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# TFT | OLED | CHARACTER | GRAPHIC | UWVD | SEGMENT | CUSTOM

# **TFT** Display Module

Part Number E35RB-FS450-N

#### **Overview:**

- 3.5-inch TFT ( x mm)
- MCU & RGB Interfaces
- 240x320 pixels
- All Viewing Angle
- White LED back-light

- Transmissive / Normally Black
- No Touch Panel
- 700 NITS
- Controller: HX8347A
- RoHS Compliant



#### Description

This is a color active matrix TFT (Thin Film Transistor) LCD (Liquid Crystal Display) that uses amorphous silicon TFT as a switching device. This model is composed of a transmissive type TFT LCD Panel, driver circuit and a backlight unit. The resolution of the 3.5" TFT LCD contains 240(RGB)x320 pixels and can display up to 262k colors.

#### **TFT Features**

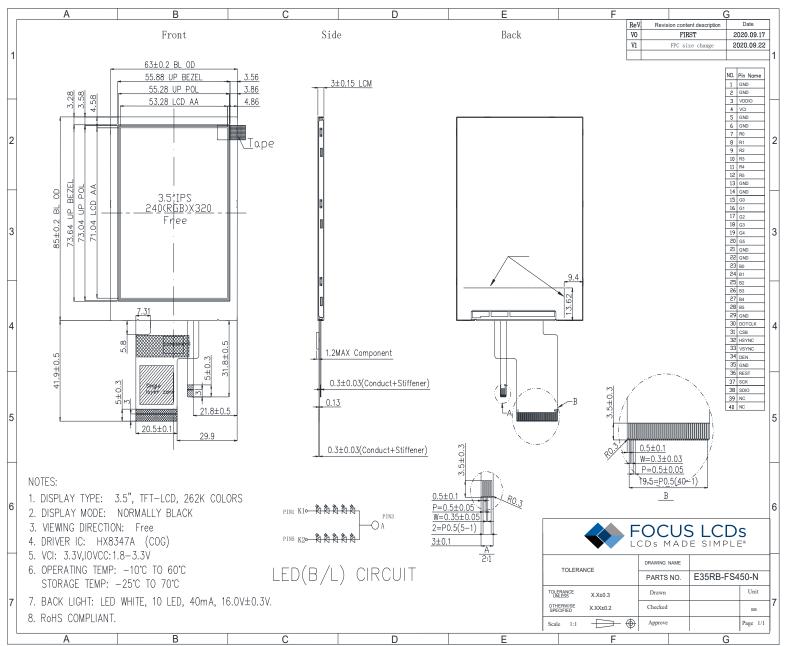
Low Input Voltage: 3.3V Display Colors: 65k/262k TFT Interface: 8/9/16/18-bit MCU 3/4 SPI + 16/18-bit RGB

General Information Items	Specification Main Panel	Unit	Note
TFT Display area (AA)	53.28(H) x 71.04(V) (3.5 inch)	mm	-
Driver Element	TFT active matrix	-	-
Display Colors	65k/262k	colors	-
Number of pixels	240(RGB)x320	dots	-
TFT Pixel arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Pixel Pitch	0.222(H)x0.222(V)	mm	-
Viewing angle	All	o'clock	-
Display mode	Transmissive, Normally Black	-	-
TFT Controller	HX8347A	-	-
Operating temperature	-10-+60	°C	-
Storage temperature	-25-+70	°C	-

#### **Mechanical Information**

Item		Min	Тур.	Мах	Unit	Note
	Horizontal (H)		63.0		mm	-
Module	Vertical (V)		85.0		mm	-
Size	Depth (D)		3.0		mm	-
	Weight		30		g	

