

Reduced size, ultra-stable, high precision (ppm class) fluxgate technology DT Series current transducer for isolated DC and AC current measurement up to 50Arms



Features

- Fluxgate, closed loop compensated technology with fixed excitation frequency and second harmonic zero flux detection for best in class accuracy and stability
- 2 MHz high frequency bandwidth
- Excellent linearity, better than 1.5 ppm
- Industry standard DSUB 9 pin connection
- Green diode for normal operation indication
- Large aperture Ø20.7mm for cables and bus bars
- Weighs only 0.15 kg

Applications

- Optimized for space constraint applications
- MPS for particles accelerators
- Gradient amplifiers for MRI devices
- Stable power supplies
- Precision drives
- Batteries testing and evaluation systems
- Power measurement and power analysis
- Variable speed drives
- Calibration unit

| Specification highlights | Symbol | Unit | Min | Typ | Max |
|---|----------------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| Nominal continuous primary AC current | $I_{PN AC}$ | Arms | | | 50 |
| Nominal continuous primary DC current | $I_{PN DC}$ | A | -50 | | 50 |
| Measuring range | \hat{I}_{PM} | A | -75 | | 75 |
| Primary / secondary ratio | $n1 : n2$ | | 1:500 | | 1:500 |
| Linearity error | ϵ_L | ppm | -1.5 | 0.7 | 1.5 |
| Offset current (including earth field) | I_{OE} | ppm | -100 | | 100 |
| DC-10Hz Overall accuracy @25°C (= $\epsilon_L + I_{OE}$) | $acc\epsilon$ | ppm | -101.5 | | 101.5 |
| Bandwidth | $f(\pm 3dB)$ | kHz | | 2000 | |
| AC typical gain error 10Hz to 5kHz | ϵ_G | % | | ± 0.01 | |
| Operating temperature range | T_a | °C | -40 | | 85 |
| Power supply voltages | U_c | V | ± 14.25 | | ± 15.75 |

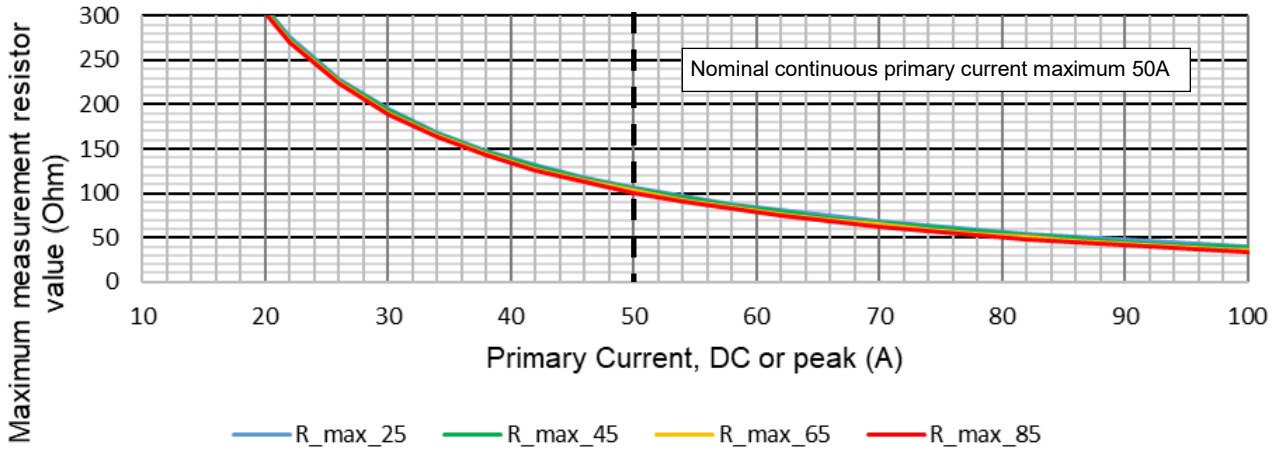
All ppm (or %) values refer to nominal current

