

**LTC3780EUH**  
**SMALL SIZE HIGH EFFICIENCY**  
**BUCK-BOOST DC/DC CONVERTER****DESCRIPTION**

Demonstration circuit 1155A is a compact high efficiency synchronous buck-boost DC/DC converter with 6V to 32V input range. It can supply 2A maximum load current at 12V output. The demo board features the LTC<sup>®</sup>3780EUH controller. The constant frequency current mode architecture allows a phase-lockable frequency of up to 400kHz. With a wide input range, output range and seamless transfers between operation modes, the LTC3780 is ideal for automotive, telecom and battery-powered systems. This board has a compact solution size with dual So-8 MOSFETs, small inductor and capacitor footprints. The package of LTC3780EUH is a small, low thermal impedance 5mm x 5mm 32-Lead QFN.

The operation mode of the converter is determined with the FCB pin. Use JP2 jumper to select burst mode, discontinuous mode or forced continuous mode operation. Switching frequency is pre-set at about 270kHz. This frequency can be easily modified from 200kHz to 400kHz by changing PLLFLTR pin DC voltage level (through R20 and R23). The converter can also be externally synchronized from 200kHz to 400kHz through PLLIN pin (SYNC terminal on the board). To shut down the converter, one simple way is to force the RUN pin below 1.5V (JP1: OFF). The power good output (PGOOD terminal) is low when the output is not within +/-7.5% of its designed set point.

**Design files for this circuit board are available. Call the LTC factory.**

**Table 1.** Performance Summary ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

PARAMETER	CONDITION	VALUE
Input Voltage Range		6V to 32V
Output Voltage, $V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN} = 6\text{-}32\text{V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 0\text{A to } 2\text{A}$	12V $\pm 2\%$
Maximum Output Current, $I_{OUT}$	$V_{IN} = 6\text{-}32\text{V}$ , $V_{OUT} = 12\text{V}$	2A
Typical Efficiency	$V_{IN} = 18\text{V}$ , $V_{OUT} = 12\text{V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 2\text{A}$	96.1%
Typical Switching Frequency		270kHz

## QUICK START PROCEDURE

Demonstration circuit 1155A is easy to set up to evaluate the performance of the LTC3780EUH. Refer to Figure 1 for the proper measurement equipment setup and follow the procedure below:

1. With power off, connect the input power supply to  $V_{in}$  (6V-32V) and GND (input return).
2. Connect the 12V output load between  $V_{out}$  and GND (Initial load: no load).
3. Connect the DVMs to the input and outputs.
4. Turn on the input power supply and check for the proper output voltages.  $V_{out}$  should be 12V $\pm$ 2%.
5. Once the proper output voltages are established, adjust the loads within the operating range and observe the output voltage regulation, ripple voltage and other parameters.

Note: When measuring the output or input voltage ripple, do not use the long ground lead on the oscilloscope probe. See Figure 2 for the proper scope probe technique. Short, stiff leads need to be soldered to the (+) and (-) terminals of an output capacitor. The probe's ground ring needs to touch the (-) lead and the probe tip needs to touch the (+) lead.

