

# SMPS Series N-Channel IGBT with Anti-Parallel Hyperfast Diode

600 V

## HGTG12N60A4D, HGTP12N60A4D, HGT1S12N60A4DS

The HGTG12N60A4D, HGTP12N60A4D and HGT1S12N60A4DS are MOS gated high voltage switching devices combining the best features of MOSFETs and bipolar transistors. These devices have the high input impedance of a MOSFET and the low on-state conduction loss of a bipolar transistor. The much lower on-state voltage drop varies only moderately between 25°C and 150°C. The IGBT used is the development type TA49335. The diode used in anti-parallel is the development type TA49371.

This IGBT is ideal for many high voltage switching applications operating at high frequencies where low conduction losses are essential. This device has been optimized for high frequency switch mode power supplies.

Formerly Developmental Type TA49337.

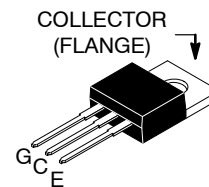
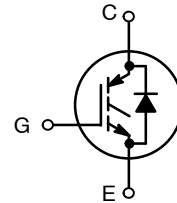
### Features

- >100 kHz Operation 390 V, 12 A
- 200 kHz Operation 390 V, 9A
- 600 V Switching SOA Capability
- Typical Fall Time 70 ns at  $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
- Low Conduction Loss
- Temperature Compensating Saber™ Model
- Related Literature
  - ◆ TB334 “Guidelines for Soldering Surface Mount Components to PC Boards”
- These are Pb-Free Devices

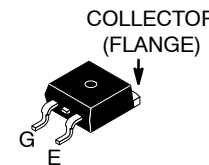


ON Semiconductor®

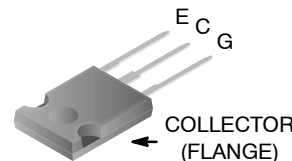
[www.onsemi.com](http://www.onsemi.com)



TO-220-3LD  
CASE 340AT  
JEDEC ALTERNATE  
VERSION

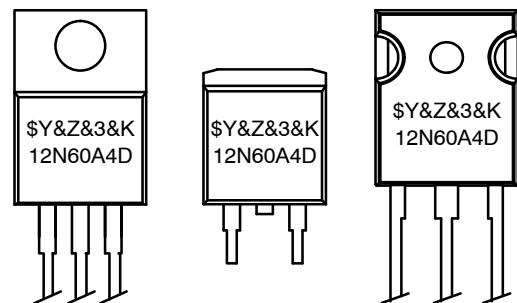


D<sup>2</sup>PAK-3  
(TO-263, 3-LEAD)  
CASE 418AJ  
JEDEC STYLE



TO-247-3LD  
SHORT LEAD  
CASE 340CK  
JEDEC STYLE

### MARKING DIAGRAM



|          |                         |
|----------|-------------------------|
| \$Y      | = ON Semiconductor Logo |
| &Z       | = Assembly Plant Code   |
| &3       | = Numeric Date Code     |
| &K       | = Lot Code              |
| 12N60A4D | = Specific Device Code  |

### ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information on page 8 of this data sheet.

# HGTG12N60A4D, HGTP12N60A4D, HGT1S12N60A4DS

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter  | Symbol                  | HGTG12N60A4D,<br>HGTP12N60A4D,<br>HGT1S12N60A4DS | Unit                                 |
|--|-------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| Collector to Emitter Voltage   | $BV_{CES}$              | 600  | V                                    |
| Collector Current Continuous<br>At $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$<br>At $T_C = 110^\circ\text{C}$                                      | $I_{C25}$<br>$I_{C110}$ | 54<br>23   | A<br>A                               |
| Collector Current Pulsed (Note 1)  | $I_{CM}$                | 96   | A                                    |
| Gate to Emitter Voltage Continuous   | $V_{GES}$               | $\pm 20$   | V                                    |
| Gate to Emitter Voltage Pulsed   | $V_{GEM}$               | $\pm 30$   | V                                    |
| Switching Safe Operating Area at $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ , Figure 2  | SSOA                    | 60 A at 600 V                                    |                                      |
| Power Dissipation Total at $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  | $P_D$                   | 167  | W                                    |
| Power Dissipation Derating $T_C > 25^\circ\text{C}$  |                         | 1.33   | W/ $^\circ\text{C}$                  |
| Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range   | $T_J, T_{STG}$          | -55 to 150                                       | $^\circ\text{C}$                     |
| Maximum Temperature for Soldering<br>Leads at 0.063 in (1.6 mm) from Case for 10 s<br>Package Body for 10 s, see Tech Brief 334. | $T_L$<br>$T_{pkg}$      | 300<br>260                                       | $^\circ\text{C}$<br>$^\circ\text{C}$ |