# 1. Outline Dimensions





# 2. Input Terminal Pin Assignment

NO.	Symbol	Description	I/O
1	GND	Ground	Р
2	GND	Ground	Р
3	VDDIO	Supply voltage (1.8V-3.3V)	Р
4	VCI	Supply voltage (1.8V-3.3V)	Р
5	GND	Ground	Р
6	GND	Ground	Р
7-12	R0-R5	Red data input	I/O
13	GND	Ground	Р
14	GND	Ground	Р
15-20	G0-G5	Green data input	I/O
21	GND	Ground	Р
22	GND	Ground	Р
23-28	B0-B5	Blue data input	I/O
29	GND	Ground	Р
30	DCLK	Dot clock signal for RGB interface operation. Fix to IOVCC or GND when not used.	I
31	CSB	Chip select input pin ("Low" enable). Fix to IOVCC or GND when not used.	I
32	HSYNC	Line synchronizing signal for RGB interface operation. Fix to IOVCC or GND when not used.	Ι
33	VSYNC	Frame synchronizing signal for RGB interface operation. Fix to IOVCC or GND when not used.	I
34	DEN	Data enable signal for RGB interface operation. Fix to IOVCC or GND if not in use.	Р
35	GND	Ground.	I
36	RESET	Reset pin. Setting either pin low initializes the LSI. Must be reset after power is supplied.	I
37	SCK	Used to select "Data or Command" in the parallel interface. Fix pin to IOVCC or GND when not in use. If D/CX = '1', data is selected. If D/CX = '0', command is selected. Pin used serial interface clock 3-wire 9 bit/4-wire 8 bit serial data interface.	I
38	SDIO	Data lane in 1 data lane serial interface. The data is latched on the rising edge of the SCL signal.	Ι
39	NC		
40	NC		



# 3. LCD Optical Characteristics

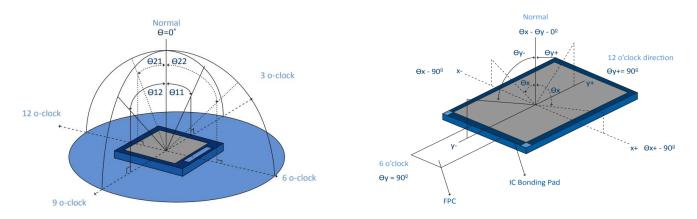
## 3.1 Optical Specifications

ltem		Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
Color Gan	nut	S			61		%	(3)
Contrast R	atio	CR		600	800		%	(2)
	Rising	Tr			16	21		
Response Time	Falling	TF			19	24	ms	(4)
	\ <b>A</b> /l=:+=	W <sub>x</sub>	Normal viewing	0.3440	0.3481	0.3505		
	White	Wy	angle θ=0	0.3695	0.3769	0.3774		
	Ded	R <sub>x</sub>		0.6235	0.6247	0.6273		
Color Filter	Red	R <sub>Y</sub>		0.3537	0.3560	0.3562		(E)(C)
Chromaticity	Green	G <sub>X</sub>		0.3504	0.3524	0.3548		(5)(6)
	Green	Gy		0.5826	0.5858	0.5864		
	Blue	Bx		0.1471	0.1473	0.1474		
	Blue	By		0.0470	0.0473	0.0474		
		ΘL			80			
Viewing Angle	Hor.	ΘR	CR≥10		80		dograaa	(1)(C)
Viewing Angle		ΘΤ			80		degrees	(1)(6)
	Ver.				80			
Option View Di	Option View Direction All							(1)



#### **Optical Specification Reference Notes:**

(1) Definition of Viewing Angle: The viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The viewing angles are determined for the horizontal or 3,9 o'clock direction and the vertical or 6,12 o'clock direction with respect to the optical axis which is normal to the LCD surface.



(2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (Cr): measured at the center point of panel. The contrast ratio (Cr) measured on a module, is the ratio between the luminance (Lw) in a full white area (R=G=B=1) and the luminance (Ld) in a dark area (R=G=B=0).

$$Cr = \frac{Lw}{Ld}$$

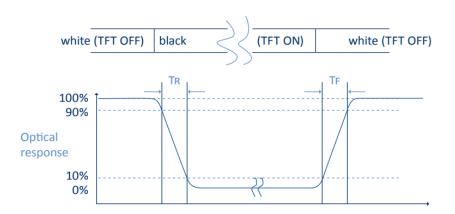
(3) Definition of transmittance (T%): The transmittance of the panel including the polarizers is measured with electrical driving. The equation for transmittance Tr is:



Io = the brightness of the light source.

