a href="#">offset 20h[2:1]</a> =00b, BAR 5 is used as an independent 32-bit BAR.  0b: non-prefetchable 1b: prefetchable	No	0
	Base Address 4 [35]	RW	When <a href="#">offset 20h[2:1]</a> =10b, BAR 5 is used as the upper 32 bits of 64-bit BAR 4/5.	Yes	0
19:4	Reserved	RsvdP	When <a href="#">offset 20h[2:1]</a> =00b, reserved	No	0000_000h
	Base Address 4 [51:36]	RW	When <a href="#">offset 20h[2:1]</a> =10b, BAR 5 is used as the upper 32 bits of 64-bit BAR 4/5.	Yes	0000_000h
31:20	Base Address 5 [31:20]	RsvdP	When <a href="#">offset 20h[2:1]</a> =00b, BAR 5 is used as an independent 32-bit BAR 4/5	No	0000_000h
	Base Address 4 [63:52]	RW	When <a href="#">offset 20h[2:1]</a> =10b, BAR 5 is used as the upper 32 bits of 64-bit BAR 4/5.	Yes	0000_000h

### 9.4.16 SSVID REGISTER – OFFSET 2Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	SSVID	RO	Identifies the sub-system vendor id.	Yes	12D8h

### 9.4.17 SSID REGISTER – OFFSET 2Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:16	SSID	RO	Identifies the sub-system device id.	Yes	C232h

### 9.4.18 CAPABILITY POINTER REGISTER – OFFSET 34h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Capability Pointer	RO	Point to first PCI capability structure.	Yes	40h

#### 9.4.19 INTERRUPT LINE REGISTER – OFFSET 3Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Interrupt Line	RW	The interrupt line register communicates interrupt line routing information.	Yes	00h

#### 9.4.20 INTERRUPT PIN REGISTER – OFFSET 3Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:8	Interrupt Pin	RO	The Switch implements INTA virtual wire interrupt signal.	Yes/No	01h

#### 9.4.21 POWER MANAGEMENT CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET 40h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Enhanced Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 01h to indicate that this is power management capability register.	Yes	01h
15:8	Next Item Pointer	RO	Point to next PCI capability structure.	Yes	48h
18:16	Power Management Revision	RO	Read as 011b to indicate the device is compliant to Revision 1.2 of <i>PCI Power Management Interface Specifications</i> .	No	011b
19	PME# Clock	RO	Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0.	No	0
20	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
21	Device specific Initialization	RO	Read as 0b to indicate Switch does not have device specific initialization requirements.	Yes	0
24:22	AUX Current	RO	Reset to 000b.	Yes	000b
25	D1 Power State Support	RO	Read as 0b to indicate Switch does Not support the D1 power management state.	Yes	0
26	D2 Power State Support	RO	Read as 0b to indicate Switch does Not support the D2 power management state.	Yes	0
31:27	PME# Support	RO	Read as 19h to indicate Switch supports the forwarding of PME# message in D0, D3 and D4 states.	Yes	C8h

#### 9.4.22 POWER MANAGEMENT DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 44h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1:0	Power State	RW	Indicates the current power state of the Switch. Writing a value of D0 when the previous state was D3 cause a hot reset without asserting DWRST_L.  00b: D0 state 01b: D1 state 10b: D2 state 11b: D3 hot state	Yes	00b
2	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
3	No_Soft_Reset	RO	When set, this bit indicates that device transitioning from D3hot to D0 does not perform an internal reset. When clear, an internal reset is performed when power state transits from D3hot to D0.	Yes	1
7:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h
8	PME# Enable	RW	When asserted, the Switch will generate the PME# message.	Yes	0
12:9	Data Select	RW	Select data registers.  RW if offset 4C4h[9]=1 and RO if offset 4C4h[9]=0.	Yes	0h
14:13	Data Scale	RO	Reset to 00b.	No/Yes	00b
15	PME Status	RW1C	Read as 0b as the PME# message is not implemented.	Yes	0

#### 9.4.23 PPB SUPPORT EXTENSIONS REGISTER – OFFSET 44h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
21:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h
22	B2_B3 Support for D3 <sub>HOT</sub>	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
23	Bus Power / Clock Control Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0

#### 9.4.24 DATA REGISTER– OFFSET 44h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:24	Data Register	RO	Data Register.	Yes	00h

#### 9.4.25 MSI CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET 48h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Enhanced Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 05h to indicate that this is message signal interrupt capability register.	No	05h
15:8	Next Item Pointer	RO	Point to next PCI capability structure.	Yes	68h
16	MSI Enable	RW	0b: the function is prohibited from using MSI to request service 1b: the function is permitted to use MSI to request service and is prohibited from using its INTx # pin	Yes	0
19:17	Multiple Message Capable	RO	Indicate the number of requested vectors.	Yes	011b
22:20	Multiple Message Enable	RW	Software writes to this field to indicate the number of allocated vectors (equal to or less than the number of requested vectors.)	Yes	000b
23	64-bit address capable	RO	0b: the function is not capable of generating a 64-bit message address 1b: the function is capable of generating a 64-bit message address	Yes	1b
24	Pre-vector Masking Capable	RO	1b: the function supports MSI pre-vector masking. 0b: the function does Not support MSI pre-vector masking.	Yes	1b
31:25	Reserved	RO	Not support.	No	00h

#### 9.4.26 MESSAGE ADDRESS REGISTER – OFFSET 4Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
31:2	Message Address	RW	If the message enable bit is set, the contents of this register specify the DWORD aligned address for MSI memory write transaction.	Yes	0-0h

#### 9.4.27 MESSAGE UPPER ADDRESS REGISTER – OFFSET 50h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Message Upper Address	RW	This register is only effective if the device supports a 64-bit message address is set.	Yes	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.28 MESSAGE DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 54h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Message Data	RW	Message data.	Yes	0000h

#### 9.4.29 MESSAGE MASK REGISTER – OFFSET 58h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	MSI Mask for Hot Plug	RW	MSI mask for Hot Plug interrupts.	Yes	0
1	MSI Mask for DPC	RW	MSI mask for DPC interrupts.	Yes	0
2	MSI Mask for DMA and GPIO	RW	MSI mask for DMAGPIO interrupts.	Yes	0
3	MSI Mask for CDEP	RW	MSI mask for CDEP interrupts.	Yes	0
4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
5	MSI Mask for thermal sensor	RW	MSI mask for thermal sensor interrupts.	Yes	0
7:6	Reserved	RW	Not support.	No	00
31:8	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_000h

#### 9.4.30 MESSAGE PENDING REGISTER – OFFSET 5Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	MSI Pending for Hot Plug Interrupts	RO	MSI pending status for Hot Plug interrupts.	No	0
1	MSI Pending for DPC Interrupts	RO	MSI pending status for DPC interrupts.	No	0
2	MSI Pending for GPIO Interrupts	RO	MSI pending status for GPIO interrupts.	No	0
3	MSI Pending for CDEP Interrupts	RO	MSI pending status for CDEP interrupts.	No	0
4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
5	MSI Pending for thermal sensor Interrupts	RO	MSI pending status for thermal sensor interrupts.	No	0
31:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_000h

#### 9.4.31 PCI EXPRESS CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET 68h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Enhanced Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 10h to indicate that this is PCI express enhanced capability register.	No	10h
15:8	Next Item Pointer	RO	Point to next PCI capability structure.	Yes	A4h
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Read as 2h to indicate the device is compliant to Revision .2.0 of <i>PCI Express Base Specifications</i> .	Yes	2h
23:20	Device/Port Type	RO	Indicates the type of PCI Express logical device.	Yes	00h
24	Slot Implemented	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
29:25	Interrupt Message Number	RO	No MSI messages are generated in the transparent mode.	No	00_000b
31:30	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b

#### 9.4.32 DEVICE CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET 6Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2:0	Max_Payload_Size Supported	RO	Indicates the maximum payload size that the device can support for TLPs. Each port of the Switch supports 512 bytes max payload size.	Yes/No	010b
4:3	Phantom Functions Supported	RO	Indicates the support for use of unclaimed function numbers as Phantom functions. Read as 00b, since the Switch does not act as a requester.	No	00b
5	Extended Tag Field Supported	RO	Indicates the maximum supported size of Tag field as a Requester. Read as 0, since the Switch does not act as a requester.	No	0
8:6	Endpoint L0s Acceptable Latency	RO	Acceptable total latency that an Endpoint can withstand due to the transition from L0s state to the L0 state. For Switch, the ASPM software would not check this value.	No	111b

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
11:9	Endpoint L1 Acceptable Latency	RO	Acceptable total latency that an Endpoint can withstand due to the transition from L1 state to the L0 state. For Switch, the ASPM software would not check this value.	No	111b
14:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
15	Role_Based Error Reporting	RO	When set, indicates that the device implements the functionality originally defined in the Error Reporting ECN.	Yes	1
17:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
25:18	Captured Slot Power Limit Value	RO	In combination with the Slot Power Limit Scale value, specifies the upper limit on power supplied by slot.  This value is set by the Set_Slot_Power_Limit message or hardwired to 00h.	No	00h
27:26	Captured Slot Power Limit Scale	RO	Specifies the scale used for the Slot Power Limit Value.  This value is set by the Set_Slot_Power_Limit message or hardwired to 00b.	No	00b
31:28	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h

### 9.4.33 DEVICE CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 70h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Correctable Error Reporting Enable	RW	0b: disable Correctable Error Reporting 1b: enable Correctable Error Reporting	Yes	0
1	Non-Fatal Error Reporting Enable	RW	0b: disable Non-Fatal Error Reporting 1b: enable Non-Fatal Error Reporting	Yes	0
2	Fatal Error Reporting Enable	RW	0b: disable Fatal Error Reporting 1b: enable Fatal Error Reporting	Yes	0
3	Unsupported Request Reporting Enable	RW	0b: disable Unsupported Request Reporting 1b: enable Unsupported Request Reporting	Yes	0
4	Enable Relaxed Ordering	RsvdP	When set, it permits the device to set the Relaxed Ordering bit in the attribute field of transaction. Since the Switch can not either act as a requester or alter the content of packet it forwards, this bit always returns '0' when read.	No	0
7:5	Max_Payload_Size	RW	This field sets maximum TLP payload size for the device. Permissible values that can be programmed are indicated by the Max_Payload_Size Supported in the Device Capabilities register. Any value exceeding the Max_Payload_Size Supported written to this register results into clamping to the Max_Payload_Size Supported value.	Yes	000b
8	Extended Tag Field Enable	RW	0b: disable Extended Tag Field 1b: enable Extended Tag Field	Yes	0
9	Phantom Function Enable	RsvdP	Does not apply to PCI Express Switch. Returns '0' when read.	No	0
10	Auxiliary (AUX) Power PM Enable	RO	When set, indicates that a device is enabled to draw AUX power independent of PME AUX power.	No	0
11	Enable No Snoop	RsvdP	When set, it permits to set the No Snoop bit in the attribute field of transaction. Since the Switch can not either act as a requester or alter the content of packet it forwards, this bit always returns '0' when read.	No	0
14:12	Max_Read_Request_Size	RsvdP	This field sets the maximum Read Request size for the device as a Requester. Since the Switch does not generate read request by itself, these bits are hardwired to 000b.	No	000b
15	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0

### 9.4.34 DEVICE STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 70h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
16	Correctable Error Detected	RW1C	Asserted when correctable error is detected. Errors are logged in this register regardless of whether error reporting is enabled or not in the Device Control register.	Yes	0



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
17	Non-Fatal Error Detected	RW1C	Asserted when non-fatal error is detected. Errors are logged in this register regardless of whether error reporting is enabled or not in the Device Control register.	Yes	0
18	Fatal Error Detected	RW1C	Asserted when fatal error is detected. Errors are logged in this register regardless of whether error reporting is enabled or not in the Device Control register.	Yes	0
19	Unsupported Request Detected	RW1C	Asserted when unsupported request is detected. Errors are logged in this register regardless of whether error reporting is enabled or not in the Device Control register.	Yes	0
20	AUX Power Detected	RO	Asserted when the AUX power is detected by the Switch	No	0
21	Transactions Pending	RO	Each port of Switch does not issue Non-posted Requests on its own behalf, so this bit is hardwired to 0b.	No	0
31:22	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.4.35 LINK CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET 74h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	Maximum Link Speed	RO	Indicates the maximum speed of the Express link is 8Gb/s, 5Gb/s and 2.5 Gb/s. 0001b: 2.5 Gb/s 0001b: 5.0 Gb/s 0011b: 8.0 Gb/s Others: Reserved	Yes	3h
9:4	Maximum Link Width	RO	Indicates the maximum width of the given PCIe Link. 00_0001b: x1 lane width 00_0010b: x2 lane width 00_0100b: x4 lane width 00_1000b: x8 lane width 01_0000b: x16 lane width	Yes	Set by <a href="#">PORTCFG_x [2:0]</a>
11:10	Active State Power Management (ASPM) Support	RO	Indicates the level of ASPM supported on the given PCIe Link. Each port of Switch supports L0s and L1 entry.	Yes	10b
14:12	L0s Exit Latency	RO	Indicates the L0s exit latency for the given PCIe Link. The length of time this port requires to complete transition from L0s to L0 is in the range of 256ns to less than 512ns.	Yes	011b
17:15	L1 Exit Latency	RO	Indicates the L1 exit latency for the given PCIe Link. The length of time this port requires to complete transition from L1 to L0 is less than 1us.	Yes	000b
18	Clock Power Management	RO	Indicates that component tolerates the removal of any reference clock via CLKREQ#.	Yes	1
19	Surprise Down Capability Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
20	Data Link Layer Active Reporting Capable	RO	This bit must be set to 1b if the component supports the optional capability of reporting the DL_Active state of the Data Link Control and Management State Machine.	Yes	0
21	Link BW Notify Cap.	RsvdP	Not support	No	0
22	ASPM Optionality Compliance	RO	Software is permitted to use the value of this bit to help determine whether to enable ASPM or whether to run ASPM compliance tests.	Yes	1
23	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
31:24	Port Number	RO	Indicates the PCIe Port Number for the given PCIe Link.	Yes	90h

### 9.4.36 LINK CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 78h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1:0	Active State Power Management (ASPM) Control	RW	00b: ASPM is Disabled 01b: L0s Entry Enabled 10b: L1 Entry Enabled 11b: L0s and L1 Entry Enabled  Note that the receiver must be capable of entering L0s even when the field is disabled	Yes	00b
2	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
3	Read Completion Boundary (RCB)	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
4	Link Disable	RW	It disables the link when this bit is set.	Yes	0
5	Retrain Link	RW	It initiates Link Retraining when this bit is set.  This bit always returns 0b when read.	Yes	0
6	Common Clock Configuration	RW	0b: the components at both ends of a link are operating with synchronous reference clock 1b: the components at both ends of a link are operating with a distributed common reference clock	Yes	0
7	Extended Synch	RW	When set, it transmits 4096 FTS ordered sets in the L0s state for entering L0 state and transmits 1024 TS1 ordered sets in the L1 state for entering L0 state.	Yes	0
8	Enable Clock Power Management	RW	0b: clock power management is disabled and must hold CLKREQ# low 1b: device is permitted to use CLKREQ# to power manage Link clock	Yes	0
9	HW Autonomous Width Disable	RW	Reset to 0b.	Yes	0
10	Link Bandwidth Management Interrupt Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
11	Link Autonomous Bandwidth Interrupt Enable	RsvdP	Not support	No	0
15:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h

### 9.4.37 LINK STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 78h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
19:16	Link Speed	RO	Indicate the negotiated speed of the Express link.  0001b: 2.5 Gb/s 0010b: 5.0 Gb/s 0011b: 8.0 Gb/s Others: Reserved	No	0h 1h
25:20	Negotiated Link Width	RO	Indicates the negotiated width of the given PCIe link.  00_0001b: x1 lane width 00_0010b: x2 lane width 00_0100b: x4 lane width 00_1000b: x8 lane width 01_0000b: x16 lane width	No	Set by <a href="#">PORTCFG_x[2:0]</a>
26	Training Error	RO	When set, indicates a Link training error occurred. This bit is cleared by hardware upon successful training of the link to the L0 link state.	No	0
27	Link Training	RO	When set, indicates the link training is in progress. Hardware clears this bit once link training is complete.	No	0
28	Slot Clock Configuration	RO	0b: the Switch uses an independent clock irrespective of the presence of a reference on the connector 1b: the Switch uses the same reference clock that the platform provides on the connector	No	1

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
29	Data Link Layer Link Active	RO	Indicates the status of the Data Link Control and Management State Machine.  1b: indicate the DL_Active state 0b: otherwise	No	0
30	Link Bandwidth Management Status	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
31	Link Autonomous Bandwidth Status	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0

#### 9.4.38 SLOT CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET 7Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.39 SLOT CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 80h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

#### 9.4.40 SLOT STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 80h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

#### 9.4.41 DEVICE CAPABILITIES REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 8Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
4:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0000b
5	ARI Forwarding Supported	RO	0b: ARI forwarding is Not supported 1b: ARI forwarding is supported	Yes/No	0
6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
10:7	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
11	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
17:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
19:18	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
31:20	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000h

#### 9.4.42 DEVICE CONTROL REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 90h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
4:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0000b
5	ARI Forwarding Enable	RW	0b: disable 1b: enable	Yes/No	0
6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
7	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
9:8	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
10	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
12:11	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
14:13	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
15	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0

#### 9.4.43 DEVICE STATUS REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 90h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

#### 9.4.44 LINK CAPABILITIES REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 94h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
7:1	Supported Link Speeds Vector	RO	This field indicates the supported Link speed of the associated Port. bit[0]... 2.5 GT/s bit[1]... 5.0 GT/s bit[2]... 8.0 GT/s bit[6:3]... RsvdP	Yes	0000_111b
8	Crosslink Supported	RO	0b: crosslink is Not supported 1b: crosslink is supported	Yes	0
31:9	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b

#### 9.4.45 LINK CONTROL REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 98h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	Target Link Speed	RW	0001b: 2.5GT/s link speed is supported 0010b: 5.0GT/s link speed is supported 0011b: 8.0GT/s link speed is supported Others: reserved.	Yes	3h
4	Enter Compliance	RW	1b: enter compliance	Yes	0
5	HW_AutoSpeed_Dis	RW	When set, this bit disables hardware from changing the link speed for device-specific reasons other than attempting to correct unreliable link operation by reducing link speed.	Yes	0
6	Select_Deemp	RO	Valid for downstream ports only. 0b: select -3.5db de-emphasis 1b: select -6.0 db de-emphasis	Yes/No	0
9:7	Tran_Margin	RW	This field controls the value of the non-deemphasized voltage level at the transmitter pins. Valid for upstream port only.	Yes	000b
10	Enter Modify Compliance	RW	When set, the device transmits modified compliance pattern if the LTSSM enters Polling.Compliance substate. Valid for upstream port only.	Yes	0
11	Compliance SOS	RW	When set, the LTSSM is required to send SKP Ordered Sets between sequences when sending the Compliance Pattern or Modified Compliance Pattern.	Yes	0
15:12	Compliance Preset/De-emphasis	RW	This field is intended for debug and compliance testing purpose.	Yes	000b

#### 9.4.46 LINK STATUS REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 98h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
16	Current De-emphasis level	RO	1b: -3.5dB 0b: -6 dB	No	1
17	Equalization Complete	RO	When set to 1b, this bit indicates that the Transmitter Equalization procedure has completed.	No	0
18	Equalization Phase 1 Successful	RO	When set to 1b, this bit indicates that Phase 1 of Transmitter Equalization procedure has successfully completed.	No	0
19	Equalization Phase 2 Successful	RO	When set to 1b, this bit indicates that Phase 2 of Transmitter Equalization procedure has successfully completed.	No	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
20	Equalization Phase 3 Successful	RO	When set to 1b, this bit indicates that Phase 3 of Transmitter Equalization procedure has successfully completed.	No	0
21	Link Equalization Request	RW1C	This bit is set by hardware to request the Link equalization process to be performed on the link.	Yes/No	0
27:22	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
30:28	Downstream Component Presence	RO	This field indicates the presence and DRS status for the Downstream Component.  000b: link down – Presence Not Determined 001b: link down – Component Not Present 010b: link down – Component Present 011b: reserved 100b: link up – Component Present 101b: link up – Component Present and DRS Received 110b: reserved 111b: reserved	No	000b
31	DRS Message Received	RW1C	This bit must be set whenever the Port receives a DRS message.	Yes/No	0

#### 9.4.47 SLOT CAPABILITIES REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 9Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.48 SLOT CONTROL REGISTER 2 – OFFSET A0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.49 SLOT STATUS REGISTER 2 – OFFSET A0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.50 SSID/SSVID CAPATILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET A4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	SSID/SSVID Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 0Dh to indicate that this is SSID/SSVID capability register.	Yes	0Dh
15:8	Next Item Pointer	RO	Point to next PCI capability structure.	Yes	B0h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

#### 9.4.51 SUBSYSTEM VENDOR ID REGISTER – OFFSET A8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	SSVID	RO	It indicates the sub-system vendor id.	Yes	12D8h

#### 9.4.52 SUBSYSTEM ID REGISTER – OFFSET A8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:16	SSID	RO	It indicates the sub-system device id.	Yes	C232h

### 9.4.53 MSI-X CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET B0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	MSI-X Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 11h to indicate that this is MSI-X capability register.	No	11h
15:8	Next Item Pointer	RO	Indicates next capability pointer.	Yes	C8h
26:16	Table Size	RO	System software reads this field to determine the MSI-X Table Size N, which is encoded as N-1.	No	005h
29:27	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
30	Function Mask	RW	If set, all of the vectors associated with the function are masked, regardless of their per-vector mask bit values. If clear, each vector's mask bit determines whether the vector is masked or not.	Yes	0
31	MSI-X Enable	RW	If set and the MSI Enable bit in the MSI Message Control register is clear, the function is permitted to use MSI-X to request service and is prohibited from using INTx interrupts (if implemented). If clear, the function is prohibited from using MSI-X to request service.	Yes	0

### 9.4.54 MSI-X TABLE OFFSET / TABLE BIR REGISTER – OFFSET B4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2:0	Table BIR	RO	Read as 000b to indicate Base Address 0 register (offset 10h in Configuration Space) is used to map the function MSI-X Table into Memory space.	Yes	000b
31:3	Table Offset	RO	Used as an offset from the address contained by one of the function's Base Address registers to point to the base of the MSI-X Table.	Yes	0000_FE00h

### 9.4.55 MSI-X PBA OFFSET / PBA BIR REGISTER – OFFSET B8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2:0	PBA BIR	RO	Read as 000b to indicate Base Address 0 register (offset 10h in Configuration Space) is used to map the function MSI-X PBA into Memory space.	Yes	000b
31:3	PBA Offset	RO	Used as an offset from the address contained by one of the function's Base Address registers to point to the base of the MSI-X PBA.	Yes	0000_FE10h

### 9.4.56 VENDOR SPECIFIC CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET C8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Enhanced Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 09h to indicate that these are vendor specific capability registers.	No	09h
15:8	Next Item Pointer	RO	Read as 00h. No other ECP registers.	No	00h
31:16	Length Information	RO	The length field provides the information for number of bytes in the capability structure.	No	0038h

### 9.4.57 BAR 0 CONFIGURATION REGISTER – OFFSET E0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Type Selector	RsvdP	Not supported.	No	0
2:1	BAR 0 Type	RW	00b: BAR0 is implemented as a 32 bit Memory BAR 10b: BAR0/1 is implemented as a 64-bit Memory BAR	Yes	00b
3	Prefetchable	RW	0b: non Prefetchable 1b: prefetchable	Yes	0
18:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not supported.	No	0-0b

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
30:19	BAR 0 Size	RW	To specify BAR0 size. 0b: corresponding BAR0 bits are RO bits that always return 0 1b: corresponding BAR0 bits are RW bits	Yes	FFFh
31	BAR 0 Enable	RW	bit[2:1]=00b 0b: disable BAR0 1b: enable BAR0	Yes	1
	BAR 0 Size	RW	bit[2:1]=10b Includes with bit[30:19] when this BAR is used as a 64-bit BAR (bit[2:1]=10b).		

#### 9.4.58 BAR 0-1 CONFIGURATION REGISTER – OFFSET E4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Type Selector	RsvdP	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=00b</a> Not support.	No	0
		RW	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR0/1 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits.	Yes	0
2:1	BAR 1 Type	RO	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=00b</a> 00b: BAR1 is implemented as 32 bit Memory BAR.	Yes	00b
		RW	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR0/1 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits.	Yes	00b
3	Prefetchable	RW	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=00b</a> 0b: non Prefetchable 1b: prefetchable	Yes	0
		RW	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR0/1 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits.		
4	Reserved	RsvdP	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=00b</a> Not support.	No	0
		RW	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR0/1 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits.	Yes	0
8:5	Switch ID	RW	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=00b</a> The valid number is from 0 to 5.	Yes	0000b
		RW	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR0/1 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits.		
19:9	Reserved	RsvdP	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=00b</a> Not support.	No	0-0b
		RW	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR0/1 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits.	Yes	0-0b
30:20	BAR 1 Size	RW	To specify BAR1 size. 0b: corresponding BAR1 bits are RO bits that always return 0 1b: corresponding BAR1 bits are RW bits	Yes	000h
31	BAR 1 Enable	RW	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=00b</a> 0b: disable BAR1 1b: enable BAR1	Yes	0
	64-Bit BAR	RW	<a href="#">E0h[2:1]=10b</a> 0b: BAR0/1 is disabled; all BAR0/1 bits read 0. 1b: BAR0/1 is enabled as a 64-bit BAR.		

#### 9.4.59 BAR 2 CONFIGURATION REGISTER – OFFSET E8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Type Selector	RsvdP	Not supported.	No	0
2:1	BAR2 Type	RW	00b: BAR2 is implemented as a 32 bit Memory BAR 10b: BAR2/3 is implemented as a 64-bit Memory BAR	Yes	00b
3	Prefetchable	RW	0b: non Prefetchable 1b: prefetchable	Yes	0
4	LUT/DAT Selection	RW	0b: BAR2/3 is used for Address Look-up Translation. 1b: BAR2/3 is used for Direct Address Translation.	Yes	0
8:5	Domain ID	RW	The valid number is from 0 to 11.	Yes	0000b
19:9	Reserved	RsvdP	Not supported.	No	0-0b

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
30:20	BAR2 Size	RW	To specify BAR2 size.  0b: corresponding BAR2 bits are RO bits that always return 0 1b: corresponding BAR2 bits are RW bits  It implies the minimum window size is 1MB and minimum page size is 8KB, which is windows size divided by 128 (number of LUT entries).	Yes	7Fh
31	BAR 2 Enable	RW	bit[2:1]=00b	Yes	1
	BAR 2 Size	RW	bit[2:1]=10b		
			0b: disable BAR2 1b: enable BAR2		
			Includes with bit[30:20] when this BAR is used as a 64-bit BAR (bit[2:1]=10b).		

#### 9.4.60 BAR 2-3 CONFIGURATION REGISTER – OFFSET ECh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT	
0	Type Selector	RsvdP	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=00b</a>	Not support.	No	0
		RW	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=10b</a>	BAR2/3 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits.	Yes	0
2:1	BAR3 Type	RO	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=00b</a>	00b: BAR3 is implemented as 32 bit Memory BAR.	No	00b
		RW	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=10b</a>	BAR2/3 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits.	Yes/No	00b
3	Prefetchable	RW	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=00b</a>	0b: non Prefetchable 1b: prefetchable	Yes	0
		RW	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=10b</a>	BAR2/3 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits.		
4	Reserved	RsvdP	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=00b</a>	Not support.	No	0
		RW	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=10b</a>	BAR2/3 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits.	Yes	0
8:5	Domain ID	RW	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=00b</a>	The valid number is from 0 to 11.	Yes	0000b
		RW	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=10b</a>	BAR2/3 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits.		
19:9	Reserved	RsvdP	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=00b</a>	Not support.	No	0-0b
		RW	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=10b</a>	BAR2/3 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits.	Yes	0-0b
30:20	BAR3 Size	RW	To specify BAR3 size.  0b: corresponding BAR3 bits are RO bits that always return 0 1b: corresponding BAR3 bits are RW bits	Yes	000h	
31	BAR 3 Enable	RW	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=00b</a>	Yes	0	
	64-Bit BAR	RW	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=10b</a>			
			0b: disable BAR3 1b: enable BAR3			
			0b: BAR2/3 is disabled; all BAR2/3 bits read 0. 1b: BAR2/3 is enabled as a 64-bit BAR.			

#### 9.4.61 BAR 4 CONFIGURATION REGISTER – OFFSET F0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Type Selector	RsvdP	Not supported.	No	0
2:1	BAR4 Type	RW	00b: BAR4 is implemented as a 32 bit Memory BAR 10b: BAR4/5 is implemented as a 64-bit Memory BAR	Yes	00b
3	Prefetchable	RW	0b: non Prefetchable 1b: prefetchable	Yes	0
4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
8:5	Partition ID	RW	The valid number is from 0 to 11.	Yes	0000b
19:9	Reserved	RsvdP	Not supported.	No	0-0b



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
30:20	BAR 4 Size	RW	To specify BAR4 size.  0b: corresponding BAR4 bits are RO bits that always return 0 1b: corresponding BAR4 bits are RW bits  It implies the minimum window size is 1MB and minimum page size is 8KB, which is windows size divided by 128 (number of LUT entries).	Yes	7FFh
31	BAR 4 Enable	RW	bit[2:1]=00b 0b: disable BAR4 1b: enable BAR4	Yes	1
	BAR 4 Size	RW	bit[2:1]=10b Includes with bit[30:20] when this BAR is used as a 64-bit BAR (bit[2:1]=10b).		

#### 9.4.62 BAR 4-5 CONFIGURATION REGISTER – OFFSET F4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Type Selector	RsvdP	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=00b</a> Not support.	No	0
		RW	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR4/5 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0]are used as the upper 32-bits.	Yes	0
2:1	BAR 5 Type	RO	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=00b</a> 00b: BAR5 is implemented as 32 bit Memory BAR.	Yes	00b
		RW	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR4/5 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0]are used as the upper 32-bits.	Yes	00b
3	Prefetchable	RW	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=00b</a> 0b: non Prefetchable 1b: prefetchable	Yes	0
		RW	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR4/5 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0]are used as the upper 32-bits.		
4	Reserved	RsvdP	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=00b</a> Not support.	No	0
		RW	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR4/5 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits.	Yes	0
8:5	Domain/Switch ID	RW	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=00b</a> The valid domain number is from 0 to 3.	Yes	0000b
		RW	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR4/5 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits.		
19:9	Reserved	RsvdP	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=00b</a> Not support.	No	0-0b
		RW	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR4/5 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0]are used as the upper 32-bits.	Yes	0-0b
30:20	BAR 5 Size	RW	To specify BAR5 size.  0b: corresponding BA5 bits are RO bits that always return 0 1b: corresponding BAR5 bits are RW bits	Yes	000h
31	BAR 5 Enable	RW	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=00b</a> 0b: disable BAR5 1b: enable BAR5	Yes	0
	64-Bit BAR	RW	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=10b</a> 0b: BAR4/5 is disabled; all BAR4/5 bits read 0. 1b: BAR4/5 is enabled as a 64-bit BAR.		

#### 9.4.63 PCI EXPRESS ADVANCED ERROR REPORTING ENHANCED CAPABILITY HEADER REGISTER – OFFSET 100h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Extended Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 0001h to indicate that this is PCI express extended capability register for advance error reporting.	No	0001h
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Read as 1h.	No	1h
31:20	Next Capability Offset	RO	Point to next PCI extended capability structure.	Yes	130h

#### 9.4.64 UNCORRECTABLE ERROR STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 104h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Training Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Training Error event has occurred.	Yes	0
3:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000
4	Data Link Protocol Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Data Link Protocol Error event has occurred.	Yes	0
5	Surprise Down Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Surprise Down Error event has occurred.	Yes	0
11:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
12	Poisoned TLP Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that a Poisoned TLP has been received or generated.	Yes	0
13	Flow Control Protocol Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Flow Control Protocol Error event has occurred.	Yes	0
14	Completion Timeout Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Completion Timeout event has occurred.	Yes	0
15	Completer AbortStatus	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Completer Abort event has occurred.	Yes	0
16	Unexpected Completion Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Unexpected Completion event has occurred.	Yes	0
17	Receiver Overflow Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Receiver Overflow event has occurred.	Yes	0
18	Malformed TLP Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that a Malformed TLP has been received.	Yes	0
19	ECRC Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that an ECRC Error has been detected.	Yes	0
20	Unsupported Request Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that an Unsupported Request event has occurred.	Yes	0
21	ACS Violation Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that an ACS Violation event has occurred.	Yes	0
22	Internal Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that an Internal Error has occurred.	Yes	0
23	MC Blocked TLP Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that an MC Blocked TLP event has occurred.	Yes	0
24	AtomicOp Egress Blocked Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that an AtomicOp Egress Blocked event has occurred.	Yes	0
31:25	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_000b

#### 9.4.65 UNCORRECTABLE ERROR MASK REGISTER – OFFSET 108h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Training Error Mask	RW	When set, the Training Error event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
3:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
4	Data Link Protocol Error Mask	RW	When set, the Data Link Protocol Error event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
5	Surprise Down Error Mask	RW	When set, Surprise Down Error event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
11:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
12	Poisoned TLP Mask	RW	When set, an event of Poisoned TLP has been received or generated is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
13	Flow Control Protocol Error Mask	RW	When set, the Flow Control Protocol Error event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
14	Completion Timeout Mask	RW	When set, the Completion Timeout event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
15	Completer AbortMask	RW	When set, the Completer Abort event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
16	Unexpected Completion Mask	RW	When set, the Unexpected Completion event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
17	Receiver Overflow Mask	RW	When set, the Receiver Overflow event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
18	Malformed TLP Mask	RW	When set, an event of Malformed TLP has been received is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
19	ECRC Error Mask	RW	When set, an event of ECRC Error has been detected is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
20	Unsupported Request Error Mask	RW	When set, the Unsupported Request event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
21	ACS Violation Mask	RW	When set, the ACS Violation event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
22	Internal Error Mask	RW	When set, the Internal Error event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	1
23	MC Blocked TLP Mask	RW	When set, the MC Blocked TLP event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
24	AtomicOp Egress Blocked Mask	RW	When set, the AtomicOp Egress Blocked event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
31:25	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_000b

#### 9.4.66 UNCORRECTABLE ERROR SEVERITY REGISTER – OFFSET 10Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Training Error Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	1
3:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
4	Data Link Protocol Error Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	1
5	Surprise Down Error Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	1
11:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
12	Poisoned TLP Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	0
13	Flow Control Protocol Error Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	1
14	Completion Timeout Error Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	0
15	Completer Abort Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	0
16	Unexpected Completion Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	0
17	Receiver Overflow Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	1
18	Malformed TLP Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	1
19	ECRC Error Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	0
20	Unsupported Request Error Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	0
21	ACS Violation Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	0
22	Internal Error Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	1
23	MC Blocked TLP Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	0
24	AtomicOp Egress Blocked Severity	RW	0b: non-fatal 1b: fatal	Yes	0
31:25	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_000b

#### 9.4.67 CORRECTABLE ERROR STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 110h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Receiver Error Status	RW1C	When set, the Receiver Error event is detected.	Yes	0
5:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_000b
6	Bad TLP Status	RW1C	When set, the event of Bad TLP has been received is detected.	Yes	0
7	Bad DLLP Status	RW1C	When set, the event of Bad DLLP has been received is detected.	Yes	0
8	REPLAY_NUM Rollover Status	RW1C	When set, the REPLAY_NUM Rollover event is detected.	Yes	0
11:9	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
12	Replay Timer Timeout Status	RW1C	When set, the Replay Timer Timeout event is detected.	Yes	0
13	Advisory Non-Fatal Error Status	RW1C	When set, the Advisory Non-Fatal Error event is detected.	Yes	0
14	Corrected Internal Error Status	RW1C	When set, the Corrected Internal Error event is detected.	Yes	0
31:15	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

#### 9.4.68 CORRECTABLE ERROR MASK REGISTER – OFFSET 114h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Receiver Error Mask	RW	When set, the Receiver Error event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
5:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_000b
6	Bad TLP Mask	RW	When set, the event of Bad TLP has been received is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
7	Bad DLLP Mask	RW	When set, the event of Bad DLLP has been received is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
8	REPLAY_NUM Rollover Mask	RW	When set, the REPLAY_NUM Rollover event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
11:9	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
12	Replay Timer Timeout Mask	RW	When set, the Replay Timer Timeout event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	0
13	Advisory Non-Fatal Error Mask	RW	When set, the Advisory Non-Fatal Error event is not logged in the Header Long register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	1
14	Corrected Internal Error Mask	RW	When set, the corrected internal error event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	Yes	1
31:15	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

#### 9.4.69 ADVANCE ERROR CAPABILITIES AND CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 118h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
4:0	First Error Pointer	RO	It indicates the bit position of the first error reported in the Uncorrectable Error Status register.	No	0_0000b
5	ECRC Generation Capable	RO	When set, it indicates the Switch has the capability to generate ECRC.	Yes	1
6	ECRC Generation Enable	RW	When set, it enables the generation of ECRC when needed.	Yes	0
7	ECRC Check Capable	RO	When set, it indicates the Switch has the capability to check ECRC.	Yes	1
8	ECRC Check Enable	RW	When set, the function of checking ECRC is enabled.	Yes	0
31:9	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

#### 9.4.70 HEADER LOG REGISTER – OFFSET From 11Ch to 128h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	1 <sup>st</sup> DWORD	RO	Hold the 1st DWORD of TLP Header. The Head byte is in big endian.	No	0000_0000h
63:32	2 <sup>nd</sup> DWORD	RO	Hold the 2nd DWORD of TLP Header. The Head byte is in big endian.	No	0000_0000h
95:64	3 <sup>rd</sup> DWORD	RO	Hold the 3rd DWORD of TLP Header. The Head byte is in big endian.	No	0000_0000h
127:96	4 <sup>th</sup> DWORD	RO	Hold the 4th DWORD of TLP Header. The Head byte is in big endian.	No	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.71 PCI EXPRESS VIRTUAL CHANNEL ENHANCED CAPABILITY REGISTER – OFFSET 130h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Extended Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 0002h to indicate that this is PCI express extended capability register for virtual channel.	No	02h
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Read as 1h.	No	1h
31:20	Next Capability Offset	RO	Point to next PCI extended capability structure.	Yes	1A0h

#### 9.4.72 PORT VC CAPABILITY REGISTER 1 – OFFSET 134h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2:0	Extended VC Count	RO	It indicates the number of extended Virtual Channels in addition to the default VC supported by the Switch.	No	000b
3	Reserved	RO	Not support.	No	0
6:4	Low Priority Extended VC Count	RO	It indicates the number of extended Virtual Channels in addition to the default VC belonging to the low-priority VC (LPVC) group.	No	000b
7	Reserved	RO	Not support.	No	0
9:8	Reference Clock	RO	It indicates the reference clock for Virtual Channels that support time-based WRR Port Arbitration. Defined encoding is 00b for 100 ns reference clock.	No	00b
11:10	Port Arbitration Table Entry Size	RO	Read as 10b to indicate the size of Port Arbitration table entry in the device is 4 bits.	No	10b
31:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0h

#### 9.4.73 PORT VC CAPABILITY REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 138h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	VC Arbitration Capability	RO	It indicates the types of VC Arbitration supported by the device for the LPVC group. This field is valid when LPVC is greater than 0. The Switch supports Hardware fixed arbitration scheme, e.g., Round Robin and Weight Round Robin arbitration with 32 phases in LPVC.	No	00h
23:8	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h
31:24	VC Arbitration Table Offset	RO	It indicates the location of the VC Arbitration Table as an offset from the base address of the Virtual Channel Capability register in the unit of DQWD (16 bytes).	No	00h

#### 9.4.74 PORT VC CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 13Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Load VC Arbitration Table	WO	When set, the programmed VC Arbitration Table is applied to the hardware. This bit always returns 0b when read.	Yes/No	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:1	VC Arbitration Select	RW	This field is used to configure the VC Arbitration by selecting one of the supported VC Arbitration schemes. The valid values for the schemes supported by Switch are 0b and 1b. Other value than these written into this register will be treated as default.	Yes/No	000b
15:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000h

#### 9.4.75 PORT VC STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 13Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
16	VC Arbitration Table Status	RO	When set, it indicates that any entry of the VC Arbitration Table is written by software. This bit is cleared when hardware finishes loading values stored in the VC Arbitration Table after the bit of “Load VC Arbitration Table” is set.	No	0
31:17	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

#### 9.4.76 VC RESOURCE CAPABILITY REGISTER (0) – OFFSET 140h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Port Arbitration Capability	RO	It indicates the types of Port Arbitration supported by the VC resource. The Switch supports Round Robin Hardware fixed arbitration scheme.	No	01h
13:8	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00_0000h
14	Advanced Packet Switching	RO	When set, it indicates the VC resource only supports transaction optimized for Advanced Packet Switching (AS).	No	0
15	Reject Snoop Transactions	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
22:16	Maximum Time Slots	RO	It indicates the maximum numbers of time slots (minus one) are allocated for Isochronous traffic.	No	3Fh
23	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
31:24	Port Arbitration Table Offset	RO	It indicates the location of the Port Arbitration Table (n) as an offset from the base address of the Virtual Channel Capability register in the unit of DQWD (16 bytes).	No	05h

#### 9.4.77 VC RESOURCE CONTROL REGISTER (0)– OFFSET 144h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	TC/VC Map	RW	This field indicates the TCs that are mapped to the VC resource. Bit locations within this field correspond to TC values. When the bits in this field are set, it means that the corresponding TCs are mapped to the VC resource. Bit 0 of this field is read-only and must be set to “1” for the VC0.	Yes	FFh
15:8	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h
16	Load Port Arbitration Table	RW	When set, the programmed Port Arbitration Table is applied to the hardware. This bit always returns 0b when read.	Yes	0
19:17	Port Arbitration Select	RW	This field is used to configure the Port Arbitration by selecting one of the supported Port Arbitration schemes. The permissible values for the schemes supported by Switch are 000b and 011b at VC0, other value than these written into this register will be treated as default.	Yes	000b
23:20	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h
26:24	VC ID	RO	This field assigns a VC ID to the VC resource.	No	000b
30:27	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h
31	VC Enable	RW	0b: disable this Virtual Channel 1b: enable this Virtual Channel	Yes	1

#### 9.4.78 VC RESOURCE STATUS REGISTER (0) – OFFSET 148h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h
16	Port Arbitration Table Status	RO	When set, it indicates that any entry of the Port Arbitration Table is written by software. This bit is cleared when hardware finishes loading values stored in the Port Arbitration Table after the bit of “Load Port Arbitration Table” is set.	No	0
17	VC Negotiation Pending	RO	When set, it indicates that the VC resource is still in the process of negotiation. This bit is cleared after the VC negotiation is complete.	No	1
31:18	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

#### 9.4.79 DEVICE SERIAL NUMBER ENHANCED CAPABILITY HEADER REGISTER – OFFSET 1A0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Extended Capabilities ID	RO	Indicates that these are PCI express extended capability registers for device serial number extend capability register.	No	0003h
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Must be 1h for this version.	No	1h
31:20	Next Capability Offset	RO	Pointer points to the Power Budget Extended Capability structure.	Yes	1B0h

#### 9.4.80 DEVICE SERIAL NUMBER LOWER DW REGISTER – OFFSET 1A4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Device serial number 1 <sup>st</sup> DW	RO	First dword for device serial number.	Yes	0000_12D8h

#### 9.4.81 DEVICE SERIAL NUMBER HIGHER DW REGISTER – OFFSET 1A8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Device serial number 2 <sup>nd</sup> DW	RO	2 <sup>nd</sup> dword for device serial number.	Yes	0816_4896h

#### 9.4.82 PCI EXPRESS POWER BUDGETING ENHANCED CAPABILITY HEADER REGISTER – OFFSET 1B0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Extended Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 0004h to indicate that this is PCI express extended capability register for power budgeting.	No	0004h
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Must be 1h for this version.	No	01h
31:20	Next Capability Offset	RO	Point to next PCI extended capability structure.	Yes	210h

#### 9.4.83 DATA SELECT REGISTER – OFFSET 1B4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Data Selection	RW	It indexes the power budgeting data reported through the data register.  When 00h, it selects D0 Max power budget When 01h, it selects D0 Sustained power budget Other values would return zero power budgets, which means Not supported.	Yes	00h
31:8	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

#### 9.4.84 POWER BUDGETING DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 1B8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Base Power	RO	It specifies the base power value in watts. This value represents the required power budget in the given operation condition.	Yes	04h if 13Ch.bit[0]=0 03h if 13Ch.bit[0]=1
9:8	Data Scale	RO	It specifies the scale to apply to the base power value.	Yes	00b
12:10	PM Sub State	RO	It specifies the power management sub state of the given operation condition. It is initialized to the default sub state.	No	000b
14:13	PM State	RO	It specifies the power management state of the given operation condition.  It defaults to the D0 power state.	Yes	00b
17:15	Type	RO	It specifies the type of the given operation condition which is controlled by <a href="#">offset 13Ch[7:0]</a> .  It defaults to the Maximum power state.	Yes	7h if 13Ch.bit[0]=0 3h if 13Ch.bit[0]=1
20:18	Power Rail	RO	It specifies the power rail of the given operation condition..	Yes	010b
31:21	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