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

1. Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter                               | Symbol        | Test Condition  | Min                       | Typ | Max       | Unit          |               |
|---|---------------|---|---------------------------|-----|-----------|---------------|---------------|
| Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage  | $BV_{CES}$    | $I_C = 250 \mu\text{A}, V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$   | 600                       | -   | -         | V             |               |
| Collector to Emitter Leakage Current    | $I_{CES}$     | $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$  | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  | -   | -         | 250           | $\mu\text{A}$ |
|   |               |   | $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | -   | -         | 2.0           | mA            |
| Collector to Emitter Saturation Voltage | $V_{CE(SAT)}$ | $I_C = 12 \text{ A}, V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$   | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  | -   | 2.0       | 2.7           | V             |
|   |               |   | $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | -   | 1.6       | 2.0           | V             |
| Gate to Emitter Threshold Voltage       | $V_{GE(TH)}$  | $I_C = 250 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   | -                         | 5.6 | -         | V             |               |
| Gate to Emitter Leakage Current         | $I_{GES}$     | $V_{GE} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$   | -                         | -   | $\pm 250$ | nA            |               |
| Switching SOA                           | SSOA          | $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, R_G = 10 \Omega, V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V},$<br>$L = 100 \mu\text{H}, V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   | 60                        | -   | -         | A             |               |
| Gate to Emitter Plateau Voltage         | $V_{GEP}$     | $I_C = 12 \text{ A}, V_{CE} = 300 \text{ V}$  | -                         | 8   | -         | V             |               |
| On-State Gate Charge                    | $Q_{g(ON)}$   | $I_C = 12 \text{ A}, V_{CE} = 300 \text{ V}$  | $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$   | -   | 78        | 96            | nC            |
|   |               |   | $V_{GE} = 20 \text{ V}$   | -   | 97        | 120           | nC            |
| Current Turn-On Delay Time              | $t_{d(ON)I}$  | IGBT and Diode at $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C},$<br>$I_{CE} = 12 \text{ A},$<br>$V_{CE} = 390 \text{ V},$<br>$V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V},$<br>$R_G = 10 \Omega,$<br>$L = 500 \mu\text{H},$<br>Test Circuit (Figure 24)  | -                         | 17  | -         | ns            |               |
| Current Rise Time                       | $t_{rI}$      |   | -                         | 8   | -         | ns            |               |
| Current Turn-Off Delay Time             | $t_{d(OFF)I}$ |   | -                         | 96  | -         | ns            |               |
| Current Fall Time                       | $t_{fI}$      |   | -                         | 18  | -         | ns            |               |
| Turn-On Energy (Note 3)                 | $E_{ON1}$     |   | -                         | 55  | -         | $\mu\text{J}$ |               |
| Turn-On Energy (Note 3)                 | $E_{ON2}$     |   | -                         | 160 | -         | $\mu\text{J}$ |               |
| Turn-Off Energy (Note 2)                | $E_{OFF}$     |   | -                         | 50  | -         | $\mu\text{J}$ |               |
| Current Turn-On Delay Time              | $t_{d(ON)I}$  | IGBT and Diode at $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C},$<br>$I_{CE} = 12 \text{ A},$<br>$V_{CE} = 390 \text{ V},$<br>$V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V},$<br>$R_G = 10 \Omega,$<br>$L = 500 \mu\text{H},$<br>Test Circuit (Figure 24) | -                         | 17  | -         | ns            |               |
| Current Rise Time                       | $t_{rI}$      |   | -                         | 16  | -         | ns            |               |
| Current Turn-Off Delay Time             | $t_{d(OFF)I}$ |   | -                         | 110 | 170       | ns            |               |
| Current Fall Time                       | $t_{fI}$      |   | -                         | 70  | 95        | ns            |               |
| Turn-On Energy (Note 3)                 | $E_{ON1}$     |   | -                         | 55  | -         | $\mu\text{J}$ |               |
| Turn-On Energy (Note 3)                 | $E_{ON2}$     |   | -                         | 250 | 350       | $\mu\text{J}$ |               |
| Turn-Off Energy (Note 2)                | $E_{OFF}$     |   | -                         | 175 | 285       | $\mu\text{J}$ |               |

# HGTG12N60A4D, HGTP12N60A4D, HGT1S12N60A4DS

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified) (continued)

| Parameter                           | Symbol          | Test Condition  | Min | Typ | Max  | Unit                      |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|---|-----|-----|------|---------------------------|
| Diode Forward Voltage               | $V_{EC}$        | $I_{EC} = 12\text{ A}$  | -   | 2.2 | -    | V                         |
| Diode Reverse Recovery Time         | $t_{rr}$        | $I_{EC} = 12\text{ A}, dI_{EC}/dt = 200\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ | -   | 30  | -    | ns                        |
|                                     |                 | $I_{EC} = 1\text{ A}, dI_{EC}/dt = 200\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$  | -   | 18  | -    | ns                        |
| Thermal Resistance Junction To Case | $R_{\theta JC}$ | IGBT  | -   | -   | 0.75 | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ |
|                                     |                 | Diode   | -   | -   | 2.0  | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ |

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

- Turn-Off Energy Loss ( $E_{OFF}$ ) is defined as the integral of the instantaneous power loss starting at the trailing edge of the input pulse and ending at the point where the collector current equals zero ( $I_{CE} = 0\text{ A}$ ). All devices were tested per JEDEC Standard No. 24-1 Method for Measurement of Power Device Turn-Off Switching Loss. This test method produces the true total Turn-Off Energy Loss.
- Values for two Turn-On loss conditions are shown for the convenience of the circuit designer.  $E_{ON1}$  is the turn-on loss of the IGBT only.  $E_{ON2}$  is the turn-on loss when a typical diode is used in the test circuit and the diode is at the same  $T_J$  as the IGBT. The diode type is specified in Figure 24.

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (unless otherwise specified)