# LTC3780EUH

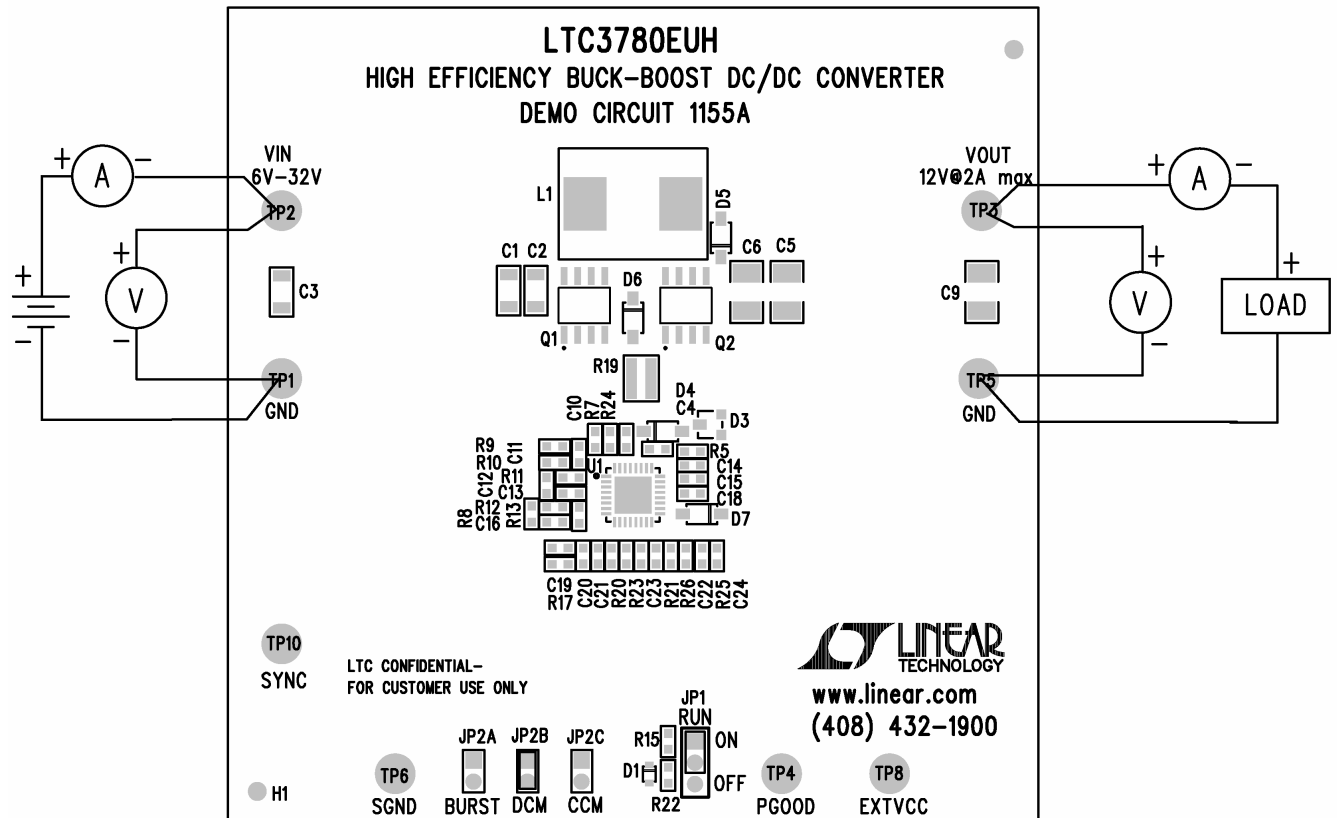


Figure 1. Proper Measurement Equipment Setup

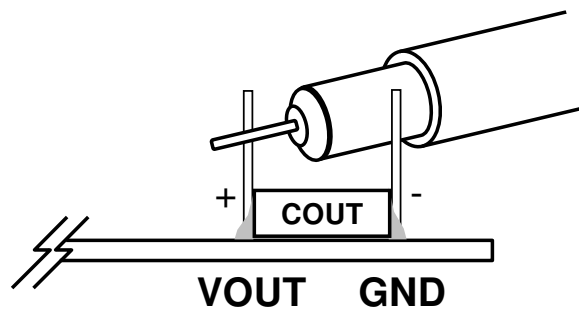