#### 9.4.85 POWER BUDGET CAPABILITY REGISTER – OFFSET 1BCh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	System Allocated	RO	When set, it indicates that the power budget for the device is included within the system power budget.	Yes	1
31:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

#### 9.4.86 SECONDARY PCI EXPRESS EXTENDED CAPABILITY HEADER – OFFSET 210h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	PCI Express Extended Capability ID	RO	Read as 0019h to indicate that this is PCI Express Extended Capability register for Secondary PCI Express.	No	0019h
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Must be 1h for this version.	No	1h
31:20	Next Capability ID	RO	Point to next PCI extended capability structure.	Yes	2B0h

#### 9.4.87 LINK CONTROL 3 REGISTER – OFFSET 214h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Perform Equalization	RW	When this bit is 1b and a 1b is written to the Retrain Link bit with the Target Link Speed field set to 8.0 GT/s, the downstream port must perform Link Equalization.	Yes	0
1	Link Equalization Request Interrupt Enable	RW	When set, this bit enables the generation of an interrupt to indicate that the Link Equalization bit has been set.	Yes	0
31:2	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

#### 9.4.88 LANE ERROR STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 218h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Lane Error Status	RW1C	Each bit indicates if the corresponding Lane detected a Lane-base error.	Yes	0000_0000h



### 9.4.89 LANE EQUALIZATION CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 21Ch – 230h

**Table 9-4: Lane Equalization Control Register Locations**

CFG_OFFSET	Lane Number	CFG_OFFSET	Lane Number
21Ch	0	22Ch	8
21Eh	1	22Eh	9
220h	2	230h	10
222h	3	232h	11
224h	4	234h	12
226h	5	236h	13
228h	6	238h	14
22Ah	7	23Ah	15

**Table 9-5: Lane Equalization Control Register Definitions**

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	Downstream Port Transmitter Preset	RW	Transmitter Preset used for equalization by this Port.	No	0
7:4	Downstream Port Receiver Preset Hint	RW	Receiver Preset Hint may be used as a hint for receiver equalization by this Port.	No	0
11:8	Upstream Port Transmitter Preset	RO	Field contains the Transmit Preset value sent or received during Link Equalization.	No	8h
14:12	Upstream Port Receiver Preset Hint	RO	Field contains the Receiver Preset Hint value sent or received during Link Equalization.	No	2h
15	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0

### 9.4.90 LI PM SUBSTATES ENHANCED CAPABILITY HEADER – OFFSET 2B0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	PCI Express Extended Capability ID	RO	Read as 001Eh to indicate that this is PCI Express Extended Capability register for L1 PM Substates.	No	001Eh
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Must be 1h for this version.	No	1h
31:20	Next Capability ID	RO	Point to next PCI extended capability structure.	Yes	300h

### 9.4.91 L1 PM SUBSTATES CAPABILITY REGISTER – OFFSET 2B4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	PCI-PM L1.2 Supported	RO	When set this bit indicates that PCI-PM L1.2 is supported.	Yes	0
1	PCI-PM L1.1 Supported	RO	When set this bit indicates that PCI-PM L1.1 is supported and must be set by all ports implementing L1 PM Substates.	Yes	0
2	ASPM L1.2 Supported	RO	When set this bit indicates that ASPM L1.2 is supported.	Yes	0
3	ASPM L1.1 Supported	RO	When set this bit indicates that ASPM L1.1 is supported.	Yes	0
4	L1 PM Substates Supported	RO	When set this bit indicates that this port supports L1 PM Substates.	Yes	1
31:5	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.4.92 L1 PM SUBSTATES CONTROL 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 2B8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	PCI-PM L1.2 Enable	RW	When set this bit enables PCI-PM L1.2. Required.	Yes	0
1	PCI-PM L1.1 Enable	RW	When set this bit enables PCI-PM L1.1. Required.	Yes	0
2	ASPM L1.2 Enable	RW	When set this bit enables ASPM L1.2. Required.	Yes	0
3	ASPM L1.1 Enable	RW	When set this bit enables ASPM L1.1. Required.	Yes	0
31:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

#### 9.4.93 L1 PM SUBSTATES CONTROL 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 2BCh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.94 CDEP DATA 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 2E0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h
16	cfg_written_mode	RW	1b: can be written by MCPU only 0b: can be written by both MCPU/LH	Yes	0
31:17	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

#### 9.4.95 VENDOR-SPECIFIC ENHANCED CAPABILITY HEADER – OFFSET 300h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	PCI Express Extended Capability ID	RO	Read as 000Bh to indicate that this is PCI Express Extended Capability register for Vendor-Specific.	No	000Bh
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Must be 1h for this version.	No	1h
31:20	Next Capability ID	RO	Point to next PCI extended capability structure.	No	900h

#### 9.4.96 VENDOR-SPECIFIC HEADER – OFFSET 304h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	VSEC ID	RO	This field is a vendor-defined ID number that indicates the nature and format of the VSEC structure.	Yes	0000h
19:16	VSEC Rev	RO	This field is a vendor-defined version number that indicates the version of the VSEC structure.	No	0h
31:20	VSEC Length	RO	This field indicates the number of bytes in the entire VSEC structure.	Yes	560h

#### 9.4.97 DEBUGOUT CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 310h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
4:0	Debug Mode Select	RW	Debug mode select. Selects a signal group for probing the current internal status. For example, “0” represents LTSSM signal group. As to other values, please inquire internal team for further information,	Yes	0_0000b
7:5	Debug Port_Select_S1	RW	Debug port select s1. Selects a port number for monitoring at a given signal group.	Yes	000b
8	DebugPort_Select_S2	RW	Debugport select s2.	Yes	0
9	Debug Output Start	RW	Start to capture debug output data.	Yes	0
31:10	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

#### 9.4.98 DEBUGOUT DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 314h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Debug Output Data	RO	Content of the debug output data.  For example, if LTSSM signal group is selected, the meaning of debug output data is as follows.  001h: detect 002h: polling 004h: configuration	No	0000_0000h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
			008h: L0 010h: L1 020h: L2 040h: disable 080h: hot-reset 100h: loopback 200h: recovery Others: reserved		

#### 9.4.99 SMBUS CONTROL AND STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 318h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	SMBus Enabled	RW	Used to set <a href="#">SMBUS_EN_L</a> strap pin. 0b: SMBus is disabled while I2C is enabled 1b: SMBus is enabled while I2C is disabled	Yes	Set by <a href="#">SMBUS_EN_L</a>
3:1	I2C/SMBUS Address [2:0]	RW	Used to set I2C/SMBUS Address[2:0].	Yes	Set by <a href="#">I2C_ADDRESS [2:0]</a>
7:4	I2C/SMBUS Address [6:3]	RW	Used to set I2C/SMBUS Address[6:3].	Yes	1101b
8	ARP_Disable	RW	Test used only.	Yes	1
9	PEC Check Disable	RW	0b: enable PEC check 1b: disable PEC check	Yes	1
10	AV Flag	RW	Test used only.	Yes	0
11	AR Flag	RW	Test used only.	Yes	0
13:12	UDID Addr Type	RW	Test used only.	Yes	00b
14	UDID PEC Support	RW	Test used only.	Yes	1
15	Cross Strapping Done	RO	Test used only.	No	0
23:16	UDID Vendor ID	RW	Test used only.	Yes	B0h
26:24	UDID Revision ID	RW	Test used only.	Yes	001b
27	Fty Test 0	RW	Test used only.	Yes	0
28	SMBUS In Progress	RO	0b: SMBUS interface is idle 1b: SMBUS interface is busy	No	0
29	PEC Check Fail	RO	0b: PEC check successfully 1b: PEC check failed	No	0
30	Unsupported SMBUS Command	RO	0b: supported command 1b: unsupported command	No	0
31	Reserved	RO	Not support.	No	1

#### 9.4.100 GPIO 0-15 DIRECTION CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 31Ch (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	GPIO[0] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[0]</a> ) 1b: Generic Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[0] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[0]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
1	GPIO[0] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
2	GPIO[1] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[1]</a> ) 1b: Generic Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[1] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[1]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
3	GPIO[1] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
4	GPIO[2] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[2]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[2] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[2]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
5	GPIO[2] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
6	GPIO[3] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[3]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[3] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[3]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
7	GPIO[3] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
8	GPIO[4] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[4]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[4] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[4]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
9	GPIO[4] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
10	GPIO[5] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[5]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[5] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[5]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
11	GPIO[5] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
12	GPIO[6] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[6]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[6] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[6]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
13	GPIO[6] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
14	GPIO[7] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[7]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[7] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[7]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
15	GPIO[7] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
16	GPIO[8] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[8]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[8] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[8]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
17	GPIO[8] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
18	GPIO[9] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[9]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[9] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[9]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
19	GPIO[9] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
20	GPIO[10] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[10]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[10] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[10]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
21	GPIO[10] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
22	GPIO[11] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[11]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[11] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[11]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
23	GPIO[11] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
24	GPIO[12] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[12]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[12] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[12]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
25	GPIO[12] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
26	GPIO[13] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[13]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[13] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[13]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
27	GPIO[13] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
28	GPIO[14] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[14]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[14] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[14]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
29	GPIO[14] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
30	GPIO[15] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 328h[15]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[15] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[15]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
31	GPIO[15] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0

#### 9.4.101 GPIO 16-31 DIRECTION CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 320h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	GPIO[16] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 32Ch[0]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[16] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[0]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
1	GPIO[16] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2	GPIO[17] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[1]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[17] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[1]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
3	GPIO[17] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
4	GPIO[18] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[2]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[18] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[2]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
5	GPIO[18] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
6	GPIO[19] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[3]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[19] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[3]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
7	GPIO[19] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
8	GPIO[20] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[4]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[20] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[4]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
9	GPIO[20] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
10	GPIO[21] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[5]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[21] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[5]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
11	GPIO[21] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
12	GPIO[22] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[6]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[22] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[6]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
13	GPIO[22] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
14	GPIO[23] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[7]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[23] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[7]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
15	GPIO[23] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
16	GPIO[24] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[8]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[24] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[8]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
17	GPIO[24] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
18	GPIO[25] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[9]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[25] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[9]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
19	GPIO[25] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
20	GPIO[26] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[10]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[26] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[10]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
21	GPIO[26] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
22	GPIO[27] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[11]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[27] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[11]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
23	GPIO[27] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
24	GPIO[28] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[12]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[28] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[12]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
25	GPIO[28] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
26	GPIO[29] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[13]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[29] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[13]</a> ) 1b: Reserved	Yes	0
27	GPIO[29] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output	Yes	0
28	GPIO[30] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[14]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[30] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[14]</a> ) 1b: Reserved  This register is validated for Tile 0 only. For Tile 1, it is reserved.	Yes	0
29	GPIO[30] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output  This register is validated for Tile 0 only. For Tile 1, it is reserved.	Yes	0
30	GPIO[31] Source/Destination	RW	As Input: 0b: Input Data Register ( <a href="#">offset 330h[15]</a> ) 1b: General Interrupt (INTx or MSI) As Output: 0b: From GPIO[31] Output Data register ( <a href="#">offset 334h[15]</a> ) 1b: Reserved  This register is validated for Tile 0 only. For Tile 1, it is reserved.	Yes	0
31	GPIO[31] Direction Control	RW	0b: Input 1b: Output  This register is validated for Tile 0 only. For Tile 1, it is reserved.	Yes	0

### 9.4.102 GPIO INPUT DE-BOUNCE REGISTER – OFFSET 324h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	GPIOx Input De-Bounce Control	RW	Controls de-bounce when the corresponding GPIOx signal is configured as an input. Bit[31:0] correspond to GPIO[31:0], respectively.  0b: GPIOx input is not de-bounced 1b: GPIOx input is de-bounced  For Tile 1, bit[31:30] are reserved.	Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.4.103 GPIO 0-15 INPUT DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 328h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	GPIO[0] Input Data	RW	GPIO[0] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[0] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[1]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[0] pin if GPIO[0] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[1]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[0]</a>
1	GPIO[1] Input Data	RW	GPIO[1] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[1] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[3]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[1] pin if GPIO[1] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[3]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[1]</a>
2	GPIO[2] Input Data	RW	GPIO[2] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[2] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[5]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[2] pin if GPIO[2] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[5]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[2]</a>
3	GPIO[3] Input Data	RW	GPIO[3] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[3] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[7]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[3] pin if GPIO[3] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[7]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[3]</a>
4	GPIO[4] Input Data	RW	GPIO[4] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[4] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[9]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[4] pin if GPIO[4] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[9]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[4]</a>
5	GPIO[5] Input Data	RW	GPIO[5] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[5] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[11]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[5] pin if GPIO[5] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[11]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[5]</a>
6	GPIO[6] Input Data	RW	GPIO[6] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[6] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[13]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[6] pin if GPIO[6] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[13]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[6]</a>
7	GPIO[7] Input Data	RW	GPIO[7] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[7] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[15]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[7] pin if GPIO[7] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[15]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[7]</a>
8	GPIO[8] Input Data	RW	GPIO[8] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[8] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[17]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[8] pin if GPIO[8] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[17]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[8]</a>
9	GPIO[9] Input Data	RW	GPIO[9] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[9] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[19]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[9] pin if GPIO[9] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[19]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[9]</a>
10	GPIO[10] Input Data	RW	GPIO[10] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[10] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[21]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[10] pin if GPIO[10] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[21]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[10]</a>
11	GPIO[11] Input Data	RW	GPIO[11] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[11] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[23]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[11] pin if GPIO[11] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[23]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[11]</a>



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
12	GPIO[12] Input Data	RW	GPIO[12] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[12] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[25]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[12] pin if GPIO[12] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[25]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[12]</a>
13	GPIO[13] Input Data	RW	GPIO[13] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[13] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[27]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[13] pin if GPIO[13] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[27]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[13]</a>
14	GPIO[14] Input Data	RW	GPIO[14] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[14] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[29]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[14] pin if GPIO[14] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[29]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[14]</a>
15	GPIO[15] Input Data	RW	GPIO[15] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[15] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[31]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[15] pin if GPIO[15] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[31]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[15]</a>
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

#### 9.4.104 GPIO 16-31 INPUT DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 32Ch (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	GPIO[16] Input Data	RO	GPIO[16] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[16] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[1]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[16] pin if GPIO[16] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[1]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[16]</a>
1	GPIO[17] Input Data	RO	GPIO[17] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[17] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[3]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[17] pin if GPIO[17] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[3]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[17]</a>
2	GPIO[18] Input Data	RO	GPIO[18] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[18] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[5]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[18] pin if GPIO[18] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[5]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[18]</a>
3	GPIO[19] Input Data	RO	GPIO[19] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[19] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[7]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[19] pin if GPIO[19] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[7]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[19]</a>
4	GPIO[20] Input Data	RO	GPIO[20] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[20] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[9]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[20] pin if GPIO[20] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[9]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[20]</a>
5	GPIO[21] Input Data	RO	GPIO[21] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[21] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[11]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[21] pin if GPIO[21] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[11]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[21]</a>
6	GPIO[22] Input Data	RO	GPIO[22] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[22] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[13]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[22] pin if GPIO[22] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[13]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[22]</a>
7	GPIO[23] Input Data	RO	GPIO[23] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[23] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[15]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[23] pin if GPIO[23] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[15]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[23]</a>
8	GPIO[24] Input Data	RO	GPIO[24] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[24] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[17]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[24] pin if GPIO[24] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[17]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[24]</a>
9	GPIO[25] Input Data	RO	GPIO[25] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[25] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[19]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[25] pin if GPIO[25] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[19]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[25]</a>

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
10	GPIO[26] Input Data	RO	GPIO[26] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[26] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[21]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[26] pin if GPIO[26] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[21]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[26]</a>
11	GPIO[27] Input Data	RO	GPIO[27] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[27] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[23]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[27] pin if GPIO[27] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[23]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[27]</a>
12	GPIO[28] Input Data	RO	GPIO[28] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[28] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[25]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[28] pin if GPIO[28] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[25]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[28]</a>
13	GPIO[29] Input Data	RO	GPIO[29] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[29] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[27]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[29] pin if GPIO[29] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[27]=0</a> )	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[29]</a>
14	GPIO[30] Input Data	RO	GPIO[30] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[30] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[29]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[30] pin if GPIO[30] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[29]=0</a> )  This register is valid for Tile 0 only. For Tile 1, it is reserved.	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[30]</a>
15	GPIO[31] Input Data	RO	GPIO[31] Input Data Return 0 if GPIO[31] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[31]=1</a> ) Return the state of GPIO[31] pin if GPIO[31] is configured as an input ( <a href="#">offset 320h[31]=0</a> )  This register is valid for Tile 0 only. For Tile 1, it is reserved.	Yes	Set by <a href="#">GPIO[31]</a>
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

#### 9.4.105 GPIO 0-15 OUTPUT DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 330h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	GPIO[0] Output Data	RW	GPIO[0] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[0] output if GPIO[0] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[1]=1</a> )	Yes	0
1	GPIO[1] Output Data	RW	GPIO[1] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[1] output if GPIO[1] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[3]=1</a> )	Yes	0
2	GPIO[2] Output Data	RW	GPIO[2] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[2] output if GPIO[2] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[5]=1</a> )	Yes	0
3	GPIO[3] Output Data	RW	GPIO[3] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[3] output if GPIO[3] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[7]=1</a> )	Yes	0
4	GPIO[4] Output Data	RW	GPIO[4] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[4] output if GPIO[4] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[9]=1</a> )	Yes	0
5	GPIO[5] Output Data	RW	GPIO[5] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[5] output if GPIO[5] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[11]=1</a> )	Yes	0
6	GPIO[6] Output Data	RW	GPIO[6] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[6] output if GPIO[6] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[13]=1</a> )	Yes	0
7	GPIO[7] Output Data	RW	GPIO[7] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[7] output if GPIO[7] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[15]=1</a> )	Yes	0
8	GPIO[8] Output Data	RW	GPIO[8] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[8] output if GPIO[8] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[17]=1</a> )	Yes	0
9	GPIO[9] Output Data	RW	GPIO[9] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[9] output if GPIO[9] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[19]=1</a> )	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
10	GPIO[10] Output Data	RW	GPIO[10] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[10] output if GPIO[10] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[21]=1</a> )	Yes	0
11	GPIO[11] Output Data	RW	GPIO[11] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[11] output if GPIO[11] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[23]=1</a> )	Yes	0
12	GPIO[12] Output Data	RW	GPIO[12] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[12] output if GPIO[12] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[25]=1</a> )	Yes	0
13	GPIO[13] Output Data	RW	GPIO[13] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[13] output if GPIO[13] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[27]=1</a> )	Yes	0
14	GPIO[14] Output Data	RW	GPIO[14] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[14] output if GPIO[14] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[29]=1</a> )	Yes	0
15	GPIO[15] Output Data	RW	GPIO[15] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[15] output if GPIO[15] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 31Ch[31]=1</a> )	Yes	0
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

#### 9.4.106 GPIO 16-31 OUTPUT DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 334h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	GPIO[16] Output Data	RW	GPIO[16] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[16] output if GPIO[16] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[1]=1</a> )	Yes	0
1	GPIO[17] Output Data	RW	GPIO[17] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[17] output if GPIO[17] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[3]=1</a> )	Yes	0
2	GPIO[18] Output Data	RW	GPIO[18] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[18] output if GPIO[18] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[5]=1</a> )	Yes	0
3	GPIO[19] Output Data	RW	GPIO[19] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[19] output if GPIO[19] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[7]=1</a> )	Yes	0
4	GPIO[20] Output Data	RW	GPIO[20] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[20] output if GPIO[20] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[9]=1</a> )	Yes	0
5	GPIO[21] Output Data	RW	GPIO[21] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[21] output if GPIO[21] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[11]=1</a> )	Yes	0
6	GPIO[22] Output Data	RW	GPIO[22] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[22] output if GPIO[22] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[13]=1</a> )	Yes	0
7	GPIO[23] Output Data	RW	GPIO[23] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[23] output if GPIO[23] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[15]=1</a> )	Yes	0
8	GPIO[24] Output Data	RW	GPIO[24] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[24] output if GPIO[24] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[17]=1</a> )	Yes	0
9	GPIO[25] Output Data	RW	GPIO[25] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[25] output if GPIO[25] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[19]=1</a> )	Yes	0
10	GPIO[26] Output Data	RW	GPIO[26] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[26] output if GPIO[26] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[21]=1</a> )	Yes	0
11	GPIO[27] Output Data	RW	GPIO[27] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[27] output if GPIO[27] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[23]=1</a> )	Yes	0
12	GPIO[28] Output Data	RW	GPIO[28] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[28] output if GPIO[28] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[25]=1</a> )	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
13	GPIO[29] Output Data	RW	GPIO[29] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[29] output if GPIO[29] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[27]=1</a> )	Yes	0
14	GPIO[30] Output Data	RW	GPIO[30] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[30] output if GPIO[30] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[29]=1</a> )  This register is validated for Tile 0 only. For Tile 1, it is reserved.	Yes	0
15	GPIO[31] Output Data	RW	GPIO[31] Output Data The value written to this bit is driven to GPIO[31] output if GPIO[31] is configured as an output ( <a href="#">offset 320h[31]=1</a> )  This register is validated for Tile 0 only. For Tile 1, it is reserved.	Yes	0
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

#### 9.4.107 GPIO 0-31 INTERRUPT POLARITY REGISTER – OFFSET 338h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	GPIO Interrupt Polarity	RW	Controls whether GPIO Interrupt input is Active-Low or Active-High for the corresponding GPIOx signal. Bit[31:0] correspond to GPIO[31:0], respectively.  0b: GPIO Interrupt input is Active-Low 1b: GPIO Interrupt input is Active-High  For Tile 1, bit[31:30] are reserved.	Yes	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.108 GPIO 0-31 INTERRUPT STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 33Ch (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	GPIO Interrupt Status	RO	Indicates whether GPIO interrupt are inactive or active for the corresponding GPIOx signal. Bit[31:0] correspond to GPIO[31:0] respectively.  0b: GPIO interrupt is inactive 1b: GPIO interrupt is active  For Tile 1, bit[31:30] are reserved.	No	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.109 GPIO 0-31 INTERRUPT MASK REGISTER – OFFSET 340h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	GPIO Interrupt Mask	RW	Indicates whether GPIO interrupts are masked or not masked for the corresponding GPIOx signal. Bit[31:0] correspond to GPIO[31:0], respectively.  0b: GPIO interrupt is unmasked 1b: GPIO interrupt is masked  For Tile 1, bit[31:30] are reserved.	Yes	0000_0000h

## 9.4.110 OPERATION MODE REGISTER – OFFSET 348h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2:0	tile_id	RO	Bonding option, tile ID selection. 000b: Tile 0 001b: Tile 1 Others: reserved	No	000b for Tile 0 001b for Tile 1
5:3	pkgssel	RO	Package Bonding option, tie high/low in substrate.	No	011b
8:6	portcfg	RO	Port/lane configuration settings. 000b: 1 x16 port 001b: 2 x4 ports 010b: 1 x4, 2 x2 ports 011b: 4 x2 ports 100b: 1 x4, 4 x1 ports 101b: 8 x1 ports Others: reserved	No	Set by <a href="#">PORTCFG_x</a> [2:0]
10:9	chipmode	RO	Chip operation mode selection. 00b: normal mode 01b: iddq/mbist mode 10b: AC JTAG mode 11b: phy_mode	No	Set by <a href="#">CHIPMODE</a> [2:0]
12:11	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
13	ckmode	RO	Reference clock modes. 0b: base mode 1b: CDEP separate reference mode	No	Set by <a href="#">CKMODEx</a>
14	dma_mode	RO	0b: disable DMA 1b: enable DMA	No	0
20:15	upport_sel	RO	Upstream port selection.	No	0000_00b
21	CDEP_mode	RO	0b: disable CDEP 1b: enable CDEP	No	0
22	scan_tm	RO	0b: normal mode 1b: scan mode	No	0
23	hotplug_pin_en	RO	0b: GPIO[31:0] are GPIO pins 1b: GPIO[31:0] are used as hot plug pins	No	Set by <a href="#">HOT_PLUG_ENx_L</a>
24	surprise_hp_en	RO	0b: disable surprise hot-plug 1b: enable surprise hot-plug	No	Set by <a href="#">SURPRISE_HP_0</a> (Tile 0) 1 (Tile 1)
25	ioe_40bit_en	RO	0b: support 16 bit IOE 1b: support 40 bit IOE	No	0
26	clkbuf_pd	RO	0b: clock buffer is in normal mode 1b: clock buffer is in power down mode	No	Set by <a href="#">CLKBUFPDx_L</a>
27	pm_l1_1_en	RO	0b: GPIO[15:8] are GPIO pins 1b: GPIO[15:8] are used as CLKREQ_L[7:0]	No	Set by <a href="#">PM_L11_ENx_L</a>
30:28	i2c/smaddr_out	RO	Indicate I2C/SMBUS address[2:0].	No	Set by <a href="#">I2C_ADDRESS</a> [2:0]
31	Reserved	RsvdP	Not Support.	No	1

## 9.4.111 CLOCK BUFFER CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 34Ch (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Clock OE Control	RW	0b: disable clock output 1b: enable clock output	Yes	FFh
8	Clock Power Down	RW	Used to set <a href="#">CLKBUFPDx_L</a> strap pin. 0b: power on 1b: power down	Yes	Set by <a href="#">CLKBUFPDx_L</a>

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
9	Control Enable	RW	0b: disable to use this register control clock buffer output 1b: enable to use this register control clock buffer output	Yes	0
10	Clock Source Sel	RW	0b: input clock buffer source is from differential clock pad 1b: input clock buffer source is from CMOS single end clock source	Yes	Set by <a href="#">CLKBUF_CMOS_ENx_L</a>
23:11	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0h
31:24	Revision ID	RO	Revision id.	No	00h

#### 9.4.112 LTSSM CSR 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 380h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	eq_preset_uplimited_0	RW	Define EQ evaluate upper limiter range of preset for Lane 0.	Yes	Ah
7:4	eq_preset_dnlimited_0	RW	Define EQ evaluate down limiter range of preset for Lane 0.	Yes	5h
11:8	eq_preset_uplimited_1	RW	Define EQ evaluate upper limiter range of preset for Lane 1.	Yes	Ah
15:12	eq_preset_dnlimited_1	RW	Define EQ evaluate down limiter range of preset for Lane 1.	Yes	5h
19:16	eq_preset_uplimited_2	RW	Define EQ evaluate upper limiter range of preset for Lane 2. If Lane 2 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
23:20	eq_preset_dnlimited_2	RW	Define EQ evaluate down limiter range of preset for Lane 2. If Lane 2 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h
27:24	eq_preset_uplimited_3	RW	Define EQ evaluate upper limiter range of preset for Lane 3. If Lane 3 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
31:28	eq_preset_dnlimited_3	RW	Define EQ evaluate down limiter range of preset for Lane 3. If Lane 3 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h

#### 9.4.113 LTSSM CSR 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 384h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	eq_preset_uplimited_4	RW	Define EQ evaluate upper limiter range of preset for Lane 4. If Lane 4 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
7:4	eq_preset_dnlimited_4	RW	Define EQ evaluate down limiter range of preset for Lane 4. If Lane 4 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h
11:8	eq_preset_uplimited_5	RW	Define EQ evaluate upper limiter range of preset for Lane 5. If Lane 5 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
15:12	eq_preset_dnlimited_5	RW	Define EQ evaluate down limiter range of preset for Lane 5. If Lane 5 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h
19:16	eq_preset_uplimited_6	RW	Define EQ evaluate upper limiter range of preset for Lane 6. If Lane 6 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
23:20	eq_preset_dnlimited_6	RW	Define EQ evaluate down limiter range of preset for Lane 6. If Lane 6 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h
27:24	eq_preset_uplimited_7	RW	Define EQ evaluate upper limiter range of preset for Lane 7. If Lane 7 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
31:28	eq_preset_dnlimited_7	RW	Define EQ evaluate down limiter range of preset for Lane 7. If Lane 7 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h

#### 9.4.114 LTSSM CSR 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 388h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	eq_preset_uplimited_8	RW	Define EQ evaluate upper limiter range of preset for Lane 8. If Lane 8 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
7:4	eq_preset_dnlimited_8	RW	Define EQ evaluate down limiter range of preset for Lane 8. If Lane 8 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h
11:8	eq_preset_uplimited_9	RW	Define EQ evaluate upper limiter range of preset for Lane 9. If Lane 9 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
15:12	eq_preset_dnlimited_9	RW	Define EQ evaluate down limiter range of preset for Lane 9. If Lane 9 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h
19:16	eq_preset_uplimited_10	RW	Define EQ evaluate upper limiter range of preset for Lane 10. If Lane 10 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
23:20	eq_preset_dnlimited_10	RW	Define EQ evaluate down limiter range of preset for Lane 10. If Lane 10 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h
27:24	eq_preset_uplimited_11	RW	Define EQ evaluate upper limiter range of preset for Lane 11. If Lane 11 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
31:28	eq_preset_dnlimited_11	RW	Define EQ evaluate down limiter range of preset for Lane 11. If Lane 11 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h

#### 9.4.115 LTSSM CSR 3 REGISTER – OFFSET38Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	eq_preset_uplimited_12	RW	Define EQ evaluate upper limiter range of preset for Lane 12. If Lane 12 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
7:4	eq_preset_dnlimited_12	RW	Define EQ evaluate down limiter range of preset for Lane 12. If Lane 12 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h
11:8	eq_preset_uplimited_13	RW	Define EQ evaluate upper limiter range of preset for Lane 13. If Lane 13 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
15:12	eq_preset_dnlimited_13	RW	Define EQ evaluate down limiter range of preset for Lane 13. If Lane 13 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h
19:16	eq_preset_uplimited_14	RW	Define EQ evaluate upper limiter range of preset for Lane 14. If Lane 14 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
23:20	eq_preset_dnlimited_14	RW	Define EQ evaluate down limiter range of preset for Lane 14. If Lane 14 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h
27:24	eq_preset_uplimited_15	RW	Define EQ evaluate upper limiter range of preset for Lane 15. If Lane 15 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	Ah
31:28	eq_preset_dnlimited_15	RW	Define EQ evaluate down limiter range of preset for Lane 15. If Lane 15 does not exist on this port, the register is reserved with a default value of 0h.	Yes	5h

#### 9.4.116 LTSSM 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 390h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1:0	detion_times	RW	Used to set how many detection times LTSSM will execute. Max times is3 and Mini times is 1.	Yes	11b
2	force2detect	RW	Force LTSSM state stayed in detect state.	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3	force2compliance	RW	Force LTSSM sending compliance pattern.	Yes	0
5:4	force_comp_rate	RW	Force compliance rate in forced compliance mode(i.e. force2compliance = 1). 00b: GEN1 01b: GEN2 10b: GEN3	Yes	00b
9:6	force_comp_preset	RW	Force LTSSM GEN3 compliance mode's preset value when force_comp_rate selects GEN3.	Yes	0h
10	comp_parity_en	RW	Force GEN 1/GEN2 compliance parity. Internal use only..	Yes	0
11	force2loop	RW	Force LTSSM sending TS1/TS2 with loopback bit set to 1.	Yes	0
12	upconfig_capable	RW	Enable upconfig capability in order to increase link width.	Yes	0
13	lane_disable	RW	1: lane will be disable when it is a unused lane.	Yes	0
17:14	SHP_reset_time_sel	RW	Reset asserted period on surprised hot plug power on/power off sequence. 00b: 100 ms 01b: 300 ms 10b: 500 ms 11b: 600 ms	Yes	3h
19:18	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
27:20	tx_nfts_num	RW	Set NFTS NUMBER for ASPM L0s state.	Yes	F0h
28	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
29	chg_ln_width	RW	Enable change link width. Note: The link width can be increased only when upconfig_capable sets to 1.	Yes	0
30	up_speed_ctrl_chg	RW	Enable upstream port speed changed to GEN 3 autonomously.	Yes	0
31	LTSSM_debug_sel	RW	Internal use only. 0b: the output of <a href="#">offset 734h</a> is for embedded LA 1b: the output of <a href="#">offset 734h</a> is for LTSSM flow	Yes	1

#### 9.4.117 LTSSM 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 394h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1:0	EQ_evaluation_sel	RW	EQ evaluation mode. Valid for downstream port only. 00b: Check both FOM and Coefficeint Direction Change 01b: Check FOM only (default) 10b: undefined 11b: Bypass EQ2 and EQ3	Yes	01b
2	comp_recv_bit_set	RW	When operating at master loopback mode, it sets compliance receive bit to 1.. Internal use only	Yes	0
3	mrlpdc_ctrl_in	RW	Enable D3 delink function, which overwrites MRL_PDC pin value when RXEIDLE asserted for a period of time	Yes	0
8:4	eq_eval_time	RW	EQ evaluate process timer selection. Internal use only.	Yes	0_0000b
10:9	mrlpdc_tmr_sel	RW	When D3 dlink function is enabled,this timer is used to set PDC enabled time.	Yes	00b
11	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	Yes	0
12	infer_EIDLE_en	RW	Enable infer EIDLE function.	Yes	1
13	aspm_nack_en	RW	Enable to responding NACK Message when ASPM L1 DLLP is received.	Yes	0
14	Hp_hot_ctr_en_reg	RW	Force mrlpdc to 0. Internal use only	Yes	0h
15	Hp_hot_clk_en_reg	RW	Enable clock buffer output. Clock is not controled by SHP sequence.	Yes	0h
19:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support	No	0h
22:20	Any_phy_sts	RW	Control physys alignment time among lanes. Internal use only.	Yes	000b
31:23	LTSSM_debug_sel	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0-0b

#### 9.4.118 LTSSM 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 398h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	detect_timer_sel	RW	Define two LTSSMtxdetect space. Internal use only	Yes	0000h



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
23:16	sel_linkevalfigure	RW	Set FOM value threshold	Yes	F0h
26:24	lane_good_sel	RW	Selection for lane good condition when EQ evaluation mode defined in 394h[1:0] is 00 00b: coefficient direction change completed 01b: FOM!=00b and coefficient direction change completed 10b: FOM>=threshold or coefficient direction change completed 11b: FOM>=threshold and coefficient direction change completed	Yes	000b
28:27	EIDLE_sel_reg	RW	1b: Use PHY generates EIDLE 0b: Use inferred EIDLE	Yes	0
29	sh_extra_reset	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0
30	IOE_addr_sel	RW	Use register setting to match external IOE address. 0b: internal hardwired address 1b: register setting value (please refer to 39ch[6:0])	Yes	0
31	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support	Yes	0

#### 9.4.119 LTSSM 3 REGISTER – OFFSET 39Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
6:0	IOE_address_in	RW	IOE address defined by register.	Yes	00h
7	IOE_scl_clk_sel_in	RW	IOE I2C clock rate. 0b: 62Khz 1b: 31Khz	Yes	0
15:8	ASPM_L1_cnt_num	RW	Accumulated L0s number to reach a threshold for entering ASPM L1 state.	Yes	08h
31:16	ASPM_L1_IDLE_timer	RW	The link at L0 state is kept idle for over a period defined in ASPM L1 IDLE timer. Then, the link will enter ASPM L1 state.	Yes	0FFFh

#### 9.4.120 LTSSM 4 REGISTER – OFFSET 3A0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	tx_swing	RW	Select TX swing for each lane (0: lane0, 1: lane1,..., 15: lane15). 0b: full swing 1b: half swing.	Yes	0000h
17:16	EIOS_cnt	RW	Exit condition for Polling compliance. Internal use only.	Yes	01b
18	Bypass_detect	RW	Ignore LTSSM detect result and using max lane width instead.	Yes	0
19	Detection_option	RW	1b: use detection result from physical layer 0b: use tailored detection result to fit legal lane width requirement Internal use only	Yes	0
20	Stand_by	RW	Used to control whether the PHY rx is active when PHY is in P0 or P0s. This is defined in PIPE specification. 1b: active 0b: standby	Yes	0
21	In_progress	RW	Override MAC controller to notify PHY the EQ evaluation is in progress. Internal use only.	Yes	0
22	Deskew_rxeqval	RW	Execute deskew function in a special EQ evaluation period. Internal use only.	Yes	0
23	LTSSM_CFG_2_Lo_op_sel	RW	CFG go to Loopback condition. 0b : any lane of loopback bit is observed 1b: all lanes of loopback bits are observed. Internal use only.	Yes	0
31:24	Reserved	RW	Internal use only	Yes	01h
31:28	LTSSM_cfg_reversal	RW	Select reversal condition. Internal use only.	Yes	0

### 9.4.121 LTSSM 5 REGISTER – OFFSET 3A4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	SKP_GEN1/2_N0_reg	RW	If SRIS selected, this skip value is used when linked at GEN1 or GEN2.	Yes	004Bh
31:16	SKP_GEN1/2_reg	RW	If SRNS selected, this skip value is used when linked at GEN1 or GEN2..	Yes	0258h

### 9.4.122 LTSSM 6 REGISTER – OFFSET 3A8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	SKP_GEN3_N0_reg	RW	If SRIS selected, this skip value is used when linked at GEN3.	Yes	011Ch
31:16	SKP_GEN3_reg	RW	If SRIS selected, this skip value is used when linked at GEN3.	Yes	0BBEh

### 9.4.123 LTSSM 7 REGISTER – OFFSET 3ACh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
4:0	LTSSM_RX_mask_reg	RW	bit[0]... mask hot reset bit bit[1]... mask disable bit bit[2]... mask loopback bit bit[3]... mask disable scrambling bit bit[4]... mask compliance bit	Yes	0_0000b
5	LTSSM_port_birfurcation_ctr_reg	RW	0b: enable port birfurcation 1b: disable port birfurcation	Yes	0
9:6	LTSSM_lg_idle_cnt_reg	RW	logical idle data receive number.	Yes	6h
10	LTSSM_chg_rate_ms_reg	RW	When link at GEN1 or GEN2, this bit is set to control down port change rate as a slave.	Yes	0
16:11	Reserved	RW	Internal use only	Yes	000000b
17	disable_cfg_lane_chg_reg	RW	If set to 1, the lane number change does not occur during CFG state. This means the lane number is always honored from detection result.	Yes	0
18	Reserved	RW	Internal use only	Yes	0
20:19	partial_lane_sel_reg	RW	Under lane reversal situation, these two bits provide link negotiation options for partial-lane connection.  00b: partial lanes in link negotiation are decided by receiving lanes 01b: partial lanes in link negotiation are decided by both of detected and receiving lanes 10b: partial lanes in link negotiation are decided by detected lanes 11b: undefined.	Yes	01b
28:21	Reserved	RW	Internal use only		00h
29	LED_management_prsnt_sel_reg	RW	In LED management mode for hot-plug function, the present detect signal can be selected from either external pin or IOE.  0b: PRNTDET signal from IOE 1b: PRNTDET signal from external pin	Yes	1
30	SHP_rest_ctr_reg	RW	Under surprised hotplug mode, the reset signal drives the downstream port and its connected endpoint can be selected from either PERST# or internal generated reset by SHP controller.  0b: comes from SHP controller 1b: comes from PERST#	Yes	0
31	SHP_linkup_control_reg	RW	Under surprised hotplug mode, the link training will be stayed until link up if this bit is set. Otherwise, the power-on sequence will be resumed when an internal timer is expired.	Yes	0
26:25	lane_change_ctr_reg	RW	Used to control lane number change in cfg state.	Yes	00b
28:27	poll_exit_comp_cnt_reg	RW	Used to set poll.compliance exit counter.	Yes	11b
29	led_mode_prsnt_sel_reg	RW	Used to select present detect pin come from IOE or IO pin in surprise mode.	Yes	1

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
30	shp_rest_ctr_reg	RW	Used to control ip_core reset pin come from reset_top or shp generation. 0b: come from shp generation 1b: come from reset_top	Yes	0
31	always_wait_linkup_reg	RW	In shp control,shp try to link up device always.	Yes	0

#### 9.4.124 LTSSM 8 REGISTER – OFFSET 3B0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
13:0	Reserved	RW	Internal use only	Yes	1
19:14	rate_chg_ctr_reg	RW	When the link at GEN3, it has possibility to occur rate changed to GEN1/2 during recovery configuration, recovery speed or recovery lock state. Setting these control bits can prevent from rate change.	Yes	0-0b
23:20	Reserved	RW	Internal use only	Yes	0h
25:24	L0_power_dn_wait_reg	RW	PM control will wait a period of time defined by the following setting for entering L1/L0s/L2 after EIOS is transmitted. 00b: 32h 01b: 1Fh 10b: FFh 11b: FFFFh	Yes	00b
26	GEN3_PHY_PM_EI_DLE_control_reg	RW	0b: use RXEIDLE from PHY in PM 1b: ignore RXEIDLE from PHY in PM	Yes	0
27	Reserved	RW	Internal use only	Yes	0
30:28	Debounce_sel_reg	RW	bit[29:28] De-bounce timer for attention button and present detect signals 00b: C00h 01b: FFFh 10b: 600h 11b: 0FFh  bit[30] 0b: de-bounce disabled 1b: de-bounce enabled	Yes	100b
31	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support	No	0
30:28	debunce_sel_reg	RW	bit[1:0]... attention button/present detection de-bounce timer. 00b: C00h 01b: FFFh 10b: 600h 11b: 0FFh  bit[2]... de-bounce enable	Yes	100b
31	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support	No	0

#### 9.4.125 LTSSM 9 REGISTER – OFFSET 3B4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	clear_rx_sts_err_counter	WO	Writing 1 will clear rx status error counter.	Yes	0
1	redo_eq_ctrl	RW	When set, it will redo EQ process with downstream port. This bit is only valid for upstream port, which issues EQ procedure request to downstream port.	Yes	0
2	Statistics_en_EQ_dn_reg	RW	When set, it will perform downstream port EQ if rx error numbers are larger than statistics counter defined by bit[15:8]	Yes	0
3	Perform_EQ_reg	RW	When set, the EQ procedure is allowed to be enabled by either bit[1], bit[2] or bit[4].	Yes	0
4	Statistics_en_EQ_up_reg	RW	When set, it will perform upstream port EQ if rx error numbers are larger than statistics counter defined by bit[15:8]	Yes	0
7:5	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
15:8	Statistics_threshold	RW	Setting threshold value for statistics error count	Yes	01h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:16	rx_sts_err_latch	RO	Statistics error count is latched at two instants. They are respectively at 256 cycles after link-up edge (instant #1) and right at link-down edge (instant #2). The latched values are stored in bit[23:16] for instant #1 and bit[31:24] for instant #2.	No	0000h

#### 9.4.126 LTSSM 10 REGISTER – OFFSET 3B8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
19:0	CLKREQ_L Wait Time	RW	Once entering L1.1 power state, the port will deassert CLKREQ_L immediately. However, CLKREQ_L signal is an open-drain wire-or signal with the link partner. If the link partner does not deassert CLKREQ_L for a certain period of time, which is defined by CLKREQ_L Wait Time, the port will assert CLKREQ_L again to resume back to L1 state.  The CLKREQ_L wait time decides how long the switch will wait for CLKREQ_L being deasserted by the link partner. The unit is “10 ns”.  Reset to F_FF00h. It is about 10 ms.	Yes	F_FF00h
20	UPP_entry_L1ss	RW	When set, it disables up port for L1ss entry (only valid for up port)	Yes	0
21	DNP_entry_L1ss	RW	When set, it disables down port for L1ss entry (only valid for down port)	Yes	0
31:22	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000h

#### 9.4.127 LTSSM 11 REGISTER – OFFSET 3BCh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Reserved	RW	Internal use only	Yes	0
2:1	TS1_chgrate_bit_num_reg	RW	Used to qualify the contiguous number of received TS1 having change-rate bit set in order to perform change rate action.	Yes	10b
3	poll_comp_exit_reg	RW	Used to control polling.compliance exit.	Yes	0
6:4	loop_test_ctr_EIOS_reg	RW	Used to qualify the contiguous number of received EIOS in order to exit loopback state.	Yes	010b
7	Reserved	RW	Internal use only	Yes	0
15:8	PM_RXEDILE_cnt_reg	RW	Used to qualify the contiguous number of RXEDILE cycles to ensure the link entering low power state	Yes	01h
31:16	LTSSM.CFG state internal setting	RW	Internal use only	Yes	9C49h