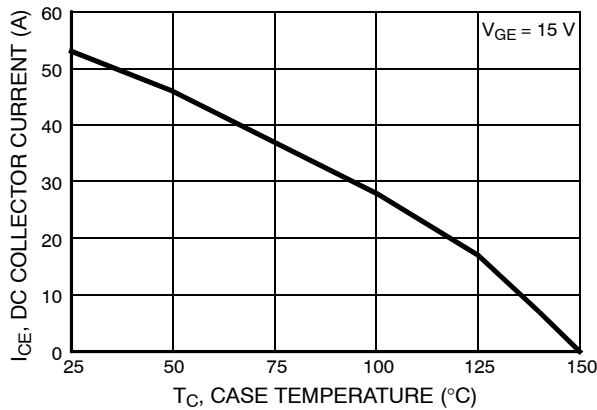


Figure 1. DC COLLECTOR CURRENT vs. CASE TEMPERATURE

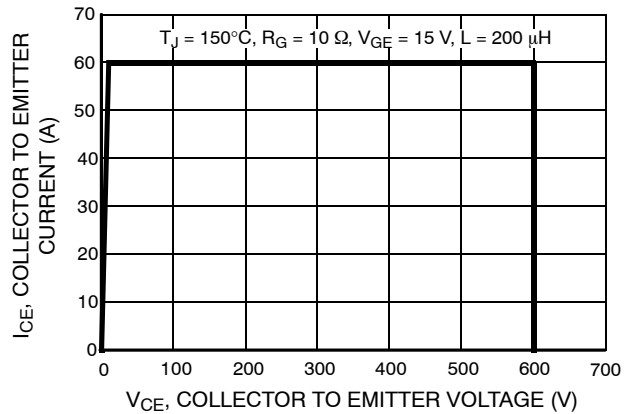


Figure 2. MINIMUM SWITCHING SAFE OPERATING AREA

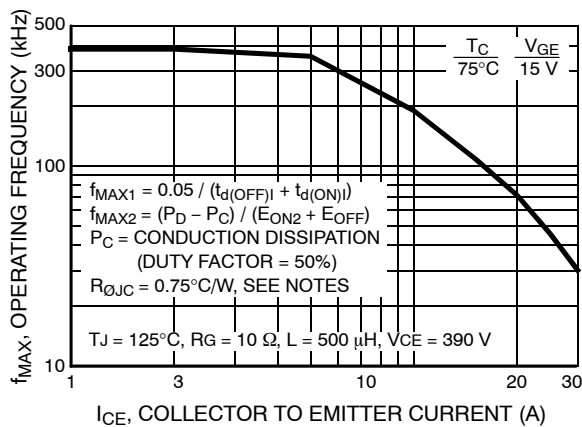


Figure 3. OPERATING FREQUENCY vs. COLLECTOR TO EMITTER CURRENT

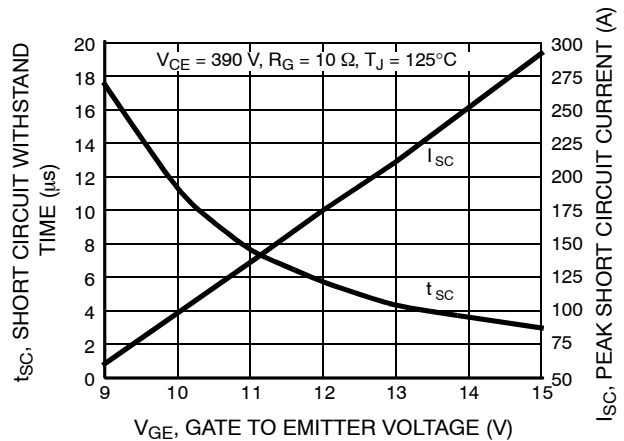
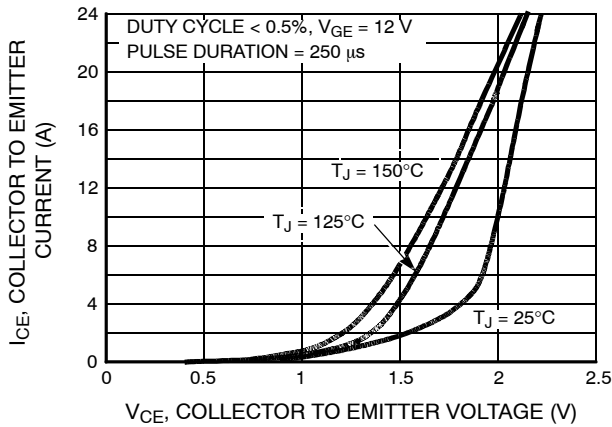


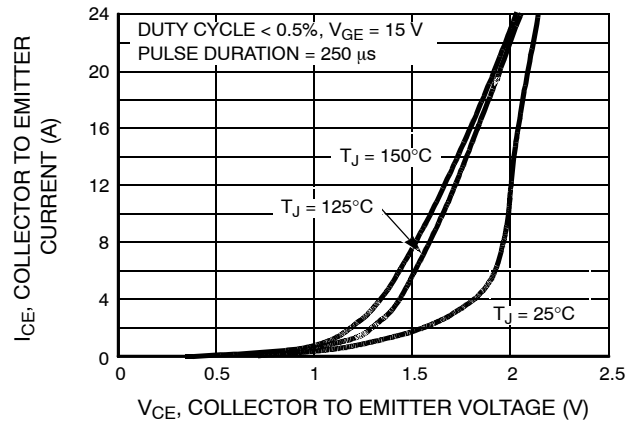
Figure 4. SHORT CIRCUIT WITHSTAND TIME

# HGTG12N60A4D, HGTP12N60A4D, HGT1S12N60A4DS

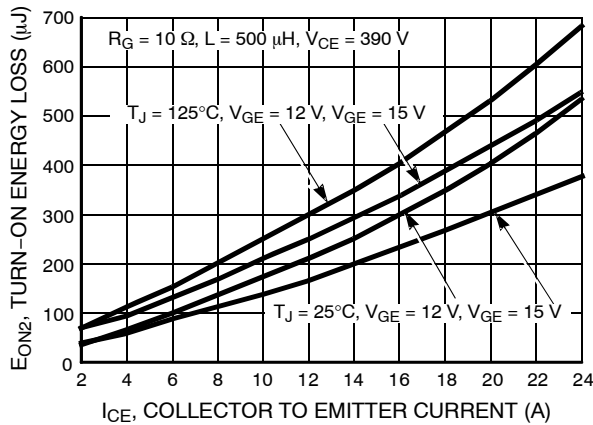
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (unless otherwise specified) (continued)



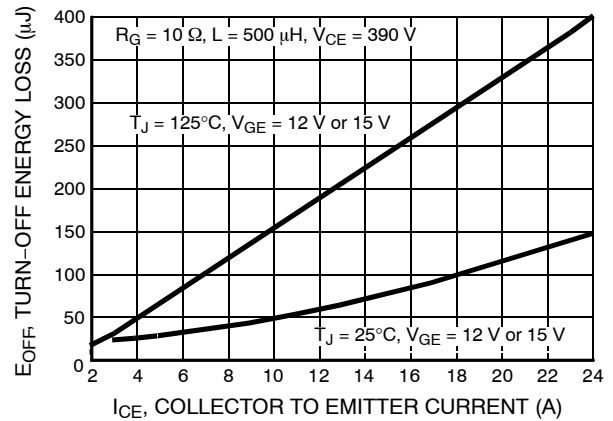
**Figure 5. COLLECTOR TO EMITTER ON-STATE VOLTAGE**



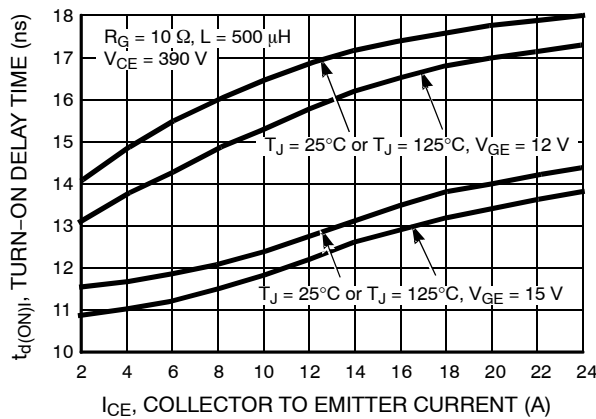
**Figure 6. COLLECTOR TO EMITTER ON-STATE VOLTAGE**