Electrical specifications at Ta=23°C, supply voltage = ± 15V unless otherwise stated

| Parameter | Symbol | Unit | Min | Typ. | Max | Comment |
|--|----------------|----------------------------|---------------|------------------|-------------|--|
| Nominal continuous primary AC current | $I_{PN AC}$ | Arms | | | 50 | Refer to fig. 1 & 2 for derating |
| Nominal continuous primary DC current | $I_{PN DC}$ | A | -50 | | 50 | Refer to fig. 1 for derating |
| Measuring range | I_{PM} | A | -75 | | 75 | Refer to fig. 1 & 2 for derating |
| Overload capacity | \hat{I}_{OL} | A | -250 | | 250 | Non-measured, 100ms |
| Nominal secondary current | I_{SN} | mA | -100 | | 100 | At nominal primary DC current |
| Primary / secondary ratio | | | 1:500 | | 1:500 | |
| Measuring resistance | R_M | Ω | 0 | 50 | | Refer to fig. 1 for details |
| Linearity error | ϵ_L | ppm μA | -1.5 -0.15 | 0.7 0.07 | 1.5 0.15 | ppm refers to nominal current μA refers to secondary current |
| Offset current | I_{OE} | ppm μA | -100 -10 | | 100 10 | ppm refers to nominal current μA refers to secondary current |
| DC-10Hz Overall accuracy @25°C (= ϵ_L + IOE) | acc ϵ | ppm | -101.5 | | 101.5 | ppm refers to nominal DC current |
| Offset temperature coefficient | TC_{IOE} | ppm/K $\mu A/K$ | -0.8 -0.08 | 0.4 0.04 | 0.8 0.08 | ppm refers to nominal current μA refers to secondary current |
| Bandwidth | $f(\pm 3dB)$ | kHz | | 2000 | | Small signal, graphs figure 3 |
| Amplitude error | ϵ_G | % | | 10Hz - 5kHz | 0.01% | See notes in fig. 3 % refers to nominal current |
| 5kHz - 100kHz | | | | 1% | | |
| 100kHz - 1000kHz | | | | 10% | | |
| 1000kHz - 2000kHz | | | | 30% | | |
| Phase shift | θ | ° | | 10Hz - 5kHz | 0.01° | See notes in fig. 3 |
| 5kHz - 100kHz | | | | 1° | | |
| 100kHz - 1000kHz | | | | 10° | | |
| 1000kHz - 2000kHz | | | | 30° | | |
| Response time to a step current I_{PN} | $t_r @ 90\%$ | μs | | 1 | | |
| RMS noise | noise | ppm RMS | | 0.1Hz - 10Hz | 0.04 | ppm RMS refers to nominal current |
| 0.1Hz - 100Hz | | | | 0.4 | | |
| 0.1Hz - 1kHz | | | | 0.6 | | |
| 0.1Hz - 10kHz | | | | 1.1 | | |
| 0.1Hz - 100kHz | | | | 9.3 | | |
| Peak-to-peak noise | noise | ppm p-p | | 0.1Hz - 10Hz | 0.4 | ppm peak-to-peak refers to nominal current |
| 0.1Hz - 100Hz | | | | 1.6 | | |
| 0.1Hz - 1kHz | | | | 3.1 | | |
| 0.1Hz - 10kHz | | | | 4.9 | | |
| 0.1Hz - 100kHz | | | | 50 | | |
| Fluxgate excitation frequency | f_{Exc} | kHz | | 31.25 | | |
| Induced rms voltage on primary conductor | | μV rms | | | 5 | |
| Power supply voltages | U_c | V | ± 14.25 | | ± 15.75 | |
| Positive current consumption | I_{ps} | mA | | 40 | | Add I_s (if I_s is positive) |
| Negative current consumption | I_{ns} | mA | | 35 | | Add I_s (if I_s is negative) |
| Operating temperature range | T_a | °C | -40 | | 85 | |
| Stability | | | | | | |
| Offset stability over time | | ppm/month $\mu A/month$ | -0.1 -0.01 | | 0.1 0.01 | ppm refers to nominal current μA refers to secondary current |
| Impact of external magnetic field | | ppm/mT $\mu A/mT$ | -16 -1.6 | 4 0.4 | 16 1.6 | ppm refers to nominal current μA refers to secondary current |
| Offset change with power supply voltages changes | | ppm/mV $\mu A/mV$ | | 0.0052 0.0005 | | ppm refers to nominal current μA refers to secondary current |