#### 9.4.128 LTSSM 12 REGISTER – OFFSET 3C0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	DIS_HW_auto_bit	RW	0b: honor hardware autonomous speed bit in link control 2 register 1b: ignore hardware autonomous speed bit in link control 2 register	Yes	0
1	UPP_hot_reset	RW	0b: upstream port cannot send hot reset until entering recovery state 1b: upstream port cannot send hot reset until entering hot reset state	Yes	0
2	Reserved	RW	Internal use only	Yes	0
3	PM_check_RXEIDLE	RW	When set, PM will exit low power state if RXEIDLE is deasserted.	Yes	0
7:4	Out_RXEIDLE_sel	RW	The following selection bits are valid for link at GEN3 speed. bit[4]: when clear, FTS packet will infer RXEIDLE deasserted. bit[5]: when clear, TS1 packet will infer RXEIDLE deasserted. bit[6]: when clear, TS2 packet will infer RXEIDLE deasserted. bit[7]: when clear, EIOS packet will infer RXEIDLE deasserted.	Yes	1000b
15:8	PM_check_RXEIDLE_cnt	RW	When bit[3] is set, this counter represents the cycle of numbers RXEIDLE being deasserted for leaving low power state.	Yes	1Fh
23:16	Reserved	RW	Internal use only	Yes	06h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
24	ACK_NAK_checking_reg	RW	0b: check ACK or NAK is received when L0 entering L1. 1b: no need to receive ACK or NACK for entering L1 from L0.	Yes	0
25	EQ_start_ctrl_reg	RW	0b: get coefficient does not need LTSSM moving to EQ state. 1b: get coefficient requiring LTSSM stayed in EQ state.	Yes	0
26	DIS_increase_LNK_WIDTH_Coef_reg	RW	When linkwidth is increased, the coefficient values for the extra lanes can be acquired from the following way.  0b: get coefficient for redoing EQ once 1b: copy coefficient from the exiting lanes	Yes	0
28:27	RX_EIOS_ctrl_reg	RW	When changing rate, this register decides the number of EIOS being received in order to move into recovery lock state.	Yes	00b
31:29	TX_EIOS_ctrl_reg	RW	When changing rate, this register represents the number of EIOS sent to the link partner.	Yes	100b

#### 9.4.129 LTSSM 13 REGISTER – OFFSET 3C4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	TX_IDLE_data_num	RW	Specify IDLE data number being sent to link partner before entering L0.	Yes	08h
11:8	RX_IDLE_data_num	RW	Specify IDLE data number being received from link partner before entering L0.	Yes	8h
12	EN_Poll2Loop_reg	RW	0b: disable polling state to loopback even if loopback bit is set in TS 1b: enable polling state to loopback if loopback bit is set in TS.	Yes	0
14:13	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	10b
15	Forced at Gen 3	RW	Forced the downstream port trying to link at Gen 3 speed if the link partner reports Gen 3 link capability.  0b: no trying (i.e. linked at whatever speed per standard flow) 1b: keep trying to change rate to Gen 3 until it is successful	Yes	0
31:16	Reserved	RW	Internal use only	Yes	1806h

#### 9.4.130 LTSSM 14 REGISTER – OFFSET 3C8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	Lane_sel_cnt	RW	Select lane number to show its EQ negotiated preset value.	Yes	0h
7:4	Reserved	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0h
9:8	PME_to_ACK_timer	RW	Applied to upstream port only. PME to ACK response will be sent from upstream port if the following timer expired once not all downstream ports respond PME to ACK.  00b: 1ms 01b: 2ms 10b: 10ms 11b: 12ms	Yes	00b
10	Cross_tile_Info_reg	RW	Link events such as link-up, link-down and RXEIDLE exchange between tiles.  0b: delivered only when link events change 1b: delivered link event regularly for every 500ms	Yes	0
19:11	Reserved	RW	Internal use only	Yes	0-0b
20	Direct_hot_reset_reg	RW	Control the behavior for entering hot reset when the link is at recovery.  0b: go back to L0 and then enter recovery before moves to hot-reset 1b: directly go to hot-reset from recovery state	Yes	0
23:21	Recovery_TS2_cnt	RW	Control the behavior for Recovery. CFG jumping to Recovery.IDLE Specify the additional number of TS2 sent to link partner for above state change.	Yes	000b
27:24	EQ_number_req	RO	Request link partner to set the desired EQ preset value	No	0h
31:28	EQ_number_ack	RO	Acknowledge link partner to set the preset value at transmitter	No	0h

### 9.4.131 LTSSM 15 REGISTER – OFFSET 3CCh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	PWR_Saving_ctrl	RW	Used to enable power saing function at empty port. 0b: disable power saving function at empty port 1b: enable power saving function at empty port	Yes	0
1	ASPM_RX_L0s_ctrl	RW	Control the behavior of ASPM RX exits L0s state. 0b: follow the normal procedure going back to L0 1b: go to recovery state if TS is received even no FTS observed	Yes	0
3:2	Reserved	RW	Internal use only	Yes	00
7:4	DIS_EQ_Reject	RW	During EQ negotiation in process, it has chance to reject the coefficient change request from link partner.  When any bit of DIS_EQ_Reject[7:4] is set, the reject function for the corresponding item is disabled.	Yes	0h
23:8	Reserved	WO	Internal use only	Yes	0000h
31:24	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h

### 9.4.132 DLL CSR 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 420h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
11:0	GEN1_ACK_LATENCY_CTRL	RW	bit[11]: enable user-defined function bit[10:0]: userdefined ACK latency value for GEN1 speed	Yes	800h for up 000h for down
15:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h
16	BLOCK_BUMP_DET	RO	Block list for retry buffer has been used up. Internal use only.	No	0
27:17	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
28	TLP_NO_EOF_ERR_DFT	RO	Detecting TLP has no end of frame. Internal use only.	No	0
29	TLP_HEADER_ERR_DET	RO	Detecting header of TLP is wrong. Internal use only.	No	0
30	FIFO_LTH_ERR_A_BORT_DET	RO	Detecting TLP is abort. Internal use only.	No	0
31	FIFO_LTH_ERR_DET	RO	Detecting total length of TLP is wrong. Internal use only.	No	0

### 9.4.133 DLL CSR 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 424h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
11:0	GEN2_ACK_LATENCY_CTRL	RW	Bit[11]: enable user-defined function Bit[10:0]: user defined ACK latency value for GEN2 speed	Yes	800h for up 000h for down
15:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h
16	BLOCK_BUMP_DET	RO	Block list for retry buffer has been used up. Internal use only.	No	0
27:17	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
28	TLP_NO_EOF_ERR_DFT	RO	Detecting TLP has no end of frame. Internal use only.	No	0
29	TLP_HEADER_ERR_DET	RO	Detecting header of TLP is wrong. Internal use only.	No	0
30	FIFO_LTH_ERR_A_BORT_DET	RO	Detecting TLP is abort. Internal use only.	No	0
31	FIFO_LTH_ERR_DET	RO	Detecting total length of TLP is wrong. Internal use only.	No	0

### 9.4.134 DLL CSR 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 428h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
11:0	GEN3_ACK_LATENCY_CTRL	RW	bit[11]: enable user-defined function bit[10:0]: user defined ACK latency value for GEN2 speed	Yes	800h for up 000h for down
15:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h
16	BLOCK_BUMP_DET	RO	Block list for retry buffer has been used up. Internal use only.	No	0
27:17	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
28	TLP_NO_EOF_ERR_DFT	RO	Detecting TLP has no end of frame. Internal use only.	No	0
29	TLP_HEADER_ERR_DET	RO	Detecting header of TLP is wrong. Internal use only.	No	0
30	FIFO_LTH_ERR_ABORT_DET	RO	Detecting TLP is abort. Internal use only.	No	0
31	FIFO_LTH_ERR_DET	RO	Detecting total length of TLP is wrong. Internal use only.	No	0

### 9.4.135 DLL CSR 3 REGISTER – OFFSET 42Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
11:0	GEN1_REPLAY_TIMER_CTRL	RW	User-defined replay timeout value for GEN1.	Yes	000h
12	User_define_GEN1_REPLAY_TIMER	RW	0b: disable user-defined replay timer for GEN1 1b: enable user-defined replay timer for GEN1	Yes	0b
21:13	retry buffer threshold for 128	RW	Used to set retry buffer threshold for MPS equals to 128.	Yes	1F1h
30:22	retry buffer threshold for 256	RW	Used to set retry buffer threshold for MPS equals to 256.	Yes	1F0h
31	tx ready non valid error by transaction layer	RW1C	Internal use only.	Yes	0

### 9.4.136 DLL CSR 4 REGISTER – OFFSET 430h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
11:0	GEN2_REPLAY_TIMER_CTRL	RW	User-defined replay timeout value for GEN2.	Yes	000h
12	User_define_GEN2_REPLAY_TIMER	RW	0b: disable user-defined replay timer for GEN1 1b: enable user-defined replay timer for GEN1	Yes	0b
21:13	retry buffer threshold for 512	RW	Used to set retry buffer threshold for MPS equals to 512.	Yes	1E0h
23:22	External dlp_tx_block_ctrl	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	11b
31:24	Internal dlp_tx_block_ctrl	RW	Internal use only	Yes	FBh

### 9.4.137 DLL CSR 5 REGISTER – OFFSET 434h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
11:0	GEN3_REPLAY_TIMER_CTRL	RW	User-defined replay timeout value for GEN2	Yes	000h
12	User_define_GEN3_REPLAY_TIMER	RW	0b: disable user-defined replay timer for GEN1 1b: enable user-defined replay timer for GEN1	Yes	0b
13	reserved	RO	Not support	No	0b
15:14	Loopback synchronous signal	RO	Internal use only.	No	0h
27:16	Loopback error count	RW1C	Recording errors when the port is operating master loopback function. Write one to bit 16 write can clear the count.	No	0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
29:28	DLP TX control	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	01b
30	Loopback insert error	RW	User inserts 1-bit error into loopback bitstream	Yes	0b
31	Loopback packet start	RW	Start loopback packet transmission.	Yes	0b

#### 9.4.138 DLL CSR 6 REGISTER – OFFSET 438h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
6:0	INI_FLOW_CTRL	RW	bit[2:0]: The number of firing initial flow control DLLP after getting flow control DLLP from link partner bit[3]: enable user-defined for bit[2:0] bit[4]: enable initial flow control 1 transferred to initial flow control 2 before receiving any TLP or initial flow control 2 bit[5]: enable initial flow control 2 transferred to initial done before receiving any TLP bit[6]: enable initial flow control to initial done before receiving any good TLP or update flow control	Yes	70h
7	INI_FLOW2_EN	RW	When set, the value of initial flow control 2 is recorded.	Yes	0
8	Dis_replaytimer_rx	RW	Used to disable Replay timer counting in RX L0s.	Yes	1
9	Dis_replaytimer_tx	RW	Used to disable Replay timer counting in TX L0s.	Yes	0
10	En_duplicate_seq_nak	RW	Used to enable duplicated sequence number for NAK.	Yes	0
11	En_bypass_flowctrl	RW	Used to bypass initial flow control 1 to DL_UP.	Yes	1
12	Rx_polarity_force_en	RW	Used to enable manual RX polarity control.	Yes	0
15:13	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
31:16	Rx_polarity_value	RW	Used to set rx polarity value for 16 lanes manually.	Yes	0000h

#### 9.4.139 DLL CSR 7 REGISTER – OFFSET 43Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
8:0	DLL_DEBUG_SEL	RW	Data link layer debug select. Internal use only.	Yes	0-0b
9	DLL Error Enable	RW	Used to enable or disable DLL 16-bit LCRC Error report to AER. 0b: disable 1b: enable	Yes	1
10	TLP Error Enable	RW	Used to enable or disable TLP 32-bit LCRC Error report to AER. 0b: disable 1b: enable	Yes	1
11	DLL Protocol Error Enable_Disable	RW	Used to enable or disable DLL Protocol Error report to AER. 0b: disable for P1~P7 and enable for P0 and P4 1b: enable for P1~P7 and disable for P0 and P4	Yes	1
12	Receive Error Enable	RW	Used to enable or disable Receive Error (eg. Framing error) to AER. 0b: disable 1b: enable	Yes	1
16:13	MAC ERR extend control	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	7h
18:17	EIOS amount control	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	00b
24:19	DLL rx control	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	7h
29:25	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
31:30	Loopback mode status	RO	Indicate loopback mode status. Internal use only	No	00b



### 9.4.140 DLL CSR 8 REGISTER – OFFSET 440h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
12:0	ERR_CTRL	RW	bit[0]: EIEOS error status enable bit[1]: SKIP on data stream error status enable bit[2]: NFTS error status enable bit[3]: SKIP framing error status enable bit[4]: GEN3 logical idle error status enable bit[5]: EDS token to get FTS error status enable bit[6]: GEN3 FCRC error status enable bit[7]: GEN3 EDB token error status enable bit[8]: GEN3 TLP framing error status enable bit[9]: TLP Framing check enable bit[10]: GEN1/2 TLP framing error status error enable bit[11]: GEN1/2 PAD framing error status enable bit[12]: GEN1/2 SDP framing error status enable	Yes	000h
13	GEN1/2_framing_err_en	RW	Enable GEN1/2 framing error detect.	Yes	0
14	Recovery_enable_for_err_detect	RW	Enable Recovery for all detected PHY errors..	Yes	1
15	Recovery_for_replay_rollover	RW	Enable Replay rollover entering recovery.	Yes	1
16	GEN3_sync_header_err_detect	RW	Enable GEN3 synchronous header error detect.	Yes	1
17	PHY_err_detect_en	RW	PHY status error detection enabled.	Yes	1
18	GEN3_skip_back2_back_err_detect	RW	Enable GEN3 SKIP back 2 back error detect.	Yes	0
19	Elastic_buf_overrun_detect	RW	Enable Elastic buffer overrun detect.	Yes	0
20	Elastic_buf_underrun_detect	RW	Enable Elastic buffer underrun detect.	Yes	0
21	GEN3_decode_error_detect	RW	Enable GEN3 decode error detect.	Yes	0
22	Recovery_lane_detect_error_en	RW	Enable Recovery for Lane detect error	Yes	1
23	Recovery_ordered_set_error_en	RW	Enable Recovery for ordered set error	Yes	0
31:24	Recovery_rx_error_amount	RW	Enable Recovery if RX status error amount is met	Yes	03h

### 9.4.141 DLL CSR 9 REGISTER – OFFSET 444h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	GEN3_FC_LIFE_CTRL_POST	RW	bit[15]: user-defined update flow control life cycle enable for post credit bit[14]: reserved bit[13:2]: user-defined update flow control life cycle value for post credit bit[1:0]: reserved	Yes	0000h
31:16	GEN2_1_FC_LIFE_CTRL_POST	RW	bit[15]: user-defined update flow control life cycle enable for post credit bit[14]: reserved bit[13:2]: user-defined update flow control life cycle value for post credit bit[1:0]: reserved	Yes	0000h

#### 9.4.142 DLL CSR 10 REGISTER – OFFSET 448h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	GEN3_FC_LIFE_CTRL_NP	RW	bit[15]: user-defined update flow control life cycle enable for non-post credit bit[14]: reserved bit[13:2]: user-defined update flow control life cycle value for non-post credit bit[1:0]: reserved	Yes	0000h
31:16	GEN2_1_FC_LIFE_CTRL_NP	RW	bit[15]: user-defined update flow control life cycle enable for non-post credit bit[14]: reserved bit[13:2]: user-defined update flow control life cycle value for non-post credit bit[1:0]: reserved	Yes	0000h

#### 9.4.143 DLL CSR 11 REGISTER – OFFSET 44Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	GEN3_FC_LIFE_CTRL_CPL	RW	bit[15]: user-defined update flow control life cycle enable for completion credit bit[14]: reserved bit[13:2]: user-defined update flow control life cycle value for completion credit bit[1:0]: reserved	Yes	0000h
31:16	GEN2_1_FC_LIFE_CTRL_CPL	RW	bit[15]: user-defined update flow control life cycle enable for completion credit bit[14]: reserved bit[13:2]: user-defined update flow control life cycle value for completion credit bit[1:0]: reserved	Yes	0000h

#### 9.4.144 DLL CSR 12 REGISTER – OFFSET 450h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	SKIP_LFSR_CTRL	RW	Use LFSR value embedded in SKP OS for descrambling when linked at GEN3.	Yes	1
1	tlp_payload_ignore_check	RW	Ignore TLP payload checking.	Yes	0
2	x16_tlp_back2back_count_reset	RW	1b: Clear x16 TLP back 2 back counter. 0b: Enable x16 TLP back 2 back counter. Internal use only.	Yes	0
3	Force_disable_tlp_send	RW	Force to disable TLP sending when TLP retry buffer is empty.	Yes	1
6:4	GEN3_de-skew_reset_count	RW	GEN3 de-skew reset count. Internal use only	Yes	111b
7	GEN3_RX_EIDLE_en	RW	GEN3 RX Electrical Idle enable for data valid or not.	Yes	1
10:8	GEN1/2_de-skew_reset_count	RW	GEN1/2 de-skew reset count. Internal use only	Yes	111b
27:11	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0050h
31:28	x16_tlp_back2back_counter	RO	x16 TLP back 2 back counter. Use bit 2 to clear. Internal use only	Yes	0h

#### 9.4.145 DLL CSR 13 REGISTER – OFFSET 454h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	NULLIFIED_FLAG	RO	Nullified TLP detected.	No	0
1	ENDING_FLAG	RO	Ending of TLP is not consistent with total received length.	No	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2	SEQ_NUM_ERR_DET	RO	Sequence number is wrong.	No	0
3	BUFFER_FULL_DET	RO	Retry buffer is full.	No	0
4	Reserved	RO	Not support	No	0
5	Reserved	RO	Not support	No	0
6	REPLAY_DET	RO	Replay timeout is detected.	No	0
7	CRC16_DET	RO	CRC error of SDP is detected.	No	0
8	CRC32_DET	RO	CRC error of TLP is detected.	No	0
9	CRC32_NULL_DET	RO	Nullified CRC of TLP is detected.	No	0
11:10	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
14:12	RX PM ACK Number	RW	Used to set the number of received PM ACK packets before entering power down state. The range is from 0 to 6.	Yes	011b
15	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	1
18:16	TX PM ACK Number	RW	Used to send the number of PM ACK packets. The range is from 0 to 6.	Yes	000b
31:19	Reserved	RsvdP	Internal use only. If the link is x16, the default value is 03E3h. Otherwise, the default value is 01E3h	No	03E3h or 01E3h

#### 9.4.146 DLL CSR 14 REGISTER – OFFSET 458h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
11:0	RX_NAK_SEQ_NUM	RO	NAK sequence number recorded for the last received TLP.	Yes	000h
14:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
15	RX_NAK_FLAG	RO	NAK flag is asserted for receiver.	No	0
27:16	TX_NAK_SEQ_NUM	RO	NAK sequence number recorded for the last transmitted TLP.	Yes	000h
30:28	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
31	TX_NAK_FLAG	RO	NAK flag is asserted for transmitter.	No	0

#### 9.4.147 DLL CSR 15 REGISTER – OFFSET 45Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Nullified Enable	RW	When set, it enables to generate nullified packet when condition is met.	Yes	1
1	Data Link Layer Reset	RW1C	Reset the data link layer.	Yes	0
2	TLP EOP Type	RW	Internal use only. 0b: TLP EOP is decided by calculating length when writing to buffer. 1b: TLP EOP is decided by the received length	Yes	0
3	Enable Block List Full Selection	RW	Internal use only. TLP Block list full select enabled. Please refer to 470[30:24] for selected values	Yes	0
7:4	RXFIFOReceive Threshold Value	RW	RXFIFO receive threshold value. When reaching to threshold, the credit is not updated until the RXFIFO is under threshold.	Yes	8h
8	x16 Low Latency Enable	RW	x16 low latency enable when REFCLK is in common mode.	Yes	0
9	x16 Synchronous Mode	RW	x16 Tx synchronous enable when REFCLK is in common mode.	Yes	0
12:10	GEN1_FTS_skew_Range_value	RW	GEN1 FTS skew range value.	Yes	011b
15:13	GEN2_FTS_skew_Range_value	RW	GEN2 FTS skew range value.	Yes	001b
19:16	GEN1_de-skew_range_value	RW	GEN1 de-skew range value.	Yes	Ch
23:20	GEN2_de-skew_range_value	RW	GEN2 de-skew range value.	Yes	Ch
27:24	GEN3_de-skew_Rnage_value	RW	GEN3 de-skew range value.	Yes	Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
28	L0 State and Non valid for Surprise Disconnect	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0
29	Port Bifurcation Enable	RW	When set, it enables port bifurcation function.	Yes	0
30	SKIP_precedence_select_en	RW	SKIP is unconditionally selected over DLP even though there is still room for transmitting DLP in data block.	Yes	0
31	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0

#### 9.4.148 DLL CSR 16 REGISTER – OFFSET 460h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	DLL_TX_DEBUG_i	RO	Internal use only.	No	0000_0070h

#### 9.4.149 DLL CSR 17 REGISTER – OFFSET 464h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	DLL_RX_DEBUG_i	RO	Internal use only.	No	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.150 DLL CSR 18 REGISTER – OFFSET 468h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	MAC_TX_DEBUG_i	RO	Internal use only.	No	0098_0029h

#### 9.4.151 DLL CSR 19 REGISTER – OFFSET 46Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	MAC_RX_DEBUG_i	RO	Internal use only.	No	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.152 LA DEBUG REGISTER – OFFSET 470h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	initial flow control 2	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	1011b
4	flow control life cycle synchronous	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0
5	initial flow control 2 expire enable	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0
6	GEN3 auto change lane width	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	1
7	de-skew delay time disable	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	1
31:8	misc	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	7000_00h

#### 9.4.153 TL CSR 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 4C0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	VGA_Decode	RW	0b: disable VGA decode 1b: enable VGA decode	Yes	1

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1	MSI_CAP_DIS	RO	PCI Message Signaling Interrupt Capability. 0b: enable MSI capability 1b: disable MSI capability	Yes	0
2	PM_CAP_DIS	RO	PCI Power Management Capability. 0b: enable power management capability 1b: disable power management capability	Yes	0
3	MF_Credit_update_ DIS	RO	Credit upate option once Malformed TLP is received. Internal use only.	Yes	0
4	MC_CAP_DIS	RO	PCI Multi-cast Capability. 0b: enable multicast capability 1b: disable multicast capability	Yes	0
5	MEM_Sharing_DIS	RO	Disable memory sharing function of ingress buffer. 0b: enable memory sharing 1b: disable memory sharing  It is set by Port 0 or Port4 only. When set, all the ports in one group will be affected.	Yes	0
7:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
8	Pin_INTA_Slot	RW	Enable INTA pin function for slot status change. Internal use only.	Yes	0
9	Pin_INTA_GPIO	RW	Enable INTA pin function for GPIO event. Internal use only.	Yes	0
10	Pin_INTA_CDEP	RW	Enable INTA pin function for CDEP event. Internal use only.	Yes	0
11	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
13:12	Initial Credit Advertisement	RO	Initial Credit Advertised to the link partner. 00b: full credits 01b: 3 quarters of full credits 10b: half credits 11b: one quarer of full credits	Yes	00b
31:14	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

#### 9.4.154 TL CSR 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 4C4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Store_Forward_en	RW	When set, a store-forward mode is used. Otherwise, the chip is operating under cut-through mode.  It is set by Port 0 or Port4 only.	Yes	0
3:1	cut-through threshold	RW	Cut-through Threshold. 00b: the threshold is set at the middle of forwarding packet 01b: the threshold is set ahead 1-cycle of middle point 10b: the threshold is set ahead 2-cycle of middle point 11b: the threshold is set ahead 3-cycle of middle point	Yes	100b
4	port_arb_mode	RW	When set, the round-robin arbitration will stay in the arbitrated port even if the credit is not enough but request is pending. When clear, the round-robin arbitration will always go to the requesting port, whose outgoing credit is enough for the packet queued in the port.	Yes	0
5	Port_order	RW	When set, there is a strict ordering rule on packets for different egress port.  It is set by Port 0 or Port4 only.	Yes	0
6	CPL_order	RW	When set, there is a strict ordering rule between completion packet with different tag.  It is set by Port 0 or Port4 only.	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7	NP_store_forward_en	RW	When set, a store-forward mode is used for Non-post TLP. Otherwise, the Non-post TLP is operating under cut-through mode.  It is set by Port 0 or Port4 only.	Yes	0
8	Reserved	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0
9	datasel_rw_en	RO	When set, PM data register's DATA SEL field can be R/W.	Yes	0
10	Reserved	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0
11	4k_boundary_check_en	RW	0b: disable 4KB boundary checking 1b: enable 4KB boundary checking	Yes	0
12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
13	order_rule5_en	RW	Enable ordering rule #5 When set, the post packet cannot pass non-post Packet.  It is set by Port 0 or Port4 only.	Yes	0
14	Strict_ordering_P	RW	When set, the post packets will follow strict ordering.  It is set by Port 0 or Port4 only.	Yes	0
15	Strict_ordering_NP	RW	When set, the non-post packets will follow strict ordering.  It is set by Port 0 or Port4 only.	Yes	1
16	TLP Poisoned	RW	When set, the received TLP with data poison will be dropped.	Yes	0
17	TLP ECRC Error	RW	When set, the received TLP with ECRC error will be dropped.	Yes	0
18	TLP MC overlay ECRC Error	RW	When set, the received TLP MC overlay with ECRC error will be dropped.	Yes	0
31:19	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

#### 9.4.155 TL CSR 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 4C8h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1:0	Reserved	RO	Internal use only.	Yes	00
2	Power_saving_en	RO	When set power saving mode is enabled.  It is set by Port 0 only. When set, it will affect the entire tile.	Yes	1
4:3	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	10
5	Egress_tlp_request_mode	RW	Control egress TLP behavior.  0b: egress TLP is pending until transmitter ready 1b: egress TLP is back off if transmitter is not ready	Yes	0
6	Read Tracking mode	RW	Control read tracking behavior.  0b: emulate transmitter is ready 1b: does not emulate	Yes	0
7	Reserved	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0
31:8	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b

### 9.4.156 TL CSR 3 REGISTER – OFFSET 4CCh (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	VP port Ring Control	RO	<p>bit[0]: Reserved</p> <p>bit[1]: Ready signal for VP port ring data crossing tile-boundary 0b: ready signal is asserted all the time 1b: ready signal is only asserted only when ring request is served</p> <p>bit[2]: Control VP port ring source arbiter returning to idle state 0b: ring request is served and no new ring request is pending 1b: ring request is served no matter whether there is new ring request pending or not</p> <p>bit[3]: VP port ring buffer selection for buffer0 and buffer1 0b: buffer1 is chosen for producing request if buffer1 contains data 1b: buffer1 is chosen for producing request when buffer1 contains data and buffer0 is empty.</p>	Yes	1010b
4	VP Port Cut-through control	RO	0b: VP port behaves following the bandwidth of upstream port 1b: VP port behaves like GEN3 x16	Yes	0
5	Reserved	RsvdP	Internal use only.	No	0
31:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0h

### 9.4.157 TL CSR 4 REGISTER – OFFSET 4D0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
23:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00_0000h
31:24	specific TL debug mode_sel	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	00h

### 9.4.158 DEVICE CONFIGURATION 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 504h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2:0	UP_Port_SEL_P	RO	Select one upstream port among all ports. For multi-tile device, the selected port number must be the same for all tiles, otherwise it will cause unexpected result.  It is valid for transparent mode only.	Yes	000b
5:3	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
6	Chip CD Mode	RO	Used to enable CD mode for the whole chip.  1b: Enable Chip CD mode (i.e. switch operates in cross-domain mode) 0b: Disable Chip CD mode (i.e. switch operates in transparent mode)  All tiles should be configured with the same setting if the switch is a multi-tile device.  Note: If the chip CD mode of master tile is enabled, the chip CD mode for the rest of all slave tiles are required to be enabled as well, even though there is no CDEP or CDBR ports configured in that slave tile.	Yes	0
7	Smbus Enable	RO	Used to set <a href="#">SMBUS_EN_L</a> strap pin.  0b: I2C 1b: SMBUS	Yes	Set by <a href="#">SMBUS_EN_L</a>
10:8	I2C/Smbus Address	RO	Used to set <a href="#">I2C_ADDRESS[2:0]</a> strap pins.	Yes	Set by <a href="#">I2C_ADDRESS[2:0]</a>
11	Debug_Mode	RO	0b: disable debug mode 1b: enable debug mode	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C- SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0h

#### 9.4.159 DEVICE CONFIGURATION 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 508h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support	No	00b
4:2	PORTCFG	RO	Used to set <a href="#">PORTCFG_x[2:0]</a> strap pins.	Yes	Set by <a href="#">PORTCFG_x[2:0]</a>
6:5	Chip Mode	RO	Used to set <a href="#">CHIPMODE[1:0]</a> strap pins.	Yes	Set by <a href="#">CHIPMODE[1:0]</a>
7	Fast Mode	RO	0b: disable fast mode 1b: enable fast mode for internal use only	Yes	0
8	Ckmode	RO	Used to set <a href="#">CKMODEx</a> strap pin.	Yes	Set by <a href="#">CKMODEx</a>
31:9	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b

#### 9.4.160 DEVICE CONFIGURATION 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 50Ch (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
1	HotPlug_Enable	RO	Used to enable/disable for hot plug functions. 0b: disable 1b: enable	Yes	Set by <a href="#">HOT_PLUG_ENx_L</a>
2	Surprise_Hot_Plug_Disable	RO	Used to select surprise or managed hot plug function. 0b: surprise hot plug 1b: managed hot plug	No/Yes	Set by <a href="#">SURPRISE_HP_0</a> (Tile 0) 1 (Tile 1)
3	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
4	Pm_L1_SS_Enable	RO	Used to enable/disable PM L1 sub-state function. 0b: disable 1b: enable	Yes	Set by <a href="#">PM_L11_ENx_L</a>
7:5	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	111b
8	CLKBUF_PD	RO	Used to power down internal clock buffer. 0b: power on 1b: power down	Yes	Set by <a href="#">CLKBUFDPDx_L</a>
13:9	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000000b
14	P0_RID_Auto_Set	RO	Used to set RID table being automatically built and maintained by the switch hardware in CDVEP of master tile.	Yes	0b
15	P4_RID_Auto_Set	RO	Used to set RID table being automatically built and maintained by the switch hardware in CDLEP Port 4.	Yes	1b
17:16	Tile CD Mode	RO	Used to configure CDEP Port per tile  0xb: No CDEP ports configured in this tile 10b: one CDEP port configured in this tile (a) One CDVEP port if it is master tile (b) One CDLEP port if it is slave tile 11b: Two CDEP port configured in this tile (a) One CDVEP port and One CDLEP port if it is a master tile (b) Two CDLEP ports if it is a slave tile  The setting in Tile CD Mode can be ignored if Chip CD Mode is disabled.	Yes	00b



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
19:18	DMA Mode	RO	Used to configure DMA Mode for this switch.  0xb: DMA functions are disabled in this switch 10b: DMA functions are enabled under its own main or local hosts Tile CD Mode = 0xb: DMA functions are at P0 only Tile CD Mode = 11b: DMA functions are at P0 and P4 respectively 11b: DMA function only enabled under the main host domain and DMA functions are enabled at P0 only	Yes	00b
20	CLKBUF_CTL_EN	RO	Used to enable all internal clock buffer outputs.	Yes	0
21	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
22	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
23	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
31:24	CLKBUF_Output_EN	RO	Used to enable/disable internal clock buffer outputs REFCLKOP/N[7:0].  0b: disable 1b: enable  These bits are valid when bit[20]=1.	Yes	FFh

#### 9.4.161 DEVICE CLOCK EXTERNAL CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 510h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	EE_Ext_Pclk_Req	RO	Device Ext_Pclk_Req Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0000h
19:16	EE_Mplla_Force_En	RO	Device Mplla_Force_En Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0h
23:20	EE_Ref_Use_Pad	RO	Device Ref_Use_Pad_Enable Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0h
27:24	EE_Ref_Repeat_Clk_En	RO	Device Ref_Repeat_Clk_Enable Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0h
28	EE_Phy_Control_En	RO	Device Phy Clock External Control Enable from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
29	Valid for bit[19:16]	RO	1b: bit[19:16] are valid.	Yes/No	0
30	Valid for bit[23:20]	RO	1b: bit[23:20] are valid.	Yes/No	0
31	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0

#### 9.4.162 DEVICE SRIS EXTERNAL CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 514h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	lane 0_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 0_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
1	lane 1_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 1_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
2	lane 2_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 2_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
3	lane 3_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 3_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
4	lane 4_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 4_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
5	lane 5_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 5_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
6	lane 6_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 6_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
7	lane 7_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 7_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
8	lane 8_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 8_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
9	lane 9_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 9_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
10	lane 10_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 10_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
11	lane 11_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 11_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
12	lane 12_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 12_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
13	lane 13_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 13_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
14	lane 14_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 14_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
15	lane 15_Sris_Mode	RO	Lane 15_Sris_ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
30:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
31	Sris External Control En	RO	Device Sris External Control Enable.	Yes/No	0

### 9.4.163 DEVICE COMM REFCLK MODE EXTERNAL CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 518h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	lane 0_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 0_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
1	lane 1_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 1_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
2	lane 2_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 2_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
3	lane 3_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 3_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
4	lane 4_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 4_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
5	lane 5_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 5_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
6	lane 6_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 6_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
7	lane 7_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 7_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
8	lane 8_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 8_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
9	lane 9_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 9_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
10	lane 10_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 10_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
11	lane 11_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 11_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
12	lane 12_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 12_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
13	lane 13_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 13_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
14	lane 14_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 14_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
15	lane 15_Cmn_Refclk_Mode	RO	Lane 15_Cmm Refclk ModeExternal Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
30:16	Rsvrd	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
31	Cmn_Refclk_Mode External Control En	RO	Device Common Refclk Mode External Control Enable. Bit[15:0] can only take effect when bit[31] is set.	Yes/No	0

### 9.4.164 INTERNAL USE REGISTER – OFFSET 51Ch (TEST PURPOSE)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Reserved	RO	Internal use only	No	0000_0000h

### 9.4.165 INTERNAL USE REGISTER – OFFSET 520h (TEST PURPOSE)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Reserved	RO	Internal use only	No	0000_0000h

### 9.4.166 INTERNAL USE REGISTER – OFFSET 524h (TEST PURPOSE)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Reserved	RO	Internal use only	No	0000_0000h

### 9.4.167 EXTERNAL LOOPBACK PRBS CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 528h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1:0	Lane 3-0 PRBS Rate	RW	Choose Lane 3-0 PRBS Rate. 00b: GEN1 01b: GEN2 10b: GEN3 11b: Reserved	Yes	00b
3:2	Lane 7-4 PRBS Rate	RW	Choose Lane 7-4 PRBS Rate. 00b: GEN1 01b: GEN2 10b: GEN3 11b: Reserved	Yes	00b
5:4	Lane 11-8 PRBS Rate	RW	Choose Lane 11-8 PRBS Rate. 00b: GEN1 01b: GEN2 10b: GEN3 11b: Reserved	Yes	00b
7:6	Lane 15-12 PRBS Rate	RW	Choose Lane 15-12 PRBS Rate. 00b: GEN1 01b: GEN2 10b: GEN3 11b: Reserved	Yes	00b
8	Lane 3-0 PRBS Rate Enable	RW	When enabled, Lane 3-0 is set to PRBS rate as indicated in bit[1:0] to run loopback test.  Please note an external test fixture must be provided to loopback TX to RX. Also, please follow PRBS Appnote to set TXEQ PRESET value at GEN3 speed through CR interface.	Yes	0
9	Lane 7-4 PRBS Rate Enable	RW	When enabled, Lane 7-4 is set to PRBS rate as indicated in bit[3:2] to run loopback test.  Please note an external test fixture must be provided to loopback TX to RX. Also, please follow PRBS Appnote to set TXEQ PRESET value at GEN3 speed through CR interface.	Yes	0
10	Lane 11-8 PRBS Rate Enable	RW	When enabled, Lane 11-8 is set to PRBS rate as indicated in bit[5:4] to run loopback test.  Please note an external test fixture must be provided to loopback TX to RX. Also, please follow PRBS Appnote to set TXEQ PRESET value at GEN3 speed through CR interface.	Yes	0
11	Lane 15-12 PRBS Rate Enable	RW	When enabled, Lane 15-12 is set to PRBS rate as indicated in bit[7:6] to run loopback test.  Please note an external test fixture must be provided to loopback TX to RX. Also, please follow PRBS Appnote to set TXEQ PRESET value at GEN3 speed through CR interface.	Yes	0
31:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0h

### 9.4.168 PHY SRAM PROGRAM 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 52Ch (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	PHY SRAM DATA	RO	PHY SRAM DATA.	Yes/No	0000h
31:16	PHY SRAM OFFSET	RO	PHY SRAM OFFSET.	Yes/No	0000h

#### 9.4.169 PHY SRAM PROGRAM 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 530h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	PHY SRAM Program Enable	RO	Start PHY SRAM Program.	Yes/No	0
1	PHY SRAM Program Done	RO	Finish PHY SRAM Program.	Yes/No	0
31:2	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

#### 9.4.170 FAILOVER CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 534h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
1	DIS_DNP_hotreset	RW	Used to disable hot-reset generation to the downstream port once upstream port link down event occurs. 0b: enable 1b: disable	Yes	0
2	EN_UPP_keep_enum	RW	Used to enable upstream port having enumeration data kept intact if upstream port link down event occurs. 0b: disable 1b: enable	Yes	0
31:3	Reserved	ResvP	Not support.	No	0-0b

#### 9.4.171 THERMAL SENSOR INT MASK AND STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 538h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2:0	thermal sensor 2~0 status	RW1C	Thermal sensor 2~0 status.	Yes	000b
15:3	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
18:16	thermal sensor 2~0 interrupt mask	RW	Thermal sensor 2~0 interrupt mask.	Yes	111b
31:19	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b

#### 9.4.172 THERMAL SENSOR CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 53Ch (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Thermal Sensor 0 Status	RO	When set, it indicates the temperature of sensor 0 is over the threshold.	No	0b
1	Thermal Sensor 1 Status	RO	When set, it indicates the temperature of sensor 1 is over the threshold.	No	0b
2	Thermal Sensor 2 Status	RO	When set, it indicates the temperature of sensor 2 is over the threshold.	No	0b
23:3	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h
25:24	Thermal Sensor 0 Threshold	RW	Used to set the threshold temperature of sensor 0. 00b:110 01b:120 10b:130 11b:140	Yes	0
27:26	Thermal Sensor 1 Threshold	RW	Used to set the threshold temperature of sensor 1. 00b:110 01b:120 10b:130 11b:140	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
29:28	Thermal Sensor 2 Threshold	RW	Used to set the threshold temperature of sensor 2. 00b:110 01b:120 10b:130 11b:140	Yes	0
30	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
31	Auto Test Temp.	RW	Used to set Thermal Sensor burst test Enable	Yes	0

#### 9.4.173 DEVICE ELASTIC BUFFER EMPTY MODE EXTERNAL CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 540h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	lane 0_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 0_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
1	lane 1_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 1_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
2	lane 2_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 2_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
3	lane 3_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 3_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
4	lane 4_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 4_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
5	lane 5_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 5_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
6	lane 6_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 6_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
7	lane 7_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 7_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
8	lane 8_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 8_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
9	lane 9_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 9_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
10	lane 10_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 10_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
11	lane 11_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 11_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
12	lane 12_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 12_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
13	lane 13_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 13_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
14	lane 14_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 14_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM.	Yes/No	0
15	lane 15_Eb_Empty_Mode	RO	Lane 15_Eb_Empty_Mode External Control from EEPROM..	Yes/No	0
30:16	Rerved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
31	Eb_Empty_Mode Control En	RO	Eb Empty mode Control Enble. Bit[15:0] can only take effect when bit[31] is set	Yes/No	0

#### 9.4.174 DEVICE MISC REGISTER – OFFSET 544h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	HW_Init_Load	RO	When set, the hardware is notified that EEPROM preloading is done. This bit must be set if external EEPROM programming is used.	Yes/No	0
31:1	Rerved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b

### 9.4.175 SWITCH DOMAIN MODE CONTROL – OFFSET 558h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Virtual Port configuration	RO	Internal use only.	Yes	Tile0: 04h Tile1: 01h
13:8	Broadcast index	RO	Internal use only.	Yes	00_0011b
31:14	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.4.176 PORT CLOCK CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 55Ch (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Bifurcation_Enable	RO	Used to Enable Port Bifurcation function. By default, the bifurcation is performed automatically.	Yes	0b
1	Manual_Bifurcation	RO	Used to control port bifurcation according to bit[7:4] or bit[11:8]. For manual bifurcation, both of bit0 and bit1 must be set to “1”.	Yes	0b
3:2	Rerved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
7:4	Fix_116_result	RO	port_cfg set to 116 mode.  0000b: set bifurcation result to 116 0001b: set bifurcation result to 216 0010b: set bifurcation result to 316 0011b: set bifurcation result to 416 Others: Reserved	Yes	0h
11:8	Fix_416_result	RO	port_cfg set to 4444 mode.  0000b: set bifurcation result to 416(4444) 0001b: set bifurcation result to 516A(44422) 0010b: set bifurcation result to 516B(44224) 0011b: set bifurcation result to 516C(42244) 0100b: set bifurcation result to 516D(22444) 0101b: set bifurcation result to 616A(442222) 0110b: set bifurcation result to 616B(422422) 0111b: set bifurcation result to 616C(224422) 1000b: set bifurcation result to 616D(422224) 1001b: set bifurcation result to 616E(224224) 1010b: set bifurcation result to 616F(222244) 1011b: set bifurcation result to 716A(4222222) 1100b: set bifurcation result to 716B(2242222) 1101b: set bifurcation result to 716C(2222422) 1110b: set bifurcation result to 716D(2222224) 1111b: set bifurcation result to 816(2222222)	Yes	0
12	Port0_auto_bifu_En	RO	0b: auto bifurcation for port 0 is disabled 1b: auto bifurcation for port 0 is enabled	Yes	0
13	Port2_auto_bifu_En	RO	0b: auto bifurcation for port 2 is disabled 1b: auto bifurcation for port 2 is enabled	Yes	0
14	Port4_auto_bifu_En	RO	0b: auto bifurcation for port 4 is disabled 1b: auto bifurcation for port 4 is enabled	Yes	0
15	Port6_auto_bifu_En	RO	0b: auto bifurcation for port 6 is disabled 1b: auto bifurcation for port 6 is enabled	Yes	0
16	Port Clock control Enable	RW	Used to enable Port Clock control function.	Yes	0
23:17	Rerved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h
31:24	Port Clock Enable	RW	Used to set Port0~Port7 Port Clock Enable.  These bits are valid when bit[16]=1.	Yes	FFh

### 9.4.177 PERFORMANCE COUNTER CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 56Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	counter_start_stop	RW	1b: Performance counter start counting 0b: Performace counter stop counting	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1	counter_clear	WO	1b: clear performance counter. It is valid when bit[4]=1 and is always read as 0b.	Yes	0
3:2	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
4	counter_enable	RW	1b: Performance counter is controlled by s/w (bit[0]) 0b: Performance counter is controlled by h/w (autorun)	No	0
31:5	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

#### 9.4.178 INTERNAL USE REGISTER – OFFSET 570h (TEST PURPOSE)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Internal use only	No	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.179 NIC CTRL 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 5A0h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Reserved	RW	Internal use only.	No	00h
9:8	Cmd Arbiter Delay	RW	Specify the delay cycles for next command arbiter start.	Yes	00b
31:10	Reserved	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0000_000b
16	Destination Credit Wait	RW	Wait until destination credit is enough to transmit packet. 0b: OFF 1b: ON	Yes	0
17	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
20:18	Time Based RR Time Period	RW	Time Period Selection for Time based Round Robin.	Yes	000b
23:21	Reserved	RW	Internal use only.	No	000b
31:24	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h

#### 9.4.180 NIC CTRL 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 5A8h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1:0	NIC Router Arbiter Delay	RW	Delay cycles for next arbiter start.	Yes	00b
2	NIC Out Router Arbiter Delay	RW	Delay cycles for next arbiter start.	Yes	1
3	msic	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0
6:4	noc_buffer_empty for speed up	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	010b
7	nic_speed_up_en	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0
15:8	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h
18:16	Adaptive Weight RRPeriod	RW	The period for monitoring total Cross tile packet number of each port from tile-1 to master tile's VP port ,this is used for the Adaptive VP Port Weighting.  000b: 1000 001b: 3000 010b: 5000 011b: 7000 100b: 9000 101b:11000 110b:13000 111b:15000 The uint is in 2ns cycle.	Yes	000b

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
21:19	Adaptive Weight Refinement	RW	A criterion for packet number issued from each port on cross tile to master tile's VP Port during the time period defined in bit[18:16]. If the number is less than the selected threshold, the VP port weight will be reduced by 1 due to this port not producing sufficient packets.  000b: 20 001b: 50 010b: 100 011b: 150 100b: 200 101b: 250 110b: 300 111b:350	Yes	000b
22	phase_tag_arbiter_en	RW	0b: round robin arbitration with adaptive vp port weighting 1b: phase tag arbitrationInternal use.	Yes	0
23	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
28:24	phase_tag_timer	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0_0010b
31:29	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support	No	000b

#### 9.4.181 CR RW CTRL AND STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 5C0h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Write Enable for Lane 3-0	RW	Write enable bit for Lane 3-0.	No/Yes	0
1	Write Enable for Lane 7-4	RW	Write enable bit for Lane 7-4.	No/Yes	0
2	Write Enable for Lane 11-8	RW	Write enable bit for Lane 11-8.	No/Yes	0
3	Write Enable for Lane 15-12	RW	Write enable bit for Lane 15-12.	No/Yes	0
7:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h
8	Read Enable for Lane 3-0	RW	Read enable bit for Lane 3-0.	No/Yes	0
9	Read Enable for Lane 7-4	RW	Read enable bit for Lane 7-4.	No/Yes	0
10	Read Enable for Lane 11-8	RW	Read enable bit for Lane 11-8.	No/Yes	0
11	Read Enable for Lane 15-12	RW	Read enable bit for Lane 15-12.	No/Yes	0
15:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h
19:16	RW Ready Status	RO	Indicates whether Lane 3-0, Lane 7-4, Lane 11-8 or Lane 15-12 is ready for the Read or Write cycle.	No	1111h
31:20	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000h