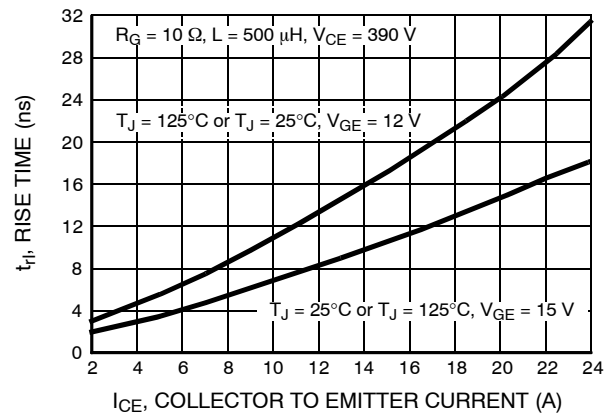
**Figure 7. TURN-ON ENERGY LOSS vs. COLLECTOR TO EMITTER CURRENT**



**Figure 8. TURN-OFF ENERGY LOSS vs. COLLECTOR TO EMITTER CURRENT**



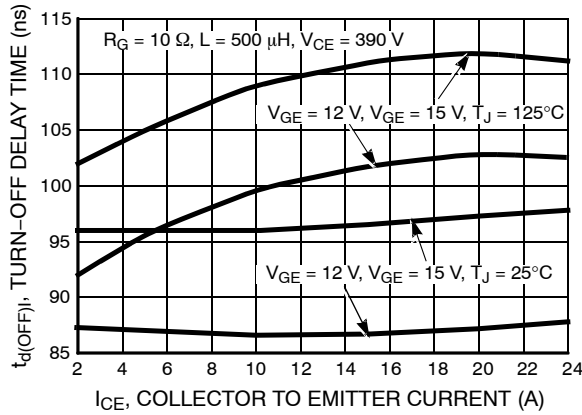
**Figure 9. TURN-ON DELAY TIME vs. COLLECTOR TO EMITTER CURRENT**



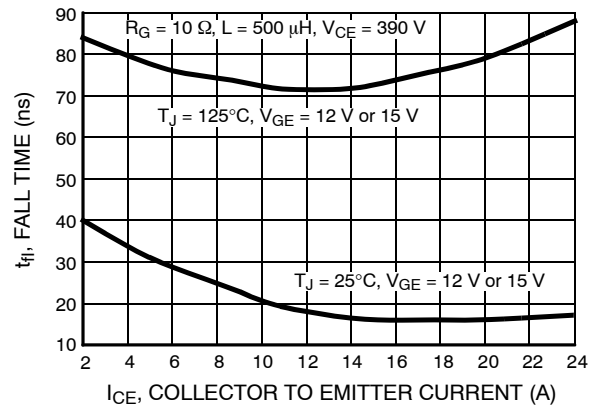
**Figure 10. TURN-ON RISE TIME vs. COLLECTOR TO EMITTER CURRENT**

# HGTG12N60A4D, HGTP12N60A4D, HGT1S12N60A4DS

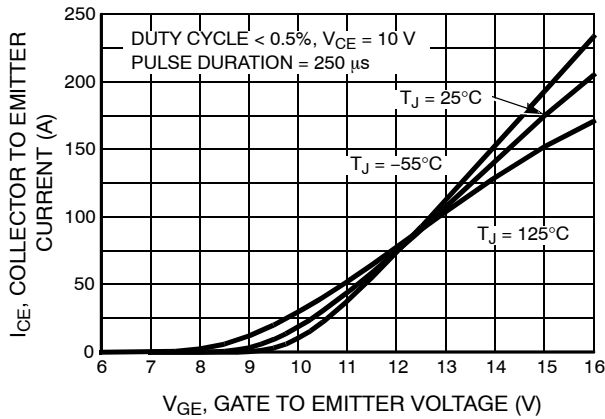
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (unless otherwise specified) (continued)



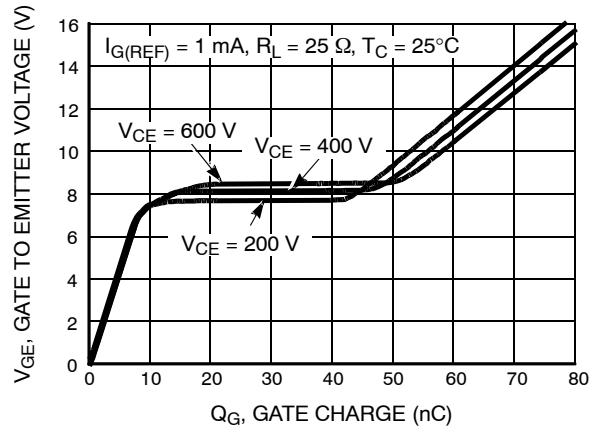
**Figure 11. TURN-OFF DELAY TIME vs. COLLECTOR TO EMITTER CURRENT**



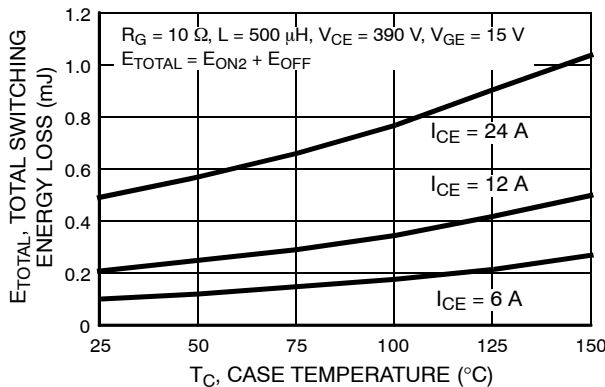
**Figure 12. FALL TIME vs. COLLECTOR TO EMITTER CURRENT**



