Ultra-stable, high precision (ppm class) fluxgate technology DS Series current transducer for non-intrusive, isolated DC and AC current measurement up to 370A





Features

Linearity error maximum 2 ppm

Fluxgate, closed loop compensated technology with fixed excitation frequency and second harmonic zero flux detection for best in class accuracy and stability

Industry standard DSUB 9 pin connection

Green diode for normal operation indication

Full aluminum body for superior EMI shielding and extended operating temperature range

Large aperture \$27.6mm for cables and bus bars

Applications:

MPS for particles accelerators

Gradient amplifiers for MRI devices

Stable power supplies

Precision drives

Batteries testing and evaluation systems

Power measurement and power analysis

Current calibration purposes

Specification highlights	Symbol	Unit	Min	Тур	Max
Nominal primary AC current	I _{PN} AC	Arms			200
Nominal primary DC current	I _{PN} DC	А	-300		300
Measuring range	Î _{PM}	А	-370		370
Primary / secondary ratio	n1 : n2			1:500	
Linearity error	?∟	ppm	-2		2
Offset current (including earth field)	l _{OE}	ppm	-20		20
DC-10Hz Overall accuracy @25°C (= ? _L + I _{OE})	acc?	ppm	-22		22
AC Maximum gain error 10Hz to 5kHz	? _G	%			±0.01
Operating temperature range	Та	°C	-40		85
Power supply voltages	Uc	V	±14.25		±15.75

All ppm (or %) values refer to nominal current

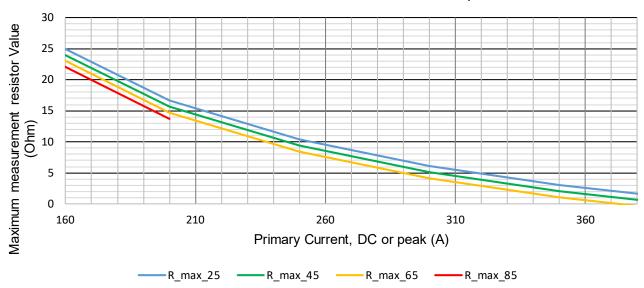


Electrical specifications at Ta=23°C, supply voltage = ± 15V unless otherwise stated

Parameter		Symbol	Unit	Min	Тур.	Max	Comment
Nominal primary AC curre	ent	I _{PN} AC	Arms			200	Refer to fig. 1 & 2 for derating
Nominal primary DC curre	ent	I _{PN} DC	Α	-300		300	Refer to fig. 1 for derating
Measuring range		I _{PM}	Α	-370		370	Refer to fig. 1 & 2 for derating
Overload capacity		Î _{OL}	Α			1500	Non-measured, 100ms
Nominal secondary curre	nt	I _{SN}	mA	-600		600	At nominal primary DC current
Primary / secondary ratio				1:500		1:500	
Measuring resistance		R_{M}	Ω	0		3	Refer to fig. 1 for details
Linearity error		C	ppm	-2		2	ppm refers to nominal DC current
Linearity error		\mathcal{E}_{L}	μΑ	-1.2		1.2	μA refers to secondary current
Offset current			ppm	-20		20	ppm refers to nominal DC current
(including earth field)		l _{OE}	μΑ	-12		12	μA refers to secondary current
DC-10Hz Overall accurac	cy @25°C (= ε _L + I _{OE})	acc8	ppm	-22		22	ppm refers to nominal DC current
Officet temperature coeffic	olont	TC	ppm/K	-0.1		0.1	ppm refers to nominal DC current
Offset temperature coeffic	cient	TC _{IOE}	μA/K	-0.06		0.06	μA refers to secondary current
Bandwidth		f(-3dB)	kHz	1000			Small signal, graphs figure 3
Amplitude error	10Hz –5kHz					0.01%	
	5kHz -100kHz	$\epsilon_{\scriptscriptstyle G}$	%			1.00%	% refers to nominal current
	100kHz - 1000kHz					20.00%	
Phase shift	10Hz –5kHz					0.1°	
	5kHz -100kHz	θ	0			0.5°	
	100kHz - 1000kHz					5.0°	
Response time to a step	current IPN	tr @ 90%	μs		1		di/dt = 100A/μs
Noise	0 - 100Hz					0.09	
	0 - 1kHz		nnm rma		0.15	0.15	Massurad on accordant surrent
	0 - 10kHz	noise	ppm rms			1.30	Measured on secondary current
	0 - 100kHz					3.80	
Fluxgate excitation freque	ency	f _{Exc}	kHz		32.5		
Induced rms voltage on p	rimary conductor		μV rms			5	
Power supply voltages		Uc	V	±14.25		±15.75	
Positive current consump	tion	lps	mA	93	97	104	Add Is (if Is is positive)
Negative current consum	ption	Ins	mA	85	91	96	Add Is (if Is is negative)
Operating temperature ra	nge	Та	°C	-40		85	
Stability							
Offset stability over time			ppm/month	-0.2		0.2	ppm refers to nominal DC current
			μA/month	-0.12		0.12	μA refers to secondary current
Offset change with vertical external magnetic field			μΑ /mT			(perpendicular to bus bar)	
					0.6	2.4	μA refers to secondary current
Offset change with horizontal external magnetic						_	(parallel to bus bar)
field	J ·		μΑ /mT		2.4	6	μA refers to secondary current
Offset change with power	r supply voltage changes		μA /V		0.012	0.12	μA refers to secondary current
Offset change with absolutracking	ute power supply voltages		μΑ /V		0.036	0.12	μA refers to secondary current