#### 9.4.182 CR CTRL 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 5C4h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Lane 3-0 Data	RW	Contains the Lane 3-0 register data.	Yes	0000h
31:16	Lane 3-0 Register	RW	Contains the Lane 3-0 register address.	Yes	0000h

#### 9.4.183 CR CTRL 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 5C8h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Lane 7-4 Data	RW	Contains the Lane 7-4 register data.	Yes	0000h
31:16	Lane 7-4 Register	RW	Contains the Lane 7-4 register address.	Yes	0000h



#### 9.4.184 CR CTRL 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 5CCh (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Lane 11-8 Data	RW	Contains the Lane 11-8 register data.	Yes	0000h
31:16	Lane 11-8 Register	RW	Contains the Lane 11-8 register address.	Yes	0000h

#### 9.4.185 CR CTRL 3 REGISTER – OFFSET 5D0h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Lane 15-12 Data	RW	Contains the Lane 15-12 register data.	Yes	0000h
31:16	Lane 15-12 Register	RW	Contains the Lane 15-12 register address.	Yes	0000h

#### 9.4.186 THERMAL SENSOR TEST REGISTER – OFFSET 5D4h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	Thermal Sensor Test Access Control	RW	Select Thermal Sensor Test Items.	Yes	0h
5:4	Thermal Sensor Macro Select	RW	Select Thermal Sensor Macro for Test. 00b: Thermal Sensor 0 01b: Thermal Sensor 1 10b: Thermal Sensor 2 11b: Reserved	Yes	00b
6	Software Digital Test Mode	RW	Digital Test Enable. 0b: Disable 1b: Enable	Yes	0
7	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
8	Digital Test Status	RO	Indicate Success or Fail Status of Digital Test. 0b: Fail 1b: Success	No	0
9	Digital Test Mode 8 Status	RO	Indicate Success or Fail Status of Digital Test Mode 8. 0b: Fail 1b: Success	No	0
10	Digital Test Mode 9 Status	RO	Indicate Success or Fail Status of Digital Test Mode 9. 0b: Fail 1b: Success	No	0
14:11	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h
15	Digital Test Done	RO	Thermal Sensor Digital Test Done Status. 0b: Test no complete 1b: Test complete	No	0
16	EEPROM Single Read	RW	Internal use only.	No	0
31:17	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

#### 9.4.187 THERMAL SENSOR CTRL 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 5D8h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Thermal Sensor Burst Run	RW	Get Thermal Result periodically. 0b: OFF 1b: ON	Yes	0
1	Thermal Sensor Single Run	RW	Get Thermal Result Once. 0b: OFF 1b: ON	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2	Thermal Sensor Power Down	RW	Turn off Thermal Sensor. 0b: disable power down 1b: enable power down	Yes	0
7:3	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0b
19:8	Thermal Sensor Conversion Data Output	RO	Thermal Sensor Results.	No	000h
22:20	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
23	Thermal Sensor Conversion Done	RO	Get Thermal Sensor Result Done. 0b: conversion not complete 1b: conversion complete	No	0
31:24	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h

#### 9.4.188 THERMAL SENSOR CTRL 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 5DCh (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Thermal Sensor Burst Run	RW	Get Thermal Result periodically. 0b: OFF 1b: ON	Yes	0
1	Thermal Sensor Single Run	RW	Get Thermal Result Once. 0b: OFF 1b: ON	Yes	0
2	Thermal Sensor Power Down	RW	Turn off Thermal Sensor. 0b: disable power down 1b: enable power down	Yes	0
7:3	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0b
19:8	Thermal Sensor Conversion Data Output	RO	Thermal Sensor Result.	No	000h
22:20	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
23	Thermal Sensor Conversion Done	RO	Get Thermal Sensor Result Done. 0b: conversion not complete 1b: conversion complete	No	0
31:24	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h

#### 9.4.189 THERMAL SENSOR CTRL 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 5E0h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Thermal Sensor Burst Run	RW	Get Thermal Result periodically. 0b: OFF 1b: ON	Yes	0
1	Thermal Sensor Single Run	RW	Get Thermal Result Once. 0b: OFF 1b: ON	Yes	0
2	Thermal Sensor Power Down	RW	Turn off Thermal Sensor. 0b: disable power down 1b: enable power down	Yes	0
7:3	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0b
19:8	Thermal Sensor Conversion Data Output	RO	Thermal Sensor Result.	No	000h
22:20	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
23	Thermal Sensor Conversion Done	RO	Get Thermal Sensor Result Done. 0b: Conversion not complete 1b: Conversion complete	No	0
31:24	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h

#### 9.4.190 INGRESS COMPLETION TLP PACKET COUNT[31:0] REGISTER – OFFSET 600h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Ingress Completion TLP Packet Count [31:0]	RC	Records received completion TLP packet count[31:0].	No	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.191 INGRESS COMPLETION TLP PACKET COUNT[47:32] REGISTER – OFFSET 604h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Ingress Completion TLP Packet Count [47:32]	RC	Records received completion TLP packet count[47:32].	No	0000h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

#### 9.4.192 INGRESS COMPLETION TLP PAYLOAD BYTE COUNT[31:0] REGISTER – OFFSET 608h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Ingress Completion TLP Payload Byte Count Count[31:0]	RC	Records received completion TLP payload byte count[31:0].	No	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.193 INGRESS COMPLETION TLP PAYLOAD BYTE COUNT[47:32] REGISTER – OFFSET 60Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Ingress Completion TLP Payload Byte Count[47:32]	RC	Records received completion TLP payload byte count[47:32].	No	0000h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

#### 9.4.194 INGRESS POST TLP PACKET COUNT[31:0] REGISTER – OFFSET 610h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Ingress Post TLP Packet Count[31:0]	RC	Records received post TLP packet count[31:0].	No	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.195 INGRESS POST TLP PACKET COUNT[47:32] REGISTER – OFFSET 614h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Ingress Post TLP Packet Count[47:32]	RC	Records received post TLP packet count[47:32].	No	0000h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

#### 9.4.196 INGRESS POST TLP PAYLOAD BYTE COUNT[31:0] REGISTER – OFFSET 618h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Ingress Post TLP Payload Byte Count [31:0]	RC	Records received post TLP payload byte count[31:0].	No	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.197 INGRESS POST TLP PAYLOAD BYTE COUNT[47:32] REGISTER – OFFSET 61Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Ingress Post TLP Payload Byte Count [47:32]	RC	Records received post TLP payload byte count[47:32].	No	0000h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

#### 9.4.198 INGRESS BAD TLP PACKET COUNT[31:0] REGISTER – OFFSET 620h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Ingress Error TLP Payload Byte Count [31:0]	RC	Records received error TLP packet count bit[31:0].  The counter is increased by one as receiving a TLP contaminated with errors that are enabled in <a href="#">ingress error counter enable register at offset 67Ch</a>	No	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.199 INGRESS NON-POST TLP PACKET COUNT[31:0] REGISTER – OFFSET 628h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Ingress Non-Post TLP Packet Count [31:0]	RC	Records received non-post TLP packet count[31:0].	No	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.200 INGRESS NON-POST TLP PACKET COUNT[47:32] REGISTER – OFFSET 62Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Ingress Non-Post TLP Packet Count [47:32]	RC	Records received non-post TLP packet count[47:32].	No	0000h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

#### 9.4.201 EGRESS COMPLETION TLP PACKET COUNT[31:0] REGISTER - OFFSET 630h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Egress Completion TLP Packet Count [31:0]	RC	Records transmit completion TLP packet count[31:0].	No	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.202 EGRESS COMPLETION TLP PACKET COUNT[47:32] REGISTER – OFFSET 634h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Egress Completion TLP Packet Count [47:32]	RC	Records transmit completion TLP packet count[47:32].	No	0000h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

#### 9.4.203 EGRESS COMPLETION TLP PAYLOAD BYTE COUNT[31:0] REGISTER – OFFSET 638h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Egress Completion TLP Payload Byte Count[31:0]	RC	Records transmit completion TLP payload byte count[31:0].	No	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.204 EGRESS COMPLETION TLP PAYLOAD BYTE COUNT[47:32] REGISTER – OFFSET 63Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Egress Completion TLP Payload Byte Count[47:32]	RC	Records transmit completion TLP payload byte count[47:32].	No	0000h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

#### 9.4.205 EGRESS POST TLP PACKET COUNT[31:0] REGISTER – OFFSET 640h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Egress Post TLP Packet Count[31:0]	RC	Records transmit post TLP packet count[31:0]	No	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.206 EGRESS POST TLP PACKET BYTE COUNT[47:32] REGISTER – OFFSET 644h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Egress Post TLP Packet Count[47:32]	RC	Records transmit post TLP packet count[47:32].	No	0000h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

#### 9.4.207 EGRESS POST TLP PAYLOAD BYTE COUNT[31:0] REGISTER – OFFSET 648h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Egress Post TLP Payload Byte Count [31:0]	RC	Records transmit post TLP payload byte count[31:0].	No	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.208 EGRESS POST TLP PAYLOAD BYTE COUNT[47:32] REGISTER – OFFSET 64Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Egress Post TLP Payload Byte Count [47:32]	RC	Records transmit post TLP payload byte count[47:32].	No	0000h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

#### 9.4.209 EGRESS ERROR TLP PACKET COUNT[15:0] REGISTER – OFFSET 650h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Egress Error TLP Payload Byte Count [15:0]	RC	Records transmit error TLP packet count[15:0]. A switch internal error such as ECC non-correctable error is detected when the packet reaches an egress port.	No	0000h

#### 9.4.210 EGRESS ERROR TLP PAYLOAD BYTE COUNT[47:32] REGISTER – OFFSET 654h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Egress Error TLP Payload Byte Count [47:32]	RC	Records transmit error TLP payload byte count[47:32].	No	0000h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

#### 9.4.211 EGRESS NON-POST TLP PACKET COUNT[31:0] REGISTER – OFFSET 658h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Egress Non-Post TLP Packet Count [31:0]	RC	Records transmit non-post TLP packet count[31:0].	No	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.212 EGRESS NON-POST TLP PACKET COUNT[47:32] REGISTER – OFFSET 65Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Egress Non-Post TLP Packet Count[47:32]	RC	Records transmit non-post TLP packet count bit[47:32].	No	0000h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

#### 9.4.213 TL/DLL/MAC/PHY ERROR TYPE SEL REGISTER – OFFSET 660h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Reg_664h_Sel	RW	bit[1:0]: Reg_664h_Sel_Type 00b... Reg_664h_Sel[7:2] are used as dll_mac_err_sel_0[5:0] 01b... Reg_664h_Sel[7:2] are used as tl_err_sel_0[5:0] 10b... Reg_664h_Sel[7:2] are used as noc_err_sel_0[5:0] 11b...Reserved	Yes	FEh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Reg_664h_Sel	RW	<p>dll_mac_err_sel_x[5:0] (x=0, 1 or 2):</p> <p>00h... seq_err            01h... fcfail_retrain            02h... retry_buffer_full            03h... retry_buffer_ecc_one_bit_error            04h... retry_buffer_ecc_two_bit_error            05h... tx_nullify            06h... replay_timer_expired            07h... replay_no_roll_over            08h... retrain_link            09h... nack_seq_err            0Ah... tlp_tx_fifo_length_error (tlp_tx_protocol_error (redundant sof/eof, length error...))            0Bh... tlp_tx_fifo_abort            0Ch... tlp_tx_header_error            0Dh... tlp_tx_no_eof_error            0Eh... crc16_error            0Fh... crc32_error            10h... nullify_crc_detect            11h... receive_packet_abort(tlp_rx_abort = 1)            12h... receive_nack            13h... framing_error            14h... retrain_link            15h... recv_ts_speed_change            16h... recv_hot_reset_bit            17h... recv_disable_link            18h... recv_loopback            19h... recv_dis_screamb            1Ah... recv_comp            1Bh... goto_retrain_by_MAC            1Ch... goto_retrain_by_DUT_LTSSM            1Dh... goto_retrain_by_root            1Eh... PHY_status_error            1Fh~3Eh... reserved</p> <p>3Fh... wire or errors that corresponding mask bit set to 0 in <a href="#">TL/DLL/MAC/PHY ERROR MASK 0 register</a></p> <p>tl_err_sel_x[5:0] (x=0, 1 or 2):</p> <p>00h... TL_ERR_STA[0]            01h... TRAIN_ERR_SET            02h... DLLP_ERR_SET            03h... RX_ERR_SET            04h... BAD_TLP_SET            05h... BAD_DLLP_SET            06h... REPLAY_ROLLOVER_SET            07h... REPLAY_TIMEOUT_SET            08h... UR_ERR_SET_all            09h... ECRC_ERR_SET_all            0Ah... MF_TLP_ERR_SET_all            0Bh... RX_OVERFLOW_SET            0Ch... UC_STS_SET_all            0Dh... FC_ERR_SET_all            0Eh... POISON_TLP_SET_all            0Fh... TL_ECC[0] (P/NP/CPLD buffer 1 bit ecc error OR)            10h... TL_ECC[1] (P/NP/CPLD buffer 1 bit ecc error OR)            11h~12h... Reserved            13h... TL_ERR_STA[1]            14h... TL_ERR_STA[2]            15h... TL_ERR_STA[3]            16h~3Eh... Reserved</p> <p>3Fh... wire or errors that corresponding mask bit set to 0 in <a href="#">TL/DLL/MAC/PHY ERROR MASK 0 register</a></p>	Yes	FEh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Reg_664h_Sel		noc_err_sel_x[5:0] (x=0, 1 or 2): 00h~01h... r_buffer one/two bit ecc error 02h~03h... v_buffer one/two bit ecc error 04h~05h... l_buffer one/two bit ecc error 06h~07h... d_buffer one/two bit ecc error 08h~09h... dma noc_r_buffer one/two bit ecc error 0Ah~0Bh... dma noc_v_buffer one/two bit ecc error 0Ch~0Dh... dma noc_l_buffer one/two bit ecc error 0Eh~0Fh... dma noc_d_buffer one/two bit ecc error 10h~1Dh... reserved 1Eh... eeprom_done 1Fh... strapin_transfer_time_out 20h~3Eh... reserved 3Fh... wire or errors that corresponding mask bit set to 0 in <a href="#">TL/DLL/MAC/PHY ERROR MASK 0 register</a>	Yes	FEh
15:8	Reg_668h_Sel	RW	bit[1:0]: Reg_668h_Sel_Type. 00b... Reg_668h_Sel[15:10] are used as dll_mac_err_sel_1[5:0] 01b... Reg_668h_Sel[15:10] are used as tl_err_sel_1[5:0] 10b... Reg_668h_Sel[15:10] are used as noc_err_sel_1[5:0] 11b...Reserved  If Reg_668h_Sel[15:10] = 3Fh, wire or errors that corresponding mask bit set to 0 in <a href="#">TL/DLL/MAC/PHY ERROR MASK 1 register</a>	Yes	FDh
23:16	Reg_66Ch_Sel	RW	bit[1:0]: Reg_66Ch_Sel_Type. 00b... Reg_66Ch_Sel[23:18] are used as dll_mac_err_sel_2[5:0] 01b... Reg_66Ch_Sel[23:18] are used as tl_err_sel_2[5:0] 10b... Reg_66Ch_Sel[23:18] are used as noc_err_sel_2[5:0] 11b...Reserved  If Reg_66Ch_Sel[23:18] = 3Fh, wire or errors that corresponding mask bit set to 0 in <a href="#">TL/DLL/MAC/PHY ERROR MASK 2 register</a>	Yes	FCh
31:24	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h

#### 9.4.214 TL/DLL/MAC/PHY ERROR COUNT 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 664h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	TL/DLL/MAC/PHY Error Count 0	RW1C	TL/DLL/MAC/PHY Error count 0.	Yes	0000h

#### 9.4.215 TL/DLL/MAC/PHY ERROR COUNT 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 668h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	TL/DLL/MAC/PHY Error Count 1	RW1C	TL/DLL/MAC/PHY Error count 1.	Yes	0000h

#### 9.4.216 TL/DLL/MAC/PHY ERROR COUNT 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 66Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	TL/DLL/MAC/PHY Error Count 2	RW1C	TL/DLL/MAC/PHY Error count 2.	Yes	0000h

#### 9.4.217 TL/DLL/MAC/PHY ERROR MASK 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 670h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Reg_664 Error Mask	RW	For reg_664_sel[7:2]=6'h3f error mask purpose.	Yes	FFF0_0000h



#### 9.4.218 TL/DLL/MAC/PHY ERROR MASK 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 674h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Reg_668 Error Mask	RW	For reg_668_sel[7:2]==6'h3f error mask purpose.	Yes	FB3F_C1FFh

#### 9.4.219 TL/DLL/MAC/PHY ERROR MASK 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 678h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Reg_66C Error Mask	RW	For reg_66C_sel[7:2]==6'h3f error mask purpose.	Yes	BFFB_389Fh

#### 9.4.220 INGRESS ERROR COUNTER ENABLE REGISTER – OFFSET 67Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Training Error Enable	RW	When set, the Training Error event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
2	MWR Error Enable	RW	When set, the Memory write error event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	1
3	MRD Error Enable	RW	When set, the Memory read clpd error event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	1
4	Data Link Protocol Error Enable	RW	When set, the Data Link Protocol Error event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
5	Surprise Down Error Enable	RW	When set, Surprise Down Error event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
11:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	Yes	0
12	Poisoned TLP Enable	RW	When set, an event of Poisoned TLP is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
13	Flow Control Protocol Error Enable	RW	When set, the Flow Control Protocol Error event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
14	Completion Timeout Enable	RW	When set, the Completion Timeout event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
15	Completer Abort Enable	RW	When set, the Completer Abort event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
16	Unexpected Completion Enable	RW	When set, the Unexpected Completion event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
17	Receiver Overflow Enable	RW	When set, the Receiver Overflow event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
18	Malformed TLP Enable	RW	When set, an event of Malformed TLP is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
19	ECRC Error Enable	RW	When set, an event of ECRC Error is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
20	Unsupported Request Error Enable	RW	When set, the Unsupported Request event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
21	ACS Violation Enable	RW	When set, the ACS Violation event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
22	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	Yes	0
23	MC Blocked TLP Enable	RW	When set, the MC Blocked TLP event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
24	AtomicOp Egress Blocked Enable	RW	When set, the AtomicOp Egress Blocked event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
25	Bad TLP Enable	RW	When set, the event of Bad TLP has been received is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
26	Bad DLLP Enable	RW	When set, the event of Bad DLLP has been received is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
27	REPLAY_NUM Rollover Enable	RW	When set, the REPLAY_NUM Rollover event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
28	Replay Timer Timeout Enable	RW	When set, the Replay Timer Timeout event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
29	Advisory Non-Fatal Error Enable	RW	When set, the Advisory Non-Fatal Error event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
30	One bit ECC Error Enable	RW	When set, the One-bit ECC Error event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	0
31	Two bit ECC Error Enable	RW	When set, the Two-bit ECC Error event is counted in <a href="#">ingress bad TLP packet counter at offset 620H</a> .	Yes	1

#### 9.4.221 TRIGGER 1 MASK REGISTER – OFFSET 700h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Trigger 1 Mask	RW	Set “1” to enable corresponding <a href="#">offset 708h</a> bits.	Yes	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.222 TRIGGER 2 MASK REGISTER – OFFSET 704h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Trigger 2 Mask	RW	Set “1” to enable corresponding <a href="#">offset 70Ch</a> bits.	Yes	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.223 PATTERN 1 SETTING REGISTER – OFFSET 708h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Pattern 1 Setting	RW	Set bit[31:0] pattern to match internal selected debug_out[31:0] by <a href="#">offset 710h</a> .	Yes	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.224 PATTERN 2 SETTING REGISTER – OFFSET 70Ch (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Pattern 2 Setting	RW	Set bit[31:0] pattern to match internal selected debug_out[31:0] by <a href="#">offset 714h</a> .	Yes	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.225 TRIGGER 1 DEBUG\_OUT MODE SELECTION REGISTER – OFFSET 710h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
4:0	Mode 1 Setting	RW	Used as debug_out mode_sel[4:0].  When <a href="#">offset 390h</a> .bit[31]=0 (embedded LA) bit[4]=0, used for MAC debug out signals bit[4]=1 and bit[3:0]=0~14 are used for TLP debug out signals bit[4]=1 and bit[3:0]=15 are used for power saving debug signals  When <a href="#">offset 390h</a> .bit[31]=1 (LTSSM flow) bit[4] is used to reset read/write counter	Yes	0_0000b
7:5	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
13:8	Trigger 1 port Selection	RW	Used to set trigger 1 port.	Yes	00_0000b
31:14	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0h

#### 9.4.226 TRIGGER 2 DEBUG\_OUT MODE SELECTION REGISTER – OFFSET 714h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
4:0	Mode 2 Setting	RW	Used as debug_out mode_sel[4:0].	Yes	0_0000b
7:5	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
13:8	Trigger 2 port selection	RW	Used to set trigger 2 port.	Yes	00_0000b
31:14	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0h

#### 9.4.227 TRIGGER 1 AND/OR CONDITION SELECTION REGISTER – OFFSET 718h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	And/Or Select 1	RW	0b: OR logical for trigger 1 1b: AND logical for trigger 1	Yes	1
31:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0h

#### 9.4.228 TRIGGER 2 AND/OR CONDITION SELECTION REGISTER – OFFSET 71Ch (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	And/Or Select 2	RW	0b: OR logical for trigger 1 1b: AND logical for trigger 1	Yes	1
31:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0h

#### 9.4.229 TRIGGER SELECT REGISTER – OFFSET 720h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2:0	Trigger Select	RW	000b: select <a href="#">offset 708h</a> trigger pattern as trigger 001b: select <a href="#">offset 70Ch</a> trigger pattern as trigger 010b: select <a href="#">offset 708h</a> and <a href="#">70Ch</a> trigger patterns as trigger 011b: select <a href="#">offset 708h</a> or <a href="#">70Ch</a> trigger pattern as trigger 100b: if <a href="#">offset 708h</a> match then go to <a href="#">offset 70Ch</a> trigger pattern Others: Reserved	Yes	000b
7:3	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0b
10:8	External port trigger	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	000b
31:11	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0h

#### 9.4.230 TRIGGER POSITION SELECTION REGISTER – OFFSET 724h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
6:0	Trigger Position Select	RW	Used to select the trigger address, where 00h is from header (0%) and 7Fh is ending (100%).	Yes	20h
31:7	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0h

#### 9.4.231 TRIGGER COUNTER SETTING REGISTER – OFFSET 72Ch (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	Counter	RW	Used to set trigger amount when trigger achieves the trigger count.	Yes	0h
31:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_000h

#### 9.4.232 TRIGGER START REGISTER – OFFSET 730h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Trigger Start	RW	When set, start the trigger.	Yes	0
1	Debug_to_use_LA_en	RW	When set, enable debug to use LA.	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:2	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
29:16	Cycle Left	RO	Show how many cycles left.	No	3FFh
31:30	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b

#### 9.4.233 READ WAVEFORM DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 734h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Read Waveform Data	RO	Used to output embedded debug memory data.  Total 4096 cycles can be read and read out is in sequence from cycle 0. Each offset 734h read command will advance 1 cycle automatically.	No	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.234 SAMPLE RATE SETTING REGISTER – OFFSET 738h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	Sample Rate Setting	RW	Used to set the embedded LA sampling rate.  0h: 500MHz sampling rate 1h: 250MHz sampling rate 2h: 125MHz sampling rate ...	Yes	0000_0000h
31:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

#### 9.4.235 WAVEFORM OUTPUT PORT SELECT REGISTER – OFFSET 73Ch (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
5:0	Waveform Output Port Select	RW	Used to select which port's debug_out[31:0] can be dumped into embedded debug memory.	Yes	00_0000b
7:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
12:8	Waveform Output Model_Sel Select	RW	Used to select which model_sel[4:0] debug_out can be dumped into embedded debug memory.	Yes	0-0b
15:13	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
16	Switch Output Singal Source	RW	When set, it will switch debug_mode GPIO[31:0] output signal source from internal debug_out to debug memory stored debug_out data.	Yes	0
17	Enable User-Defined Mode	RW	When set, it will select internal debug_out port_sel/mode_sel to bit[5:0]/bit[12:8] port_sel/mode_sel value.	Yes	0
18	PORT_GOOD Setting	RW	When set, it will switch PORT_GOOD_L[7:0] output from original link status to internal error status.	Yes	0
31:19	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

#### 9.4.236 WAVEFORM READ EVENT RESET REGISTER – OFFSET 748h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Back to waveform by CFG/I2C/SMBUS	WO	When set, the read point will back to the header of the waveform.  Reading returns 0 always.	Yes	0
31:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

#### 9.4.237 DUMP MEMORY TO GPIO RATE CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 74Ch (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	Dump Waveform to LA Sample Rate Setting	RW	Used to set the debug memory 32 bits data output to GPIO[31:0] rate. 0h: output to GPIO[31:0] as 500MHz clock rate 1h: output to GPIO[31:0] as 250MHz clock rate 2h: output to GPIO[31:0] as 125MHz clock rate ...	Yes	0h
31:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

#### 9.4.238 DUMP WAVEFORM START REGISTER – OFFSET 750h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Dump Waveform Start	RW	When set, start to dump waveform to LA.	Yes	0
31:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

#### 9.4.239 FREE RUN BUTTON REGISTER – OFFSET 754h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Free Run Button	RW	When set, debug memory will store pre-defined internal debug_out[31:0] data, and output to GPIO[31:0] automatically.	Yes	0
31:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

#### 9.4.240 VENDOR SPECIFIC CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET 900h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Extended Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 000Bh to indicate that this is PCI express extended capability register for vendor specific.	No	000Bh
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Read as 1h.	No	1h
31:20	Next Capability Offset	RO	Read as 000h. No other ECP registers.	Yes	000h

#### 9.4.241 VENDOR SPECIFIC HEADER REGISTER – OFFSET 904h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	VSEC ID	RO	This field is a vendor-defined ID number that indicates the nature and format of the VSEC structure.	No	0001h
19:16	VSEC Rev	RO	This field is a vendor-defined version number that indicates the version of the VSEC structure.	No	0h
31:20	VSEC Length	RO	This field indicates the number of bytes in the entire VSEC structure.	No	280h

#### 9.4.242 BTR 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 908h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	3DW Address Space	RW	0b: the translated TLP header is in 4DW format 1b: the translated TLP header is in 3DW format	Yes	0
19:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0000h
31:20	Memory BAR 2 Address Translation	RW	This is the destination base address for Direct Address Translation. Valid when BAR 2 is enabled ( <a href="#">offset E8h[31]=1</a> ).	Yes	000h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
			Please note that the source base address used in DAT is defined in BAR 2 located at offset 18h.		

#### 9.4.243 BTR 3 REGISTER – OFFSET 90Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
17:0	Reserved	RsvdP	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=00b</a> Not support	Yes	000h
		RW	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR2/3 are used as a 64-bit source BAR, the bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits of destination base address.		
31:18	Memory BAR 3 Address Translation	RW	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=00b</a> Valid when BAR 3 is enabled ( <a href="#">offset ECh[31]=1</a> ).	Yes	000h
			<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR2/3 are used as a 64-bit source BAR, the bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits of destination base address.		

#### 9.4.244 BTR 4 REGISTER – OFFSET 910h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	3DW Address Space	RW	0b: the translated TLP header is in 4DW format 1b: the translated TLP header is in 3DW format	Yes	0
19:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0000h
31:20	Memory BAR 4 Address Translation	RW	This is the destination base address for Direct Address Translation. Valid when BAR 4 is enabled ( <a href="#">offset F0h[31]=1</a> ). Please note that the source base address used in DAT is defined in BAR 4 located at offset 20h	Yes	000h

#### 9.4.245 BTR 5 REGISTER – OFFSET 914h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
19:0	Reserved	RsvdP	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=00b</a> Not support.	No/Yes	000h
		RW	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR4/5 are used as a 64-bit source BAR, the bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits of destination base address.		
31:20	Memory BAR 5 Address Translation	RW	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=00b</a> Valid when BAR 5 is enabled ( <a href="#">offset F4h[31]=1</a> ).	Yes	000h
			<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR4/5 are used as a 64-bit source BAR, the bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits of destination base address.		

#### 9.4.246 ADDRESS LUT ACCESS ADDRESS REGISTER – OFFSET 918h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
6:0	Index	RW	Used to indicate the LUT Entry number. In Generic CDLEP mode, all of entries (128) are allocated for address translation based upon BAR2/3.	Yes	00h
7	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0b

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
8	Command	WO	0b: Read command 1b: Write command  Return '0' when read always.	Yes	0
31:9	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support	No	0-0h

#### 9.4.247 ADDRESS LUT ACCESS DATA 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 91Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	3DW Address Space	RW	0b: the translated TLP header is in 4DW format 1b: the translated TLP header is in 3DW format	Yes	0
4:1	Domain Number	RW	Used to indicate the destination port's domain number.	Yes	0000b
12:5	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support	No	0-0b
31:13	LUT Data[18:0]	RW	Used to indicate the destination base address for address translation in 32-bit address domain.	Yes	0-0h

#### 9.4.248 ADDRESS LUT ACCESS DATA 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 920h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	LUT HData[31:0]	RW	Used to indicate the higher 32-bit destination base address in 64-bit address domain.	Yes	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.249 REQ ID/DOMAIN LUT 0 – 15– OFFSET 924h to 960h

These 16 32-bit registers construct a Requester ID (RID) look-up table storing the RID of TLP issued from Local host, which connected to the CDLEP port directly. The table content can be either built by hardware automatically or written by software of management CPU. There are control signals defined in the 14<sup>th</sup> and 15<sup>th</sup> bits of [Device Configuration 2 Register at offset 50Ch of Port 0](#) to decide RID LUT build-up mechanism for CDLEP P0 and CDLEP P4 respectively.

**Table 9-6: 16-Bit REQ ID/Domain LUT Entry 0-63 Register Locations**

CFG_OFFSET	ID/DomainLUT Entry_n	CFG_OFFSET	ID/Domain LUT Entry_n
924h	0	944h	8
928h	1	948h	9
92Ch	2	94Ch	10
930h	3	950h	11
934h	4	954h	12
938h	5	958h	13
93Ch	6	95Ch	14
940h	7	960h	15

**Table 9-7: 16-Bit REQ ID/Domain LUT Entry\_n (n=0 through 15)**

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT	
15:0	ReqID	RW	<a href="#">50Ch[14] / 50Ch[15] = 0</a>	bit[2:0]: function number bit[7:3]: device number bit[15:8]: bus number	Yes	0000h
		RO	<a href="#">50Ch[14] / 50Ch[15] = 1</a>			
30:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b	
31	Valid	RW	<a href="#">50Ch[14] / 50Ch[15] = 0</a>	0b: the entry is not valid 1b: the entry is valid	Yes	0
		RO	<a href="#">50Ch[14] / 50Ch[15] = 1</a>			

#### 9.4.250 CAPTURED BUS ID for DOMAIN 0 to 3 – OFFSET 994h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Dom. 0 Bus Number	RW	To set the captured bus number for Domain 0 as a destination Bus Number in RID translation.	Yes	00h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:8	Dom 1 Bus Number	RW	To set the captured bus number for Domain 1 as a destination Bus Number in RID translation.	Yes	00h
23:16	Dom. 2 Bus Number	RW	To set the captured bus number for Domain 2 as a destination Bus Number in RID translation.	Yes	00h
31:24	Dom 3 Bus Number	RW	To set the captured bus number for Domain 3 as a destination Bus Number in RID translation.	Yes	00h

#### 9.4.251 DOOR BELL IRQ SET REGISTER – OFFSET 9C4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Set IRQ	RW1S	Set link interface IRQ.  If any of 32 bits is set and the corresponding bit in Door Bell IRQ register is not set, an interrupt will be issued in the link interface to local host. Writing“0” to this register does not take any effect.  Interrupt can be in either INTx or MSI or MSI-X format depending on how system enabling which type of interrupts mechanism.	Yes	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.252 DOOR BELL IRQ CLEAR REGISTER – OFFSET 9C8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Clear IRQ	RW1C	Clear link interface IRQ.  Writing“1” to the bit whose corresponding bit is set in 9C4h will clear the bit. If INTx mechanism is chosen, an INTx deassert message will be generated.  Writing“0” to this register does not take any effect.	Yes	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.253 DOOR BELL IRQ MASK SET REGISTER – OFFSET 9CCh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Set IRQ Mask	RW1S	Set link interface interrupt IRQ mask.  Writing“1” to the bit whose corresponding bit in 9C4h for generating interrupt will be masked out.  Writing“0” to this register does not take any effect.	Yes	FFFF_FFFFh

#### 9.4.254 DOOR BELL IRQ MASK CLEAR REGISTER – OFFSET 9D0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Clear IRQ Mask	RW1C	Clear link interface interrupt IRQ mask.  Writing “1” to the bit whose corresponding bit in 9C4h for generating interrupt will not be masked out.  Writing“0” to this register does not take any effect.	Yes	FFFF_FFFFh

#### 9.4.255 SCRATCHPAD 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 9E4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Scratchpad 0	RW	Scratchpad 0 register.	No/Yes	0000_0000h



#### 9.4.256 SCRATCHPAD 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 9E8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Scratchpad 1	RW	Scratchpad 1 register.	No/Yes	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.257 SCRATCHPAD 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 9ECh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Scratchpad 2	RW	Scratchpad 2 register.	No/Yes	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.258 SCRATCHPAD 3 REGISTER – OFFSET 9F0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Scratchpad 3	RW	Scratchpad 3 register.	Yes	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.259 SCRATCHPAD 4 REGISTER – OFFSET 9F4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Scratchpad 4	RW	Scratchpad 4 register.	No/Yes	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.260 SCRATCHPAD 5 REGISTER – OFFSET 9F8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Scratchpad 5	RW	Scratchpad 5 register.	No/Yes	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.261 SCRATCHPAD 6 REGISTER – OFFSET 9FCh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Scratchpad 6	RW	Scratchpad 6 register.	No/Yes	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.262 SCRATCHPAD 7 REGISTER – OFFSET A00h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Scratchpad 7	RW	Scratchpad 7 register.	No/Yes	0000_0000h

#### 9.4.263 CDEP DATA 0 REGISTER – OFFSET A04h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Bus Number	RO	Used to save the bus number for the CDEP.	No	00h
10:8	Total Tile Number	RO	Used to indicate the total tile number.	No	010b
11	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
15:12	Source Domain Number	RO	Used to save the source domain number.	No	0000b
17:16	CD Mode	RO	Used to save the status for Device Configuration CD Mode.	No	00b
18	CDEP Status	RO	Used to indicate CDEP status 1b: CDEP is enabled. 0b: CDEP is disabled	No	0
19	CDEP Type	RO	0b: CDELP 1b: CDVEP	No	0
31:20	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b

#### 9.4.264 CDEP DATA 1 REGISTER – OFFSET A08h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	L_Host Request ID	RO	Used to indicate local host requester ID, which is captured during enumeration.	No	0000h
30:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h
31	CDEP link enabled	RO	When set, the link between local host and CDLEP port is enabled. Once link is up, the configuration and memory commands will be sent to PRIMARY HOST via message queue or cross-domain translated transaction.	Yes	0

#### 9.4.265 UNCORRECTABLE FATAL ERROR LINK RESET REGISTER – OFFSET A28h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000b
4	Data Link Protocol Error	RW	When set, a fatal the Data Link Protocol Error event will reset the link.	Yes	0
5	Surprise Down Error	RW	When set, a fatal Surprise Down Error event will reset the link.	Yes	0
11:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
12	Poisoned TLP	RW	When set, a fatal DP will reset the link.	Yes	0
13	Flow Control Protocol Error	RW	When set, a fatal Flow Control Protocol Error event will reset the link.	Yes	0
14	Completion Timeout	RW	When set, a fatal Completion Timeout event will reset the link.	Yes	0
15	Completer Abort	RW	When set, a fatal Completer Abort event will reset the link.	Yes	0
16	Unexpected Completion	RW	When set, a fatal Unexpected Completion event will reset the link.	Yes	0
17	Receiver Overflow	RW	When set, a fatal Receiver Overflow event will reset the link.	Yes	0
18	Malformed TLP	RW	When set, a fatal event of Malformed TLP will reset the link.	Yes	0
19	ECRC Error	RW	When set, a fatal event of ECRC Error will reset the link.	Yes	0
20	Unsupported Request Error	RW	When set, a fatal Unsupported Request even will reset the link.	Yes	0
21	ACS Violation	RW	When set, a fatal ACS even will reset the link.	Yes	0
22	Internal Error	RW	When set, a fatal Internal Error event will reset the link.	Yes	0
23	MC Blocked TLP	RW	When set, a fatal MC Blocked TLP event will reset the link.	Yes	0
24	AtomicOp Egress Blocked	RW	When set, a fatal AtomicOp Egress Blocked event will reset the link.	Yes	0
31:25	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0

#### 9.4.266 SYNC. CDVEP UNCORRECTABLE ERROR STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET A2Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Training Error Status	RW	When set, indicates that the Training Error event has occurred. Return '0' when read.	Yes	0
3:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000
4	Data Link Protocol Error Status	RW	When set, indicates that the Data Link Protocol Error event has occurred. Return '0' when read.	Yes	0
5	Surprise Down Error Status	RW	When set, indicates that the Surprise Down Error event has occurred. Return '0' when read.	Yes	0
11:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
12	Poisoned TLP Status	RW	When set, indicates that a Poisoned TLP has been received or generated. Return '0' when read.	Yes	0
13	Flow Control Protocol Error Status	RW	When set, indicates that the Flow Control Protocol Error event has occurred. Return '0' when read.	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
14	Completion Timeout Status	RW	When set, indicates that the Completion Timeout event has occurred. Retuen '0' when read.	Yes	0
15	Completer AbortStatus	RW	When set, indicates that the Completer Abort event has occurred. Retuen '0' when read.	Yes	0
16	Unexpected Completion Status	RW	When set, indicates that the Unexpected Completion event has occurred. Retuen '0' when read.	Yes	0
17	Receiver Overflow Status	RW	When set, indicates that the Receiver Overflow event has occurred. Retuen '0' when read.	Yes	0
18	Malformed TLP Status	RW	When set, indicates that a Malformed TLP has been received. Retuen '0' when read.	Yes	0
19	ECRC Error Status	RW	When set, indicates that an ECRC Error has been detected. Retuen '0' when read.	Yes	0
20	Unsupported Request Error Status	RW	When set, indicates that an Unsupported Request event has occurred. Retuen '0' when read.	Yes	0
21	ACS Violation Status	RW	When set, indicates that an ACS Violation event has occurred. Retuen '0' when read.	Yes	0
22	Internal Error Status	RW	When set, indicates that an Internal Error has occurred. Retuen '0' when read.	Yes	0
23	MC Blocked TLP Status	RW	When set, indicates that an MC Blocked TLP event has occurred. Retuen '0' when read.	Yes	0
24	AtomicOp Egress Blocked Status	RW	When set, indicates that an AtomicOp Egress Blocked event has occurred. Retuen '0' when read.	Yes	0
30:25	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_000b
31	RW test bit	RW	RW test use.	Yes	0

#### 9.4.267 Source ID LUT 0 – 7 – OFFSET A80h to A9Ch

These 8 32-bit registers construct a Source ID look-up table storing the ID pointed to the switch where the requester is located at. Also, there are two bits of each entry to indicate if the requester is an embedded DMA function. The table content is programmed by management CPU. These 8 entries identified by index numbers (0 ~ 7) represent the distinct Source ID and the associated DMA attributes.

**Table 9-8 5-Bit Synthesized ID LUT Entry 0-15 Register Locations**

CFG_OFFSET	STID LUT Entry_n
A80h	0
A84h	1
A88h	2
A8Ch	3
A90h	4
A94h	5
A98h	6
A9Ch	7

**Table 9-9 5-Bit Source ID LUT Entry\_n (n=0 through 7)**

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	DMA Requester	RW	Determine if the requester is an embedded DMA engine 0b: the requester is a bus master outside of the switch 1b: the requester is an DMA engine inside of the switch	Yes	0000h
1	DMA Function ID	RW	If the requester is a DMA engine (i.e. Bit-0 is set), it needs to decide what is the function ID of DMA engine in a source switch.  There are two DMA functions in this switch.	Yes	0000h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
4:2	Source ID	RW	Indicate the ID pointed to the switch at where the requester is located. The valid ID number is 0.	Yes	0000h
31:5	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b

## 9.5 CDVEP CONFIGURATION REGISTERS

When the port of the Switch is set to operate at cross-domain end point mode, it is represented by an Other Bridge that implements type 0 configuration space header. The following table details the allocation of the register fields of the PCI 2.3 compatible type 1 configuration space header.

31 – 24	23 – 16	15 – 8	7 – 0	BYTE OFFSET
<a href="#">Device ID</a>		<a href="#">Vendor ID</a>		00h
<a href="#">Primary Status</a>		<a href="#">Command</a>		04h
<a href="#">Class Code</a>		<a href="#">Revision ID</a>		08h
Reserved	<a href="#">Header Type</a>	<a href="#">Primary Latency Timer</a>	<a href="#">Cache Line Size</a>	0Ch
<a href="#">BAR 0</a>				10h
<a href="#">BAR 1</a>				14h
<a href="#">BAR 2</a>				18h
<a href="#">BAR 3</a>				1Ch
<a href="#">BAR 4</a>				20h
<a href="#">BAR 5</a>				24h
Reserved				28h
<a href="#">SSID</a>		<a href="#">SSVID</a>		2Ch
Reserved				30h
Reserved		<a href="#">Capability Pointer to 40h</a>		34h
Reserved				38h
Reserved		<a href="#">Interrupt Pin</a>	<a href="#">Interrupt Line</a>	3Ch
<a href="#">Power Management Capabilities</a>		<a href="#">Next Item Pointer=48h</a>	<a href="#">Capability ID=01h</a>	40h
<a href="#">PM Data</a>	<a href="#">PPB Support Extensions</a>	<a href="#">Power Management Data</a>		44h
<a href="#">Message Control</a>		<a href="#">Next Item Pointer=68h</a>	<a href="#">Capability ID=05h</a>	48h
<a href="#">Message Address</a>				4Ch
<a href="#">Message Upper Address</a>				50h
Reserved		<a href="#">Message Data</a>		54h
<a href="#">MSI Mask</a>				58h
<a href="#">MSI Pending</a>				5Ch
Reserved				60h – 64h
<a href="#">PCI Express Capabilities Register</a>		<a href="#">Next Item Pointer=A4h</a>	<a href="#">Capability ID=10h</a>	68h
<a href="#">Device Capabilities</a>				6Ch
<a href="#">Device Status</a>		<a href="#">Device Control</a>		70h
<a href="#">Link Capabilities</a>				74h
<a href="#">Link Status</a>		<a href="#">Link Control</a>		78h
<a href="#">Slot Capabilities</a>				7Ch
<a href="#">Slot Status</a>		<a href="#">Slot Control</a>		80h
Reserved				84h – 88h
<a href="#">Device Capabilities 2</a>				8Ch
<a href="#">Device Status 2</a>		<a href="#">Device Control 2</a>		90h
<a href="#">Link Capabilities 2</a>				94h
<a href="#">Link Status 2</a>		<a href="#">Link Control 2</a>		98h
<a href="#">Slot Capabilities 2</a>				9Ch
<a href="#">Slot Status 2</a>		<a href="#">Slot Control 2</a>		A0h
Reserved		<a href="#">Next Item Pointer=B0h</a>	<a href="#">SSID/SSVID Capability ID=0Dh</a>	A4h
<a href="#">SSID</a>		<a href="#">SSVID</a>		A8h
Reserved				ACh
<a href="#">MSI-X Control</a>		<a href="#">Next Item Pointer=C8h</a>	<a href="#">MSI-X Capability ID=11h</a>	B0h
<a href="#">MSI-X Table Offset / Table BIR</a>				B4h
<a href="#">MSI-X PBA Offset / PBA BIR</a>				B8h
Reserved				BCh – C4h
<a href="#">Length</a>		<a href="#">Next Item Pointer=00h</a>	<a href="#">Vendor Specific Capability ID=09h</a>	C8h
Reserved				CCh – E0h
<a href="#">BAR 0-1 Configuration</a>				E4h
<a href="#">BAR 2 Configuration for CDVEP</a>				E8h
<a href="#">BAR 2-3 Configuration for CDVEP</a>				ECh
<a href="#">BAR 4 Configuration for CDVEP</a>				F0h
<a href="#">BAR 4-5 Configuration for CDVEP</a>				F4h

31 – 24	23 – 16	15 – 8	7 – 0	BYTE OFFSET
Reserved				F8h - FCh

Other than the PCI 2.3 compatible configuration space header, the Switch also implements PCI express extended configuration space header, which includes advanced error reporting, virtual channel, and power budgeting capability registers. The following table details the allocation of the register fields of PCI express extended capability space header. The first extended capability always begins at offset 100h with a PCI Express Enhanced Capability header and the rest of capabilities are located at an offset greater than 0FFh relative to the beginning of PCI compatible configuration space.