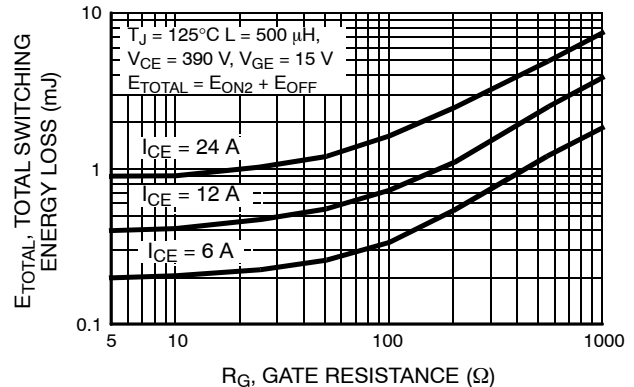
**Figure 13. TRANSFER CHARACTERISTIC**



**Figure 14. GATE CHARGE WAVEFORMS**



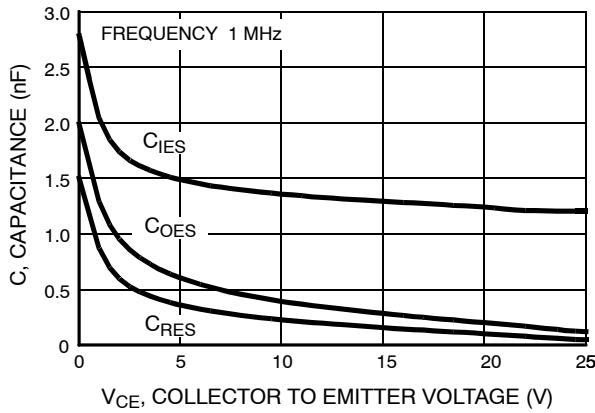
**Figure 15. TOTAL SWITCHING LOSS vs. CASE TEMPERATURE**



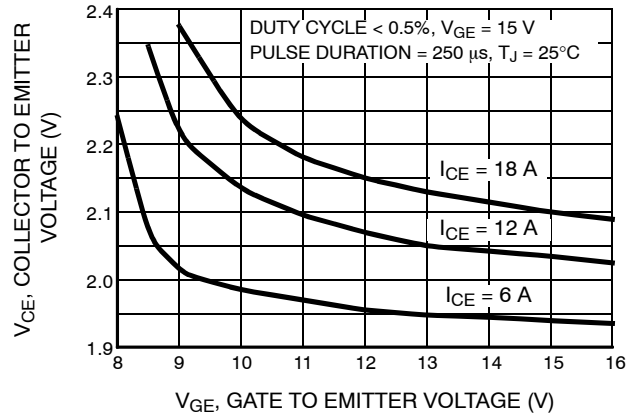
**Figure 16. TOTAL SWITCHING LOSS vs. GATE RESISTANCE**

# HGTG12N60A4D, HGTP12N60A4D, HGT1S12N60A4DS

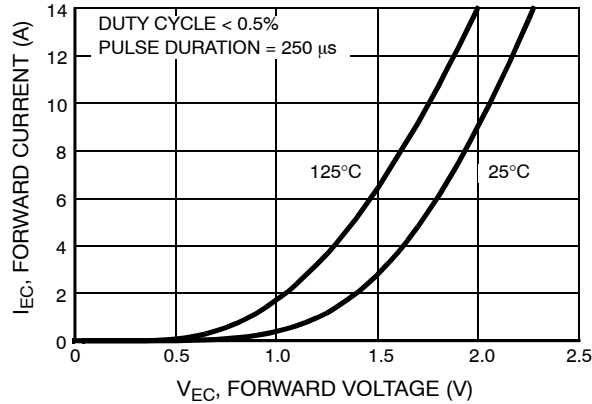
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (unless otherwise specified) (continued)



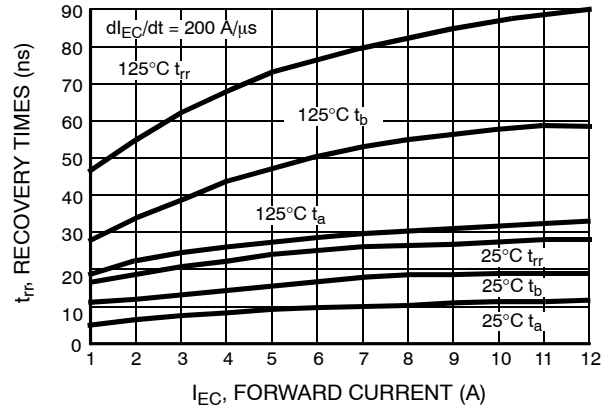
**Figure 17. CAPACITANCE vs. COLLECTOR TO EMITTER VOLTAGE**



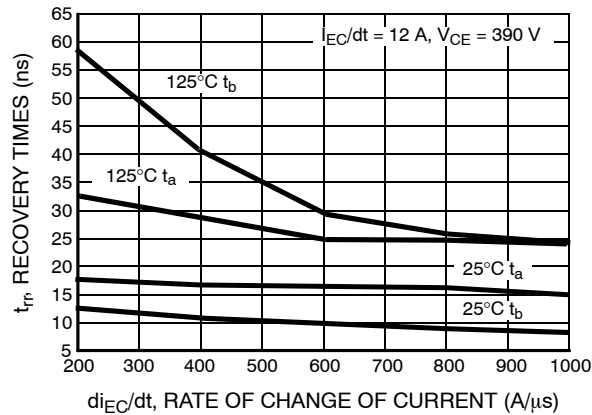
**Figure 18. COLLECTOR TO EMITTER ON-STATE VOLTAGE vs. GATE TO EMITTER VOLTAGE**



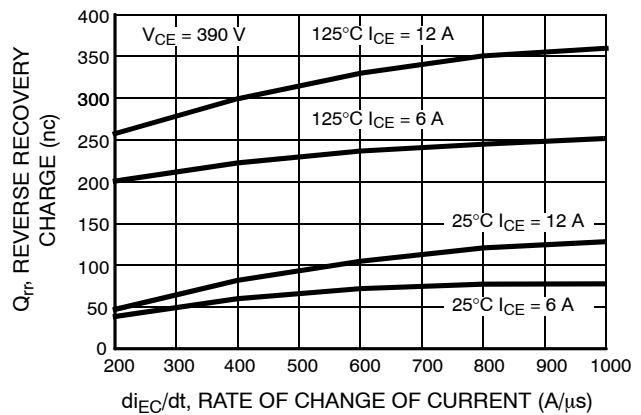
**Figure 19. DIODE FORWARD CURRENT vs. FORWARD VOLTAGE DROP**



**Figure 20. RECOVERY TIMES vs. FORWARD CURRENT**



**Figure 21. RECOVERY TIMES vs. RATE OF CHANGE OF CURRENT**



**Figure 22. STORED CHARGE vs. RATE OF CHANGE OF CURRENT**

# HGTG12N60A4D, HGTP12N60A4D, HGT1S12N60A4DS

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (unless otherwise specified) (continued)