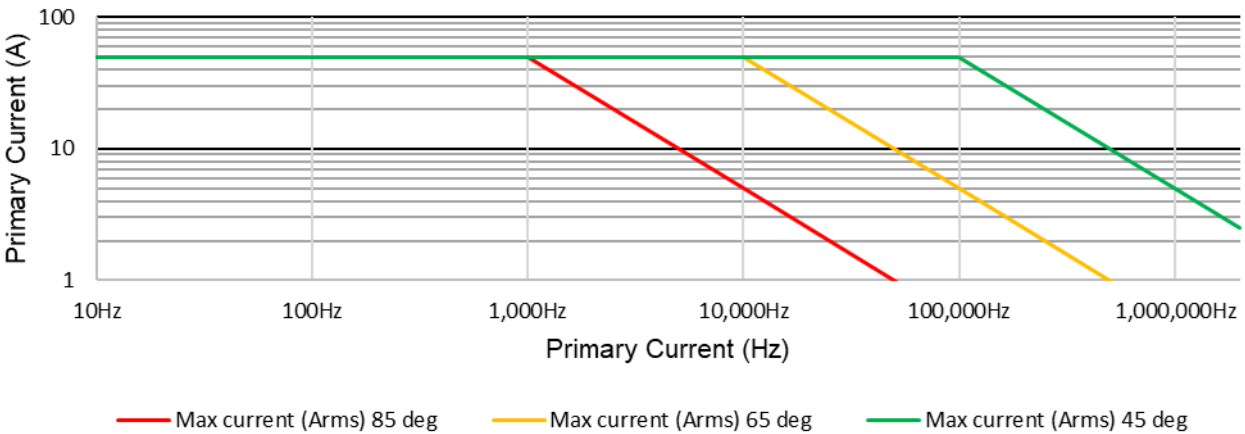
Measurement resistor RM and ambient temperature derating (Fig. 1)

Maximum measurement resistor vs. ambient temperatures



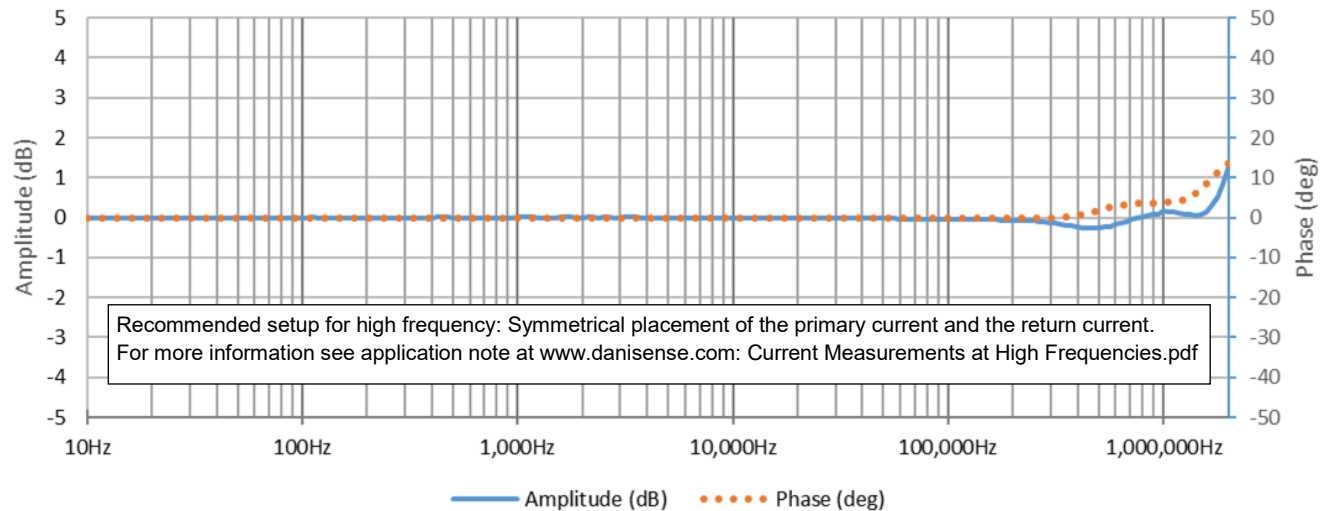
Frequency and ambient temperature derating (Fig. 2)