31 – 24	23 – 16	15 – 8	7 – 0	BYTE OFFSET
<a href="#">Next Capability Offset=900h</a>	<a href="#">Cap. Version</a>	<a href="#">PCI Express Extended Capability ID=0003h</a>		100h
<a href="#">Serial Number Lower DW</a>				104h
<a href="#">Serial Number Upper DW</a>				108h
Reserved				10Ch ~ 344h
<a href="#">Operation Mode (Port 0 Only)</a>				348h
Reserved				34Ch ~ 4BCh
<a href="#">TL CSR 0</a>				4C0h
Reserved				4C4h ~ 8FCh
<a href="#">Next Capability Offset=000h</a>	<a href="#">Cap. Version</a>	<a href="#">PCI Express Extended Capability ID=000Bh</a>		900h
<a href="#">Vendor-Specific Length</a>	<a href="#">Revision</a>	<a href="#">Vendor-Specific ID</a>		904h
<a href="#">BTR 2</a>				908h
<a href="#">BTR 3</a>				90Ch
<a href="#">BTR 4</a>				910h
<a href="#">BTR 5</a>				914h
<a href="#">Address LUT Access Address</a>				918h
<a href="#">Address LUT Access Data 0</a>				91Ch
<a href="#">Address LUT Address Data 1</a>				920h
<a href="#">ID/Domain LUT 0 ~ 15</a>				924h ~ 960h
Reserved				964h ~ 990h
<a href="#">Captured Bus ID for Domain 0 to 3</a>				994h
Reserved				998h ~ 9C0h
<a href="#">Door Bell IRQ Set</a>				9C4h
<a href="#">Door Bell IRQ Clear</a>				9C8h
<a href="#">Door Bell IRQ Mask Set</a>				9CCh
<a href="#">Door Bell IRQ Mask Clear</a>				9D0h
Reserved				9D4h ~ 9E0h
<a href="#">Scratchpad 0 ~ 7</a>				9E4h ~ A00h
<a href="#">CDEP Data 0</a>				A04h
<a href="#">CDEP Data 1</a>				A08h
Reserved				A0Ch ~ FFCh

### 9.5.1 VENDOR ID REGISTER – OFFSET 00h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Vendor ID	RO	Identifies Pericom as the vendor of this device.	Yes	12D8h

### 9.5.2 DEVICE ID REGISTER – OFFSET 00h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:16	Device ID	RO	Identifies this device as the PI7C9X3G1632.	Yes	C232h

### 9.5.3 COMMAND REGISTER – OFFSET 04h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	I/O Space Enable	RW	0b: ignores I/O transactions on the primary interface 1b: enables responses to I/O transactions on the primary interface	Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1	Memory Space Enable	RW	0b: ignores memory transactions on the primary interface 1b: enables responses to memory transactions on the primary interface	Yes	0
2	Bus Master Enable	RW	0b: does not initiate memory or I/O transactions on the upstream port and handles asan Unsupported Request (UR) to memory and I/O transactions on the downstream port. For Non-Posted Requests, a completion with UR completion status must be returned 1b: enables the Switch Port to forward memory and I/O Read/Write transactions in the upstream direction	Yes	0
3	Special Cycle Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
4	Memory Write And Invalidate Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
5	VGA Palette Snoop Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
6	Parity Error Response Enable	RW	0b: Switch may ignore any parity errors that it detects and continue normal operation 1b: Switch must take its normal action when a parity error is detected	Yes	0
7	Wait Cycle Control	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
8	SERR# enable	RW	0b: disables the reporting of Non-fatal and Fatal errors detected by the Switch to the Root Complex 1b: enables the Non-fatal and Fatal error reporting to Root Complex	Yes	0
9	Fast Back-to-Back Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
10	Interrupt Disable	RW	Controls the ability of a PCI Express device to generate INTx Interrupt Messages. In the Switch, this bit does not affect the forwarding of INTx messages from the downstream ports.	Yes	0
15:11	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0b

#### 9.5.4 PRIMARY STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 04h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
18:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
19	Interrupt Status	RO	Indicates that an INTx Interrupt Message is pending internally to the device. In the Switch, the forwarding of INTx messages from the downstream device of the Switch port is not reflected in this bit. Must be hardwired to 0.	No	0
20	Capabilities List	RO	Set to 1b to enable support for the capability list (offset 34h is the pointer to the data structure).	Yes/No	1
21	66MHz Capable	RO	Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0.	No	0
22	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
23	Fast Back-to-Back Capable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
24	Master Data Parity Error	RW1C	Set to 1b (by a requester) whenever a Parity error is detected or forwarded on the primary side of the port in a Switch.  If the Parity Error Response Enable bit is cleared, this bit is never set.	No/Yes	0
26:25	DEVSEL# timing	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
27	Signaled Target Abort	RW1C	This bit is Set when the Secondary Side for Type 1 Configuration Space header Function (for Requests completed by the Type 1 header Function itself) completes a Posted or Non-Posted Request as a Completer Abort error.	No/Yes	0
28	Received Target Abort	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
29	Received Master Abort	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
30	Signaled System Error	RW1C	Set to 1b when the Switch sends an ERR_FATAL or ERR_NONFATAL Message, and the SERR Enable bit in the Command register is 1b.	No/Yes	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31	Detected Parity Error	RW1C	Set to 1b whenever the primary side of the port in a Switch receives a Poisoned TLP.	No/Yes	0

### 9.5.5 REVISION ID REGISTER – OFFSET 08h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Revision	RO	Indicates revision number of device.	Yes	6h

### 9.5.6 CLASS REGISTER – OFFSET 08h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:8	Programming Interface	RO	Read as 00h to indicate no programming interfaces have been defined for PCI-to-PCI Bridges.	Yes/No	00h
23:16	Sub-Class Code	RO	Read as 04h to indicate device is an Other Bridge.	Yes/No	80h
31:24	Base Class Code	RO	Read as 06h to indicate device is a Bridge device.	Yes/No	06h

### 9.5.7 CACHE LINE REGISTER – OFFSET 0Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Cache Line Size	RW	The cache line size register is set by the system firmware and the operating system cache line size. This field is implemented by PCI Express devices as a RW field for legacy compatibility, but it has no impact on any PCI Express device functionality.	Yes	00h

### 9.5.8 PRIMARY LATENCY TIMER REGISTER – OFFSET 0Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:8	Primary Latency Timer	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h

### 9.5.9 HEADER TYPE REGISTER – OFFSET 0Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
22:16	Header Type	RO	To indicate that the register layout confirms to Type 0 Configuration Header for CDVEP.	No	00h
23	Multi-Function Device	RO	0b: single function device 1b: multiple functions device	No	0

### 9.5.10 BAR 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 10h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Memory Space Indicator	RO	Reset to 0b to indicate Memory Base address.	No	0
2:1	64-bit Addressing	RO	00b: 32-bit addressing 10b: 64-bit addressing Others: reserved	No	00b
3	Prefetchable	RO	0b: non-prefetchable 1b: prefetchable	No	0
18:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h
31:19	Base Address 0 [31:19]	RW	Use this Memory base address to map the packet switch registers.	Yes	0-0h



### 9.5.11 BAR 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 14h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Reserved	RO	When the Base Address 0 register is not 64-bit addressing ( <a href="#">offset 10h[2:1]</a> is not 10b).	No	0000_0000h
	Base Address 1 [31:0]	RW	When the Base Address 0 register is 64-bit addressing. Base Address 1 is used to provide the upper 32 Address bits when <a href="#">offset 10h[2:1]</a> is set to 10b.	Yes	

### 9.5.12 BAR 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 18h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Memory Space Indicator	RO	Reset to 0b to indicate it is a Memory BAR.	No	0
2:1	Memory Map Type	RO	00b: support 32-bit Memory Space 10b: support 64-bit Memory Space  When 64-bit memory space is supported, the assigned memory address has to be larger than 4GB.	No	00b
3	Prefetchable	RO	0b: non-prefetchable 1b: prefetchable	No	0
19:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h
31:20	Base Address 2 [31:20]	RW	Base Address 2.	Yes	000h

### 9.5.13 BAR 3 REGISTER – OFFSET 1Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Memory Space Indicator	RO	When <a href="#">offset 18h[2:1]</a> =00b, BAR 3 is used as an independent 32-bit BAR. Reset to 0b to indicate it is a Memory BAR.	No	0
	Base Address 2 [32]	RW	When <a href="#">offset 18h[2:1]</a> =10b, BAR 3 is used as the upper 32 bits of 64-bit BAR 2/3.	Yes	0
2:1	Memory Map Type	RO	When <a href="#">offset 18h[2:1]</a> =00b, BAR 3 is used as an independent 32-bit BAR. 00b: support 32-bit Memory Space 10b: support 64-bit Memory Space	No	00b
	Base Address 2 [34:33]	RW	When <a href="#">offset 18h[2:1]</a> =10b, BAR 3 is used as the upper 32 bits of 64-bit BAR 2/3.	Yes	00b
3	Prefetchable	RO	When <a href="#">offset 18h[2:1]</a> =00b, BAR 3 is used as an independent 32-bit BAR. 0b: Non-prefetchable 1b: Prefetchable	No	0
	Base Address 2 [35]	RW	When <a href="#">offset 18h[2:1]</a> =10b, BAR 3 is used as the upper 32 bits of 64-bit BAR 2/3.	Yes	0
31:4	Base Address 3 [31:4]	RsvdP	When <a href="#">offset 18h[2:1]</a> =00b, BAR 3 is used as an independent 32-bit BAR.	No	0000_000h
	Base Address 2 [63:36]	RW	When <a href="#">offset 18h[2:1]</a> =10b, BAR 3 is used as the upper 32 bits of 64-bit BAR 2/3.	Yes	0000_000h

### 9.5.14 BAR 4 REGISTER – OFFSET 20h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Memory Space Indicator	RO	Reset to 0b to indicate it is a Memory BAR.	No	0
2:1	Memory Map Type	RO	00b: support 32-bit Memory Space 10b: support 64-bit Memory Space  When 64-bit memory space is supported, the assigned memory address has to be larger than 4GB.	No	00b
3	Prefetchable	RO	0b: non-prefetchable 1b: prefetchable	No	0
19:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h
31:20	Base Address 4 [31:20]	RW	Base Address 4.	Yes	000h

### 9.5.15 BAR 5 REGISTER – OFFSET 24h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Memory Space Indicator	RO	When <a href="#">offset 20h[2:1]</a> =00b, BAR 5 is used as an independent 32-bit BAR.	No	0
	Base Address 4 [32]	RW	When <a href="#">offset 20h[2:1]</a> =10b, BAR 5 is used as the upper 32 bits of 64-bit BAR 4/5.	Yes	0
2:1	Memory Map Type	RO	When <a href="#">offset 20h[2:1]</a> =00b, BAR 5 is used as an independent 32-bit BAR.  00b: support 32-bit Memory Space 10b: support 64-bit Memory Space	No	00b
	Base Address 4 [34:33]	RW	When <a href="#">offset 20h[2:1]</a> =10b, BAR 5 is used as the upper 32 bits of 64-bit BAR 2/3.	Yes	00b
3	Prefetchable	RO	When <a href="#">offset 20h[2:1]</a> =00b, BAR 5 is used as an independent 32-bit BAR.  0b: non-prefetchable 1b: prefetchable	No	0
	Base Address 4 [35]	RW	When <a href="#">offset 20h[2:1]</a> =10b, BAR 5 is used as the upper 32 bits of 64-bit BAR 2/3.	Yes	0
31:4	Base Address 5 [31:4]	RsvdP	When <a href="#">offset 20h[2:1]</a> =00b, BAR 5 is used as an independent 32-bit BAR.	No	0000_000h
	Base Address 4 [63:36]	RW	When <a href="#">offset 20h[2:1]</a> =10b, BAR 5 is used as the upper 32 bits of 64-bit BAR 4/5.	Yes	0000_000h

### 9.5.16 SSVID REGISTER – OFFSET 2Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	SSVID	RO	Identifies the sub-system vendor id.	Yes	12D8h

### 9.5.17 SSID REGISTER – OFFSET 2Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:16	SSID	RO	Identifies the sub-system device id.	Yes	C232h

### 9.5.18 CAPABILITY POINTER REGISTER – OFFSET 34h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Capability Pointer	RO	Point to first PCI capability structure.	Yes/No	40h

### 9.5.19 INTERRUPT LINE REGISTER – OFFSET 3Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Interrupt Line	RW	The interrupt line register communicates interrupt line routing information.	Yes	00h

### 9.5.20 INTERRUPT PIN REGISTER – OFFSET 3Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:8	Interrupt Pin	RO	The Switch implements INTA virtual wire interrupt signalsto represent hot-plug events at downstream ports. 0b: disable INTA 1b: enable INTA	Yes/No	1h

### 9.5.21 POWER MANAGEMENT CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET 40h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Enhanced Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 01h to indicate that this is power management capability register.	Yes/No	01h
15:8	Next Item Pointer	RO	Point to next PCI capability structure.	Yes/No	48h
18:16	Power Management Revision	RO	Read as 011b to indicate the device is compliant to Revision 1.2 of <i>PCI Power Management Interface Specifications</i> .	No	011b
19	PME# Clock	RO	Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0.	No	0
20	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
21	Device specific Initialization	RO	Read as 0b to indicate Switch does not have device specific initialization requirements.	Yes/No	0
24:22	AUX Current	RO	To indicate aux current.	Yes/No	000b
25	D1 Power State Support	RO	Read as 0b to indicate Switch does Not support the D1 power management state.	Yes/No	0
26	D2 Power State Support	RO	Read as 0b to indicate Switch does Not support the D2 power management state.	Yes/No	0
31:27	PME# Support	RO	Read as 19h to indicate Switch supports the forwarding of PME# message in D0, D3 and D4 states.	Yes/No	00h

### 9.5.22 POWER MANAGEMENT DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 44h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1:0	Power State	RW	Indicates the current power state of the Switch. Writing a value of D0 when the previous state was D3 cause a hot reset without asserting DWRST_L. 00b: D0 state 01b: D1 state 10b: D2 state 11b: D3 hot state	Yes	00b

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
3	No_Soft_Reset	RO	When set, this bit indicates that device transitioning from D3hot to D0 does not perform an internal reset. When clear, an internal reset is performed when power state transits from D3hot to D0.	Yes/No	1
7:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h
8	PME# Enable	RW	When asserted, the Switch will generate the PME# message.	Yes/No	0
12:9	Data Select	RO	Select data registers.	No	0h
14:13	Data Scale	RO	Reset to 00b.	No	00b
15	PME Status	RW1C	Read as 0b as the PME# message is not implemented.	Yes/No	0

### 9.5.23 PPB SUPPORT EXTENSIONS REGISTER – OFFSET 44h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
21:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h
22	B2_B3 Support for D3HOT	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
23	Bus Power / Clock Control Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0

### 9.5.24 DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 44h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:24	Data Register	RO	Data Register.	Yes/No	00h

### 9.5.25 MSI CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET 48h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Enhanced Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 05h to indicate that this is message signal interrupt capability register.	No	05h
15:8	Next Item Pointer	RO	Point to next PCI capability structure.	Yes/No	68h
16	MSI Enable	RW	0b: the function is prohibited from using MSI to request service 1b: the function is permitted to use MSI to request service and is prohibited from using its INTx # pin	Yes	0
19:17	Multiple Message Capable	RO	Indicate the number of requested vectors.	Yes	010b
22:20	Multiple Message Enable	RW	Software writes to this field to indicate the number of allocated vectors (equal to or less than the number of requested vectors.)	Yes	000b
23	64-bit address capable	RO	0b: the function is not capable of generating a 64-bit message address 1b: the function is capable of generating a 64-bit message address	Yes	1b
24	Pre-vector Masking Capable	RW	1b: the function supports MSI pre-vector masking. 0b: the function does Not support MSI pre-vector masking.	Yes	0b
31:25	Reserved	RO	Not support.	No	00h

### 9.5.26 MESSAGE ADDRESS REGISTER – OFFSET 4Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
31:2	Message Address	RW	If the message enable bit is set, the contents of this register specify the DWORD aligned address for MSI memory write transaction.	Yes	0-0h

### 9.5.27 MESSAGE UPPER ADDRESS REGISTER – OFFSET 50h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Message Upper	RW	This register is only effective if the device supports a 64-bit	Yes	0000_0000h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
	Address		message address is set.		

### 9.5.28 MESSAGE DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 54h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Message Data	RW	Reset to 0.	Yes	0000h

### 9.5.29 MESSAGE MASK REGISTER – OFFSET 58h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	MSI Mask for Hot Plug	RW	MSI mask for Hot Plug interrupts.	Yes	0
1	MSI Mask for DPC	RW	MSI mask for DPC interrupts.	Yes	0
2	MSI Mask for DMA and GPIO	RW	MSI mask for DMAGPIO interrupts.	Yes	0
3	MSI Mask for CDEP	RW	MSI mask for CDEP interrupts.	Yes	0
31:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_000h

### 9.5.30 MESSAGE PENDING REGISTER – OFFSET 5Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	MSI Pending for Hot Plug Interrupts	RO	MSI pending status for Hot Plug interrupts.	No	0
1	MSI Pending for DPC Interrupts	RO	MSI pending status for DPC interrupts.	No	0
2	MSI Pending for GPIO Interrupts	RO	MSI pending status for GPIO interrupts.	No	0
3	MSI Pending for CDEP Interrupts	RO	MSI pending status for CDEP interrupts.	No	0
31:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_000h

### 9.5.31 PCI EXPRESS CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET 68h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Enhanced Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 10h to indicate that this is PCI express capability register.	No	10h
15:8	Next Item Pointer	RO	Point to next PCI capability structure.	Yes/No	A4h
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Read as 2h to indicate the device is compliant to Revision .2.0 of <i>PCI Express Base Specifications</i> .	Yes/No	2h
23:20	Device/Port Type	RO	Indicates the type of PCI Express logical device.	Yes/No	0h
24	Slot Implemented	RO	When set, indicates that the PCIe Link associated with this Port is connected to a slot. This field is valid for downstream ports of the Switch.	Yes/No	0
29:25	Interrupt Message Number	RO	Read as 0. No MSI messages are generated in the transparent mode.	No	00_000b
31:30	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b

### 9.5.32 DEVICE CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET 6Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2:0	Max_Payload_Size Supported	RO	Indicates the maximum payload size that the device can support for TLPs. Each port of the Switch supports 512 bytes max payload size.	Yes/No	010b

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
4:3	Phantom Functions Supported	RO	Indicates the support for use of unclaimed function numbers as Phantom functions. Read as 00b, since the Switch does not act as a requester.	No	00b
5	Extended Tag Field Supported	RO	Indicates the maximum supported size of Tag field as a Requester. Read as 0, since the Switch does not act as a requester.	No	1
8:6	Endpoint L0s Acceptable Latency	RO	Acceptable total latency that an Endpoint can withstand due to the transition from L0s state to the L0 state. For Switch, the ASPM software would not check this value.	No	111b
11:9	Endpoint L1 Acceptable Latency	RO	Acceptable total latency that an Endpoint can withstand due to the transition from L1 state to the L0 state. For Switch, the ASPM software would not check this value.	No	111b
14:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
15	Role_Based Error Reporting	RO	When set, indicates that the device implements the functionality originally defined in the Error Reporting ECN.	Yes/No	1
17:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
25:18	Captured Slot Power Limit Value	RO	In combination with the Slot Power Limit Scale value, specifies the upper limit on power supplied by slot.  This value is set by the Set_Slot_Power_Limit message or hardwired to 00h.	No	00h
27:26	Captured Slot Power Limit Scale	RO	Specifies the scale used for the Slot Power Limit Value.  This value is set by the Set_Slot_Power_Limit message or hardwired to 00b.	No	00b
31:28	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h

### 9.5.33 DEVICE CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 70h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Correctable Error Reporting Enable	RW	0b: disable Correctable Error Reporting 1b: enable Correctable Error Reporting	Yes	0
1	Non-Fatal Error Reporting Enable	RW	0b: disable Non-Fatal Error Reporting 1b: enable Non-Fatal Error Reporting	Yes	0
2	Fatal Error Reporting Enable	RW	0b: disable Fatal Error Reporting 1b: enable Fatal Error Reporting	Yes	0
3	Unsupported Request Reporting Enable	RW	0b: disable Unsupported Request Reporting 1b: enable Unsupported Request Reporting	Yes	0
4	Enable Relaxed Ordering	RO	When set, it permits the device to set the Relaxed Ordering bit in the attribute field of transaction. Since the Switch can not either act as a requester or alter the content of packet it forwards, this bit always returns '0' when read.	No	0
7:5	Max_Payload_Size	RW	This field sets maximum TLP payload size for the device. Permissible values that can be programmed are indicated by the Max_Payload_Size Supported in the Device Capabilities register. Any value exceeding the Max_Payload_Size Supported written to this register results into clamping to the Max_Payload_Size Supported value.	Yes	000b
8	Extended Tag Field Enable	RW	When set, this bit enables a function to use an 8-bit Tag field as a requester. If the bit is clear, the function is restricted to a 5-bit Tag field.	Yes	0
9	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
10	Auxiliary (AUX) Power PM Enable	RO	When set, indicates that a device is enabled to draw AUX power independent of PME AUX power.	No	0
11	Enable No Snoop	RO	When set, it permits to set the No Snoop bit in the attribute field of transaction. Since the Switch can not either act as a requester or alter the content of packet it forwards, this bit always returns '0' when read.	No	0
14:12	Max_Read_Request_Size	RO	This field sets the maximum Read Request size for the device as a Requester. Since the Switch does not generate read request by itself, these bits are hardwired to 0.	No	000b
15	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0

### 9.5.34 DEVICE STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 70h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
16	Correctable Error Detected	RW1C	Asserted when correctable error is detected. Errors are logged in this register regardless of whether error reporting is enabled or not in the Device Control register.	Yes	0
17	Non-Fatal Error Detected	RW1C	Asserted when non-fatal error is detected. Errors are logged in this register regardless of whether error reporting is enabled or not in the Device Control register.	Yes	0
18	Fatal Error Detected	RW1C	Asserted when fatal error is detected. Errors are logged in this register regardless of whether error reporting is enabled or not in the Device Control register.	Yes	0
19	Unsupported Request Detected	RW1C	Asserted when unsupported request is detected. Errors are logged in this register regardless of whether error reporting is enabled or not in the Device Control register.	Yes	0
20	AUX Power Detected	RO	Asserted when the AUX power is detected by the Switch	No	0
21	Transactions Pending	RO	Each port of Switch does not issue Non-posted Requests on its own behalf, so this bit is hardwired to 0b.	No	0
31:22	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.5.35 LINK CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET 74h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	Maximum Link Speed	RO	Indicates the maximum speed of the Express link is 8Gb/s, 5Gb/s and 2.5 Gb/s. 0001b: 2.5 Gb/s 0010b: 5.0 Gb/s 0011b: 8.0 Gb/s Others: Reserved	Yes/No	2h
9:4	Maximum Link Width	RO	Indicates the maximum width of the given PCIe Link. 00_0001b: x1 lane width 00_0010b: x2 lane width 00_0100b: x4 lane width 00_1000b: x8 lane width 01_0000b: x16 lane width	Yes	1h
11:10	Active State Power Management (ASPM) Support	RO	Indicates the level of ASPM supported on the given PCIe Link. Each port of Switch supports L0s and L1 entry.	Yes/No	10b
14:12	L0s Exit Latency	RO	Indicates the L0s exit latency for the given PCIe Link. The length of time this port requires to complete transition from L0s to L0 is in the range of 256ns to less than 512ns.	Yes/No	011b
17:15	L1 Exit Latency	RO	Indicates the L1 exit latency for the given PCIe Link. The length of time this port requires to complete transition from L1 to L0 is less than 1us.	Yes/No	000b
18	Clock Power Management	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
19	Surprise Down Capability Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
20	Data Link Layer Active Reporting Capable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
21	Link BW Notify Cap.	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
22	ASPM Optionality Compliance	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
23	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
31:24	Port Number	RO	Indicates the PCIe Port Number for the given PCIe Link.	Yes/No	80h

### 9.5.36 LINK CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 78h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1:0	Active State Power Management (ASPM) Control	RW	00b: ASPM is Disabled 01b: L0s Entry Enabled 10b: L1 Entry Enabled 11b: L0s and L1 Entry Enabled  Note that the receiver must be capable of entering L0s even when the field is disabled	Yes	00b
2	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
3	Read Completion Boundary (RCB)	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
4	Link Disable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
5	Retrain Link	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
6	Common Clock Configuration	RW	0b: The components at both ends of a link are operating with synchronous reference clock 1b: The components at both ends of a link are operating with a distributed common reference clock	Yes	0
7	Extended Synch	RW	When set, it transmits 4096 FTS ordered sets in the L0s state for entering L0 state and transmits 1024 TS1 ordered sets in the L1 state for entering L0 state.	Yes	0
8	Enable Clock Power Management	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
9	HW Autonomous Width Disable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
10	Link Bandwidth Management Interrupt Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
11	Link Autonomous Bandwidth Interrupt Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
15:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h

### 9.5.37 LINK STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 78h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
19:16	Link Speed	RO	Indicate the negotiated speed of the Express link.  0001b: 2.5 Gb/s 0010b: 5.0 Gb/s 0011b: 8.0 Gb/s	No	2h
25:20	Negotiated Link Width	RO	Indicates the negotiated width of the given PCIe link.  00_0001b: x1 lane width 00_0010b: x2 lane width 00_0100b: x4 lane width 00_1000b: x8 lane width 01_0000b: x16 lane width	No	Set by <a href="#">PORTCFG_x [2:0]</a>
26	Training Error	RO	When set, indicates a Link training error occurred. This bit is cleared by hardware upon successful training of the link to the L0 link state.	No	0
27	Link Training	RO	When set, indicates the link training is in progress. Hardware clears this bit once link training is complete.	No	0
28	Slot Clock Configuration	RO	0b: the Switch uses an independent clock irrespective of the presence of a reference on the connector 1b: the Switch uses the same reference clock that the platform provides on the connector	Yes/No	0
29	Data Link Layer Link Active	RO	Indicates the status of the Data Link Control and Management State Machine.  1b: indicate the DL_Active state 0b: otherwise	No	0



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
30	Link Bandwidth Management Status	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
31	Link Autonomous Bandwidth Status	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0

### 9.5.38 SLOT CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET 7Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0000h

### 9.5.39 SLOT CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 80h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

### 9.5.40 SLOT STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 80h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.5.41 DEVICE CAPABILITIES REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 8Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0000h

### 9.5.42 DEVICE CONTROL REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 90h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

### 9.5.43 DEVICE STATUS REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 90h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

### 9.5.44 LINK CAPABILITIES REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 94h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
7:1	Supported Link Speeds Vector	RO	This field indicates the supported Link speed of the associated Port. bit[0]... 2.5 GT/s bit[1]... 5.0 GT/s bit[2]... 8.0 GT/s bit[6:3]... reserved	No	0-0b
8	Crosslink Supported	RO	0b: Crosslink is Not supported 1b: Crosslink is supported	No	0
31:9	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b

### 9.5.45 LINK CONTROL REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 98h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	Target Link Speed	RW	0001b: 2.5GT/s link speed is supported 0010b: 5.0GT/s link speed is supported 0011b: 8.0GT/s link speed is supported Others: reserved.	Yes	2h
4	Enter Compliance	RW	1b: enter compliance	Yes	0
5	HW_AutoSpeed_Dis	RW	When set, this bit disables hardware from changing the link speed for device-specific reasons other than attempting to correct unreliable link operation by reducing link speed.	Yes	0
6	Select_Deemp	RO	Valid for downstream ports only. 0b: select -3.5db de-emphasis 1b: select -6.0 db de-emphasis	Yes/No	0
9:7	Tran_Margin	RW	This field controls the value of the non-deemphasized voltage level at the transmitter pins. Valid for upstream port only.	Yes	000b
10	Enter Modify Compliance	RW	When set, the device transmits modified compliance pattern if the LTSSM enters Polling.Compliance substate. Valid for upstream port only.	Yes	0
11	Compliance SOS	RW	When set, the LTSSM is required to send SKP Ordered Sets between sequences when sending the Compliance Pattern or Modified Compliance Pattern.	Yes	0
15:12	Compliance Preset/De-emphasis	RW	This field is intended for debug and compliance testing purpose.	Yes	000b

### 9.5.46 LINK STATUS REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 98h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
16	Current De-emphasis level	RO	1b: -3.5dB 0b: -6 dB	No	1
17	Equalization Complete	RO	When set to 1b, this bit indicates that the Transmitter Equalization procedure has completed.	No	0
18	Equalization Phase 1 Successful	RO	When set to 1b, this bit indicates that Phase 1 of Transmitter Equalization procedure has successfully completed.	No	0
19	Equalization Phase 2 Successful	RO	When set to 1b, this bit indicates that Phase 2 of Transmitter Equalization procedure has successfully completed.	No	0
20	Equalization Phase 3 Successful	RO	When set to 1b, this bit indicates that Phase 3 of Transmitter Equalization procedure has successfully completed.	No	0
21	Link Equalization Request	RW1C	This bit is set by hardware to request the Link equalization process to be performed on the link.	Yes	0
27:22	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
30:28	Downstream Component Presence	RO	This field indicates the presence and DRS status for the Downstream Component. 000b: link down – Presence Not Determined 001b: link down – Component Not Present 010b: link down – Component Present 011b: reserved 100b: link up – Component Present 101b: link up – Component Present and DRS Received 110b: reserved 111b: reserved	No	000b
31	DRS Message Received	RW1C	This bit must be set whenever the Port receives a DRS message.	Yes	0

### 9.5.47 SLOT CAPABILITIES REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 9Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0000h

### 9.5.48 SLOT CONTROL REGISTER 2 – OFFSET A0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0000h

### 9.5.49 SLOT STATUS REGISTER 2 – OFFSET A0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0000h

### 9.5.50 SSID/SSVID CAPATILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET A4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	SSID/SSVID Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 0Dh to indicate that this is SSID/SSVID capability register.	Yes/No	0Dh
15:8	Next Item Pointer	RO	Point to next PCI capability structure.	Yes/No	B0h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

### 9.5.51 SUBSYSTEM VENDOR ID REGISTER – OFFSET A8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	SSVID	RO	It indicates the sub-system vendor id.	Yes	12D8h

### 9.5.52 SUBSYSTEM ID REGISTER – OFFSET A8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:16	SSID	RO	It indicates the sub-system device id.	Yes	C232h

### 9.5.53 MSI-X CAPATILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET B0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	MSI-X Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 11h to indicate that this is MSI-X capability register.	No	11h
15:8	Next Item Pointer	RO	Indicates next capability pointer.	Yes	C8h
26:16	Table Size	RO	System software reads this field to determine the MSI-X Table Size N, which is encoded as N-1.	No	000h
29:27	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
30	Function Mask	RW	If set, all of the vectors associated with the function are masked, regardless of their per-vector mask bit values. If clear, each vector's mask bit determines whether the vector is masked or not.	Yes	0
31	MSI-X Enable	RW	If set and the MSI Enable bit in the MSI Message Control register is clear, the function is permitted to use MSI-X to request service and is prohibited from using INTx interrupts (if implemented). If clear, the function is prohibited from using MSI-X to request service.	Yes	0

### 9.5.54 MSI-X TABLE OFFSET / TABLE BIR REGSITER – OFFSET B4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2:0	Table BIR	RO	Read as 000b to indicate Base Address 0 register (offset 10h in Configuration Space) is used to map the function MSI-X Table into Memory space.	Yes	000b
31:3	Table Offset	RO	Used as an offset from the address contained by one of the function's Base Address registers to point to the base of the MSI-X Table.	Yes	0000_FE00h

### 9.5.55 MSI-X PBA OFFSET / PBA BIR REGISTER – OFFSET B8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2:0	PBA BIR	RO	Read as 000b to indicate Base Address 0 register (offset 10h in Configuration Space) is used to map the function MSI-X PBA into Memory space.	Yes	000b
31:3	PBA Offset	RO	Used as an offset from the address contained by one of the function's Base Address registers to point to the base of the MSI-X PBA.	Yes	0000_FE10h

### 9.5.56 VENDOR SPECIFIC CAPABILITY REGISTER – OFFSET C8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Enhanced Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 09h to indicate that these are vendor specific capability registers.	No	09h
15:8	Next Item Pointer	RO	Read as 00h. No other ECP registers.	No	00h
31:16	Length Information	RO	The length field provides the information for number of bytes in the capability structure.	No	0038h

### 9.5.57 BAR 0-1 CONFIGURATION REGISTER – OFFSET E4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1:0	BAR 0 Type	RW	00b: disable 01b: reserved 10b: BAR0 is implemented as a 32-bit Memory BAR. 11b: BAR0/1 is implemented as a 64-bit Memory BAR.	Yes	10b
2	BAR0 Prefetch	RW	0b: non-Prefetchable 1b: prefetchable	Yes	0b
31:3	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0000h

### 9.5.58 BAR 2 CONFIGURATION REGISTER – OFFSET E8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Type Selector	RsvdP	Not supported.	No	0
2:1	BAR2 Type	RW	00b: BAR2 is implemented as a 32 bit Memory BAR 10b: BAR2/3 is implemented as a 64-bit Memory BAR	Yes	00b
3	Prefetchable	RW	0b: non Prefetchable 1b: prefetchable	Yes	0
4	LUT/BTR Selection	RW	0b: BAR2/3 is used for Address Look-up Translation. 1b: BAR2/3 is used for Direct Address Translation.	Yes	0
8:5	Domain ID	RW	The valid number is from 0 to 11.	Yes	0000b
19:9	Reserved	RsvdP	Not supported.	No	0-0b

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
30:20	BAR2 Size	RW	To specify BAR2 size.  0b: corresponding BAR2 bits are RO bits that always return 0 1b: corresponding BAR2 bits are RW bits  It implies the minimum window size is 1MB and minimum page size is 8KB, which is windows size divided by 128 (number of LUT entries).	Yes	7FFh
31	BAR 2 Enable	RW	bit[2:1]=00b	Yes	1
	BAR 2 Size	RW	bit[2:1]=10b		
			0b: disable BAR2 1b: enable BAR2		
			Includes with bit[30:20] when this BAR is used as a 64-bit BAR (bit[2:1]=10b).		

### 9.5.59 BAR 2-3 CONFIGURATION REGISTER – OFFSET ECh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT	
0	Type Selector	RsvdP	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=00b</a>	Not support.	No	0
		RW	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=10b</a>	BAR2/3 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits.	Yes	0
2:1	BAR3 Type	RO	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=00b</a>	00b: BAR3 is implemented as 32 bit Memory BAR.	Yes	00b
		RW	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=10b</a>	BAR2/3 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits.	Yes	00b
3	Prefetchable	RW	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=00b</a>	0b: non Prefetchable 1b: prefetchable	Yes	0
		RW	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=10b</a>	BAR2/3 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits.		
4	Reserved	RsvdP	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=00b</a>	Not support.	No	0
		RW	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=10b</a>	BAR2/3 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits.	Yes	0
8:5	Domain ID	RW	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=00b</a>	The valid number is from 0 to 11.	Yes	0000b
		RW	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=10b</a>	BAR2/3 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits.		
19:9	Reserved	RsvdP	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=00b</a>	Not support.	No	0-0b
		RW	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=10b</a>	BAR2/3 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits.	Yes	0-0b
30:20	BAR3 Size	RW	To specify BAR3 size.  0b: corresponding BAR3 bits are RO bits that always return 0 1b: corresponding BAR3 bits are RW bits	Yes	000h	
31	BAR 3 Enable	RW	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=00b</a>	Yes	0	
	64-Bit BAR	RW	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=10b</a>			
			0b: disable BAR3 1b: enable BAR3			
			0b: BAR2/3 is disabled, all BAR2/3 bits read 0. 1b: BAR2/3 is enabled as a 64-bit BAR.			

### 9.5.60 BAR 4 CONFIGURATION REGISTER – OFFSET F0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Type Selector	RsvdP	Not supported.	No	0
2:1	BAR4 Type	RW	00b: BAR4 is implemented as a 32 bit Memory BAR 10b: BAR4/5 is implemented as a 64-bit Memory BAR	Yes	00b
3	Prefetchable	RW	0b: non Prefetchable 1b: prefetchable	Yes	0
4	LUT/BTR Selection	RW	0b: BAR4/5 is used for Address Look-up Translation. 1b: BAR4/5 is used for Direct Address Translation.	Yes	0
8:5	Domain ID	RW	The valid number is from 0 to 11.	Yes	0000b
19:9	Reserved	RsvdP	Not supported.	No	0-0b

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
30:20	BAR 4 Size	RW	To specify BAR4 size. 0b: corresponding BAR4 bits are RO bits that always return 0 1b: corresponding BAR4 bits are RW bits	Yes	7Fh
31	BAR 4 Enable	RW	bit[2:1]=00b 0b: disable BAR4 1b: enable BAR4	Yes	1
	BAR 4 Size	RW	bit[2:1]=10b Includes with bit[30:20] when this BAR is used as a 64-bit BAR (bit[2:1]=10b).		

### 9.5.61 BAR 4-5 CONFIGURATION REGISTER – OFFSET F4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Type Selector	RsvdP	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=00b</a> Not support.	No	0
		RW	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR4/5 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0]are used as the upper 32-bits.	Yes	0
2:1	BAR 5 Type	RO	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=00b</a> 00b: BAR5 is implemented as 32 bit Memory BAR.	Yes	00b
		RW	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR4/5 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0]are used as the upper 32-bits.	Yes	00b
3	Prefetchable	RW	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=00b</a> 0b: Non Prefetchable 1b: Prefetchable	Yes	0
		RW	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR4/5 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0]are used as the upper 32-bits.		
4	Reserved	RsvdP	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=00b</a> Not support.	No	0
		RW	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR4/5 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0]are used as the upper 32-bits.	Yes	0
8:5	Domain ID	RW	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=00b</a> The valid number is from 0 to 11.	Yes	0000b
		RW	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR4/5 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0]are used as the upper 32-bits.		
19:9	Reserved	RsvdP	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=00b</a> Not support.	No	0-0b
		RW	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR4/5 are used as a 64-bit BAR, bit[31:0]are used as the upper 32-bits.	Yes	0-0b
30:20	BAR 5 Size	RW	To specify BAR5 size. 0b: corresponding BAR 5 bits are RO bits that always return 0 1b: corresponding BAR5 bits are RW bits	Yes	000h
31	BAR 5 Enable	RW	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=00b</a> 0b: disable BAR5 1b: enable BAR5	Yes	0
	64-Bit BAR	RW	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=10b</a> 0b: BAR4/5 is disabled, all BAR4/5 bits read 0. 1b: BAR4/5 is enabled as a 64-bit BAR.		

### 9.5.62 DEVICE SERIAL NUMBER ENHANCED CAPABILITY HEADER REGISTER – OFFSET 100h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Extended Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 0003h to indicate that this is PCI express extended capability register for device serial number.	No	0003h
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Must be 1h for this version.	No	1h
31:20	Next Capability Offset	RO	Point to next PCI extended capability structure.	Yes/No	900h

### 9.5.63 DEVICE SERIAL NUMBER LOWER DW REGISTER – OFFSET 104h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Device serial number	RO	Reset to 0000_12D8h.	Yes/No	0000_12D8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
	1 <sup>st</sup> DW				

### 9.5.64 DEVICE SERIAL NUMBER HIGHTER DW REGISTER – OFFSET 108h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Device serial number 2 <sup>nd</sup> DW	RO	Reset to 0816_4896h.	Yes/No	0816_4896h

### 9.5.65 OPERATION MODE REGISTER – OFFSET 348h (Port 0 Only)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2:0	tile_id	RO	Bonding option, tile ID selection.  000b: Tile 0 001b: Tile 1 Others: reserved	No	000b for Tile 0 001b for Tile 1
5:3	pkgssel	RO	Package Bonding option, tie high/low in substrate.	No	011b
8:6	portcfg	RO	Port/lane configuration settings.  000b: 1 x16 port 001b: 2 x4 ports 010b: 1 x4, 2 x2 ports 011b: 4 x2 ports 100b: 1 x4, 4 x1 ports 101b: 8 x1 ports Others: reserved	No	Set by <a href="#">PORTCFG_x</a> [2:0]
10:9	chipmode	RO	Chip operation mode selection.  00b: normal mode 01b: iddq/mbist mode 10b: AC JTAG mode 11b: phy_mode	No	Set by <a href="#">CHIPMODE</a> [1:0]
12:11	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
13	ckmode	RO	Reference clock modes.  0b: base mode 1b: CDEP separate reference mode	No	Set by <a href="#">CKMODEx</a>
14	dma_mode	RO	0b: disable DMA 1b: enable DMA	No	0
20:15	upport_sel	RO	Upstream port selection.	No	0000_00b
21	CDEP_mode	RO	0b: disable CDEP 1b: enable CDEP	No	0
22	scan_tm	RO	0b: normal mode 1b: scan mode	No	0
23	hotplug_pin_en	RO	0b: GPIO[31:0] are GPIO pins 1b: GPIO[31:0] are used as hot plug pins	No	Set by <a href="#">HOT_PLUG</a> <a href="#">ENx_L</a>
24	surprise_hp_en	RO	0b: disable surprise hot-plug 1b: enable surprise hot-plug	No	Set by <a href="#">SURPRISE</a> <a href="#">HP_0</a> (Tile 0) 1 (Tile 1)
25	ioe_40bit_en	RO	0b: support 16 bit IOE 1b: support 40 bit IOE	No	0
26	clkbuf_pd	RO	0b: clock buffer is in normal mode 1b: clock buffer is in power down mode	No	Set by <a href="#">CLKBUFpdx</a> <a href="#">L</a>
27	pm_l1_1_en	RO	0b: GPIO[15:8] are GPIO pins 1b: GPIO[15:8] are used as CLKREQ_L[7:0]	No	Set by <a href="#">PM_L11_ENx</a> <a href="#">L</a>

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
30:28	i2c/smaddr_out	RO	Indicate I2C/SMBUS address.	No	Set by <a href="#">I2C ADDRESS [2:0]</a>
31	Reserved	RsvdP	Not Support.	No	1

### 9.5.66 TL CSR 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 4C0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h
8	p_inta_slot	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0
9	p_inta_gpio	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0
10	p_inta_ntl	RW	Internal use only.	Yes	0
31:11	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.5.67 VENDOR SPECIFIC CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET 900h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Extended Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 000Bh to indicate that this is PCI express extended capability register for vendor specific.	No	000Bh
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Read as 1h.	No	1h
31:20	Next Capability Offset	RO	Read as 000h. No other ECP registers.	No	000h

### 9.5.68 VENDOR SPECIFIC HEADER REGISTER – OFFSET 904h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	VSEC ID	RO	This field is a vendor-defined ID number that indicates the nature and format of the VSEC structure.	No	0001h
19:16	VSEC Rev	RO	This field is a vendor-defined version number that indicates the version of the VSEC structure.	No	0h
31:20	VSEC Length	RO	This field indicates the number of bytes in the entire VSEC structure.	No	280h

### 9.5.69 BTR 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 908h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	3DW Address Space	RW	0b: the translated TLP header is in 4DW format 1b: the translated TLP header is in 3DW format	Yes	0
19:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0000h
31:20	Memory BAR 2 Address Translation	RW	This is the destination base address for Direct Address Translation.  Valid when BAR 2 is enabled ( <a href="#">offset E8h[31]=1</a> ).  Please note that the source base address used in DAT is defined in BAR 2 located at offset 18h	Yes	000h

### 9.5.70 BTR 3 REGISTER – OFFSET 90Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
19:0	Reserved	RsvdP	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=00b</a>	Not support	0_0000h
		RW	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=10b</a>	BAR2/3 are used as a 64-bit source BAR, the bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits of destination base address.	



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:20	Memory BAR 3 Address Translation	RW	<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=00b</a> Valid when BAR 3 is enabled ( <a href="#">offset ECh[31]=1</a> ).	Yes	000h
			<a href="#">E8h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR2/3 are used as a 64-bit source BAR, the bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits of destination base address.		

### 9.5.71 BTR 4 REGISTER – OFFSET 910h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	3DW Address Space	RW	0b: the translated TLP header is in 4DW format 1b: the translated TLP header is in 3DW format	Yes	0
19:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_0000h
31:20	Memory BAR 4 Address Translation	RW	This is the destination base address for Direct Address Translation.  Valid when BAR 4 is enabled ( <a href="#">offset F0h[31]=1</a> ).  Please note that the source base address used in DAT is defined in BAR 4 located at offset 20h	Yes	000h

### 9.5.72 BTR 5 REGISTER – OFFSET 914h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
19:0	Reserved	RsvdP	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=00b</a> Not support.	No	0_0000h
		RW	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR4/5 are used as a 64-bit source BAR, the bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits of destination base address.	Yes	
31:20	Memory BAR 5 Address Translation	RW	<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=00b</a> Valid when BAR 5 is enabled ( <a href="#">offset F4h[31]=1</a> ).	Yes	000h
			<a href="#">F0h[2:1]=10b</a> BAR4/5 are used as a 64-bit source BAR, the bit[31:0] are used as the upper 32-bits of destination base address.		