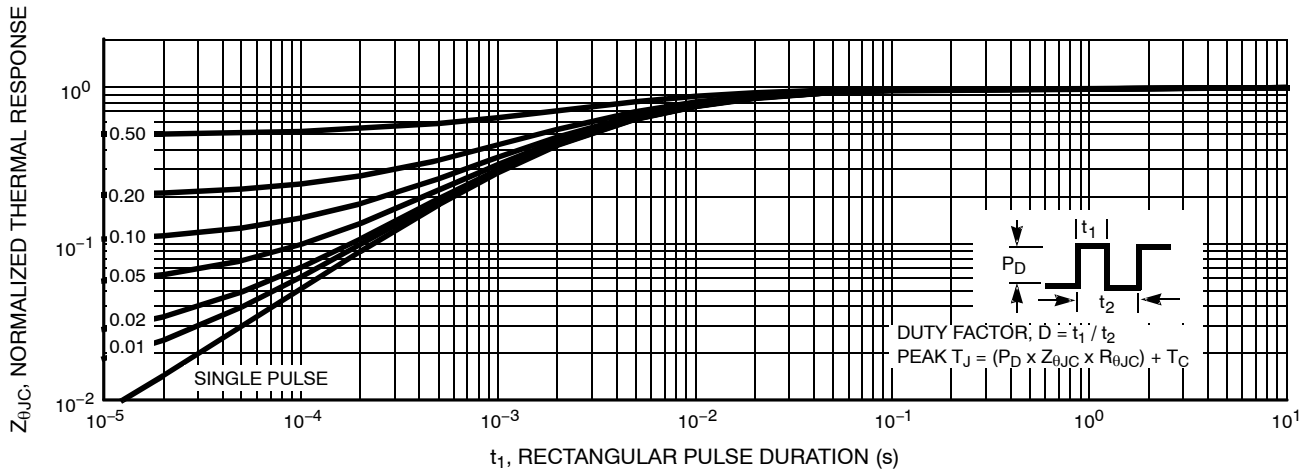


Figure 23. IGBT NORMALIZED TRANSIENT THERMAL RESPONSE, JUNCTION TO CASE

### TEST CIRCUIT AND WAVEFORMS

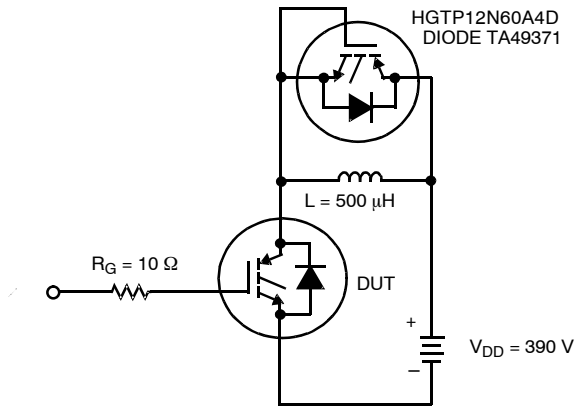


Figure 24. INDUCTIVE SWITCHING TEST CIRCUIT

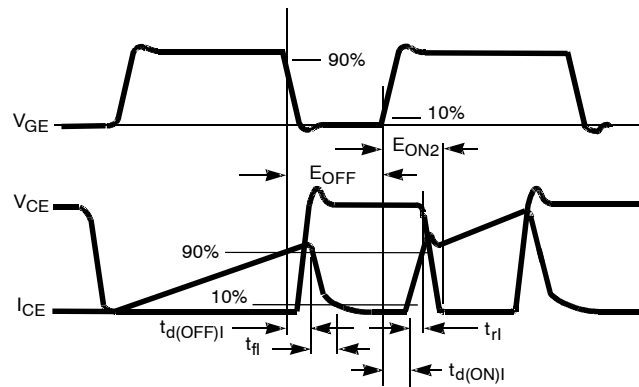


Figure 25. SWITCHING TEST WAVEFORMS

# HGTG12N60A4D, HGTP12N60A4D, HGT1S12N60A4DS

## HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR IGBTs

Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistors are susceptible to gate-insulation damage by the electrostatic discharge of energy through the devices. When handling these devices, care should be exercised to assure that the static charge built in the handler's body capacitance is not discharged through the device. With proper handling and application procedures, however, IGBTs are currently being extensively used in production by numerous equipment manufacturers in military, industrial and consumer applications, with virtually no damage problems due to electrostatic discharge. IGBTs can be handled safely if the following basic precautions are taken:

1. Prior to assembly into a circuit, all leads should be kept shorted together either by the use of metal shorting springs or by the insertion into conductive material such as "ECCOSORB™ LD26" or equivalent.
2. When devices are removed by hand from their carriers, the hand being used should be grounded by any suitable means – for example, with a metallic wristband.
3. Tips of soldering irons should be grounded.
4. Devices should never be inserted into or removed from circuits with power on.
5. *Gate Voltage Rating* – Never exceed the gate-voltage rating of  $V_{GEM}$ . Exceeding the rated  $V_{GE}$  can result in permanent damage to the oxide layer in the gate region.
6. *Gate Termination* – The gates of these devices are essentially capacitors. Circuits that leave the gate open-circuited or floating should be avoided. These conditions can result in turn-on of the device due to voltage buildup on the input capacitor due to leakage currents or pickup.

7. *Gate Protection* – These devices do not have an internal monolithic Zener diode from gate to emitter. If gate protection is required an external Zener is recommended.

## OPERATING FREQUENCY INFORMATION

Operating frequency information for a typical device (Figure 3) is presented as a guide for estimating device performance for a specific application. Other typical frequency vs collector current ( $I_{CE}$ ) plots are possible using the information shown for a typical unit in Figures 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 11. The operating frequency plot (Figure 3) of a typical device shows  $f_{MAX1}$  or  $f_{MAX2}$ ; whichever is smaller at each point. The information is based on measurements of a typical device and is bounded by the maximum rated junction temperature.

$f_{MAX1}$  is defined by  $f_{MAX1} = 0.05 / (t_{d(OFF)I} + t_{d(ON)I})$ . Deadtime (the denominator) has been arbitrarily held to 10% of the on-state time for a 50% duty factor. Other definitions are possible.  $t_{d(OFF)I}$  and  $t_{d(ON)I}$  are defined in Figure 25. Device turn-off delay can establish an additional frequency limiting condition for an application other than  $T_{JM}$ .  $t_{d(OFF)I}$  is important when controlling output ripple under a lightly loaded condition.