Figure 2. Measuring Output Voltage Ripple

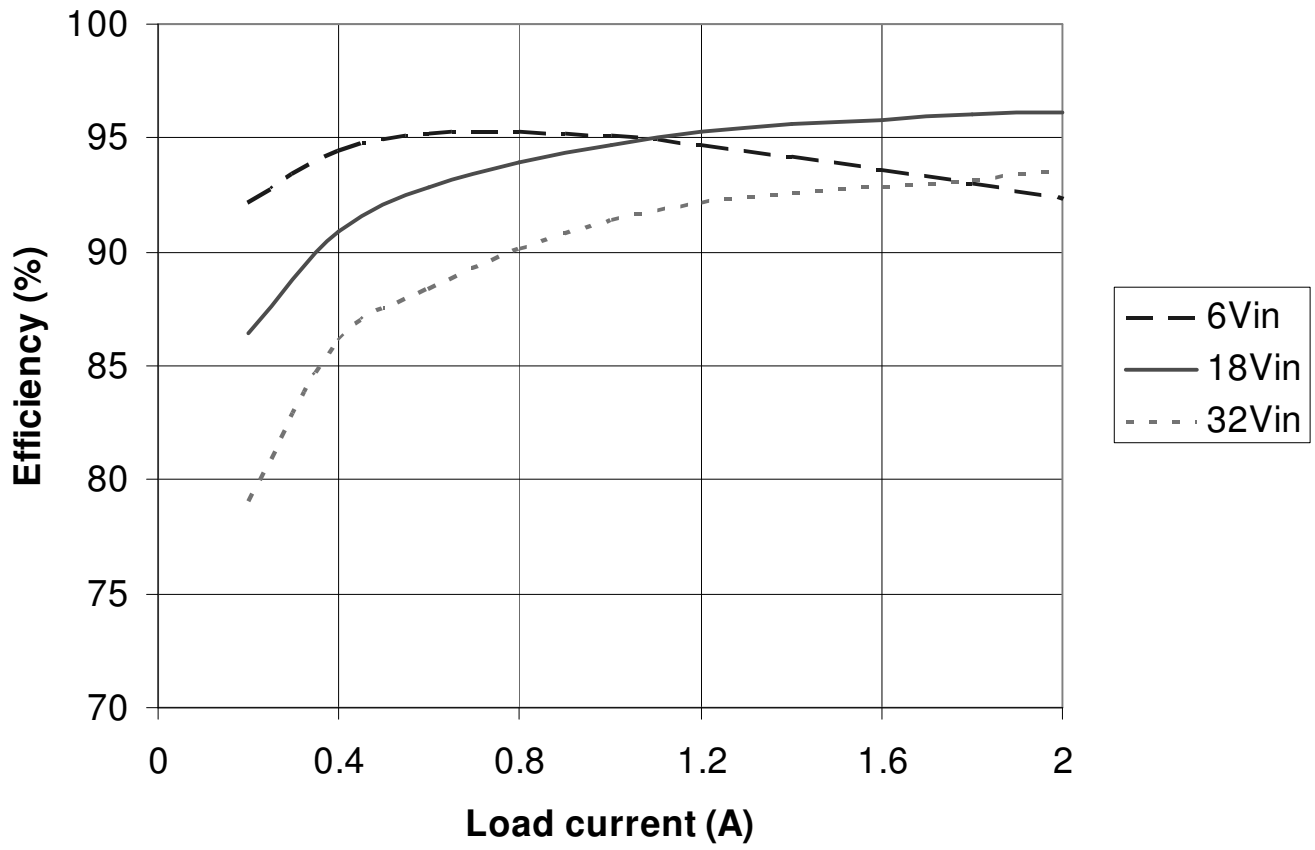
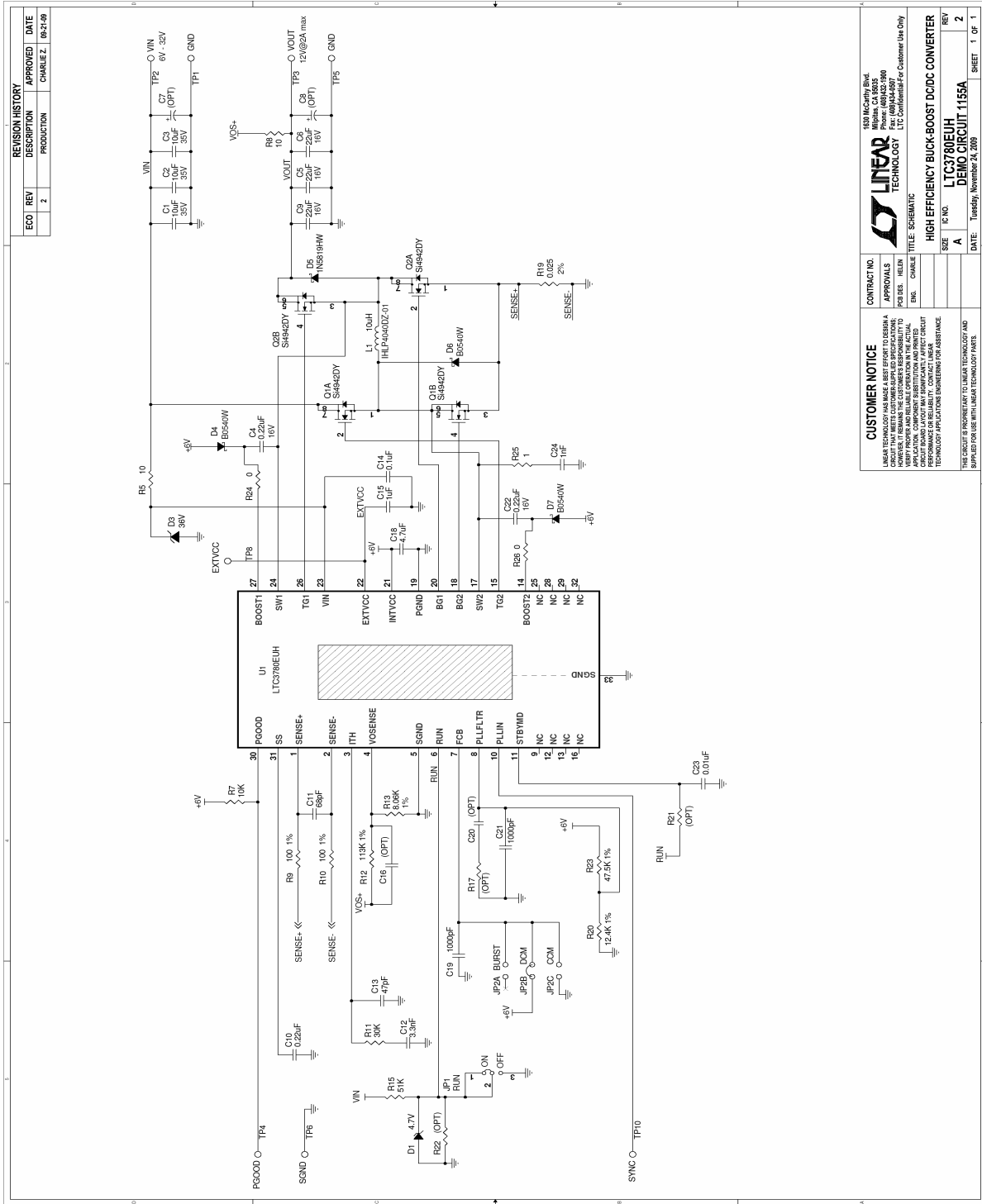