### 9.5.73 ADDRESS LUT ACCESS ADDRESS REGISTER – OFFSET 918h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
6:0	Index	RW	Used to indicate the LUT Entry number.	Yes	000_0000b
7	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
8	Command	WO	0b: read command 1b: write command  Return '0' when read always.	Yes	0
31:9	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.5.74 ADDRESS LUT ACCESS DATA 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 91Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	3DW Address Space	RW	0b: the translated TLP header is in 4DW format 1b: the translated TLP header is in 3DW format	Yes	0
4:1	Domain Number	RW	Used to indicate the domain number.	Yes	0000b
12:5	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
31:13	LUT Data[31:13]	RW	Used to indicate LUT Data[31:13].	Yes	0000_0h

### 9.5.75 ADDRESS LUT ACCESS DATA 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 920h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	LUT HData[31:0]	RW	Used to indicate the higher 32-bit destination base address in 64-bit address domain.	Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.5.76 ID/DOMAIN LUT 0 – 15– OFFSET 924h to 960h

These 16 32-bit registers construct a Requester ID (RID) look-up table storing the RID of TLP issued from Primary Host, which connected to the upstream port directly. The table content can be either built by hardware automatically or written by software of management CPU. There are control signals defined in the 14<sup>th</sup> and 15<sup>th</sup> bits of [Device Configuration 2 Register at offset 50Ch of Port 0](#) to decide RID LUT build-up mechanism for CDVEP P0 and CDLEP P4 respectively.

**Table 9-10: 16-Bit ID/Domain LUT Entry 0-15 Register Locations**

CFG_OFFSET	ID/DomainLUT Entry_n	CFG_OFFSET	ID/Domain LUT Entry_n
924h	0	944h	8
928h	1	948h	9
92Ch	2	94Ch	10
930h	3	950h	11
934h	4	954h	12
938h	5	958h	13
93Ch	6	95Ch	14
940h	7	960h	15

**Table 9-11: 16-Bit ID/Domain LUT Entry\_n (n=0 through 15)**

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	ReqID	RW	bit[2:0]: function number bit[7:3]: device number bit[15:8]: bus number	Yes	0000h
30:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
31	Valid	RW	0b: the entry is not valid 1b: the entry is valid	Yes	0

### 9.5.77 CAPTURED BUS ID FOR DOMAIN 0 to 3 – OFFSTE 994h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Dom. 0 Bus Number	RW	To set the captured bus number for Domain 0 as a destination Bus Number in RID translation.	Yes	00h
15:8	Dom. 1 Bus Number	RW	To set the captured bus number for Domain 1 as a destination Bus Number in RID translation.	Yes	00h
23:16	Dom. 2 Bus Number	RW	To set the captured bus number for Domain 2 as a destination Bus Number in RID translation.	Yes	00h
31:24	Dom. 3 Bus Number	RW	To set the captured bus number for Domain 3 as a destination Bus Number in RID translation	Yes	00h

### 9.5.78 DOOR BELL IRQ SET REGISTER – OFFSET 9C4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Set IRQ	RW	Set virtual interface IRQ to control the state of the virtual interface doorbell interrupt request. Reading returns the status of the bits.  Writing 0 to a bit in the register has no effect. Writing 1 to a bit in the register sets the corresponding interrupt request.	Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.5.79 DOOR BELL IRQ CLEAR REGISTER – OFFSET 9C8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Clear IRQ	RW1C	Clear virtual interface IRQ to control the state of the virtual interface doorbell interrupt request. Reading returns the status of the bits.  Writing 0 to a bit in the register has no effect. Writing 1 to a bit in the register clears the corresponding interrupt request.	Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.5.80 DOOR BELL IRQ MASK SET REGISTER – OFFSET 9CCh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Set IRQ Mask	RW	Set virtual interface interrupt IRQ mask. Reading returns the state of the interrupt mask bits.  Writing 0 to a bit in the register has no effect. Writing 1 to a bit in the register clears the corresponding interrupt mask bit.	Yes	FFFF_FFFFh

### 9.5.81 DOOR BELL IRQ MASK CLEAR REGISTER – OFFSET 9D0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Clear IRQ Mask	RW1C	Clear virtual interface interrupt IRQ mask to control the state of the virtual interface interrupt request bits. Reading returns the state of the interrupt mask bits.  Writing 0 to a bit in the register has no effect. Writing 1 to a bit in the register clears the corresponding interrupt mask bit.	Yes	FFFF_FFFFh

### 9.5.82 SCRATCHPAD 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 9E4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Scratchpad 0	RW	Scratchpad 0 register.	No/Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.5.83 SCRATCHPAD 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 9E8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Scratchpad 1	RW	Scratchpad 1 register.	No/Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.5.84 SCRATCHPAD 2 REGISTER – OFFSET 9ECh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Scratchpad 2	RW	Scratchpad 2 register.	No/Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.5.85 SCRATCHPAD 3 REGISTER – OFFSET 9F0h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Scratchpad 3	RW	Scratchpad 3 register.	No/Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.5.86 SCRATCHPAD 4 REGISTER – OFFSET 9F4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Scratchpad 4	RW	Scratchpad 4 register.	No/Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.5.87 SCRATCHPAD 5 REGISTER – OFFSET 9F8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Scratchpad 5	RW	Scratchpad 5 register.	No/Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.5.88 SCRATCHPAD 6 REGISTER – OFFSET 9FCh

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Scratchpad 6	RW	Scratchpad 6 register.	No/Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.5.89 SCRATCHPAD 7 REGISTER – OFFSET A00h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Scratchpad 7	RW	Scratchpad 7 register.	No/Yes	0000_0000h

### 9.5.90 CDEP DATA 0 REGISTER – OFFSET A04h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Bus Number	RO	Used to save the bus number for the CDEP.	No	00h
10:8	Total Tile Number	RO	Used to indicate the total tile number.	No	010b
11	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
15:12	Source Domain Number	RO	Used to save the source domain number.	No	0000b
17:16	CD Mode	RO	Used to save the status for Device Configuration CD Mode.	No	00b
18	CDEP Status	RO	Used to indicate CDEP status 1b: CDEP is enabled. 0b: CDEP is disabled	No	1
19	CDEP Type	RO	0b: CDEP is not enabled. 1b: CDVEP	No	1
31:20	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b

### 9.5.91 CDEP DATA1 REGISTER – OFFSET A08h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	L_Host Request ID	RO	Used to indate local host requester ID, which is captured during enumeration.	No	0000h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

## 9.6 DMA ENGINE CONFIGURATION REGISTERS (FUNC1 or FUNC2)

The switch contains two DMA engines (function number 1 or 2). The following table details the allocation of the register fields of the PCI 2.3 compatible type 0 configuration space header.

31 – 24	23 – 16	15 – 8	7 – 0	BYTE OFFSET
<a href="#">Device ID</a>		<a href="#">Vendor ID</a>		00h
<a href="#">Primary Status</a>		<a href="#">Command</a>		04h
<a href="#">Class Code</a>		<a href="#">Revision ID</a>		08h
Reserved	<a href="#">Header Type</a>	<a href="#">Primary Latency Timer</a>	<a href="#">Cache Line Size</a>	0Ch
<a href="#">BAR 0</a>				10h
<a href="#">BAR 1</a>				14h
Reserved				14h - 28h
<a href="#">SSID</a>		<a href="#">SSVID</a>		2Ch
Reserved				30h
Reserved			<a href="#">Capability Pointer to 40h</a>	34h
Reserved				38h
Reserved		<a href="#">Interrupt Pin</a>	<a href="#">Interrupt Line</a>	3Ch
<a href="#">Power Management Capabilities</a>		<a href="#">Next Item Pointer=48h</a>	<a href="#">Capability ID=01h</a>	40h
<a href="#">PM Data</a>	<a href="#">PPB Support Extensions</a>	<a href="#">Power Management Data</a>		44h
<a href="#">Message Control</a>		<a href="#">Next Item Pointer=68h</a>	<a href="#">Capability ID=05h</a>	48h
<a href="#">Message Address</a>				4Ch
<a href="#">Message Upper Address</a>				50h
Reserved		<a href="#">Message Data</a>		54h
<a href="#">MSI Mask</a>				58h
<a href="#">MSI Pending</a>				5Ch
Reserved				60h – 64h
<a href="#">PCI Express Capabilities Register</a>		<a href="#">Next Item Pointer=A4h</a>	<a href="#">Capability ID=10h</a>	68h
<a href="#">Device Capabilities</a>				6Ch
<a href="#">Device Status</a>		<a href="#">Device Control</a>		70h
<a href="#">Link Capabilities</a>				74h
<a href="#">Link Status</a>		<a href="#">Link Control</a>		78h
Reserved				7Ch - 88h
<a href="#">Device Capabilities 2</a>				8Ch
<a href="#">Device Status 2</a>		<a href="#">Device Control 2</a>		90h
<a href="#">Link Capabilities 2</a>				94h
<a href="#">Link Status 2</a>		<a href="#">Link Control 2</a>		98h
Reserved				9Ch– A0h
Reserved		<a href="#">Next Item Pointer=00h</a>	<a href="#">SSID/SSVID</a> <a href="#">Capability ID=0Dh</a>	A4h
<a href="#">SSID</a>		<a href="#">SSVID</a>		A8h
Reserved				ACh - FCh

Other than the PCI 2.3 compatible configuration space header, the Switch also implements PCI express extended configuration space header, which includes advanced error reporting, virtual channel, and power budgeting capability registers. The following table details the allocation of the register fields of PCI express extended capability space header. The first extended capability always begins at offset 100h with a PCI Express Enhanced Capability header and the rest of capabilities are located at an offset greater than 0FFh relative to the beginning of PCI compatible configuration space.

31 – 24	23 – 16	15 - 8	7 – 0	BYTE OFFSET
<a href="#">Next Capability Offset=000h</a>		<a href="#">PCI Express Extended Capability ID=0001h</a>		100h
<a href="#">Cap. Version</a>				
<a href="#">Uncorrectable Error Status Register</a>				104h
<a href="#">Uncorrectable Error Mask Register</a>				108h
<a href="#">Uncorrectable Error Severity Register</a>				10Ch
<a href="#">Correctable Error Status Register</a>				110h
<a href="#">Correctable Error Mask Register</a>				114h
<a href="#">Advanced Error Capabilities and Control Register</a>				118h
<a href="#">Header Log Register 0</a>				11Ch
<a href="#">Header Log Register 1</a>				120h

31 – 24	23 – 16	15 – 8	7 – 0	BYTE OFFSET
<a href="#">Header Log Register 2</a>				124h
<a href="#">Header Log Register 3</a>				128h
Reserved				12Ch - FFCh

### 9.6.1 VENDOR ID REGISTER – OFFSET 00h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Vendor ID	RO	Identifies Pericom as the vendor of this device.	No	12D8h

### 9.6.2 DEVICE ID REGISTER – OFFSET 00h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:16	Device ID	RO	Identifies this device as the PI7C9X3G1632.	No	C232h

### 9.6.3 COMMAND REGISTER – OFFSET 04h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	I/O Space Enable	RW	0b: Ignores I/O transactions on the primary interface 1b: Enables responses to I/O transactions on the primary interface	No	0
1	Memory Space Enable	RW	0b: Ignores memory transactions on the primary interface 1b: Enables responses to memory transactions on the primary interface	No	0
2	Bus Master Enable	RW	0b: Does not initiate memory or I/O transactions on the upstream port and handles asan Unsupported Request (UR) to memory and I/O transactions on the downstream port. For Non-Posted Requests, a completion with UR completion status must be returned 1b: Enables the Switch Port to forward memory and I/O Read/Write transactions in the upstream direction	No	0
3	Special Cycle Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
4	Memory Write And Invalidate Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
5	VGA Palette Snoop Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
6	Parity Error Response Enable	RW	0b: Switch may ignore any parity errors that it detects and continue normal operation 1b: Switch must take its normal action when a parity error is detected	No	0
7	Wait Cycle Control	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
8	SERR# enable	RW	0b: Disables the reporting of Non-fatal and Fatal errors detected by the Switch to the Root Complex 1b: Enables the Non-fatal and Fatal error reporting to Root Complex	No	0
9	Fast Back-to-Back Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
10	Interrupt Disable	RW	0b: Enable to generate INTx Interrupt Messages 1b: Disable to generate INTx Interrupt Messages	No	0
15:11	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_0b

### 9.6.4 PRIMARY STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 04h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
18:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
19	Interrupt Status	RO	Indicates that an INTx Interrupt Message is pending internally to the device. In the Switch, the forwarding of INTx messages from the downstream device of the Switch port is not reflected in this bit. Must be hardwired to 0.	No	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
20	Capabilities List	RO	Set to 1b to enable support for the capability list (offset 34h is the pointer to the data structure).	No	1
21	66MHz Capable	RsvdP	Not support	No	0
22	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
23	Fast Back-to-Back Capable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
24	Master Data Parity Error	RW1C	Set to 1b (by a requester) whenever a Parity error is detected or forwarded on the primary side of the port in a Switch.  If the Parity Error Response Enable bit is cleared, this bit is never set.	No	0
26:25	DEVSEL# timing	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
27	Signaled Target Abort	RW1C	This bit is Set when the Secondary Side for Type 1 Configuration Space header Function (for Requests completed by the Type 1 header Function itself) completes a Posted or Non-Posted Request as a Completer Abort error.	No	0
28	Received Target Abort	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
29	Received Master Abort	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
30	Signaled System Error	RW1C	Set to 1b when the Switch sends an ERR_FATAL or ERR_NONFATAL Message, and the SERR Enable bit in the Command register is 1b.	No	0
31	Detected Parity Error	RW1C	Set to 1b whenever the primary side of the port in a Switch receives a Poisoned TLP.	No	0

### 9.6.5 REVISION ID REGISTER – OFFSET 08h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Revision	RO	Indicates revision number of device.	No	07h

### 9.6.6 CLASS CODE REGISTER – OFFSET 08h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:8	Programming Interface	RO	Read as 00h.	No	00h
23:16	Sub-Class Code	RO	Read as 80h.	No	80h
31:24	Base Class Code	RO	Read as 08h to indicate device is other system peripheral.	No	08h

### 9.6.7 CACHE LINE REGISTER – OFFSET 0Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Cache Line Size	RW	The cache line size register is set by the system firmware and the operating system cache line size. This field is implemented by PCI Express devices as a RW field for legacy compatibility, but it has no impact on any PCI Express device functionality.	No	00h

### 9.6.8 PRIMARY LATENCY TIMER REGISTER – OFFSET 0Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:8	Primary Latency Timer	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h

### 9.6.9 HEADER TYPE REGISTER – OFFSET 0Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
23:16	Header Type	RO	Read as 80h to indicate that the register layout conforms to Type 0 Configuration Header for the other device.	No	80h

### 9.6.10 BAR 0 REGISTER – OFFSET 10h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Memory Space Indicator	RO	When set '0', it indicates Memory Base address.	No	0
2:1	64-bit Addressing	RO	00b: 32-bit addressing 10b: 64-bit addressing Others: Reserved	No	10b
3	Prefetchable	RO	0b: Non-prefetchable 1b: Prefetchable	No	0
11:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h
31:12	Base Address 0 [31:12]	RW	Use this Memory base address to map DMA engine registers.	No	0-0h

### 9.6.11 BAR 1 REGISTER – OFFSET 14h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Reserved	RO	When the Base Address 0 register is not 64-bit addressing (offset 10h[2:1] is not 10b).	No	0000_0000h
	Base Address 1 [63:32]	RW	When the Base Address 0 register is 64-bit addressing. Base Address 1 is used to provide the upper 32 Address bits when offset 10h[2:1] is set to 10b.	No	

### 9.6.12 SUBSYSTEM VENDOR ID REGISTER – OFFSET 2Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	SSVID	RO	It indicates the sub-system vendor id.	No	12D8h

### 9.6.13 SUBSYSTEM ID REGISTER – OFFSET 2Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:16	SSID	RO	It indicates the sub-system device id.	No	C232h

### 9.6.14 CAPABILITY POINTER REGISTER – OFFSET 34h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Capability Pointer	RO	Point to first PCI capability structure.	No	40h

### 9.6.15 INTERRUPT LINE REGISTER – OFFSET 3Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Interrupt Line	RW	The interrupt line register communicates interrupt line routing information.	No	00h



### 9.6.16 INTERRUPT PIN REGISTER – OFFSET 3Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:8	Interrupt Pin	RO	The Switch implements INTB virtual wire interrupt signal.	No	02h

### 9.6.17 POWER MANAGEMENT CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET 40h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Enhanced Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 01h to indicate that this is power management capability register.	No	01h
15:8	Next Item Pointer	RO	Point to next PCI capability structure.	No	48h
18:16	Power Management Revision	RO	Read as 011b to indicate the device is compliant to Revision 1.2 of <i>PCI Power Management Interface Specifications</i> .	No	011b
19	PME# Clock	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
20	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
21	Device Specific Initialization	RO	Read as 0b to indicate Switch does not have device specific initialization requirements.	No	0
24:22	AUX Current	RO	Reset to 0.	No	000b
25	D1 Power State Support	RO	Read as 0b to indicate Switch does Not support the D1 power management state.	No	0
26	D2 Power State Support	RO	Read as 0b to indicate Switch does Not support the D2 power management state.	No	0
31:27	PME# Support	RO	Read as 19h to indicate Switch supports the forwarding of PME# message in D0, D3 and D4 states.	No	19h

### 9.6.18 POWER MANAGEMENT DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 44h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1:0	Power State	RW	Indicates the current power state of the Switch. Writing a value of D0 when the previous state was D3 cause a hot reset without asserting DWRST_L.  00b: D0 state 01b: D1 state 10b: D2 state 11b: D3 hot state	No	00b
2	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
3	No_Soft_Reset	RO	When set, this bit indicates that device transitioning from D3hot to D0 does not perform an internal reset. When clear, an internal reset is performed when power state transits from D3hot to D0.	No	1
7:4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h
8	PME# Enable	RW	When asserted, the Switch will generate the PME# message.	No	0
12:9	Data Select	RO	Select data registers.	No	0h
14:13	Data Scale	RO	Reset to 00b.	No	00b
15	PME Status	RW1C	Read as 0b as the PME# message is not implemented.	No	0

### 9.6.19 PPB SUPPORT EXTENSIONS – OFFSET 44h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
21:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00_0000b
22	B2_B3 Support for D3 <sub>HOT</sub>	RO	Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0.	No	0
23	Bus Power / Clock Control Enable	RO	Does not apply to PCI Express. Must be hardwired to 0.	No	0

### 9.6.20 DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 44h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:24	Data Register	RO	Data Register.	No	00h

### 9.6.21 MSI CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET 48h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Enhanced Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 05h to indicate that this is message signal interrupt capability register.	No	05h
15:8	Next Item Pointer	RO	Point to next PCI capability structure.	No	68h
16	MSI Enable	RW	0b: The function is prohibited from using MSI to request service 1b: The function is permitted to use MSI to request service and is prohibited from using its INTx # pin	No	0
19:17	Multiple Message Capable	RO	Request 8 multiple vectors to system. Each vector is corresponding to each virtual channel	No	011b
22:20	Multiple Message Enable	RW	System software writes to this field indicating the numbers of vectors are allocated. 000b: one vector allocated. All 4 dma virtual channels share this MSI 001b: two vectors allocated. DVC0~1 use MSI#0 while DVC4~5 use MSI#1 010b: the same as 001b 011b: four vectors allocated and each DVC uses its own MSI DVC0 (MSI#0), DVC1 (MSI#1), DVC4 (MSI#4), DVC5 (MSI#5)	No	000b
23	64-bit address capable	RO	0b: The function is not capable of generating a 64-bit message address 1b: The function is capable of generating a 64-bit message address	No	1
24	Per-vector masking capable	RO	0b: the function support MSI per-vector masking. 1b: the function does Not support MSI per-vector masking.	No	1
31:25	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h

### 9.6.22 MESSAGE ADDRESS REGISTER – OFFSET 4Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
31:2	Message Address	RW	If the message enable bit is set, the contents of this register specify the DWORD aligned address for MSI memory write transaction.	No	0-0h

### 9.6.23 MESSAGE UPPER ADDRESS REGISTER – OFFSET 50h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	Message Upper Address	RW	This register is only effective if the device supports a 64-bit message address is set.	No	0000_0000h

### 9.6.24 MESSAGE DATA REGISTER – OFFSET 54h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Message Data	RW	Reset to 0.	No	0000h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

### 9.6.25 MESSAGE MASK REGISTER – OFFSET 58h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	MSI Mask for DVC0 Interrupt	RW	MSI mask for DMA Virtual Channel 0 Interrupt	No	0
1	MSI Mask for DVC1 Interrupt	RW	MSI mask for DMA Virtual Channel 1 Interrupt	No	0
2	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
3	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
4	MSI Mask for DVC4 Interrupt	RW	MSI mask for DMA Virtual Channel 4 Interrupt	No	0
5	MSI Mask for DVC5 Interrupt	RW	MSI mask for DMA Virtual Channel 5 Interrupt	No	0
6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
7	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
31:8	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_000h

### 9.6.26 MESSAGE PENDING REGISTER – OFFSET 5Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	MSI Pending for DVC0 Interrupt	RO	MSI pending status for DMA Virtual Channel 0 Interrupt	No	0
1	MSI Pending for DVC1 Interrupt	RO	MSI pending status for DMA Virtual Channel 1 Interrupt	No	0
2	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
3	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
4	MSI Pending for DVC4 Interrupt	RO	MSI pending status for DMA Virtual Channel 4 Interrupt	No	0
5	MSI Pending for DVC5 Interrupt	RO	MSI pending status for DMA Virtual Channel 5 Interrupt	No	0
6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
7	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
31:8	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_000h

### 9.6.27 PCI EXPRESS CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET 68h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	Enhanced Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 10h to indicate that this is PCI express enhanced capability register.	No	10h
15:8	Next Item Pointer	RO	Point to next PCI capability structure.	No	A4h
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Read as 2h to indicate the device is compliant to Revision .2.0 of <i>PCI Express Base Specifications</i> .	No	2h
23:20	Device/Port Type	RO	Indicates the type of PCI Express logical device.	No	0h
24	Slot Implemented	RO	Reset to 0b.	No	0
29:25	Interrupt Message Number	RO	Read as 0. No MSI messages are generated in the transparent mode.	No	00_000b
31:30	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b

### 9.6.28 DEVICE CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET 6Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
2:0	Max_Payload_Size Supported	RO	Indicates the maximum payload size that the device can support for TLPs. Each port of the Switch supports 512 bytes max payload size.	No	010b
4:3	Phantom Functions Supported	RO	Indicates the support for use of unclaimed function numbers as Phantom functions. Read as 00b, since no function number bits are used as phantom functions.	No	00b
5	Extended Tag Field Supported	RO	Indicates the maximum supported size of Tag field as a Requester. Read as 0, since the function supports 5-bit tage field only.	No	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
8:6	Endpoint L0s Acceptable Latency	RO	Acceptable total latency that an Endpoint can withstand due to the transition from L0s state to the L0 state. For Switch, the ASPM software would not check this value.	No	000b
11:9	Endpoint L1 Acceptable Latency	RO	Acceptable total latency that an Endpoint can withstand due to the transition from L1 state to the L0 state. For Switch, the ASPM software would not check this value.	No	000b
14:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
15	Role_Based Error Reporting	RO	When set, indicates that the device implements the functionality originally defined in the Error Reporting ECN.	No	1
17:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00b
25:18	Captured Slot Power Limit Value	RO	In combination with the Slot Power Limit Scale value, specifies the upper limit on power supplied by slot.  This value is set by the Set_Slot_Power_Limit message or hardwired to 00h.	No	00h
27:26	Captured Slot Power Limit Scale	RO	Specifies the scale used for the Slot Power Limit Value.  This value is set by the Set_Slot_Power_Limit message or hardwired to 00b.	No	00b
31:28	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0h

### 9.6.29 DEVICE CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 70h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Correctable Error Reporting Enable	RW	0b: Disable Correctable Error Reporting 1b: Enable Correctable Error Reporting	No	0
1	Non-Fatal Error Reporting Enable	RW	0b: Disable Non-Fatal Error Reporting 1b: Enable Non-Fatal Error Reporting	No	0
2	Fatal Error Reporting Enable	RW	0b: Disable Fatal Error Reporting 1b: Enable Fatal Error Reporting	No	0
3	Unsupported Request Reporting Enable	RW	0b: Disable Unsupported Request Reporting 1b: Enable Unsupported Request Reporting	No	0
4	Enable Relaxed Ordering	RO	When set, it permits the device to set the Relaxed Ordering bit in the attribute field of transaction.	No	0
7:5	Max_Payload_Size	RW	This field sets maximum TLP payload size for the device. Permissible values that can be programmed are indicated by the Max_Payload_Size Supported in the Device Capabilities register. Any value exceeding the Max_Payload_Size Supported written to this register results into clamping to the Max_Payload_Size Supported value.	No	000b
8	Extended Tag Field Enable	RW	Returns '0' when read, since extended tag field is Not supported.	No	0
9	Phantom Function Enable	RW	Returns '0' when read, since Phantom Function is Not supported.	No	0
10	Auxiliary (AUX) Power PM Enable	RO	When set, indicates that a device is enabled to draw AUX power independent of PME AUX power.	No	0
11	Enable No Snoop	RW	When set, it permits to set the No Snoop bit in the attribute field of transaction.	No	0
14:12	Max_Read_Request_Size	RW	This field sets the maximum Read Request size for the device as a Requester. The function must not generate Read Requests with a size exceeding the set value.	No	010b
15	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0

### 9.6.30 DEVICE STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 70h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
16	Correctable Error Detected	RW1C	Asserted when correctable error is detected. Errors are logged in this register regardless of whether error reporting is enabled or not in the Device Control register.	No	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
17	Non-Fatal Error Detected	RW1C	Asserted when non-fatal error is detected. Errors are logged in this register regardless of whether error reporting is enabled or not in the Device Control register.	No	0
18	Fatal Error Detected	RW1C	Asserted when fatal error is detected. Errors are logged in this register regardless of whether error reporting is enabled or not in the Device Control register.	No	0
19	Unsupported Request Detected	RW1C	Asserted when unsupported request is detected. Errors are logged in this register regardless of whether error reporting is enabled or not in the Device Control register.	No	0
20	AUX Power Detected	RO	Asserted when the AUX power is detected by the Switch	No	0
21	Transactions Pending	RO	Each port of Switch does not issue Non-posted Requests on its own behalf, so this bit is hardwired to 0b.	No	0
31:22	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

### 9.6.31 LINK CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET 74h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	Maximum Link Speed	RO	Indicates the maximum speed of the Express link is 8Gb/s, 5Gb/s and 2.5 Gb/s. 0001b: 2.5 Gb/s 0010b: 5.0 Gb/s 0011b: 8.0 Gb/s Others: Reserved	No	3h
9:4	Maximum Link Width	RO	Indicates the maximum width of the given PCIe Link.	No	00_0000b
11:10	Active State Power Management (ASPM) Support	RO	Indicates the level of ASPM supported on the given PCIe Link. Each port of Switch supports L0s and L1 entry.	No	10b
14:12	L0s Exit Latency	RO	Indicates the L0s exit latency for the given PCIe Link. The length of time this port requires to complete transition from L0s to L0 is in the range of 256ns to less than 512ns.	No	011b
17:15	L1 Exit Latency	RO	Indicates the L1 exit latency for the given PCIe Link. The length of time this port requires to complete transition from L1 to L0 is less than 1us.	No	000b
18	Clock Power Management	RO	This bit must be hardwired to 0b.	No	0
19	Surprise Down Capability Enable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
20	Data Link Layer Active Reporting Capable	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
21	Link BW Notify Capability	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
23:20	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h
31:24	Port Number	RO	The Port Number is same as Function 0	No	90h

### 9.6.32 LINK CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 78h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
1:0	Active State Power Management (ASPM) Control	RW	00b: ASPM is Disabled 01b: L0s Entry Enabled 10b: L1 Entry Enabled 11b: L0s and L1 Entry Enabled  Note that the receiver must be capable of entering L0s even when the field is disabled  It is strongly recommended for programming the same value as does in function 0.	No	00b
2	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3	Read Completion Boundary (RCB)	RO	The function does not implement RCB. Returns '0' when read.	No	0
4	Link Disable	RsvdP	Not supported.	No	0
5	Retrain Link	RsvdP	Not supported.	No	0
6	Common Clock Configuration	RO	0b: The components at both ends of a link are operating with synchronous reference clock. 1b: The components at both ends of a link are operating with a distributed common reference clock  It is strongly recommended for programming the same value as does in function 0.	No	0
7	Extended Synch	RO	When set, it transmits 4096 FTS ordered sets in the L0s state for entering L0 state and transmits 1024 TS1 ordered sets in the L1 state for entering L0 state.  If any function has this bit set, then the component must transmit additional ordering set when leaving L0s or when in Recovery.	No	0
8	Enable Clock Power Management	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
9	HW Autonomous Width Disable	RO	Reset to 0b.	No	0
10	Link Bandwidth Management Interrupt Enable	RO	Reset to 0b.	No	0
11	Link Autonomous Bandwidth Interrupt Enable	RO	Reset to 0b.	No	0
15:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00h

### 9.6.33 LINK STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 78h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
19:16	Link Speed	RO	Indicate the negotiated speed of the Express link.  0001b: 2.5 Gb/s. 0010b: 5.0 Gb/s 0011b: 8.0 Gb/s Others: Reserved	No	0h
25:20	Negotiated Link Width	RO	Indicates the negotiated width of the given PCIe link.	No	00_0000b
26	Training Error	RsvdP	Not supported.	No	0
27	Link Training	RsvdP	Not supported.	No	0
28	Slot Clock Configuration	RO	0b: the function uses an independent clock correlative of the presence of a reference on the connector 1b: the function uses the same reference clock that the platform provides on the connector  For multi-function endpoint, each function must report the same the same value as function 0.	No	0
29	Data Link Layer Link Active	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
30	Link Bandwidth Management Status	RO	Reset to 0b.	No	0
31	Link Autonomous Bandwidth Status	RO	Reset to 0b.	No	0

### 9.6.34 DEVICE CAPABILITIES REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 8Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	CTO Range	RO	Completion Timeout Ranges: Support Range A (i.e. 50us to 10ms)	Yes	0001b

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
4	CTO Disable	RO	Completion Timeout Disable: Not supported. Returned 0 when read.	Yes	0
5	ARI Forwarding Supported	RO	0b: ARI forwarding is Not supported 1b: ARI forwarding is supported	Yes	1
6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
10:7	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h
11	LTR Mechanism Supported	RO	A value of 1b indicates support for the optional Latency Tolerance Reporting (LTR) mechanism.	Yes	0
17:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h
19:18	OBFF Supported	RO	This field indicates if OBFF is supported.	Yes	00b
31:20	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000h

### 9.6.35 DEVICE CONTROL and STATUS REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 90h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	CTO Value	RW	Completion Timeout Value: For Range A supported, the valid values are as follows.  0000b: 50us to 50ms 0001b: 50us to 100us 0010b: 1ms to 10ms 0101b: 16ms to 55ms 0110b: 65ms to 210ms  The default value is 0000b, which represents a range of 50us to 50ms.	No	0000b
4	CTO Disable	RW	Completion Timeout Disable: Not supported. Returned 0 when read.	No	0
31:5	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	00000h

### 9.6.36 LINK CAPABILITY REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 94h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0
7:1	Supported Link Speeds Vector	RO	This field indicates the supported Link speed of the associated Port.  bit[0]... 2.5 GT/s bit[1]... 5.0 GT/s bit[2]... 8.0 GT/s bit[6:3]... RsvdP	No	0000_111b
8	Crosslink Supported	RO	0b: Crosslink is Not supported 1b: Crosslink is supported	No	0
31:9	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b

### 9.6.37 LINK CONTROL REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 98h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:0	Target Link Speed	RO	0001b: 2.5GT/s link speed is supported 0010b: 5.0GT/s link speed is supported 0011b: 8.0GT/s link speed is supported Others: reserved.	No	3h
4	Enter Compliance	RO	1b: enter compliance	No	0
5	HW_AutoSpeed_Dis	RO	When set, this bit disables hardware from changing the link speed for device-specific reasons other than attempting to correct unreliable link operation by reducing link speed.	No	0
6	Select_Deemp	RO	Valid for downstream ports only.  0b: Select -3.5db de-emphasis 1b: Select -6.0 db de-emphasis	No	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
9:7	Tran_Margin	RO	This field controls the value of the non-deemphasized voltage level at the transmitter pins.	No	000b
10	Enter Modify Compliance	RO	Valid for upstream port only. When set, the device transmits modified compliance pattern if the LTSSM enters Polling.Compliance substate.	No	0
11	Compliance SOS	RO	Valid for upstream port only. When set, the LTSSM is required to send SKP Ordered Sets between sequences when sending the Compliance Pattern or Modified Compliance Pattern.	No	0
15:12	Compliance Preset/De-emphasis	RO	This field is intended for debug and compliance testing purpose.	No	0000b

### 9.6.38 LINK STATUS REGISTER 2 – OFFSET 98h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
16	Current De-emphasis level	RO	0b: -6dB 1b: -3.5dB	No	0
31:17	Link status 2	RO	Reset to 0.	No	0-0h

### 9.6.39 SSID/SSVID CAPABILITIES REGISTER – OFFSET A4h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
7:0	SSID/SSVID Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 0Dh to indicate that this is SSID/SSVID capability register.	No	0Dh
15:8	Next Item Pointer	RO	Read as 00h. No other ECP registers.	No	00h
31:16	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000h

### 9.6.40 SUBSYSTEM VENDOR ID REGISTER – OFFSET A8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	SSVID	RO	It indicates the sub-system vendor id.	No	12D8h

### 9.6.41 SUBSYSTEM ID REGISTER – OFFSET A8h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:16	SSID	RO	It indicates the sub-system device id.	No	C232h

### 9.6.42 PCI EXPRESS ADVANCED ERROR REPORTING ENHANCED CAPABILITY HEADER REGISTER – OFFSET 100h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
15:0	Extended Capabilities ID	RO	Read as 0001h to indicate that this is PCI express extended capability register for advance error reporting.	No	0001h
19:16	Capability Version	RO	Read as 1h.	No	1h
31:20	Next Capability Offset	RO	No ECP	No	000h

### 9.6.43 UNCORRECTABLE ERROR STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 104h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Training Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Training Error event has occurred.	No	0



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
3:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000
4	Data Link Protocol Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Data Link Protocol Error event has occurred.	No	0
5	Surprise Down Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Surprise Down Error event has occurred.  Valid for Downstream ports only.	No	0
11:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
12	Poisoned TLP Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that a Poisoned TLP has been received or generated.	No	0
13	Flow Control Protocol Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Flow Control Protocol Error event has occurred.	No	0
14	Completion Timeout Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Completion Timeout event has occurred.	No	0
15	Completer AbortStatus	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Completer Abort event has occurred.	No	0
16	Unexpected Completion Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Unexpected Completion event has occurred.	No	0
17	Receiver Overflow Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Receiver Overflow event has occurred.	No	0
18	Malformed TLP Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that a Malformed TLP has been received.	No	0
19	ECRC Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that an ECRC Error has been detected.	No	0
20	Unsupported Request Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that an Unsupported Request event has occurred.	No	0
21	ACS Violation Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that an ACS Violation event has occurred  Valid for Downstream ports only.	No	0
22	Internal Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that an Internal Error has occurred.	No	0
23	MC Blocked TLP Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that an MC Blocked TLP event has occurred.	No	0
24	AtomicOp Egress Blocked Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that an AtomicOp Egress Blocked event has occurred.	No	0
31:25	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_000b

#### 9.6.44 UNCORRECTABLE ERROR MASK REGISTER – OFFSET 108h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Training Error Mask	RW	When set, the Training Error event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	No	0
3:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
4	Data Link Protocol Error Mask	RW	When set, the Data Link Protocol Error event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	No	0
5	Surprise Down Error Mask	RW	When set, Surprise Down Error event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.  Valid for Downstream ports only.	No	0
11:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
12	Poisoned TLP Mask	RW	When set, an event of Poisoned TLP has been received or generated is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	No	0
13	Flow Control Protocol Error Mask	RW	When set, the Flow Control Protocol Error event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	No	0
14	Completion Timeout Mask	RW	When set, the Completion Timeout event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	No	0
15	Completer AbortMask	RW	When set, the Completer Abort event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	No	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
16	Unexpected Completion Mask	RW	When set, the Unexpected Completion event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	No	0
17	Receiver Overflow Mask	RW	When set, the Receiver Overflow event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	No	0
18	Malformed TLP Mask	RW	When set, an event of Malformed TLP has been received is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	No	0
19	ECRC Error Mask	RW	When set, an event of ECRC Error has been detected is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	No	0
20	Unsupported Request Error Mask	RW	When set, the Unsupported Request event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	No	0
21	ACS Violation Mask	RW	When set, the ACS Violation event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.  Valid for Downstream ports only.	No	0
22	Internal Error Mask	RW	When set, the Internal Error is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	No	1
23	MC Blocked TLP Mask	RW	When set, the MC Blocked TLP event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	No	0
24	AtomicOp Egress Blocked Mask	RW	When set, the AtomicOp Egress Blocked event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	No	0
31:25	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_000b

#### 9.6.45 UNCORRECTABLE ERROR SEVERITY REGISTER – OFFSET 10Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Training Error Severity	RW	0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal	No	1
3:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
4	Data Link Protocol Error Severity	RW	0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal	No	1
5	Surprise Down Error Severity	RW	0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal	No	1
11:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
12	Poisoned TLP Severity	RW	0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal	No	0
13	Flow Control Protocol Error Severity	RW	0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal	No	1
14	Completion Timeout Error Severity	RW	0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal	No	0
15	Completer AbortSeverity	RW	0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal	No	0
16	Unexpected Completion Severity	RW	0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal	No	0
17	Receiver Overflow Severity	RW	0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal	No	1
18	Malformed TLP Severity	RW	0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal	No	1
19	ECRC Error Severity	RW	0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal	No	0
20	Unsupported Request Error Severity	RW	0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal	No	0
21	ACS Violation Severity	RW	0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal	No	0
22	Internal Error Severity	RW	0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal	No	1
23	MC Blocked TLP Severity	RW	0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal	No	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
24	AtomicOp Egress Blocked Severity	RW	0b: Non-Fatal 1b: Fatal	No	0
31:25	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_000b

#### 9.6.46 CORRECTABLE ERROR STATUS REGISTER – OFFSET 110h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Receiver Error Status	RW1C	When set, the Receiver Error event is detected.	No	0
5:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_000b
6	Bad TLPStatus	RW1C	When set, the event of Bad TLP has been received is detected.	No	0
7	Bad DLLP Status	RW1C	When set, the event of Bad DLLP has been received is detected.	No	0
8	REPLAY_NUM Rollover status	RW1C	When set, the REPLAY_NUM Rollover event is detected.	No	0
11:9	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
12	Replay Timer Timeout status	RW1C	When set, the Replay Timer Timeout event is detected.	No	0
13	Advisory Non-Fatal Error status	RW1C	When set, the Advisory Non-Fatal Error event is detected.	No	0
31:14	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

#### 9.6.47 CORRECTABLE ERROR MASK REGISTER – OFFSET 114h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Receiver Error Mask	RW	When set, the Receiver Error event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	No	0
5:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0_000b
6	Bad TLPMask	RW	When set, the event of Bad TLP has been received is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	No	0
7	Bad DLLP Mask	RW	When set, the event of Bad DLLP has been received is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	No	0
8	REPLAY_NUM Rollover Mask	RW	When set, the REPLAY_NUM Rollover event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	No	0
11:9	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
12	Replay Timer Timeout Mask	RW	When set, the Replay Timer Timeout event is not logged in the Header Log register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	No	0
13	Advisory Non-Fatal Error Mask	RW	When set, the Advisory Non-Fatal Error event is not logged in the Header Long register and not issued as an Error Message to RC either.	No	1
31:14	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

#### 9.6.48 ADVANCE ERROR CAPABILITIES AND CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 118h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
4:0	First Error Pointer	RO	It indicates the bit position of the first error reported in the Uncorrectable Error Status register.	No	0_0000b
5	ECRC Generation Capable	RO	When set, it indicates the Switch has the capability to generate ECRC.	No	1
6	ECRC Generation Enable	RW	When set, it enables the generation of ECRC when needed.	No	0
7	ECRC Check Capable	RO	When set, it indicates the Switch has the capability to check ECRC.	No	1
8	ECRC Check Enable	RW	When set, the function of checking ECRC is enabled.	No	0
9	Multiple Header Recording Capable	RO	Not support multiple header recording capability.	No	0

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:10	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0h

#### 9.6.49 HEADER LOG REGISTER – OFFSET From 11Ch to 128h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
31:0	1 <sup>st</sup> DWORD	RO	Hold the 1st DWORD of TLP Header. The Head byte is in big endian.	No	0000_0000h
63:32	2 <sup>nd</sup> DWORD	RO	Hold the 2nd DWORD of TLP Header. The Head byte is in big endian.	No	0000_0000h
95:64	3 <sup>rd</sup> DWORD	RO	Hold the 3rd DWORD of TLP Header. The Head byte is in big endian.	No	0000_0000h
127:96	4 <sup>th</sup> DWORD	RO	Hold the 4th DWORD of TLP Header. The Head byte is in big endian.	No	0000_0000h

## 9.7 DMA ENGINE INTERFACE REGISTERS

To enable DMA function, the packet switch defines a set of interface registers for software to control the DMA engine and monitor the status of DMA transfer. There are two DMA engines (DMA\_0 and DMA\_1) in this Switch to face either one common or two different CPU domains respectively, so it defines an independent interface for software to access its own registers in its own CPU domain. The interface registers contain per-channel DMA control and status registers, descriptor ownership registers, descriptor pointer registers and property registers (such as max payload size, max read request size and bus number of CDEP port etc.) for cross-domain DMA transfer.

The interface registers are mapped to multiple 256-byte register blocks in memory mode and each 256-byte register block represents one channel. The register blocks can be accessed by the DMA Memory Base Address, which is obtained by DMA Base Address Register 0 (Func1, CFG offset 10h or Func2, CFG offset 10h based upon different DMA mode selection, and please note that each DMA engine is viewed as a PCIe function by enumeration).

**Table 9-12: DMA Base Address in Memory Mode when DMA channels pertaining to the same host domain**

DMA Engine	DMA Memory Base Address
Upstream Port CSR for Channel 0	Upstream Port BAR0 + 0000h
Upstream Port CSR for Channel 1	Upstream Port BAR0 + 0100h
N/A	Reserved
N/A	Reserved
Upstream Port CSR for Channel 4	Upstream Port BAR0 + 0400h
Upstream Port CSR for Channel 5	Upstream Port BAR0 + 0500h
N/A	Reserved
N/A	Reserved

**Table 9-13: DMA Base Address in Memory Mode when DMA channels pertaining to different host domain**

DMA Engine	DMA Memory Base Address
Upstream Port CSR for Channel 0	Upstream Port BAR0 + 0000h
Upstream Port CSR for Channel 4	Upstream Port BAR0 + 0400h
CDEP CSR for Channel 0	CDEP BAR0 + 0000h
CDEP CSR for Channel 4	CDEP BAR0 + 0400h

Following is a summary of addressing map for interface registers. Please note that the max.length for read/write register only supports 4 bytes.