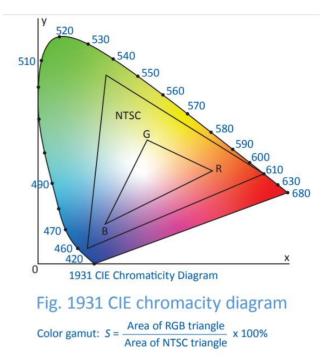
It = the brightness after panel transmission

(4) Definition of Response Time (Tr, Tf): The rise time 'Tr' is defined as the time for luminance to change from 90% to 10% as a result of a change of the electrical condition. The fall time 'Tf' is defined as the time for luminance to change from 10% to 90% as a result of a change of the electrical condition.



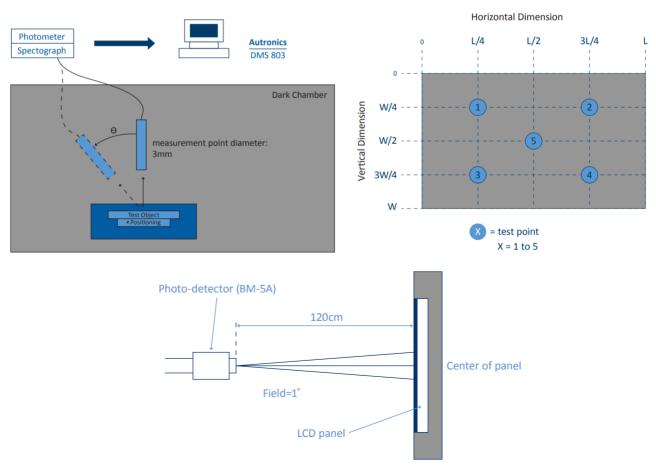


(5) Definition of Color Gamut: Measuring machine CFT-01. NTSC's Primaries: R(x,y,Y),G(x,y,Y), B(x,y,Y). FPM520 of Westar Display Technologies, INC., which utilized SR-3 for Chromaticity and BM-5A for other optical characteristics.The color chromaticity shall be calculated from the spectral data measured with all pixels first in red, green, blue and white. Measurements shall be made at the center of the panel.



(6) Definition of Optical Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at a given temperature for 20 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting backlight for 20 minutes.





## 4. TFT Electrical Characteristics

#### 4.1 Absolute Maximum Rating (Ta=25 °C, VSS=0V)

Characteristics	Symbol	Min	Мах	Unit
Digital Supply Voltage	VCI	-0.3	4.0	V
Digital Interface Supply Voltage	IOVCC	-0.3	4.0	V
Operating Temperature	ТОР	-10	+60	°C
Storage Temperature	TST	-25	+70	°C

NOTE: If the absolute maximum rating of the above parameters is exceeded, even momentarily, the quality of the product may be degraded. Absolute maximum ratings specify the values which the product may be physically damaged if exceeded. Be sure to use the product within the range of the absolute maximum ratings.

#### 4.2 DC Electrical Characteristics

Characteristics	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
Digital Supply Voltage	VCC	2.5	3.3	3.6	V	
Digital Interface Supply Voltage	ΙΟΥϹϹ	1.65	1.8	3.3	V	
Normal Mode Current Consumption	IDD		12		mA	
Level Input Voltage	VIH	0.7IOVCC		IOVCC	V	
	VIL	GND		0.3IOVCC	V	
Level Output Voltage	VOH	0.8IOVCC		IOVCC	V	
	VOL	GND		0.2IOVCC	V	



#### 4.3 LED Backlight Characteristics

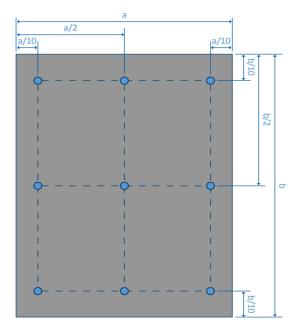
The backlight system is edge lighting type with 10 chips

ltem	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
Forward Current	lF	30	40		mA	
Forward Voltage	VF		16		v	
LCM Luminance	LV	650	700		cd/m2	Note 3
LED lifetime	Hr	50000			hour	Note1 & 2
Uniformity	AVg	80			%	Note 3

Note 1: LED lifetime (Hr) can be defined as the time in which it continues to operate under the condition: Ta=25  $\pm 3$  °C, typical IL value indicated in the above table until the brightness becomes less than 50%.