Figure 3. Efficiency vs load current (JP2: Burst)

# LTC3780EUH



REVISION HISTORY				
ECO	REV	DESCRIPTION	APPROVED	DATE
	2	PRODUCTION	CHARLES E.	08/27/08

**CUSTOMER NOTICE**  
 LINEAR TECHNOLOGY HAS MADE A BEST EFFORT TO DESIGN A SCHEMATIC THAT WILL BE USED TO REPRODUCE A BOARD. IT IS THE CUSTOMER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO VERIFY PROPER AND RELIABLE OPERATION IN THE ACTUAL CIRCUIT BOARD AND NOT TO SIGNIFICANTLY AFFECT CIRCUIT TECHNOLOGY APPLICATIONS REQUIREMENT FOR ASSISTANCE.

**CONTRACT NO.**  
 APPROVALS  
 PCB DES. HELIX  
 BMS

**LINEAR TECHNOLOGY**  
 1630 McCarthy Blvd.  
 Fremont, CA 94533-9000  
 Phone: (510) 444-2000  
 Fax: (510) 444-2001  
 E-Mail: LTC\_Customer@Linear.com

**HIGH EFFICIENCY BUCK-BOOST DDCDC CONVERTER**  
**DEMO CIRCUIT 1155A**

**IC NO.** LTC3780EUH  
**REV** 2  
**SIZE** A  
**CHANGE** TITLE: SCHEMATIC  
**DATE:** Tuesday, November 24, 2009

THIS CIRCUIT IS PROPRIETARY TO LINEAR TECHNOLOGY AND SUPPLIED FOR USE WITH LINEAR TECHNOLOGY PARTS.

SHEET 1 OF 1