31 – 24	23 – 16	15 – 8	7 – 0	BYTE OFFSET
<a href="#">DMA Status 0</a>		<a href="#">DMA Control 0</a>		00h
<a href="#">Descriptor Ownership 0</a>				04h
<a href="#">Descriptor Ownership 1</a>				08h
<a href="#">Channel Descriptor Ring Base Pointer (Low 32-bit)</a>				0Ch
<a href="#">ChannelDescriptor Ring Base Pointer (High 32-bit)</a>				10h
<a href="#">Channel Descriptor Current Pointer (Offset from Base Pointer)</a>				14h
<a href="#">Channel Transfer Count Status of Current Descriptor Pointer</a>				18h
<a href="#">Channel Gap Time Control</a>		Reserved		1Ch
<a href="#">DMA Status 1</a>		<a href="#">DMA Control 1</a>		20h
<a href="#">Channel Descriptor Ring Size for Prefetch</a>				24h
<a href="#">Domain 0~3 Max. Payload Size and Read Request Size</a>				28h
<a href="#">Domain 4~7 Max. Payload Size and Read Request Size</a>				2Ch
<a href="#">Domain 8~11 Max. Payload Size and Read Request Size</a>				30h
<a href="#">Domain 0~3 Bus Number (Global)</a>				34h
Reserved				38h
Reserved				3Ch
<a href="#">User Defined Attributes for DMA Operation</a>				40h
<a href="#">Channel Uncorrectable Error Status</a>				44h
Reserved				48h ~ 50h
<a href="#">DMA Read Threshold Control</a>				5Ch
Reserved				60h~84h
<a href="#">DMA Hardware Control 0</a>				88h
<a href="#">DMA Hardware Control 1 (Global)</a>				8Ch
Reserved				90h ~ FFh

### 9.7.1 DMA CONTROL AND STATUS REGISTER 0 – OFFSET 00h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
0	No Snooping Mode	RW	Configuration of No Snooping. 0b: Disable no snooping 1b: Enable no snooping	0
1	Address Format	RW	Indicate the addressing system a DMA operation is riding on. 0b: 32-bit addressing system 1b: 64-bit addressing system	0
2	CDEP Mapping Enable	RW	Mapping the CDEP channel of another DMA engine to the channel of current DMA engine. This field has to be programmed for inter-processor domain data transfer model. 0b: No Mapping (All DMA channels are managed by Root Host) 1b: Mapping to remote channel, The value is only for physical channels (i.e. channel ID are 0 and 4)  When mapping value is not zero, the remote DMA shall be active.	0
4:3	CDEP Mapping Channel	RW	Select mapping remote physical channel ID. 00b: physical channel 0 (DMA 0 CH 0) 01b: physical channel 1 (DMA 0 CH 4) 10b: physical channel 2 (DMA 1 CH 0) 11b: physical channel 3 (DMA 1 CH 4)	00b
7:5	CDEP Mapping Switch	RW	It need be fixed to 000b.	000b
8	EOT Valid	RW	When set, the EOT bit in descriptor is valid under the condition of DMA channels managed by Root Host only. EOT bit will be updated from 0 to 1 by the switch once the data transfer indicated in that descriptor is ended.	0
16:9	Reserved	RsvP	Not support.	00h
17	UCE Interrupt Enable	RW	When set, Interrupt is issued when detecting Uncorrectable Error	0
18	Error Report Scheme	RW	When clear, DMA reports UCE event without writing DP TLP to destination address. When set, DMA reports UCE event after writing DP TLP to destination address	0
27:19	Reserved	RsvP	Not support.	0-0b
31:28	Channel ID	RO	Indicate the channel ID is used by which channel of DMA.	0h

### 9.7.2 DESCRIPTOR OWNERSHIP REGISTER 0 – OFFSET 04h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
31:0	Descriptor Ownership 0	RW	Indicate the ownership of descriptor 0. That means the owner can access the buffer pointed by the address field of descriptor 0. 1b: the DMA channel owns the descriptor 0 0b: the DMA driver owns the descriptor 0  After the buffer prepared by DMA driver, it will write “1” to the corresponding descriptor ownership bit. After the descriptor is done, the DMA channel will clear the corresponding bit to “0”.	0000_000h

### 9.7.3 DESCRIPTOR OWNERSHIP REGISTER1 – OFFSET 08h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
31:0	Descriptor Ownership 1	RW	<p>Indicate the ownership of descriptor. That means the owner can access the buffer pointed by the address field of descriptor 1.</p> <p>1b: the DMA channel owns the descriptor 1 0b: the DMA driver owns the descriptor 1</p> <p>After the buffer prepared by DMA driver, it will write “1” to the corresponding descriptor ownership bit. After the descriptor is done, the DMA channel will clear the corresponding bit to “0”.</p>	0000_000h

### 9.7.4 CHANNELDESCRIPTOR RING BASE POINTER (LOW 32-bit)REGISTER – OFFSET 0Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
1:0	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	00b
31:2	Descriptor Ring Base Pointer (Low 32-bit)	RW	Lower 32-bit of Base Pointer referring to the 1 <sup>st</sup> entry of descriptor ring. It tells DMA channel where the descriptor is starting at. The base pointer is in 64-bit alignment.	0000_0000h

### 9.7.5 CHANNELDESCRIPTOR RING BASE POINTER (HIGH 32-bit) REGISTER – OFFSET 10h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
31:0	Descriptor Ring Base Pointer (High 32-bit)	RW	Upper 32-bit of Base Pointer referring to the 1st entry of descriptor ring if 64-bit addressing system is used. It tells DMA channel where the descriptor is starting at.	0000_0000h

### 9.7.6 CHANNEL DESCRIPTOR CURRENT POINTER REGISTER – OFFSET 14h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
11:0	Descriptor Current Pointer (Offset from Base Pointer)	RO	Indicating the current pointer (Offset from Base Pointer) referring to the descriptor that is under processing by DMA Engine in terms of index. A maximum of 4096 pointers are allowed.	000h
31:12	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	00000h

### 9.7.7 CHANNEL TRANSFER COUNT STATUS OF CURRENT DESCRIPTOR POINTER REGISTER – OFFSET 18h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
23:0	Transfer Count Status	RO	Indicating how many byte counts have been not transferred for the current descriptor pointer.	00_0000h
31:24	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	00h

### 9.7.8 CHANNEL GAP TIME CONTROL REGISTER – OFFSET 1Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
15:0	Write Data Gap Time Control	RW	Control the gap time between DMA writes. It is represented by 16 bits in a unit of 4ns	0000h
31:16	Fetch Data Gap Time Control	RW	Control the gap time between DMA reads. It is represented by 16 bits in a unit of 4ns	0000h

### 9.7.9 DMA CONTROL AND STATUS REGISTER 1 – OFFSET 20h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
0	DMA Start	RWIO	<p>Start DMA operation.</p> <p>1b: the DMA operation starts to fetch and process the descriptors except the DMA stop or abort status is on.</p> <p>0b: the current pointer will be moved to the descriptor ring base pointer or next descriptor pointer and stop the DMA operation.</p> <p>This bit can only be written with “1” and will not take effect if written with “0”. Only when DMA operation is stopped or aborted, this bit will be automatically cleaned to “0”.</p>	0
1	DMA Pause Control	RW	<p>Pause DMA Operation. When set, the DMA operation is paused to the next active descriptor after completing the processing on current descriptor. It means that no more descriptors are processed and prefetched until the “Paused” condition is lifted.</p> <p>For Host-to-Host DMA operation, the remote-site has to pause its DMA operation at first and ensure the pause done status has been asserted. After that, the local-site is just allowed to pause DMA operation.</p> <p>If pause interrupt is enabled and pause control is also enabled, the interruptflagis asserted until cleared by software.</p>	0
2	DMA Abort Control	RW	<p>Abort DMA Operation. When set, the DMA operation drops the current active descriptor by flushing out all outstanding read commands and discarding all received completion data. The pointer will move to the next active descriptor. No more descriptors are processed and prefetched until the “Aborted” condition is lifted.</p> <p>All receiving data will be discarded if DMA abort asserted. Removing abort condition can only use DMA start control</p> <p>For Host-to-Host DMA operation, the remote-site has to abort its DMA operation at first and ensure the abort done status has been asserted. After that, the local-site is just allowed to abort DMA operation.</p> <p>If abort interrupt is enabled and abort control is also enabled, the interruptflagis asserted until cleared by software.</p>	0
3	DMA Pause Interrupt Enable	RW	When set, Interrupt is issued when DMA operation is paused.	0
4	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	0
5	DMA Stop Interrupt Enable	RW	When set, Interrupt is issued when DMA operation is stopped.	0
6	DMA Abort Interrupt Enable	RW	When set, Interrupt is issued when DMA operation is aborted.	0
7	DMA Stop Control	RWIC	<p>Stop DMA Operation. When set, the DMA operation drops the current active descriptor by flushing out all outstanding read commands and discarding all received completion data. The channel interface registers are all cleaned to default state except Interrupt flag bit if DMA stop enable is set earlier. No more descriptors are processed and prefetched.</p> <p>All receiving data will be discarded if DMA stop asserted. Removing stop condition can only use DMA start control</p> <p>For Host-to-Host DMA operation, the remote-site has to stop its DMA operation at first and ensure the stop done status has been asserted. After that, the local-site is just allowed to stop DMA operation.</p> <p>If stop interrupt is enabled and stop control is also enabled, the interrupt flag is asserted until cleaned by software</p>	0
8	Ownership Flush	RW	Clear ownership register when DMA operation is stopped.	0
15:9	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	00h
16	DMA Pause Done Status	RO	Indicates the DMA operation is in “Paused” condition. Removing pause done status can use DMA Pause control.	0
17	DMA Abort Done Status	RO	Indicates the DMA operation is in “Aborted” condition. Removing abort done status can only use DMA start control.	0
18	DMA Stop Done Status	RO	Indicates the DMA operation is in “Stopped” condition. Removing Stop done status can only use DMA start control.	1
30:19	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	000h



BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
31	Interrupt Flag	RW1C	Indicates the interrupt asserted.	0

### 9.7.10 CHANNEL DESCRIPTOR RING SIZE FORPREFETCH – OFFSET 24h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
12:0	Descriptor size	RW	The number of descriptors available for H/W to prefetch is ranged from 1 to 4096.	0040h
15:13	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	000b
28:16	Pre-fetch Descriptor Index	RO	Index value of next descriptor for Prefetch	0000h
31:29	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	000b

### 9.7.11 DOMAIN 0/1/2/3 MAX PAYLOAD SIZE AND READ REQUEST SIZE – OFFSET 28h (Global)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
2:0	Domain 0 Max Payload Size	RW	000b: 128 bytes 001b: 256 bytes 010b: 512 bytes Other: Reserved	000b
5:3	Domain 0 Read Request Size	RW	000b: 128 bytes 001b: 256 bytes 010b: 512 bytes 011b: 1024 bytes 100b: 2048 bytes 101b: 4096 bytes Other: Reserved	000b
7:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	00b
10:8	Domain 1 Max Payload Size	RW	000b: 128 bytes 001b: 256 bytes 010b: 512 bytes Other: Reserved	000b
13:11	Domain 1 Read Request Size	RW	000b: 128 bytes 001b: 256 bytes 010b: 512 bytes 011b: 1024 bytes 100b: 2048 bytes 101b: 4096 bytes Other: Reserved	000b
15:14	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	00b
18:16	Domain 2 Max Payload Size	RW	000b: 128 bytes 001b: 256 bytes 010b: 512 bytes Other: Reserved	000b
21:19	Domain 2 Read Request Size	RW	000b: 128 bytes 001b: 256 bytes 010b: 512 bytes 011b: 1024 bytes 100b: 2048 bytes 101b: 4096 bytes Other: Reserved	000b
23:22	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	00b
26:24	Domain 3 Max Payload Size	RW	000b: 128 bytes 001b: 256 bytes 010b: 512 bytes Other: Reserved	000b
29:27	Domain 3 Read Request Size	RW	000b: 128 bytes 001b: 256 bytes 010b: 512 bytes 011b: 1024 bytes 100b: 2048 bytes 101b: 4096 bytes Other: Reserved	000b
31:30	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	00b

### 9.7.12 DOMAIN 4/5/6/7 MAX PAYLOAD SIZE AND READ REQUEST SIZE – OFFSET 2Ch (Global)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
2:0	Domain 4 Max Payload Size	RW	000b: 128 bytes 001b: 256 bytes 010b: 512 bytes Other: Reserved	000b
5:3	Domain 4 Read Request Size	RW	000b: 128 bytes 001b: 256 bytes 010b: 512 bytes 011b: 1024 bytes 100b: 2048 bytes 101b: 4096 bytes Other: Reserved	000b
7:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	00b
10:8	Domain 5 Max Payload Size	RW	000b: 128 bytes 001b: 256 bytes 010b: 512 bytes Other: Reserved	000b
13:11	Domain 5 Read Request Size	RW	000b: 128 bytes 001b: 256 bytes 010b: 512 bytes 011b: 1024 bytes 100b: 2048 bytes 101b: 4096 bytes Other: Reserved	000b
15:14	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	00b
18:16	Domain 6 Max Payload Size	RW	000b: 128 bytes 001b: 256 bytes 010b: 512 bytes Other: Reserved	000b
21:19	Domain 6 Read Request Size	RW	000b: 128 bytes 001b: 256 bytes 010b: 512 bytes 011b: 1024 bytes 100b: 2048 bytes 101b: 4096 bytes Other: Reserved	000b
23:22	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	00b
26:24	Domain 7 Max Payload Size	RW	000b: 128 bytes 001b: 256 bytes 010b: 512 bytes Other: Reserved	000b
29:27	Domain 7 Read Request Size	RW	000b: 128 bytes 001b: 256 bytes 010b: 512 bytes 011b: 1024 bytes 100b: 2048 bytes 101b: 4096 bytes Other: Reserved	000b
31:30	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	00b

### 9.7.13 DOMAIN 8/9/10/11 MAX PAYLOAD SIZE AND READ REQUEST SIZE – OFFSET 30h (Global)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
2:0	Domain 8 Max Payload Size	RW	000b: 128 bytes 001b: 256 bytes 010b: 512 bytes Other: Reserved	000b

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
5:3	Domain 8 Read Request Size	RW	000b: 128 bytes 001b: 256 bytes 010b: 512 bytes 011b: 1024 bytes 100b: 2048 bytes 101b: 4096 bytes Other: Reserved	000b
7:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	00b
10:8	Domain 9 Max Payload Size	RW	000b: 128 bytes 001b: 256 bytes 010b: 512 bytes Other: Reserved	000b
13:11	Domain 9 Read Request Size	RW	000b: 128 bytes 001b: 256 bytes 010b: 512 bytes 011b: 1024 bytes 100b: 2048 bytes 101b: 4096 bytes Other: Reserved	000b
15:14	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	00b
18:16	Domain 10 Max Payload Size	RW	000b: 128 bytes 001b: 256 bytes 010b: 512 bytes Other: Reserved	000b
21:19	Domain 10 Read Request Size	RW	000b: 128 bytes 001b: 256 bytes 010b: 512 bytes 011b: 1024 bytes 100b: 2048 bytes 101b: 4096 bytes Other: Reserved	000b
23:22	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	00b
26:24	Domain 11 Max Payload Size	RW	000b: 128 bytes 001b: 256 bytes 010b: 512 bytes Other: Reserved	000b
29:27	Domain 11 Read Request Size	RW	000b: 128 bytes 001b: 256 bytes 010b: 512 bytes 011b: 1024 bytes 100b: 2048 bytes 101b: 4096 bytes Other: Reserved	000b
31:30	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	00b

### 9.7.14 DOMAIN 0/1/2/3 BUS NUMBER – OFFSET 34h (Global)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
7:0	Domain 0 Bus Number	RW	Indicates Bus Number for Request ID.	00h
15:8	Domain 1 Bus Number	RW	Indicates Bus Number for Request ID.	00h
23:16	Domain 2 Bus Number	RW	Indicates Bus Number for Request ID.	00h
31:24	Domain 3 Bus Number	RW	Indicates Bus Number for Request ID.	00h

### 9.7.15 USER DEFINED ATTRIBUTES FOR DMA OPERATION – OFFSET 40h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
9:0	Max. Read Request Size Value	RW	Used to set user-defined max. read request size.  020h: 128 Bytes 040h: 256 Bytes 080h: 512 Bytes 100h: 1024 Bytes Others: Reserved	000h
10	User-Defined Max Read Request Size Enable	RW	Enable User defines MAX read requester size.	0
31:11	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	0000_0h

### 9.7.16 CHANNEL UNCORRECTABLE EEEOR STATUS– OFFSET 44h

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	EEPROM/ I2C-SMBUS	DEFAULT
0	Training Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Training Error event has occurred.	Yes	0
3:1	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	000b
4	Data Link Protocol Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Data Link Protocol Error event has occurred.	Yes	0
5	Surprise Down Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Surprise Down Error event has occurred.	Yes	0
11:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0-0b
12	Poisoned TLP Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that a Poisoned TLP has been received or generated.	Yes	0
13	Flow Control Protocol Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Flow Control Protocol Error event has occurred.	Yes	0
14	Completion Timeout Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Completion Timeout event has occurred.	Yes	0
15	Completer Abort Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Completer Abort event has occurred.	Yes	0
16	Unexpected Completion Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Unexpected Completion event has occurred.	Yes	0
17	Receiver Overflow Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that the Receiver Overflow event has occurred.	Yes	0
18	Malformed TLP Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that a Malformed TLP has been received.	Yes	0
19	ECRC Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that an ECRC Error has been detected.	Yes	0
20	Unsupported Request Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that an Unsupported Request event has occurred.	Yes	0
21	ACS Violation Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that an ACS Violation event has occurred.	Yes	0
22	Internal Error Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that an Internal Error has occurred.	Yes	0
23	MC Blocked TLP Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that an MC Blocked TLP event has occurred.	Yes	0
24	AtomicOp Egress Blocked Status	RW1C	When set, indicates that an AtomicOp Egress Blocked event has occurred.	Yes	0
25	Descriptor Error	RW1C	When set, indicates an Uncorrectable Error happening in descriptor	Yes	0
26	Data Buffer Error	RW1C	When set, indicates an Uncorrectable Error happening in moving data into DMA buffer.	Yes	0
31:27	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	No	0000_000b

### 9.7.17 DMA READ THRESHOLD CONTROL – OFFSET 5Ch

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
4:0	Desc_Current_Arbiter_Sts	RO	It will indicate descriptor current arbiter status.	0_0001b
5	Desc_Arbiter_Reset	RW	When set, it will reset descriptor arbiter.	0
7:6	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	00b
12:8	DMA_Current_Arbiter_Sts	RO	It will indicate DMA current arbiter status.	0_0001b

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
13	DMA_Arbitrator_Reset	RW	When set, it will reset DMA arbiter.	0
15:14	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	00b
24:16	Threshold Value	RW	When threshold control disable is off, the next DMA read won't be issued until the threshold value is met. The default value is equivalent to 512 bytes.	80h
25	Threshold Control Disable	RW	When set, DMA read is issued without waiting threshold limit being reached. The default is to disable threshold control.	1b
31:26	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support.	0000_0b

### 9.7.18 DMA HARDWARE CONTROL – OFFSET 88h (Global)

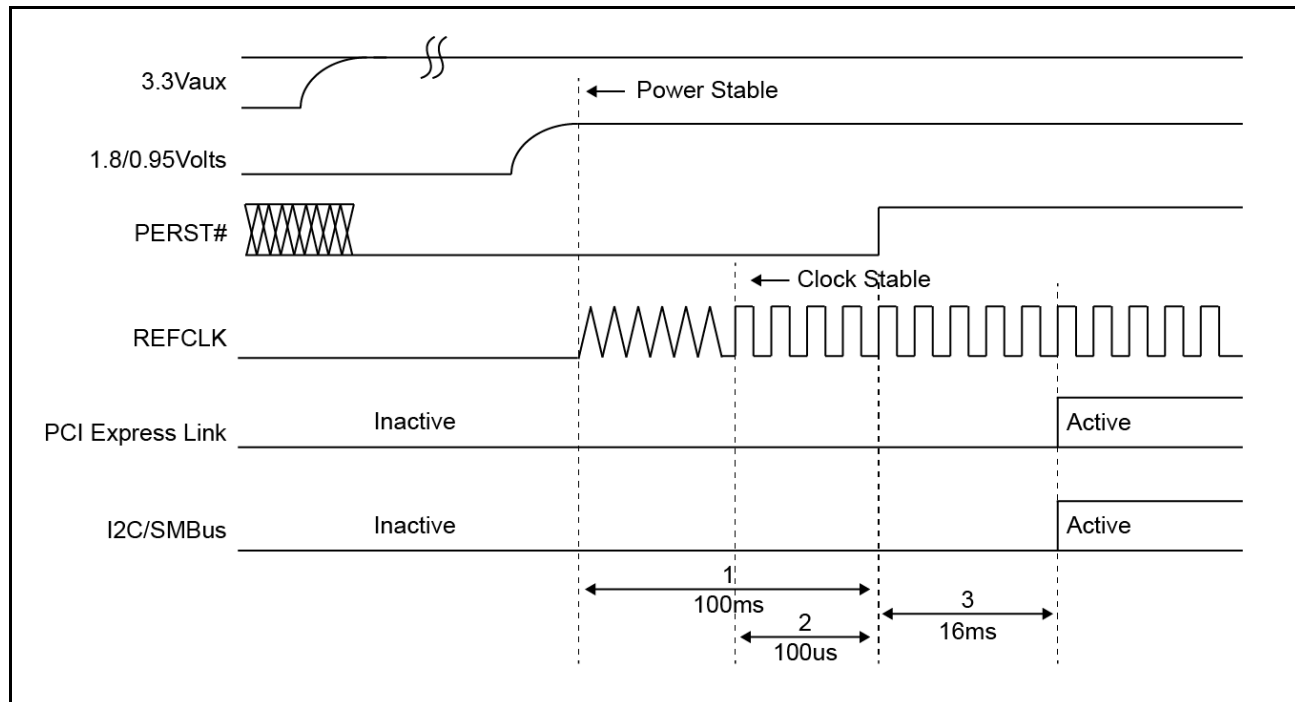
BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
9:0	DNOC Arbit Delay Time	RW	Used to set DNOC Arbit delay time.	0_00h
14:10	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support	0
15	DNOC Arbit Delay Time Enable	RW	When set, it will enable dnoc arbit delay time function for DMA packets The time unit is in 2ns.	0
22:16	Back-to-Back Packet gap time	RW	For back-to-back DMA packets, a programmable gap time between continuous packets can be inserted. The time unit is in 2ns.	00h
23	Back-to-Back Packet gap Time Enable	RW	When set, it will enable back-to-back packet gap time.	0
24	ECRC Check Enable override	RW	When clear, it can override ECRC check enable bit defined in AER control register from 1 to 0 for DMA packet only	1
25	Arbitration option	RW	This option bit controls the request/grant protocol between central arbiter and DMA engine. By default, the DMA request is not asserted until the last grant released.	1
26	MSI regeneration enable	RW	The MSI event will be regenerated once not getting service after a time-out period. When disabled, the MSI will be issued only one time.	1
27	Internal CAM hit Error Enable	RW	When set, it will enable CAM hit error function.	1
31:28	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support	0000b

### 9.7.19 DMA HARDWARE STATUS – OFFSET 8Ch (Global)

BIT	FUNCTION	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
0	ECRC Check Enable	RO	It is a mirror-bit of ECRC Check Enable status in AER control register	0
1	ECRC Generation Enable	RO	It is a mirror-bit of ECRC Generation Enable status in AER control register	0
31:2	Reserved	RsvdP	Not support	0-0b

## 10 POWER SEQUENCE

As long as PERST# is asserted, all PCI Express functions are held in reset. The main supplies ramp up to their specified levels (0.95V/1.8V). Sometime during this stabilization time, the REFCLK starts and stabilizes. After elapsing some time (i.e. 100 us) for the power and clock to become stable, PERST# is deasserted high and the PCI Express functions can start up.



**Figure 10-1 Initial Power-Up Sequence**

## 11 IEEE 1149.1 COMPATIBLE JTAG CONTROLLER

An IEEE 1149.1 compatible Test Access Port (TAP) controller and associated TAP pins are provided to support boundary scan in PI7C9X3G1632GP for board-level continuity test and diagnostics. The TAP pins assigned are TCK, TDI, TDO, TMS and TRST\_L. All digital input, output, input/output pins except TAP pins and SERDES pins are tested.

### 11.1 INSTRUCTION REGISTER

The IEEE 1149.1 Test Logic consists of a TAP controller, an instruction register, and a group of test data registers including Bypass and Boundary Scan registers. The TAP controller is a synchronous 16-state machine driven by the Test Clock (TCK) and the Test Mode Select (TMS) pins. An independent power on reset circuit is provided to ensure the machine is in TEST\_LOGIC\_RESET state at power-up.

PI7C9X3G1632GP implements a 5-bit Instruction register to control the operation of the JTAG logic. The defined instruction codes are shown in the following table. Those bit combinations that are not listed are equivalent to the BYPASS (1111) instruction.

**Table 11-1 Instruction Register Codes**

Instruction	Operation Code (binary)	Register Selected	Operation
EXTEST	0000	Boundary Scan	Drives / receives off-chip test data
SAMPLE	0010	Boundary Scan	Samples inputs / pre-loads outputs
PRELOAD	0010	Boundary Scan	
EXTEST_PULSE	0100	Boundary Scan	Drives/receives off-chip test data for TX/RX pins
EXTEST_TRAIN	0101	Boundary Scan	Drives/receives off-chip test data for TX/RX pins
SCAN_TEST	1010	Internal	Private instruction
IDCODE	0001	Device ID	Accesses the Device ID register, to read manufacturer ID, part number, and version number
RX_LEVEL	1011	Internal	Private instruction
NOC_BIST	0111	Internal	Private instruction
MBIST	1101	Internal	Private instruction
BYPASS	1111	Bypass	Selected Bypass Register

### 11.2 BYPASS REGISTER

The required bypass register (one-bit shift register) provides the shortest path between TDI and TDO when a bypass instruction is in effect. This allows rapid movement of test data to and from other components on the board. This path can be selected when no test operation is being performed on the PI7C9X3G1632GP.

### 11.3 DEVICE ID REGISTER

This register identifies Diodes as the manufacturer of the device and details the part number and revision number for the device.

**Table 11-2 JTAG Device ID Register**

Bit	Type	Value	Description
31-28	RO	0001	Version number
27-12	RO	0001011000010110	Last 4 digits (hex) of the die part number
11-1	RO	01000111111	Diodes identifier assigned by JEDEC

Bit	Type	Value	Description
0	RO	1	Fixed bit equal to 1

## 11.4 BOUNDARY SCAN REGISTER

The boundary scan register has a set of serial shift-register cells. A chain of boundary scan cells is formed by connected the internal signal of the PI7C9X3G1632GP package pins. The VDD, VSS, and JTAG pins are not in the boundary scan chain. The input to the shift register is TDI and the output from the shift register is TDO. There are 4 different types of boundary scan cells, based on the function of each signal pin.

The boundary scan register cells are dedicated logic and do not have any system function. Data may be loaded into the boundary scan register master cells from the device input pins and output pin-drivers in parallel by the mandatory SAMPLE and EXTEST instructions. Parallel loading takes place on the rising edge of TCK.

## 11.5 JTAG BOUNDARY SCAN REGISTER ORDER

**Table 11-3 JTAG Boundary Scan Register Definition**

Boundary Scan Register Number	Pin Name	Ball Location	Type	Tri-state Control Cell
0			internal	
1			internal	
2			internal	
3			internal	
4			internal	
5			internal	
6			internal	
7			internal	
8	PERST1_L	K8	input	
9			internal	
10			internal	
11	PDC1_L[7]	V10	bidir	12
12			control	
13	PDC1_L[6]	AA11	bidir	14
14			control	
15			internal	
16			internal	
17	PDC1_L[5]	W11	bidir	18
18			control	
19			internal	
20			internal	
21	PDC1_L[4]	Y11	bidir	22
22			control	
23	PDC1_L[3]	V12	bidir	24
24			control	
25	PDC1_L[2]	Y12	bidir	26
26			control	
27	PDC1_L[1]	W12	bidir	28
28			control	
29	PDC1_L[0]	Y13	bidir	30
30			control	
31	PERN_1[3]	P1	observe_only	
32	PERP_1[3]	P2	observe_only	
33	PETP_1[3]	P5	output2	
34	PERN_1[2]	N1	observe_only	
35	PERP_1[2]	N2	observe_only	
36	PETP_1[2]	N5	output2	
37	PERN_1[1]	L1	observe_only	
38	PERP_1[1]	L2	observe_only	



Boundary Scan Register Number	Pin Name	Ball Location	Type	Tri-state Control Cell
39	PETP_1[1]	M5	ouptut2	
40	PERN_1[0]	K1	observe_only	
41	PERP_1[0]	K2	observe_only	
42	PETP_1[0]	L5	ouptut2	
43	PERN_1[7]	V1	observe_only	
44	PERP_1[7]	V2	observe_only	
45	PETP_1[7]	V5	ouptut2	
46	PERN_1[6]	U1	observe_only	
47	PERP_1[6]	U2	observe_only	
48	PETP_1[6]	U5	ouptut2	
49	PERN_1[5]	T1	observe_only	
50	PERP_1[5]	T2	observe_only	
51	PETP_1[5]	T5	ouptut2	
52	PERN_1[4]	R1	observe_only	
53	PERP_1[4]	R2	observe_only	
54	PETP_1[4]	R5	ouptut2	
55	FATAL_ERR1_L	W4	bidir	56
56			control	
57	INTA1_L	Y4	bidir	58
58			control	
59			internal	
60			internal	
61			internal	
62			internal	
63			internal	
64			internal	
65	GPIO_1[29]	W1	bidir	66
66			control	
67			internal	
68			internal	
69			internal	
70			internal	
71	GPIO_1[28]	Y1	bidir	72
72			control	
73	GPIO_1[27]	Y2	bidir	74
74			control	
75			internal	
76			internal	
77	GPIO_1[26]	Y3	bidir	78
78			control	
79			internal	
80			internal	
81	GPIO_1[25]	AA3	bidir	82
82			control	
83	GPIO_1[24]	W3	bidir	84
84			control	
85			internal	
86			internal	
87	GPIO_1[23]	AA4	bidir	88
88			control	
89			internal	
90			internal	
91	GPIO_1[22]	Y5	bidir	92
92			control	
93	GPIO_1[21]	W6	bidir	94
94			control	
95	CLKBUF_CMOS_EN1_L	T8	control	
96				
97	GPIO_1[20]	Y6	bidir	98
98			control	
99	GPIO_1[19]	Y7	bidir	100
100			control	
101			internal	

Boundary Scan Register Number	Pin Name	Ball Location	Type	Tri-state Control Cell
102			internal	
103	GPIO_1[18]	W7	bidir	104
104			control	
105	GPIO_1[17]	V7	bidir	106
106			control	
107	GPIO_1[16]	U7	bidir	108
108			control	
109	GPIO_1[15]	T7	bidir	110
110			control	
111	GPIO_1[14]	U8	bidir	112
112			control	
113	GPIO_1[13]	V8	bidir	114
114			control	
115	GPIO_1[12]	Y8	bidir	116
116			control	
117	GPIO_1[11]	W9	bidir	118
118			control	
119	GPIO_1[10]	V9	bidir	120
120			control	
121	GPIO_1[9]	Y9	bidir	122
122			control	
123	GPIO_1[8]	W10	bidir	124
124			control	
125	GPIO_1[7]	Y10	bidir	126
126			control	
127	GPIO_1[6]	R8	bidir	128
128			control	
129	GPIO_1[5]	R7	bidir	130
130			control	
131	GPIO_1[3]	N7	bidir	132
132			control	
133	GPIO_1[4]	M8	bidir	134
134			control	
135	GPIO_1[2]	K7	bidir	136
136			control	
137	GPIO_1[1]	L7	bidir	138
138			control	
139	GPIO_1[0]	K6	bidir	140
140			control	
141	PERN_1[11]	AF9	observe_only	
142	PERP_1[11]	AE9	observe_only	
143	PETP_1[11]	AB8	ouptut2	
144	PERN_1[10]	AF8	observe_only	
145	PERP_1[10]	AE8	observe_only	
146	PETP_1[10]	AB7	ouptut2	
147	PERN_1[9]	AF6	observe_only	
148	PERP_1[9]	AE6	observe_only	
149	PETP_1[9]	AB6	ouptut2	
150	PERN_1[8]	AF5	observe_only	
151	PERP_1[8]	AE5	observe_only	
152	PETP_1[8]	AB5	ouptut2	
153	PERN_1[15]	AF13	observe_only	
154	PERP_1[15]	AE13	observe_only	
155	PETP_1[15]	AB13	ouptut2	
156	PERN_1[14]	AF12	observe_only	
157	PERP_1[14]	AE12	observe_only	
158	PETP_1[14]	AB12	ouptut2	
159	PERN_1[13]	AF11	observe_only	
160	PERP_1[13]	AE11	observe_only	
161	PETP_1[13]	AB10	ouptut2	
162	PERN_1[12]	AF10	observe_only	
163	PERP_1[12]	AE10	observe_only	
164	PETP_1[12]	AB9	ouptut2	

Boundary Scan Register Number	Pin Name	Ball Location	Type	Tri-state Control Cell
165	PORTCFG_1[2]	P7	input	
166	SHCL_I2C_1	W13	bidir	167
167			control	
168	PORTCFG_1[1]	M7	input	
169	SHPCINT1_L	W14	bidir	170
170			control	
171	PORTCFG_1[0]	P6	input	
172	SHDA_I2C_1	V14	bidir	173
173			control	
174			internal	
175			internal	
176			internal	
177			internal	
178			internal	
179			internal	
180			internal	
181			internal	
182	CKMODE_1	L8	bidir	183
183			control	
184			internal	
185			internal	
186	LNKSTS_1[7]	J9	bidir	187
187			control	
188	LNKSTS_1[6]	J8	bidir	189
189			control	
190	LNKSTS_1[5]	J7	bidir	191
191			control	
192	LNKSTS_1[4]	J6	bidir	193
193			control	
194	LNKSTS_1[3]	J5	bidir	195
195			control	
196	LNKSTS_1[2]	J4	bidir	197
197			control	
198	LNKSTS_1[1]	K4	bidir	199
199			control	
200	LNKSTS_1[0]	J3	bidir	201
201			Control	
202			internal	
203			internal	
204			internal	
205			internal	
206	SDA_I2C	H25	bidir	207
207			control	
208	SCL_I2C	H24	bidir	209
209			control	
210			internal	
211			internal	
212	PERST0_L	H15	input	
213			internal	
214			internal	
215	PDC0_L[7]	J19	bidir	216
216			control	
217	PDC0_L[6]	M19	bidir	218
218			control	
219			internal	
220			internal	
221	PDC0_L[5]	L20	bidir	222
222			control	
223			internal	
224			internal	
225	PDC0_L[4]	M20	bidir	226
226			control	
227	PDC0_L[3]	K20	bidir	228

Boundary Scan Register Number	Pin Name	Ball Location	Type	Tri-state Control Cell
228			control	
229	PDC0_L[2]	P20	bidir	230
230			control	
231	PDC0_L[1]	N20	bidir	232
232			control	
233	PDC0_L[0]	N21	bidir	234
234			control	
235	PERN_0[3]	A9	observe_only	
236	PERP_0[3]	B9	observe_only	
237	PETP_0[3]	E9	ouptut2	
238	PERN_0[2]	A10	observe_only	
239	PERP_0[2]	B10	observe_only	
240	PETP_0[2]	E10	ouptut2	
241	PERN_0[1]	A12	observe_only	
242	PERP_0[1]	B12	observe_only	
243	PETP_0[1]	E12	ouptut2	
244	PERN_0[0]	A13	observe_only	
245	PERP_0[0]	B13	observe_only	
246	PETP_0[0]	E13	ouptut2	
247	PERN_0[7]	A5	observe_only	
248	PERP_0[7]	B5	observe_only	
249	PETP_0[7]	E5	ouptut2	
250	PERN_0[6]	A6	observe_only	
251	PERP_0[6]	B6	observe_only	
252	PETP_0[6]	E6	ouptut2	
253	PERN_0[5]	A7	observe_only	
254	PERP_0[5]	B7	observe_only	
255	PETP_0[5]	E7	ouptut2	
256	PERN_0[4]	A8	observe_only	
257	PERP_0[4]	B8	observe_only	
258	PETP_0[4]	E8	ouptut2	
259	FATAL_ERR0_L	G8	bidir	260
260			control	
261	INTA0_L	G9	bidir	262
262			control	
263	SWP_MODE[0]	G10	bidir	264
264			control	
265	GPIO_0[31]	J1	bidir	266
266			control	
267	GPIO_0[30]	H1	bidir	268
268			control	
269	GPIO_0[29]	H2	bidir	270
270			control	
271	SWP_MODE[1]	H8	bidir	272
272			control	
273	SMBUS_EN_L	J24	bidir	274
274			control	
275	GPIO_0[28]	H3	bidir	276
276			control	
277	GPIO_0[27]	H4	bidir	278
278			control	
279	I2C_ADDR[0]	H26	bidir	280
280			control	
281	GPIO_0[26]	H5	bidir	282
282			control	
283	I2C_ADDR[1]	G26	bidir	284
284			control	
285	GPIO_0[25]	H6	bidir	286
286			control	
287	GPIO_0[24]	H7	bidir	288
288			control	
289	I2C_ADDR[2]	J26	bidir	290
290			control	

Boundary Scan Register Number	Pin Name	Ball Location	Type	Tri-state Control Cell
291	GPIO_0[23]	H9	bidir	292
292			control	
293			internal	
294			internal	
295	GPIO_0[22]	J11	bidir	296
296			control	
297	GPIO_0[21]	H10	bidir	298
298			control	
299	CLKBUF_CMOS_EN0_L	G13	bidir	300
300			control	
301	GPIO_0[20]	H11	bidir	302
302			control	
303	GPIO_0[19]	G11	bidir	304
304			control	
305			internal	
306			internal	
307	GPIO_0[18]	H12	bidir	308
308			control	
309	GPIO_0[17]	G12	bidir	310
310			control	
311	GPIO_0[16]	J13	bidir	312
312			control	
313	GPIO_0[15]	H13	bidir	314
314			control	
315	GPIO_0[14]	J15	bidir	316
316			control	
317	GPIO_0[13]	H14	bidir	318
318			control	
319	GPIO_0[12]	H17	bidir	320
320			control	
321	GPIO_0[11]	J17	bidir	322
322			control	
323	GPIO_0[10]	H18	bidir	324
324			control	
325	GPIO_0[9]	J18	bidir	326
326			control	
327	GPIO_0[8]	K19	bidir	328
328			control	
329	GPIO_0[7]	L19	bidir	330
330			control	
331	GPIO_0[6]	G7	bidir	332
332			control	
333	GPIO_0[5]	G6	bidir	334
334			control	
335	GPIO_0[3]	G4	bidir	336
336			control	
337	GPIO_0[4]	G5	bidir	338
338			control	
339	GPIO_0[2]	G2	bidir	340
340			control	
341	GPIO_0[1]	G1	bidir	342
342			control	
343	GPIO_0[0]	F4	bidir	344
344			control	
345	PERN_0[11]	A18	observe_only	
346	PERP_0[11]	B18	observe_only	
347	PETP_0[11]	E19	ouptut2	
348	PERN_0[10]	A19	observe_only	
349	PERP_0[10]	B19	observe_only	
350	PETP_0[10]	E20	ouptut2	
351	PERN_0[9]	A21	observe_only	
352	PERP_0[9]	B21	observe_only	
353	PETP_0[9]	E21	ouptut2	

Boundary Scan Register Number	Pin Name	Ball Location	Type	Tri-state Control Cell
354	PERN_0[8]	A22	observe_only	
355	PERP_0[8]	B22	observe_only	
356	PETP_0[8]	E22	ouptut2	
357	PERN_0[15]	A14	observe_only	
358	PERP_0[15]	B14	observe_only	
359	PETP_0[15]	E14	ouptut2	
360	PERN_0[14]	A15	observe_only	
361	PERP_0[14]	B15	observe_only	
362	PETP_0[14]	E15	ouptut2	
363	PERN_0[13]	A16	observe_only	
364	PERP_0[13]	B16	observe_only	
365	PETP_0[13]	E17	ouptut2	
366	PERN_0[12]	A17	observe_only	
367	PERP_0[12]	B17	observe_only	
368	PETP_0[12]	E18	ouptut2	
369	PORTCFG_0[2]	E11	input	
370	SHCL_I2C_0	J21	bidir	371
371			control	
372	PORTCFG_0[1]	D11	input	
373	SHPCINT0_L	J23	bidir	374
374			control	
375	PORTCFG_0[0]	F7	input	
376	SHDA_I2C_0	J20	bidir	377
377			control	
378			internal	
379			internal	
380	EECS_L	G25	bidir	381
381			control	
382	EECK	G23	bidir	383
383			control	
384	EEDO	F23	bidir	385
385			control	
386	CKMODE_0	H16	bidir	387
387			control	
388	EEDI	F24	bidir	389
389			control	
390	LNKSTS_0[7]	G20	bidir	391
391			control	
392	LNKSTS_0[6]	H20	bidir	393
393			control	
394	LNKSTS_0[5]	H19	bidir	395
395			control	
396	LNKSTS_0[4]	G19	bidir	397
397			control	
398	LNKSTS_0[3]	G18	bidir	399
399			control	
400	LNKSTS_0[2]	G17	bidir	401
401			control	
402	LNKSTS_0[1]	G16	bidir	403
403			control	
404	LNKSTS_0[0]	G15	bidir	405
405			control	
406			intneral	
407			internal	

## 12 ELECTRICAL AND TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

### 12.1 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

**Table 12-1 Absolute Maximum Ratings**

(Above which the useful life may be impaired. For user guidelines, not tested.)

Item	Absolute Max. Rating
Storage Temperature	-65°C to 150°C
Junction Temperature, T <sub>j</sub>	125°C
Digital core and analog supply voltage to ground potential (VDDC and AVDD)	VDDC +10%
Digital I/O and analog high supply voltage to ground potential (VDDR and AVDDH)	VDDR + 10%
DC input voltage for Digital I/O signals	2.75V
ESD Rating	HBM 2KV CDM 500V
Human Body Model (JEDEC Class 2)	
Charge Device Model (JEDEC Class 3)	

**Note:**

Stresses greater than those listed under MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

### 12.2 DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

**Table 12-2 DC Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
VDDC <sup>2</sup>	Digital Core Power	0.90	0.95	0.99	V
C_VDDR <sup>2</sup>	Referenc Clock Power	0.90	0.95	0.99	
VDDR <sup>3</sup>	Digital I/O Power	1.71	1.8	1.89	
C_VDDR <sup>3</sup>	Reference Clock Power	1.71	1.8	1.89	
VP <sup>2</sup>	PCI Express Analog Power	0.90	0.95	0.99	
VPH <sup>3</sup>	PCI Express Analog High Voltage Power	1.71	1.8	1.89	
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Voltage	1.17		1.98	
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Voltage	-0.3		0.63	
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output High Voltage	1.35			
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Low Voltage			0.45	
R <sub>PU</sub>	Pull-up Resistor	54K	80K	120K	Ω
R <sub>PD</sub>	Pull-down Resistor	55K	95K	176K	
RST# <sub>Slew</sub> <sup>1</sup>	PERST_L Slew Rate	50			mV/ns

**Note:**

- The min. value for PERST\_L Slew Rate is 50 mV/ns, which translates to the requirement that the time for PERST\_L from 0V to 2.5V should be less than 50 ns.
- Peak to peak AC noise < 5% of DC level.
- Peak to peak AC noise < 3% of DC level.

### 12.3 PCIE REFERENCE CLOCK REQUIREMENTS

Table 12-1 specifies the voltage/timing requirements and operating characteristics for PCIe PHY (REFCLKP/N\_0[2:0] and REFCLKP/N\_1[2:0]).

**Table 12-3 PCIe Reference Clock Requirement**

Application	Reference Clock Jitter and Swing Requirements
PCIe 1.1 – 2.5 GT/s	Refer to the PCI Express 3.0 Card Electromechanical specification.

Application	Reference Clock Jitter and Swing Requirements
PCIe 2.1 – 5.0 GT/s	Refer to the PCI Express 3.1 base specification.
PCIe 3.1 – 8.0 GT/s	Refer to the PCI Express 3.1 base specification.

## 12.4 INTEGRATED CLOCK BUFFER SPECIFICATIONS

The built-in Integrated Reference Clock Buffer of the PI7C9X3G1632GP supports eight reference clock outputs. Table 12-4 and Table 12-5 specify the voltage/timing requirements and operating characteristics for internal clock buffer input (REFCLKIP/N\_0 and REFCLKIP/N\_1) and outputs (REFCLKOP/N\_0[7:0] and REFCLKOP/N\_1[7:0]).

**Table 12-4 Integrated Clock Buffer Input Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V <sub>IHDIF</sub>	Input High Voltage-DIF_IN (Single-ended)	600	800	1150	mV
V <sub>ILDIF</sub>	Input Low Voltage-DIF_IN (Single-ended)	V <sub>SS</sub> - 300	0	300	mV
V <sub>COM</sub>	Input Common Mode Voltage-DIF_IN	300		725	mV
V <sub>SWING</sub>	Input Amplitude Peak-to-Peak (V <sub>IHDIF</sub> - V <sub>ILDIF</sub> )	300		1450	mV
I <sub>IN</sub>	Input Leakage Current	-5	0.01	5	uA
D <sub>TIN</sub>	Input Duty Cycle	45		55	%
J <sub>DIFIN</sub>	Input Jitter – Cycle to Cycle	0		150	ps
F <sub>TIN</sub>	Input Frequency		100		MHz
V <sub>IL(ASIC)</sub>	Low-level input voltage	0			V
V <sub>IH(ASIC)</sub>	High-level input voltage			1	V
T <sub>R</sub> , T <sub>F</sub>	Rise/Fall time of input clock			0.1	RCUI <sup>1</sup>

Note<sup>1</sup>: RCUI refers to the reference clock period.