$f_{MAX2}$  is defined by  $f_{MAX2} = (P_D - P_C) / (E_{OFF} + E_{ON2})$ . The allowable dissipation ( $P_D$ ) is defined by  $P_D = (T_{JM} - T_C) / R_{\theta JC}$ . The sum of device switching and conduction losses must not exceed  $P_D$ . A 50% duty factor was used (Figure 3) and the conduction losses ( $P_C$ ) are approximated by  $P_C = (V_{CE} \times I_{CE}) / 2$ .

$E_{ON2}$  and  $E_{OFF}$  are defined in the switching waveforms shown in Figure 25.  $E_{ON2}$  is the integral of the instantaneous power loss ( $I_{CE} \times V_{CE}$ ) during turn-on and  $E_{OFF}$  is the integral of the instantaneous power loss ( $I_{CE} \times V_{CE}$ ) during turn-off. All tail losses are included in the calculation for  $E_{OFF}$ ; i.e., the collector current equals zero ( $I_{CE} = 0$ ).

## ORDERING INFORMATION

| Part Number    | Package  | Brand    | Shipping†        |
|----------------|----------|----------|------------------|
| HGTG12N60A4D   | TO-247   | 12N60A4D | 450 Units / Tube |
| HGTP12N60A4D   | TO-220AB | 12N60A4D | 800 Units / Tube |
| HGT1S12N60A4DS | TO-263AB | 12N60A4D | 800 Units / Tube |

†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

NOTE: When ordering, use the entire part number. Add the suffix 9A to obtain the TO-263AB variant in tape and reel, e.g. HGT1S12N60A4DS9A.



# MECHANICAL CASE OUTLINE

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

ON Semiconductor®



Scale 1:1

### TO-220-3LD CASE 340AT ISSUE A

DATE 03 OCT 2017

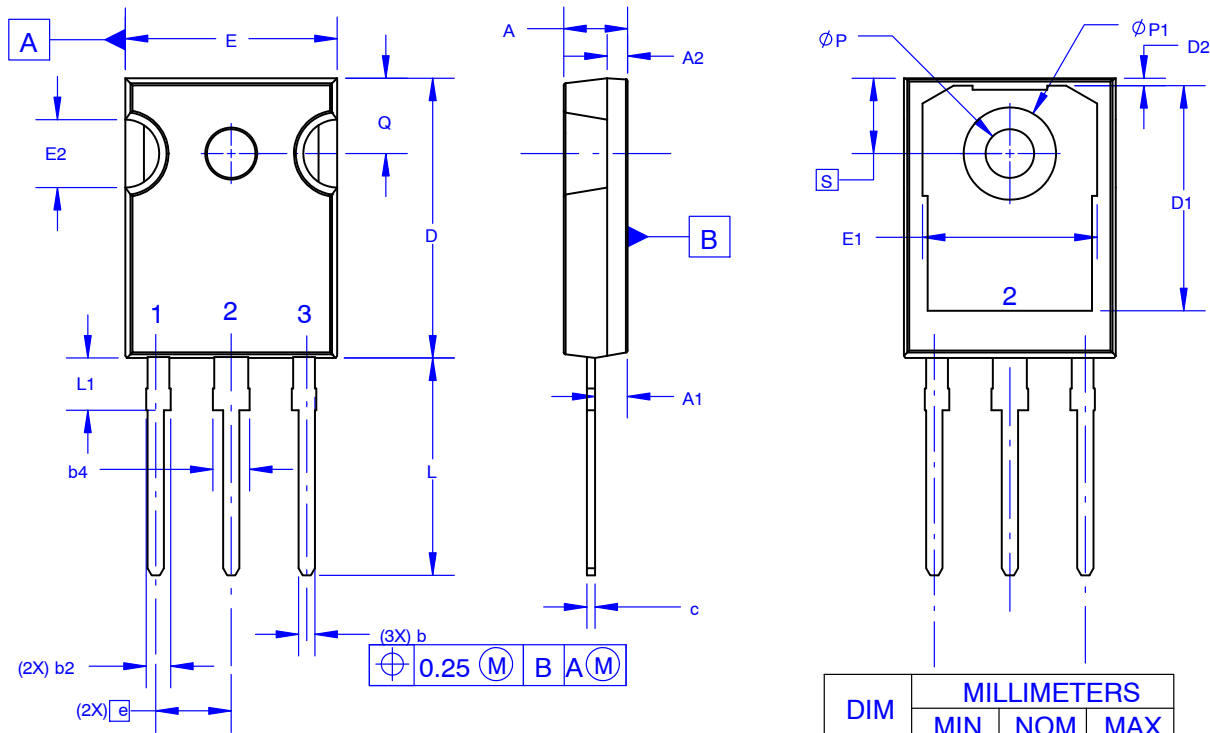


|                         |                    |   |
|-------------------------|--------------------|---|
| <b>DOCUMENT NUMBER:</b> | <b>98AON13818G</b> | Electronic versions are uncontrolled except when accessed directly from the Document Repository.<br>Printed versions are uncontrolled except when stamped "CONTROLLED COPY" in red. |
| <b>DESCRIPTION:</b>     | <b>TO-220-3LD</b>  | <b>PAGE 1 OF 1</b>  |

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**TO-247-3LD SHORT LEAD**  
**CASE 340CK**  
**ISSUE A**

DATE 31 JAN 2019



NOTES: UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

- A. DIMENSIONS ARE EXCLUSIVE OF BURRS, MOLD FLASH, AND TIE BAR EXTRUSIONS.
- B. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- C. DRAWING CONFORMS TO ASME Y14.5 - 2009.
- D. DIMENSION A1 TO BE MEASURED IN THE REGION DEFINED BY L1.
- E. LEAD FINISH IS UNCONTROLLED IN THE REGION DEFINED BY L1.