Note 2: The "LED lifetime" is defined as the module brightness decrease to 50% original brightness at  $Ta=25^{\circ}C$  and IL = 40mA. The LED lifetime could be decreased if operating IL is larger than 40mA. The constant current driving method is suggested.

Note 3: Luminance Uniformity of these 9 points is defined as below:



Luminance = <u>(Total Luminance of 9 points)</u> 9

Uniformity =<u>minimum luminance in 9 points(1-9)</u> maximum luminance in 9 points(1-9)



## 5. AC Characteristic

#### 5.1 Parallel RGB Interface Characteristics

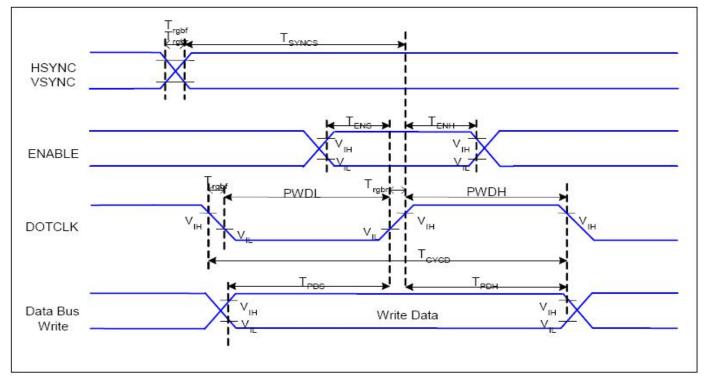
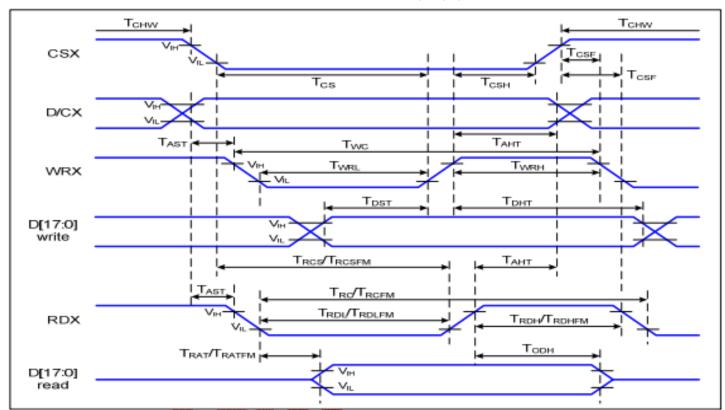


Figure 6.1: Parallel RGB Interface Timing Diagram

Signal	Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Description
HSYNC, VSYNC	T <sub>SYNCS</sub>	VSYNC, HSYNC Setup Time	15	-	ns	
	$T_{ENS}$	Enable Setup Time	15	-	ns	
ENABLE	$T_{ENH}$	Enable Hold Time	15	-	ns	
	PWDH	DOTCLK High-level Pulse Width	15	-	ns	
	PWDL	DOTCLK Low-level Pulse Width	50	-	ns	
DOTCLK	T <sub>CYCD</sub>	DOTCLK Cycle Time	100	-	ns	
	$T_{RGHR}, T_{RGHF}$	DOTCLK Rise/Fall Time	-		ns	
	T <sub>PDS</sub>	DB Data Setup Time	15	-	ns	
DB	T <sub>PDH</sub>	DB Data Hold Time	15	-	ns	

Table 6.1: Parallel RGB Interface Timing Characteristics





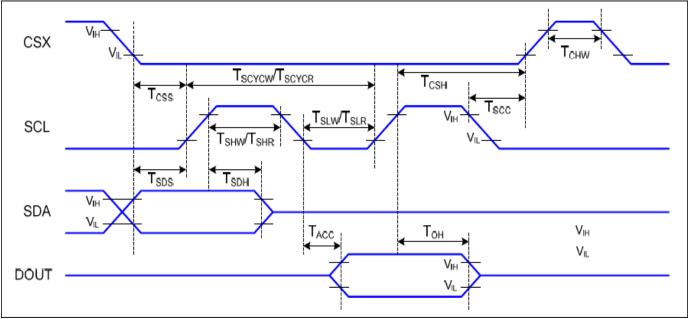
5.2 8080 Series MCU Parallel Interface Characteristics: 18/16/9/8-bit Bus