Maximum primary current A_{rms}



Frequency characteristics (Fig. 3)

Typical Amplitude / Phase response



Isolation specifications

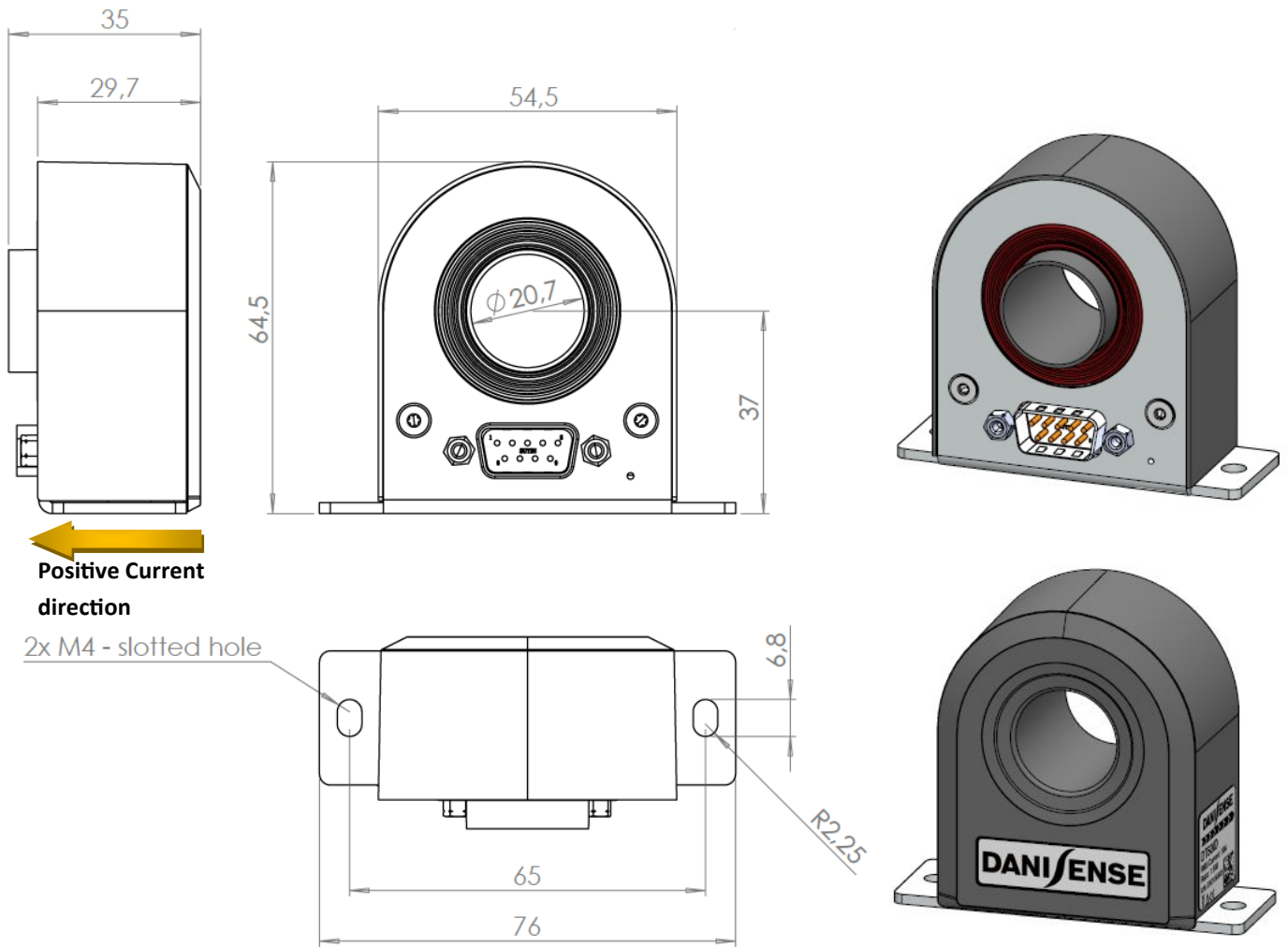
| Parameter | Unit | Value |
|---|------|------------|
| Clearance | mm | 11.5 |
| Creepage distance | mm | 11.5 |
| Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50/60 Hz, 1 min - Between primary and (secondary and shield) | kV | 5.7 |
| Impulse withstand voltage (1.2/50µs) | kV | 10.4 |
| Rated rms isolation voltage reinforced isolation, overvoltage category III, Pollution degree 2 according to - IEC 61010-1 - EN50780 | V | 300 600 |