**GENERIC MARKING DIAGRAM\***



XXXX = Specific Device Code  
 A = Assembly Location  
 Y = Year  
 WW = Work Week  
 ZZ = Assembly Lot Code

\*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot "•", may or may not be present. Some products may not follow the Generic Marking.

| DIM | MILLIMETERS |       |       |
|-----|-------------|-------|-------|
|     | MIN         | NOM   | MAX   |
| A   | 4.58        | 4.70  | 4.82  |
| A1  | 2.20        | 2.40  | 2.60  |
| A2  | 1.40        | 1.50  | 1.60  |
| b   | 1.17        | 1.26  | 1.35  |
| b2  | 1.53        | 1.65  | 1.77  |
| b4  | 2.42        | 2.54  | 2.66  |
| c   | 0.51        | 0.61  | 0.71  |
| D   | 20.32       | 20.57 | 20.82 |
| D1  | 13.08       | ~     | ~     |
| D2  | 0.51        | 0.93  | 1.35  |
| E   | 15.37       | 15.62 | 15.87 |
| E1  | 12.81       | ~     | ~     |
| E2  | 4.96        | 5.08  | 5.20  |
| e   | ~           | 5.56  | ~     |
| L   | 15.75       | 16.00 | 16.25 |
| L1  | 3.69        | 3.81  | 3.93  |
| ∅P  | 3.51        | 3.58  | 3.65  |
| ∅P1 | 6.60        | 6.80  | 7.00  |
| Q   | 5.34        | 5.46  | 5.58  |
| S   | 5.34        | 5.46  | 5.58  |

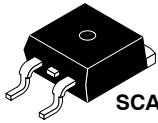
|                         |                              |  |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|--|
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| <b>DESCRIPTION:</b>     | <b>TO-247-3LD SHORT LEAD</b> | <b>PAGE 1 OF 1</b>   |

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# MECHANICAL CASE OUTLINE

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

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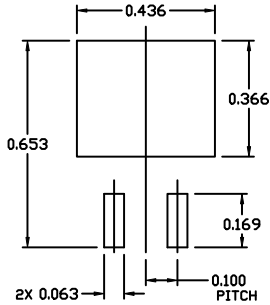
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### D<sup>2</sup>PAK-3 (TO-263, 3-LEAD)

#### CASE 418AJ

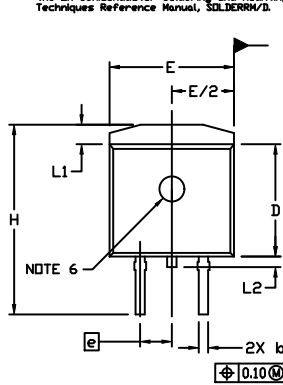
#### ISSUE F

DATE 11 MAR 2021



#### RECOMMENDED MOUNTING FOOTPRINT

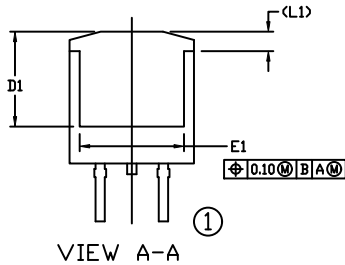
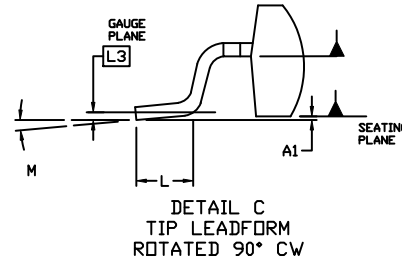
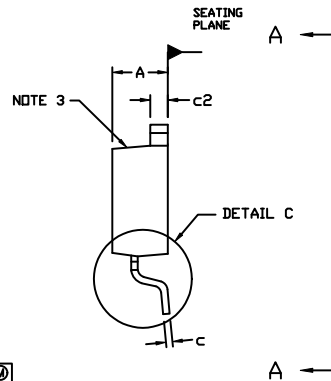
For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.



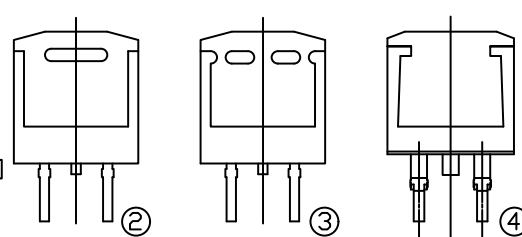
#### NOTES:

- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 2009.
- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCHES
- CHAMFER OPTIONAL.
- DIMENSIONS D AND E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.005 PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY AT DATUM H.
- THERMAL PAD CONTOUR IS OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS E, L1, D1, AND E1.
- OPTIONAL MOLD FEATURE.
- ①, ② ... OPTIONAL CONSTRUCTION FEATURE CALL OUTS.

| DIM | INCHES |       | MILLIMETERS |       |
|-----|--------|-------|-------------|-------|
|     | MIN.   | MAX.  | MIN.        | MAX.  |
| A   | 0.160  | 0.190 | 4.06        | 4.83  |
| A1  | 0.000  | 0.010 | 0.00        | 0.25  |
| b   | 0.020  | 0.039 | 0.51        | 0.99  |
| c   | 0.012  | 0.029 | 0.30        | 0.74  |
| c2  | 0.045  | 0.065 | 1.14        | 1.65  |
| D   | 0.330  | 0.380 | 8.38        | 9.65  |
| D1  | 0.260  | ---   | 6.60        | ---   |
| E   | 0.380  | 0.420 | 9.65        | 10.67 |
| E1  | 0.245  | ---   | 6.22        | ---   |
| e   | 0.100  | BSC   | 2.54        | BSC   |
| H   | 0.575  | 0.625 | 14.60       | 15.88 |
| L   | 0.070  | 0.110 | 1.78        | 2.79  |
| L1  | ---    | 0.066 | ---         | 1.68  |
| L2  | ---    | 0.070 | ---         | 1.78  |
| L3  | 0.010  | BSC   | 0.25        | BSC   |
| M   | 0*     | 8*    | 0*          | 8*    |

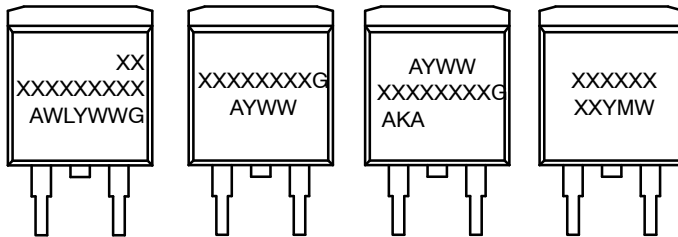


VIEW A-A



VIEW A-A  
OPTIONAL CONSTRUCTIONS

#### GENERIC MARKING DIAGRAMS\*



IC

Standard

Rectifier

SSG

- XXXXXX = Specific Device Code
- A = Assembly Location
- WL = Wafer Lot
- Y = Year
- WW = Work Week
- W = Week Code (SSG)
- M = Month Code (SSG)
- G = Pb-Free Package
- AKA = Polarity Indicator

\*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot "▪", may or may not be present. Some products may not follow the Generic Marking.

|                  |                                       |  |
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| DESCRIPTION:     | D <sup>2</sup> PAK-3 (TO-263, 3-LEAD) | PAGE 1 OF 1  |

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