Figure 6.2: Parallel Interface Timing Characteristics (8080-Series MCU Interface)

Signal	Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Description
D/CX	T <sub>AST</sub>	Address setup time	10	-	ns	
	T <sub>AHT</sub>	Address hold time (Write/Read)	10	-	ns	
CSX	T <sub>CHW</sub>	Chip select "H" pulse width	0	-	ns	
	T <sub>CS</sub>	Chip select setup time (Write)	35	-	ns	
	T <sub>RCS</sub>	Chip select setup time (Read ID)	-	-	ns	
	T <sub>RCSFM</sub>	Chip select setup time (Read FM)	180	-	ns	
	T <sub>CSF</sub>	Chip select wait time (Write/Read)	10	-	ns	
	T <sub>CSH</sub>	Chip select hold time	10	-	ns	
WRX	T <sub>WC</sub>	Write cycle	100	-	ns	
	T <sub>WRH</sub>	Control pulse "H" duration	15	-	ns	
	T <sub>WRL</sub>	Control pulse "L" duration	20		ns	
RDX (ID)	T <sub>RC</sub>	Read cycle (ID)		-	ns	
	T <sub>RDH</sub>	Control pulse "H" duration (ID)		-	ns	
	T <sub>RDL</sub>	Control pulse "L" duration		-	ns	
RDX (FM)	T <sub>RCFM</sub>	Read cycle (FM)	250	-	ns	
	T <sub>RDHFM</sub>	Control pulse "H" duration (FM)	15	-	ns	
	T <sub>RDLFM</sub>	Control pulse "L" duration (FM)	180	-	ns	
D[17:0]	T <sub>DST</sub>	Write data setup time	10	-	ns	
D[15:0],	T <sub>DHT</sub>	Write data hold time	10	-	ns	For max CL=30pF
D[8:0],	T <sub>RAT</sub>	Read access time (ID)	-	180	ns	]
D[7:0]	T <sub>RATFM</sub>	Read access time (FM)	-	340	ns	For min CL=8pF
	T <sub>ROD</sub>	Output disable time	20	80	ns	

Table 6.2: 8080 Series MCU Parallel Timing Characteristics





#### 5.3 Display Serial Interface Characteristics (3-line SPI system)

Figure 6.3: Serial Interface 3-SPI Timing Diagram

Signal	Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Description
	T <sub>CSS</sub>	Chip select setup time (write)	60		ns	
	T <sub>CSH</sub>	Chip select hold time (write)	80		ns	
CSX	T <sub>CSS</sub>	Chip select setup time (read)	60		ns	
	T <sub>SCC</sub>	Chip select hold time (read)	80		ns	
	Т <sub>снw</sub>	Chip select "H" pulse width	40		ns	
	T <sub>SCYCW</sub>	Serial clock cycle (write)	100		ns	
	T <sub>SHW</sub>	SCL "H" pulse width (write)	35		ns	
SCL	T <sub>SLW</sub>	SCL "L" width (write)	35		ns	
SCL	T <sub>SCYCR</sub>	Serial clock cycle (read)	150		ns	
	T <sub>SHR</sub>	SCL "H" pulse width (read)	60		ns	
	T <sub>SLR</sub>	SCL "L" pulse width (read)	100		ns	
	T <sub>SDS</sub>	Data setup time	30		5	
SDA (DIN)	T <sub>SDH</sub>	Data hold time	30		ns	
	T <sub>ACC</sub>	Access time	10	100		For max
DOUT	Т <sub>он</sub>	Output disable time	15	100	ns	CL=30pF For min CL=8pF

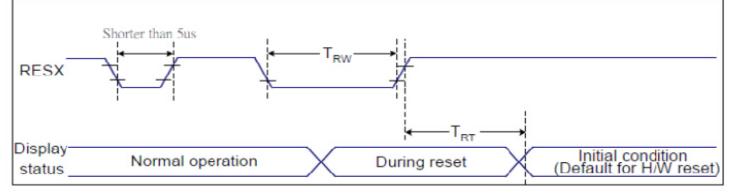
#### IOVCC= 1.65 to 3.3V, VDD = 2.3 to 3.3V, AGND=DGND=0V, Ta=-40 to 85 C<sup>o</sup>