Absolute maximum ratings

| Parameter | Unit | Max | Comment |
|--------------|------|-------|---------------|
| Primary | A | 250 | Maximum 100ms |
| Power supply | V | ±16.5 | |

Environmental and mechanical characteristics

| Parameter | Unit | Min | Typ | Max | Comment |
|-------------------------------------|---|-----|------|------|--------------------------------|
| Altitude | m | | | 2000 | |
| Usage | | | | | Designed for indoor use |
| Transient voltages | | | | | Up to overvoltage category III |
| Polution Degree | | | | 2 | |
| Ambient operating temperature range | °C | -40 | | 85 | |
| Storage temperature range | °C | -40 | | 85 | |
| Relative humidity | % | 20 | | 80 | Non-condensing |
| Mass | kg | | 0.15 | | |
| Connections | Power supplies: D-SUB 9 pins male | | | | |
| Standards | EMC: IEC 61326-1:2013-2021 Safety: IEC 61010-2-30 and IEC 61010-1:2010 3rd Edition Random vibration test: IEC 60068-2-64:2008 Shock test: IEC 60068-2-27:2009 Transport test: IEC 60068-2-64:2008 | | | | |



(general tolerance 0.3mm unless otherwise stated)

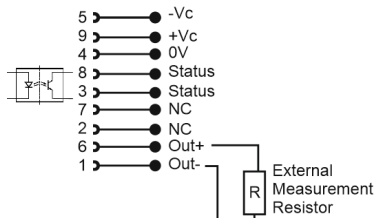
DSUB pin layout

Standard DSUB-9 current output



When sensor is operating in normal condition the status pins are shorted.

- Status pin properties.
- Forward direction pin 8 to pin 3
 - Maximum forward current 10mA
 - Maximum forward voltage 60V
 - Maximum reverse voltage 5V



Positive current direction

Is identified by an arrow on the transducer body

Mounting instructions

Base plate mounting:

2 x M4 - slotted holes

Suggested fastening torque: 5.5 Nm

Declaration of Conformity

Danisense A/S
Malervej 10
DK-2630 Taastrup
Denmark

Declares that under our sole responsibility that this product is in conformity with the provisions of the following EC Directives, including all amendments, and with national legislation implementing these directives:

Directive 2014/30/EU

Directive 2014/35/EU

And that the following harmonized standards have been applied

EN 61010-1 (Third Edition):2010, EN 61010-1:2010/A1:2019

EN 61010-2-030:2021/A11:2021

EN 61326-1:2013

All DANISENSE products are manufactured in accordance with RoHS directive 2011/65/EU. Annex II of the RoHS directive was amended by directive 2015/863 in force since 2015, expanding the list of 6 restricted substances (Lead, Hexavalent Chromium, PBB, PBDE and Cadmium)

Danisense follows the provision in EN 63000:2018



Place

Taastrup, Denmark

Henrik Elbæk

Date

2022-03-15