**Table 12-5 Integrated Clock Buffer Output Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
T <sub>R</sub>	Output Rise Time (20% to 80%)	100	200	500	ps	
T <sub>F</sub>	Output Fall Time (80% to 20%)	100	200	500	ps	
V <sub>HIGH</sub>	Voltage High	Statistical measurement on single-ended signal using oscilloscope math function (Scope averaging on)	660	774	850	mV
V <sub>LOW</sub>	Voltage Low		-150	18	150	mV
V <sub>MAX</sub>	Max Voltage	Measurement on single ended signal using absolute value (Scope averaging off)		821	1150	mV
V <sub>MIN</sub>	Min Voltage		-300	-15		mV
V <sub>SWING</sub>	Voltage Swing (Scope averaging off)	300	1536		mV	
V <sub>CROSS_ABS</sub>	Absolute crossing voltage (Scope averaging off)	250	414	550	mV	
ΔV <sub>CROSS</sub>	Variance crossing voltage (Scope averaging off)		13	140	mV	
T <sub>DCD</sub>	Duty Cycle Distortion (measured differentially)	-3	0	3	%	
T <sub>PD</sub>	Skew, Input to Output	1000	3600	4500	ps	
T <sub>JCC</sub>	Additive Jitter, Cycle to Cycle		0.1	25	ps (p-p)	
T <sub>JPHG1</sub>	Additive Phase Jitter for PCIe GEN1		0.6	5	ps (rms)	
T <sub>JPHG2</sub>	Additive Phase Jitter for PCIe GEN2 Low Band 10 kHz < f < 1.5 MHz		0.1	0.3	ps (rms)	
T <sub>JPHG2</sub>	Additive Phase Jitter for PCIe GEN2 High Band 1.5 MHz < f < Nyquist (50 MHz)		0.05	0.1	ps (rms)	
T <sub>JPHG3</sub>	Additive Phase Jitter for PCIe GEN3 (PLL BW of 2 ~ 4 MHz, CDR = 10 MHz)		0.05	0.1	ps (rms)	

## 12.5 COMMON TRANSMITTER PARAMETERS

The following table defines the parameters for transmitters that are common among all three data rates. Parameters are defined separated for 2.5 GT/s, 5.0 GT/s and 8.0 GT/s implementations.



**Table 12-6 Transmitter Specifications**

Symbol	Parameter	2.5 GT/s	5.0 GT/s	8.0 GT/s	Units	Comments
UI	Unit Interval	399.88 (min) 400.12 (max)	199.94 (min) 200.06 (max)	124.9625 (min) 125.0375 (max)	ps	The specified UI is equivalent to a tolerance of $\pm 300$ ppm for each Refclk source. Period does not account for SSC induced variations. See Note 1.
BW <sub>TX-PLL</sub>	Tx PLL BW for 2.5 GT/s	22 (max) 1.5 (min)	Not specified	Not specified	MHz	See Note 6.
BW <sub>TX-PKG-PLL1</sub>	Tx PLL bandwidth corresponding to PKG <sub>TX-PLL1</sub>	Not specified	16 (max) 8 (min)	4 (max) 2 (min)	MHz	Second order PLL jitter transfer bounding function. See Note 6.
BW <sub>TX-PKG-PLL2</sub>	Tx PLL bandwidth corresponding to PKG <sub>TX-PLL2</sub>	Not specified	16 (max) 5 (min)	5 (max) 2 (min)	MHz	Second order PLL jitter transfer bounding function. See Note 6.
PKG <sub>TX-PLL1</sub>	Tx PLL peaking	Not specified	3.0 (max)	2.0 (Max)	dB	PLL BW = 8 MHz (min) @ 5.0 GT/s or BW = 4 MHz (max) @ 8.0 GT/s. See Note 6 and 8.
PKG <sub>TX-PLL2</sub>	Tx PLL peaking	Not specified	1.0 (max)	1.0 (Max)	dB	PLL BW = 5 MHz (min) @ 5.0 GT/s or BW = 5 MHz (max) @ 8.0 GT/s. See Note 8.
V <sub>TX-DIFF-PP</sub>	Differential p-p Tx voltage swing	0.8 (min) 1.2 (max)	0.8 (min) 1.2 (max)	See Table 12-7	VPP	As measured with compliance test load. Defined as $2^* V_{TXD+} - V_{TXD-} $ .
V <sub>TX-DIFF-PP-LOW</sub>	Low power differential p-p Tx voltage swing	0.4 (min) 1.2 (max)	0.4 (min) 1.2 (max)	See Table 12-7	VPP	As measured with compliance test load. Defined as $2^* V_{TXD+} - V_{TXD-} $ . See Note 9.
V <sub>TX-DE-RATIO-3.5dB</sub>	Tx de-emphasis level ratio	3.0 (min) 4.0 (max)	3.0 (min) 4.0 (max)	See Table 12-7	dB	See PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Section 4.3.3.3 and Note 11.
V <sub>TX-DE-RATIO-6dB</sub>	Tx de-emphasis label	N/A	5.5 (min) 6.5 (max)	See Table 12-7	dB	See PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Section 4.3.3.3 and Note 11.
T <sub>MIN-PULSE</sub>	Instantaneous lone pulse width	Not specified	0.9 (min)	See Table 12-7	UI	Measured relative to rising/falling pulse. See Note 2, 10 and PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Figure 4-38.
T <sub>TX-EYE</sub>	Transmitter Eye including all jitter sources	0.75 (min)	0.75 (min)	See Table 12-7	UI	Does not include SSC or Refclk jitter. Includes Rj at 10 <sup>-12</sup> . Note that 2.5 GT/s and 5.0 GT/s use different jitter determination methods.
T <sub>TX-EYE-MEDIAN-40-MAX-JITTER</sub>	Maximum time between the jitter median and max deviation from the median	0.125 (max)	Not specified	Not specified	UI	Measured differentially at zero crossing points after applying the 2.5 GT/s clock recovery function. See Note 2.
T <sub>TX-HF-DJ-DD</sub>	Tx deterministic jitter > 1.5 MHz	Not specified	0.15 (max)	See Table 12-7	UI	Deterministic jitter only. See Notes 2 and 10.
T <sub>TX-LF-RMS</sub>	Tx RMS jitter < 1.5 MHz	Not specified	3.0	See Table 12-7	Ps RMS	Total energy measured over a 10 kHz - 1.5 MHz range.
T <sub>RF-MISMATCH</sub>	Tx rise/fall mismatch	Not specified	0.1 (max)	Not specified	UI	Measured from 20% to 80% differentially. See Note 2.
RL <sub>TX-DIFF</sub>	Tx package plus Si differential return loss	10 (min)	10 (min) for 0.05 - 1.25 GHz 8 (min) for > 1.25 - 2.5 GHz	10 (min) for 0.05 - 1.25 GHz 8 (min) for > 1.25 - 2.5 GHz 4 (min) for > 2.5 - 4 GHz	dB	For details refer to PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Figure 4-56.
RL <sub>TX-CM</sub>	Tx package plus Si common mode return loss	6 (min) for 0.05 - 2.5 GHz	6 (min) for 0.05 - 2.5 GHz	6 (min) for 0.05 - 2.5GHz 3 (min) for 2.5 GHz	dB	For details refer to PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Figure 4-57.
Z <sub>TX-DIFF-DC</sub>	DC differential Tx	80 (min)	120 (max)	120 (max)	Ω	Low impedance defined during

Symbol	Parameter	2.5 GT/s	5.0 GT/s	8.0 GT/s	Units	Comments
	impedance	120 (max)				signaling. Parameter is captured for 5.0 GHz by RL <sub>TX-DIFF</sub> . The (min) value is bounded by RL <sub>TX-DIFF</sub> for 5.0 GT/s and 8.0 GT/s.
V <sub>TX-CM-AC-PP</sub>	Tx AC peak-peak common mode voltage (5.0 GT/s)	Not specified	150 (max)	150 (max)	mVPP	At 8.0 GT/s, no more than 50mVPP in 0.03-500 MHz range. At 5.0GT/s no more than 100mVPP in 0.03-500 MHz range. See Notes 5 and 12.
V <sub>TX-CM-AC-P</sub>	Tx AC peak common mode voltage (2.5 GT/s)	20	Not specified	Not specified	mV	See Note 5.
I <sub>TX-SHORT</sub>	Transmitter short-circuit current limit	90 (max)	90 (max)	90 (max)	mA	The total single-ended current a transmitter can supply when shorted to ground. See Note 13.
V <sub>TX-DC-CM</sub>	Transmitter DC common-mode voltage	0 (min) 3.6 (max)	0 (min) 3.6 (max)	0 (min) 3.6 (max)	V	The allowed DC common-mode voltage at a transmitter pin under any conditions. See Note 13.
V <sub>TX-CM-DC-ACTIVE-IDLE-DELTA</sub>	Absolute Delta of DC Common Mode Voltage during L0 and Electrical Idle	0 (min) 100 (max)	0 (min) 100 (max)	0 (min) 100 (max)	mV	$ V_{TX-CM-DC} [during L0] - V_{TX-CM-Idle-DC} [during Electrical Idle]  \leq 100mV$ $V_{TX-CM-DC} = DC_{(avg)} \text{ of }  V_{TX-D+} + V_{TX-D-} /2$ $V_{TX-CM-Idle-DC} = DC_{(avg)} \text{ of }  V_{TX-D+} + V_{TX-D-} /2 [Electrical Idle]$
V <sub>TX-CM-DC-LINE-DELTA</sub>	Absolute Delta of DC Common Mode Voltage between D+ and D-	0 (min) 25 (max)	0 (min) 25 (max)	0 (min) 25 (max)	mV	$ V_{TX-CM-DC-D+} [during L0] - V_{TX-CM-DC-D-} [during L0]  \leq 25mV$ $V_{TX-CM-DC-D+} = DC_{(avg)} \text{ of }  V_{TX-D+}  [during L0]$ $V_{TX-CM-DC-D-} = DC_{(avg)} \text{ of }  V_{TX-D-}  [during L0]$
V <sub>TX-IDLE-DIFF-AC-P</sub>	Electrical Idle Differential Peak Output Voltage	0 (min) 20 (max)	0 (min) 20 (max)	0 (min) 20 (max)	mV	$V_{TX-IDLE-DIFF-AC-P} =  V_{TX-Idle-D+} - V_{TX-Idle-D-}  \leq 20mV$ . Voltage must be band pass filtered to remove any DC component and HF noise. The bandpass is constructed from two first-order filters, the high pass and low pass 3dB bandwidths are 10 kHz and 1.25 GHz respectively.
V <sub>TX-IDLE-DIFF-DC</sub>	DC Electrical Idle Differential Output Voltage	Not specified	0 (min) 5 (max)	0 (min) 5 (max)	mV	$V_{TX-IDLE-DIFF-DC} =  V_{TX-Idle-D+} - V_{TX-Idle-D-}  \leq 5mV$ . Voltage must be low pass filtered to remove any AC component. The low pass filter is first-order with a 3dB bandwidth of 10 kHz.
V <sub>TX-RCV-DETECT</sub>	The amount of voltage change allowed during Receiver Detection	600 (max)	600 (max)	600 (max)	mV	The total amount of voltage change in a positive direction that a Transmitter can apply to sense whether a low impedance Receiver is present. Note: Receivers display substantially different impedance for V <sub>IN</sub> < 0 vs V <sub>IN</sub> > 0. See PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Table 4-24 for detail
T <sub>TX-IDLE-MIN</sub>	Minimum time spent in Electrical Idle	20 (min)	20 (min)	20 (min)	ns	Minimum time a Transmitter must be in Electrical Idle.
T <sub>TX-IDLE-SET-TO-IDLE</sub>	Maximum time to transition to a valid Electrical Idle after sending an EIOS	8 (max)	8 (max)	8 (max)	ns	After sending the required number of EIOSs, the Transmitter must meet all Electrical Idle specifications within this time. This is measured from the end of the

Symbol	Parameter	2.5 GT/s	5.0 GT/s	8.0 GT/s	Units	Comments
						last UI of the last EIOS to the Transmitter in Electrical Idle.
$T_{TX-IDLE-TO-DIFF-DATA}$	Maximum time to transition to valid diff signaling after leaving Electrical Idle	8 (max)	8 (max)	8 (max)	ns	Maximum time to transition to valid diff signaling after leaving Electrical Idle. This is considered a debounce time to the Tx.
$T_{CROSSLINK}$	Crosslink random timeout	1.0 (max)	1.0 (max)	1.0 (max)	ms	This random timeout helps resolve potential conflicts in the crosslink configuration.
$L_{TX-SKEW}$	Lane-to-Lane Output Skew	500 ps + 2 UI (max)	500 ps + 4 UI (max)	500 ps + 6 UI	ps	Between any two Lanes within a single Transmitter.
$C_{TX}$	AC Coupling Capacitor	75 (min) 265 (max)	75 (min) 265 (max)	176 (min) 265 (max)	nF	All Transmitters shall be AC coupled. The AC coupling is required wither within the media or within the transmitting component itself. See Note 14.

Note:

- SSC permits a +0, -5000ppm modulation of the clock frequency at a modulation rate not to exceed 33 kHz.
- Measurements at 5.0 GT/s require an oscilloscope with a bandwidth of  $\geq 12.5$  GHz, or equivalent, while measurements made at 2.5 GT/s require a scope with a least 6.2 GHz bandwidth. Measurement at 5.0 GT/s must deconvolve effects of compliance test board to yield an effective measurement at Tx pins. 2.5 GT/s may be measured within 200 mils of Tx device's pins, although deconvolution is recommended. For measurement setup details, refer PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Figure 4-32 to and Figure 4-33. At least  $10^6$  UI of data must be acquired.
- Transmitter jitter is measured by driving the Transmitter under test with a low jitter "ideal" clock and connecting the DUT to a reference load.
- Transmitter raw jitter data must be convolved with a filtering function that represents the worst case CDR tracking BW. 2.5 GT/s and 5.0 GT/s use different filter functions that are defined in PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Figure 4-49. After the convolution process has been applied, the center of the resulting eye must be determined and used as a reference point for obtaining eye voltage and margins.
- $V_{TX-AC-CM-PP}$  and  $V_{TX-AC-CM-P}$  are defined in PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Section 4.3.3.2. Measurement is made over at least  $10^6$  UI.
- The Tx PLL Bandwidth must lie between the min and max ranges given in the above table. PLL peaking must lie below the value listed above. Note: the PLL B/W extends from zero up to the value(s) specified in the above table.
- Measurements are made for both common mode and differential return loss. The DUT must be powered up and DC isolated, and its data+/data-output must be in the low-Z state at a static value.
- A single combination of PLL BW and peaking is specified for 2.5 GT/s implementations. For 5.0 GT/s, two combinations of PLL BW and peaking are specified to permit designers to make a tradeoff between the two parameters. If the PLL's min BW is  $\geq 8$  MHz, then up to 3.0 dB of peaking is permitted. If the PLL's min BW is relaxed to  $\geq 5.0$  MHz, then a tighter peaking value of 1.0 dB must be met. In both cases, the max PLL BW is 16 MHz.
- Reduced swing output, defined by  $V_{TX-DIFF-PP-LOW}$  must be implemented as shown in PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Figure 4-37 with no de-emphasis.
- For 5.0 GT/s, de-emphasis timing jitter must be removed. An additional HPF function must be applied as shown in PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Figure 4-49. This parameter is measured by accumulating a record length of  $10^6$  UI while the DUT outputs a compliance pattern.  $T_{MIN-PULSE}$  is defined to be nominally 1 UI wide and is bordered on both sides by pulses of the opposite polarity. Refer to PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Figure 4-38.
- Root Complex Tx de-emphasis is configured from Upstream controller. Downstream Tx de-emphasis is set via a command, issued at 2.5 GT/s. For detail, refer to the appropriate location in PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Section 4.2.
- Tx CM noise for 8.0 GT/s is measured at TP1 without de-embedding the breakout channel. The parameter captures device CM noise only and is not intended to capture system CM noise. For 5.0 GT/s an LPF with a -3 dB corner at 2.5 GHz is applied to the raw data. For 8.0 GT/s the filter's -3 dB corner is at 4.0 GHz.
- $I_{TX-SHORT}$  and  $V_{TX-DC-CM}$  stipulate the maximum current/voltage levels that a transmitter can generate and therefore define the worst case transients that a receiver must tolerate.
- All platforms that have transmitters supporting 8.0 GT/s must implement the 176-265 nF  $C_{TX}$  value. Platforms operating at 2.5 or 5.0 GT/s only may implement over a range of 75 to 265 nF.

**Table 12-7 8.0 GT/s Specific Tx Voltage and Jitter Parameters**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units	Notes
$V_{TX-FS-NO-EQ}$	Full swing Tx voltage with no TxEq	1300 (max) 800 (min)	mVPP	See Note 1.
$V_{TX-RS-NO-EQ}$	Reduced swing Tx voltage with no TxEq	1300 (max)	mVPP	See Note 1.
$V_{TX-EIEOS-FS}$	Min swing during EIEOS for full swing	250 (min)	mVPP	See Note 2.
$V_{TX-EIEOS-RS}$	Min swing during EIEOS for reduced swing	232 (min)	mVPP	See Note 2.

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units	Notes
T <sub>TX-UTJ</sub>	Tx uncorrelated total jitter	31.25 (max)	Ps PP @ 10 <sup>-12</sup>	
T <sub>TX-UDJDD</sub>	Tx uncorrelated deterministic jitter	12 (max)	Ps PP	
T <sub>TX-UPW-TJ</sub>	Total uncorrelated PWJ	24 (max)	Ps PP @ 10 <sup>-12</sup>	See Notes 3 and 4.
T <sub>TX-UPW-DJDD</sub>	Deterministic DjDD uncorrelated PWJ	10 (max)	Ps PP	See Notes 3 and 4.
T <sub>TX-DDJ</sub>	Data dependent jitter	18 (max)	Ps PP	See Notes 4 and 5.
Ps21 <sub>TX</sub>	Pseudo package loss	-3.0 (min)	dB	PP ratio of 64 ones/64 zeroes pattern vs. 0101 pattern. No Tx equalization. See Note 6.
V <sub>TX-BOOST-FS</sub>	Tx boost ratio for full swing	8.0 (min)	dB	Assumes ±1.5 dB tolerance from diagonal elements in PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Figure 4-45.
V <sub>TX-BOOST-RS</sub>	Tx boost ratio for reduced swing	2.5 (min)	dB	Assumes ±1.0 dB tolerance from diagonal elements in PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Figure 4-45.
EQ <sub>TX-COEFF-RES</sub>	Tx coefficient resolution	1/24 (max) 1/63 (min)	N/A	

Note:

- Voltage measurements for V<sub>TX-FS-NO-EQ</sub> and V<sub>TX-RS-NO-EQ</sub> are made using the 64-zeroes/64-ones pattern in the compliance pattern.
- Voltage limits comprehend both full swing and reduced swing modes. The Tx must reject any changes that would violate this specification. The maximum level is covered in the V<sub>TX-FS-NO-EQ</sub> measurement which represents the maximum peak voltage the Tx can drive. The V<sub>TX-EIEOS-FS</sub> and V<sub>TX-EIEOS-RS</sub> voltage limits are imposed to guarantee the EIEOS threshold of 175 mVPP at the Rx pin. This parameter is measured using the actual EIEOS pattern that is part of the compliance pattern and then removing the ISI contribution of the breakout channel. The transmitter must advertise a value for LF during TS1 at 8.0 GT/s that ensures that these parameters are met.
- PWJ parameters shall be measured after DDJ separation.
- Measured with optimized preset value after de-embedding to Tx pin.
- The 18 ps number takes into account measurement error.
- The -3.0 dB number takes into account measurement error. For some Tx package/driver combinations ps21<sub>TX</sub> may be greater than 0 dB.

## 12.6 COMMON RECEIVER PARAMETERS

The following table defines the parameters for 2.5 GT/s, 5.0 GT/s, and 8.0 GT/s Receivers.

**Table 12-8 Receiver Specifications**

Symbol	Parameter	2.5 GT/s	5.0 GT/s	8.0GT/s	Units	Comments
UI	Unit Interval	399.88 (min) 400.12 (max)	199.94 (min) 200.06 (max)	124.9625 (min) 125.0375 (max)	Ps	UI does not account for SSC caused variations.
V <sub>RX-DIFF-PP-CC</sub>	Differential Rx peak-peak voltage for common Refclk Rx architecture	0.175 (min) 1.2 (max)	0.120 (min) 1.2 (max)	See	V	See PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Section 4.3.7.3.2.
V <sub>RX-DIFF-PP-DC</sub>	Differential Rx peak-peak voltage for data clocked Rx architecture	0.175 (min) 1.2 (max)	0.100 (min) 1.2 (max)	See Table 12-11 and Table 12-12	V	See PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Section 4.3.7.3.2.
T <sub>RX-EYE</sub>	Receiver eye time opening	0.40 (min)	See Table 12-9 and Table 12-10	See Table 12-11 and Table 12-12	UI	Minimum eye time at Rx pins to yield a 10 <sup>-12</sup> BER. See Note 1.
T <sub>RX-TJ-CC</sub>	Max Rx inherent timing error	N/A	0.40 (max)	See Table 12-11 and Table 12-12	UI	Max Rx inherent total timing error for common Refclk Rx architecture. See Note 2.
T <sub>RX-TJ-DC</sub>	Max Rx inherent timing error	N/A	0.34 (max)	See Table 12-11 and Table 12-12	UI	Max Rx inherent total timing error for data clocked Rx architecture. See Note 2.
T <sub>RX-DJ-DD-CC</sub>	Max Rx inherent deterministic timing error	N/A	0.30 (max)	See Table 12-11 and Table 12-12	UI	Max Rx inherent deterministic timing error for common Refclk Rx architecture. See Note 2.
T <sub>RX-DJ-DD-DC</sub>	Max Rx inherent deterministic timing error	N/A	0.24 (max)	See Table 12-11 and Table 12-12	UI	Max Rx inherent deterministic timing error for data clocked Rx architecture. See Note 2.
T <sub>RX-EYE-MEDIAN-t0-</sub>	Max time delta	0.3 (max)	Not specified	Not specified	UI	Only specified for 2.5 GT/s.

Symbol	Parameter	2.5 GT/s	5.0 GT/s	8.0GT/s	Units	Comments
MAX-JITTER	between median and deviation from median					
T <sub>RX-MIN-PULSE</sub>	Minimum width pulse at Rx	Not specified	0.6 (min)	Not specified	UI	Measured to account for worst T <sub>j</sub> at 10 <sup>-12</sup> BER. See PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Figure 4-38.
V <sub>RX-MAX-MIN-RATIO</sub>	Min/max pulse voltage on consecutive UI	Not specified	5 (max)	Not specified	-	Rx eye must simultaneously meet V <sub>RX-EYE</sub> limits.
BW <sub>RX-PLL</sub>	Rx PLL BW for 2.5 GT/s	22 (max) 1.5 (min)	Not specified	Not specified	MHz	See Note 3.
BW <sub>RX-PKG-PLL1</sub>	Rx PLL bandwidth corresponding to PKG <sub>RX-PLL1</sub>	Not specified	16 (max) 8 (min)	4 (max) 2 (min)	MHz	Second order PLL jitter transfer bounding function. See Note 3.
BW <sub>RX-PKG-PLL2</sub>	Rx PLL bandwidth corresponding to PKG <sub>RX-PLL2</sub>	Not specified	16 (max) 5 (min)	5 (max) 2 (min)	MHz	Second order PLL jitter transfer bounding function. See Note 3.
PKG <sub>RX-PLL1</sub>	Rx PLL peaking limit #1	Not specified	3.0 (max)	2.0 (max)	dB	PLL BW = 8 MHz (min) @ 5.0 GT/s or BW = 4 MHz (max) @ 8.0 GT/s. See Note 3.
PKG <sub>RX-PLL2</sub>	Rx PLL peaking limit #2	Not specified	1.0 (max)	1.0 (max)	dB	PLL BW = 5 MHz (min) @ 5.0 GT/s or BW = 5 MHz (max) @ 8.0 GT/s. See Note 3.
RL <sub>RX-DIFF</sub>	Rx package plus Si differential return loss	10 (min)	10 (min) for 0.05 - 1.25 GHz 8 (min) for > 1.25 - 2.5 GHz	10 (min) for 0.05 - 1.25 GHz 8 (min) for > 1.25 - 2.5 GHz 5 (min) for > 2.5 - 4 GHz	dB	See PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Figure 4-60 and Note 4.
RL <sub>RX-CM</sub>	Common mode Rx return loss	6 (min)	6 (min)	6 (min) for 0.05 - 2.5 GHz 5 (min) for > 2.5 - 4.0 GHz	dB	See PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Figure 4-60 and Note 4.
Z <sub>RX-DC</sub>	Receiver DC single ended impedance	40 (min) 60 (max)	40 (min) 60 (max)	Not specified	Ω	DC impedance limits are needed to guarantee Receiver detect. For 8.0 GT/s is bounded by RL <sub>RX-CM</sub> . See Note 5.
T <sub>RX-GND-FLOAT</sub>	Rx termination ground float time	Not specified	Not specified	500	μs	Time allowed to float Rx internal ground in 2.5 GT/s/ 5.0 GT/s to 8.0 GT/s configuration change. See Note 8.
Z <sub>RX-DIFF-DC</sub>	DC differential impedance	80 (min) 120 (max)	Not specified	Not specified	Ω	For 5.0 GT/s and 8.0 GT/s covered under the RL <sub>RX-DIFF</sub> parameter. See Note 5.
V <sub>RX-CM-AC-P</sub>	Rx AC common mode voltage	150 (max)	150 (max)	75 mV (max) (EH < 100 mVPP) 125 mV (max) (EH < 100 mVPP). See Table 12-11	mVP	Measured at Rx pins into a pair of 50 Ω terminations into ground. See Not 6.
Z <sub>RX-HIGH-IMP-DC-POS</sub>	DC input CM Input Impedance for V > 0 during Reset or power down	≥10 k or ≥20 k	≥10 k or ≥20 k	≥10 k or ≥20 k	Ω	Rx DC CM impedance with the RX terminations not powered. ≥10 kΩ over 0-200 mV range wrt. Ground and ≥20 kΩ for voltages ≥200 mV wrt ground. See Note 9.
Z <sub>RX-HIGH-IMP-DC-NEG</sub>	DC input CM input Impedance for V < 0 during Reset or power down	1.0 k (min)	1.0 k (min)	1.0 k (min)	Ω	Rx DC CM impedance with the Rx terminations not powered, measured over the range -150 to 0 mV with respect to ground. See Note 7.

Symbol	Parameter	2.5 GT/s	5.0 GT/s	8.0GT/s	Units	Comments
$V_{RX-IDLE-DET-DIFF-P}$	Electrical Idle Detect Threshold	65 (min) 175 (max)	65 (min) 175 (max)	65 (min) 175 (max)	mV	$V_{RX-IDLE-DET-DIFF-P} = 2 *  V_{RX-D+} - V_{RX-D-} $ . Measured at the package pins of the Receiver. See PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Section 4.2.4.3.
$T_{RX-IDLE-DET-DIFF-ENTERTIME}$	Unexpected Electrical Idle Enter Detect Threshold Integration Time	10 (max)	10 (max)	10 (max)	ms	An unexpected Electrical Idle ( $V_{RX-DIFF-PP} < V_{RX-IDLE-DET-DIFF-P}$ ) must be recognized on longer than $T_{RX-IDLE-DET-DIFF-ENTERTIME}$ to signal an unexpected idle condition.
$L_{RX-SKEW}$	Lane to Lane skew	20 (max)	8 (max)	6 (max)	ns	Across all Lanes on a Ports. $L_{RX-SKEW}$ comprehends Lane-Lane variations due to channel and repeater delay differences.

Note:

- Receiver eye margins are defined into a 2x 50  $\Omega$  reference load.
- The four inherent timing error parameters are defined for the convenience of Rx designers, and they are measured during Receiver tolerancing.
- Two combinations of PLL BW and peaking are specified at  $\geq 5.0$  GT/s to permit designers to make tradeoffs between the two parameters. If the PLL's min BW is  $\geq 8$  MHz, then up to 3.0 dB of peaking is permitted. If the PLL's min BW is relaxed to  $\geq 5.0$  MHz, then a tighter peaking value of 1.0 dB must be met. Note: a PLL BW extends from zero up to value(s) defined as the min or max in the above table. For 2.5 GT/s a single PLL bandwidth and peaking value of 1.5-22 Mhz and 3.0 dB are defined.
- Measurements must be made for both common mode and differential return loss. In both cases the DUT must be powered up and DC isolated, and its D+/D- inputs must be in the low-Z state.
- The Rx DC single ended impedance must be present when the Receiver terminations are first enabled to ensure that the Receiver Detect occurs properly. Compensation of this impedance can start immediately and the Rx Common Mode Impedance (Constrained by  $RL_{RX-CM}$  to 50  $\Omega \pm 20\%$ ) must be within the specified range by the time Detect is entered.
- Common mode peak voltage is defined by the expression:  $\max\{|(V_{D+} - V_{D-}) - V_{CMDC}|\}$ .
- $Z_{RX-HIGH-IMP-DC-NEG}$  and  $Z_{RX-HIGH-IMP-DC-POS}$  are defined respectively for negative and positive voltages at the input of the Receiver. Transmitter designers need to comprehend the large difference between  $>0$  and  $<0$  Rx impedances when designing Receiver detect circuits.
- Defines the time for the receiver's input pads to settle to new common-mode on 2.5 GT/s/5.0 GT/s transition to 8.0 GT/s.
- For voltage  $>500$  mV the effects of Rx ESD structures may limit  $Z_{RX-HIGH-IMP-DC-POS}$  to values less than 20 K $\Omega$ .

**Table 12-9 5.0 GT/s Tolerancing Limits for Common Refclk Rx Architecture**

Parameter	Description	Min	Max	Units	Notes
UI	Unit interval without including of SSC	199.94	200.06	ps	Over $10^6$ UI
$T_{RX-HF-RMS}$	1.5 – 100 MHz RMS jitter		3.4	ps RMS	Spectrally flat, see Note 3
$T_{RX-HF-DJ-DD}$	Max Dj impinging on Rx under test		88	ps	See Notes 2 and 4
$T_{RX-SSC-RES}$	33 kHz Refclk residual	--	75	ps	
$T_{RX-LF-RMS}$	< 1.5 MHz RMS jitter	--	4.2	ps RMS	Spectrally flat
$T_{RX-MIN-PULSE}$	Minimum single pulse applied at Rx	120		ps	See Note 2
$V_{RX-MIN-MAX-RATIO}$	Min/max pulse voltage ratio seen over an time interval of 2 UI	--	5		See Note 2
$V_{RX-EYE}$	Receive eye voltage opening	120		mVPP diff	See Notes 1 and 3
$V_{RX-CM-CH-SRC}$	Common mode noise from Rx	--	300	mVPP	See Note 2

Note:

- Refer to PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Figure 4-63 for a description of how the Rx eye voltage is defined.
- Accumulated over  $10^6$  UI.
- Minimum eye is obtained by first injecting maximum Dj and then adjusting Rj until a minimum eye (defined by  $T_{RX-EYE}$  as show in PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Figure 4-63) is reached. Rj is spectrally flat before being filtered with a BPF having 3 dB cut-offs  $f_{c-LOW}$  and  $f_{c-HIGH}$  of 1.5 MHz and 100 MHz, respectively with step rolloff at 1.5 MHz and a 20 dB/decade rolloff on the high side. Minimum eye width is defined for a sample size equivalent to a BER of  $10^{-12}$ .
- Different combinations of  $T_{RX-HF-DJ-DD}$  and  $T_{RX-HF-RMS}$  are needed to measure  $T_{RX-TJ-CC}$  and  $T_{RX-DJ-DD-CC}$ .

**Table 12-10 5.0 GT/s Tolerancing Limits for Data Clocked Rx Architecture**

Parameter	Description	Min	Max	Units	Notes
UI	Unit interval without including of SSC	199.94	200.06	ps	Over $10^6$ UI
$T_{RX-HF-RMS}$	1.5 – 100 MHz RMS jitter		4.2	ps RMS	Spectrally flat, see Note 3

Parameter	Description	Min	Max	Units	Notes
T <sub>RX-HF-DJ-DD</sub>	Max Dj impinging on Rx under test		88	ps	See Notes 2 and 4
T <sub>RX-SSC-RES</sub>	33 kHz Refclk residual	--	20	ps	
T <sub>RX-LF-RMS</sub>	< 1.5 MHz RMS jitter	--	8.0	ps RMS	Spectrally flat
T <sub>RX-MIN-PULSE</sub>	Minimum single pulse applied at Rx	120		ps	See Note 2
V <sub>RX-MIN-MAX-RATIO</sub>	Min/max pulse voltage ratio seen over an time interval of 2 UI	--	5		See Note 2
V <sub>RX-EYE</sub>	Receive eye voltage opening	120		mVPP diff	See Notes 1 and 3
V <sub>RX-CM-CH-SRC</sub>	Common mode noise from Rx	--	300	mVPP	See Note 2

Note:

- Refer to PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Figure 4-63 for a description of how the Rx eye voltage is defined.
- Accumulated over 10<sup>6</sup> UI.
- Minimum eye is obtained by first injecting maximum Dj and then adjusting Rj until a minimum eye (defined by T<sub>RX-EYE</sub> as show in PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Figure 4-63) is reached. Rj is spectrally flat before being filtered with a BPF having 3 dB cut-offs f<sub>C-LOW</sub> and f<sub>C-HIGH</sub> of 1.5 MHz and 100 MHz, respectively with step rolloff at 1.5 MHz and a 20 dB/decade rolloff on the high side. Minimum eye width is defined for a sample size equivalent to a BER of 10<sup>-12</sup>.
- Different combinations of T<sub>RX-HF-DJ-DD</sub> and T<sub>RX-HF-RMS</sub> are needed to measure T<sub>RX-TJ-CC</sub> and T<sub>RX-DJ-DD-CC</sub>.

**Table 12-11 Stressed Voltage Eye Parameters**

Symbol	Parameter	Limits at 8.0GT/s	Units	Comments
V <sub>RX-LAUNCH-8G</sub>	Generator launch voltage	800	mVPP	Measured at TP1. Please refer to PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Figures 4-65. V <sub>RX-LAUNCH-8G</sub> may be adjusted if necessary to yield the proper EH as long as the outside eye voltage at TP2 does not exceed 1300 mVPP.
T <sub>RX-UI-8G</sub>	Unit Interval	125.00	ps	Nominal value is sufficient for Rx tolerancing. Value does not account for SSC.
V <sub>RX-SV-8G</sub>	Eye height at TP2P	25 (-20 dB channel) 50 (-12 dB channel) 200 (-3 dB channel)	mVPP	Eye height @ BER = 10 <sup>-12</sup> . See Notes 1 and 2.
T <sub>RX-SV-8G</sub>	Eye width at TP2P	0.3 to 0.35	UI	Eye width at BER = 10 <sup>-12</sup> . See Note 2.
V <sub>RX-SV-DIFF-8G</sub>	Differential mode interference	14 or greater	mVPP	Adjusted to set EH/ Frequency = 2.10 GHz. See Note 3.
V <sub>RX-SV-CM-8G</sub>	Rx AC Common mode voltage at TP2P	150 (EH < 100 mVPP) 250 (EH ≥ 100 mVPP)	mVPP	Defined for a single tone at 120 MHz. See Note 3.
T <sub>RX-SV-SJ-8G</sub>	Sinusoidal Jitter at 100 MHz	0.1	UI PP	Fixed at 100 MHz. See Note 4.
T <sub>RX-SV-RJ-8G</sub>	Random Jitter	2.0	Ps RMS	Rj spectrally flat before filtering. See Notes 4 and 5.
V <sub>RX-MAX-SE-SW</sub>	Max single-ended swing	±300	mVP	See Note 6.

Note:

- V<sub>RX-SV-8G</sub> is tested at three different voltages to ensure the Rx DUT is capable of equalizing over range of channel loss profiles. The test also guarantees the Rx is capable of operating over a sufficient dynamic range of eye heights. This “SV” in the parameter names refers to stressed voltage.
- V<sub>RX-ST-8G</sub> and T<sub>RX-ST-8G</sub> are referenced to TP2P and are obtained after post processing data captured at TP2. V<sub>RX-ST-8G</sub> and T<sub>RX-ST-8G</sub> include the effects of applying the behavioral Rx model and Rx behavioral equalization.
- V<sub>RX-SV-DIFF-8G</sub> measurement is made at TP2 without post processing. V<sub>RX-SV-CM-8G</sub> may be made at either TP1 or TP2. V<sub>RX-SV-DIFF-8G</sub> voltage may need to be adjusted over a wide range for the different loss calibration channels.
- T<sub>RX-SV-SJ-8G</sub> and T<sub>RX-SV-RJ-8G</sub> measurements are made at TP1 without post processing.
- Rj is applied over the following range. The low frequency limit may be between 1.5 and 10 MHz, and the upper limit is 1.0GHz. See PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Figure 4-47 for details.
- V<sub>RX-MAX-SE-SW</sub> sets the maximum outer, single-ended eye voltage limit in the presence of differential and CM noise applied to the Rx, as observed at TP2 relative to ground with no behavioral RxEq post processing.

**Table 12-12 Stressed Jitter Eye Parameters**

Symbol	Parameter	Limits at 8.0GT/s	Units	Comments
V <sub>RX-LAUNCH-8G</sub>	Generator launch voltage	800 (nominal)	mVPP	Measured at TP1, See PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Figure 4-65 and Note 1.

Symbol	Parameter	Limits at 8.0GT/s	Units	Comments
$T_{RX-UI-8G}$	Unit Interval	125.00	ps	Nominal value is sufficient for Rx tolerancing. Value does not account for SSC.
$V_{RX-ST-8G}$	Eye height at TP2P	25 (min) 35 (max)	mVPP	At BER = $10^{-12}$ . See Note 2.
$T_{RX-ST-8G}$	Eye width at TP2P	0.30	UI	At BER = $10^{-12}$ . See Note 2.
$T_{RX-ST-SJ-8G}$	Sinusoidal Jitter	0.1 - 1.0	UI PP	See PCI Express Base Specification Revision 3.1, Figure 4-74 Measured at TP1. See Note 3.
$T_{RX-ST-RJ-8G}$	Random Jitter	3.0	ps RMS	Rj spectrally flat before filtering. Measured at TP1, See Note 4.

Note:

- $V_{RX-SV-8G}$  may be adjusted to meet  $V_{RX-ST-8G}$  as long as the outside eye voltage at TP2 does not exceed 1300 mVPP.
- $V_{RX-ST-8G}$  and  $T_{RX-ST-8G}$  are referenced to TP2P and are obtained after post processing data captured at TP2.  
 $V_{RX-ST-8G}$  and  $T_{RX-ST-8G}$  include the effects of applying the behavioral Rx model and Rx behavioral equalization.
- $T_{RX-ST-SJ-8G}$  may be measured at either TP1 or TP2.
- While the nominal value is specified at 3.0 ps RMS, it may be adjusted to meet the 0.3 UI value for  $T_{RX-ST-8G}$ . Rj is measured at TP1 to prevent data-channel interaction from adversely affecting the accuracy of the Rj calibration.  
Rj is applied over the following range. The low frequency limit may be between 1.5 and 10 MHz, and the upper limit is 1.0 GHz.



## 12.7 POWER CONSUMPTION

**Table 12-13 Power Consumption**

Active Lane#	Link Speed (GT/s)	Tj (°C)	Process	0.95VDDC		0.95VP		0.95CVDDC		1.8VDDR		1.8CVDDR		1.8VPH		Total (W)
				Current (A)	Power (W)	Current (A)	Power (W)	Current (A)	Power (W)	Current (A)	Power (W)	Current (A)	Power (W)	Current (A)	Power (W)	
32	8.0	25	Typical	2.20	2.09	1.97	1.87	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.07	0.13	0.56	1.01	5.14
32	8.0	70		2.54	2.41	2.00	1.90	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.07	0.13	0.59	1.06	5.54
32	8.0	125		4.07	3.87	2.11	2.00	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.07	0.13	0.61	1.10	7.14
32	8.0	25	Worst	TBD												
32	8.0	70														
32	8.0	125														

Note:

1. Power consumption measurement conditons:
  - Port Configuration: 816\_816
  - Down Ports: Full-loading, 15 SSD cards plugged
2. Power consumption in the table is a reference, be affected by various environments, bus traffic and power supply etc.
3. Max power is at Tj=125°C and Fast/Fast (FF) process coner silicon

## 13 THERMAL DATA

Table 13-1 lists sample simulation thermal data for PI7C9X3G1632GP at Industrial Temperature.

**Table 13-1 Sample Simulation Thermal Data**

PCB Structure	Airflow Velocity	$\Theta_{JA}$ (°C/W)	$\Psi_{JB}$ (°C/W)	$\Psi_{JT}$ (°C/W)	$\Theta_{JC}$ (°C/W)	Heat Sink
Customized 10L PCB	Still air	3.53	1.87	0.82	1.19	Alpha N60-30B
	Still air	7.73	4.09	0.95		No
	1 m/s	7.11	3.97	0.95		
	2 m/s	6.76	3.88	0.96		

**Note:**

1.  $\Theta_{JA}$ : Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient
2.  $\Theta_{JC}$ : Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case
3.  $\Psi_{JT}$ : Junction to top center thermal characterization
4.  $\Psi_{JB}$ : Junction to board thermal characterization
5. Thermal data is based upon simulation
6. Simulation conditions
  - PCB Condition: Customized 10L PCB
  - Substrate: 0.96 mm 8L
  - Thermal power dissipation: maximum power is assumed to be at 8.0 GT/s, as listed in Table 12-13.
  - Ambient temperature: 85°C
  - Thermal criteria: junction temperature < 125°C

# 14 PACKAGE INFORMATION

The package of PI7C9X3G1632GP is a 27mm x 27mm HFCBGA (676 Pin) package with ball pitch 1.0mm. The detailed package information, mechanical dimension and package of drawing are shown below.

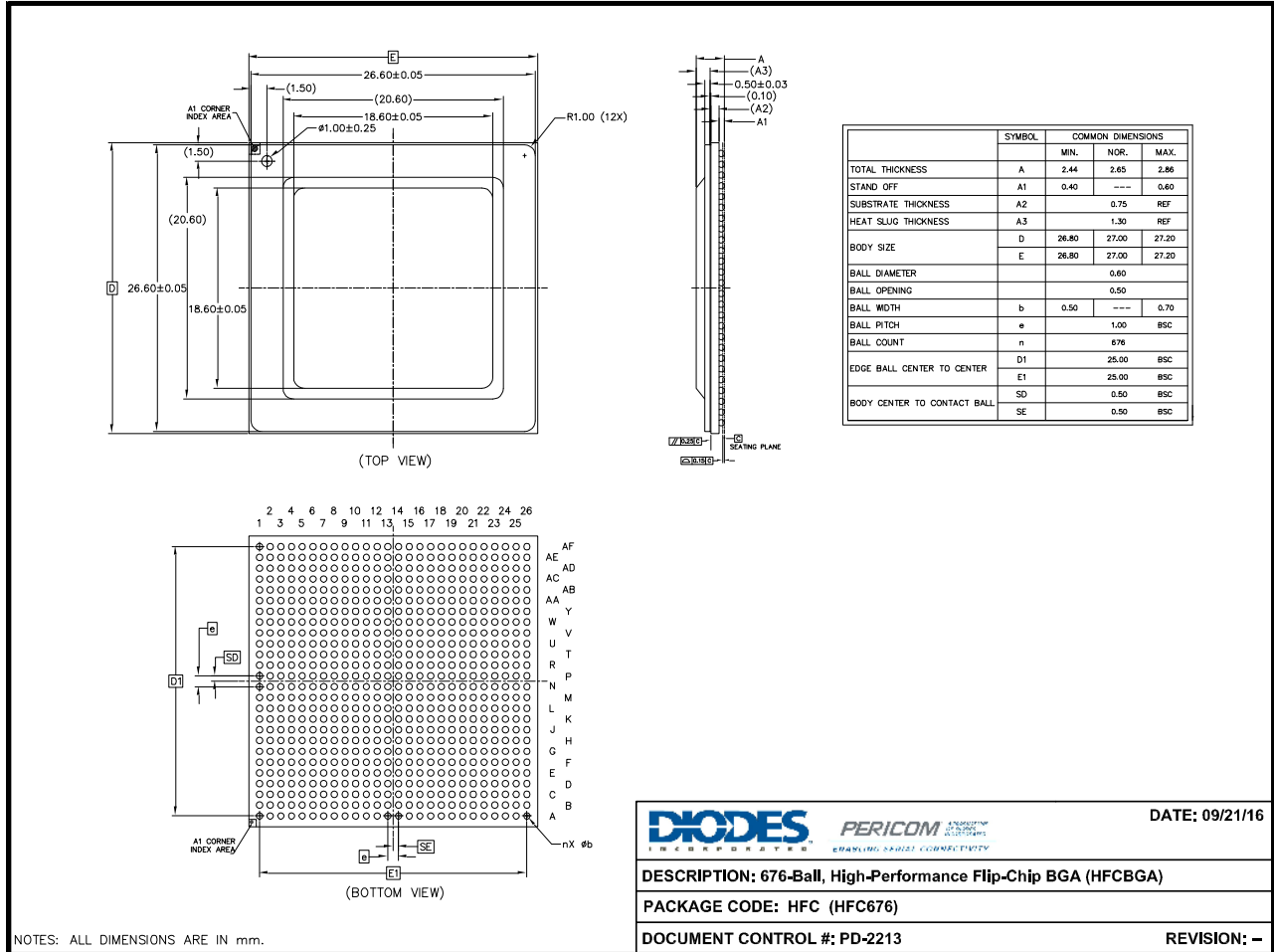


Figure 14-1 Package of Drawing



YY: Year  
 WW: Workweek  
 1st X: Assembly Code  
 2nd X: Fab Code  
 XXXXXXXX.\*\* = Assy Lot#

Figure 14-2 Part Marking

## 15 ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Temperature Range	Package	Pb-Free & Green
PI7C9X3G1632GPEHFCE	HFC	676-pin HFCBGA 27mm x 27mm	Yes

**Notes:**

- No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.
- See <https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/> for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
- Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.
- E = Pb-free and Green