Table 6.4: 3-line Serial Interface Timing Characteristics

Note: The rising time and falling time (Tr, Tf) of input signal are specified at 15 ns or less. Logic high and low levels are specified as 30% and 70% of VDDI for Input signals



#### 5.4 Reset Timing



#### Figure 6.5: Reset Timing Diagram

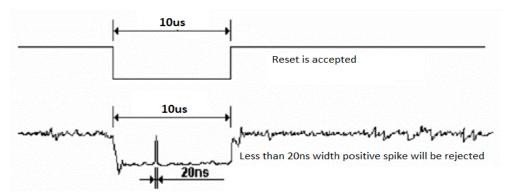
Related Pins	Symbol	Parameter	Min	Мах	Unit
	TRW	Reset pulse duration	10	-	us
RESX	TOT	Deschargen	-	5 (Note 1,5)	ms
	TRT	Reset cancel		120 (Note 1, 6, 7)	ms

Notes:

- The reset cancel includes also required time for loading ID bytes, VCOM setting and other settings from NVM (or similar device) to registers. This loading is done every time when there is HW reset cancel time (tRT) within 5ms after a rising edge of RESX.
- 2. Spike due to an electrostatic discharge on RESX line does not because irregular system reset according to the table below:

RESX Pulse	Action
Shorter than 5us	Reset Rejected
Longer than 9us	Reset
Between 5us and 9 us	Reset starts

- 3. During the resetting period, the display will be blanked (the display is entering blanking sequence, which maximum time is 120ms, when reset starts in Sleep Out mode. The display remains the blank state in Sleep in mode) and then return to Default condition for Hardware Reset.
- 4. Spike Rejection also applies during a valid reset pulse as shown below:



- 5. When Reset applied during Sleep In Mode.
- 6. When Reset applied during Sleep Out Mode.
- 7. It is necessary to wait 5ms after releasing RESX before sending commands. Also Sleep Out command cannot be sent for 120ms.



## 6. Cautions and Handling Precautions

#### 6.1 Handling and Operating the Module

- 1. When the module is assembled, it should be attached to the system firmly. Do not warp or twist the module during assembly work.
- 2. Protect the module from physical shock or any force. In addition to damage, this may cause improper operation or damage to the module and back-light unit.
- 3. Note that polarizer is very fragile and could be easily damaged. Do not press or scratch the surface.
- 4. Do not allow drops of water or chemicals to remain on the display surface. If you have the droplets for a long time, staining and discoloration may occur.
- 5. If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, clean it using some absorbent cotton or soft cloth.
- 6. The desirable cleaners are water, IPA (Isopropyl Alcohol) or Hexane. Do not use ketene type materials (ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might permanent damage to the polarizer due to chemical reaction.
- 7. If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, legs, or clothes, it must be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- 8. Protect the module from static; it may cause damage to the CMOS ICs.
- 9. Use fingerstalls with soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.
- 10. Do not disassemble the module.
- 11. Protection film for polarizer on the module shall be slowly peeled off just before use so that the electrostatic charge can be minimized.
- 12. Pins of I/F connector shall not be touched directly with bare hands.
- 13. Do not connect, disconnect the module in the "Power ON" condition.
- 14. Power supply should always be turned on/off by the item Power On Sequence & Power Off Sequence.

#### 6.2 Storage and Transportation.

- 1. Do not leave the panel in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time. It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from 0 to 35 °C and relative humidity of less than 70%
- 2. Do not store the TFT-LCD module in direct sunlight.
- 3. The module shall be stored in a dark place. When storing the modules for a long time, be sure to adopt effective measures for protecting the modules from strong ultraviolet radiation, sunlight, or fluorescent light.
- 4. It is recommended that the modules should be stored under a condition where no condensation is allowed. Formation of dewdrops may cause an abnormal operation or a failure of the module. In particular, the greatest possible care should be taken to prevent any module from being operated where condensation has occurred inside.
- 5. This panel has its circuitry FPC on the bottom side and should be handled carefully in order not to be stressed.