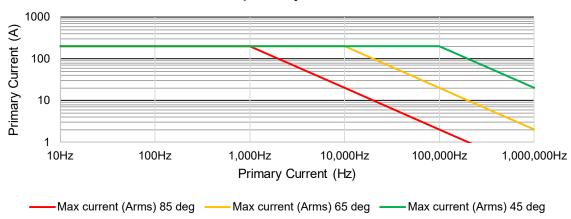
Measurement resistor RM and ambient temperature derating (Fig. 1)

Maximum measurement resistor vs. ambient temperatures



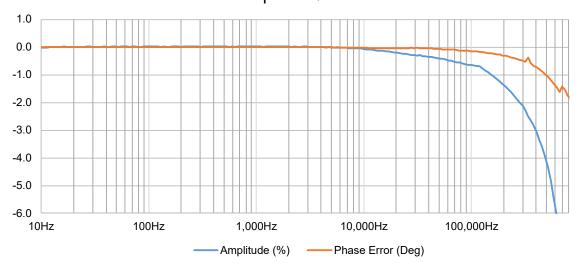
Frequency and ambient temperature derating (Fig. 2)

Maximum primary current Arms



Frequency characteristics (Fig. 3)

Amplitude / Phase



Isolation specifications

Parameter	Unit	Value
Clearance	mm	9
Creepage distance	mm	10
Comparative tracking index (CTI)	٧	> 600
Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50/60 Hz, 1 min - Between primary and (secondary and shield) - Between secondary and shield	kV	5.7 0.2
Impulse withstand voltage (1.2/50µs)	kV	10.4
Rated rms isolation voltage reinforced isolation, overvoltage category III, Pollution degree 2 according to - IEC 61010-1 - EN50780	V	300 600

Absolute maximum ratings

Parameter	Unit	Max	Comment
Primary	kA	1.5	Maximum 100ms
Power supply	V	±16.5	

Environmental and mechanical characteristics

Parameter	Unit	Min	Тур	Max	Comment
Ambient operating temperature range	ů	-40		85	
Storage temperature range	°C	-40		85	
Relative humidity	%	20		80	Non-condensing
Mass	kg		0.6		
Connections	Power supplies: D-SUB 9 pins male				
Standards	EN 61326-1 EMC EN 61010-1:2010 Safety				

Advanced Sensor Protection Circuits "ASPC"

Developed to protect the current transducer from typical fault conditions:

- Unit is un-powered and secondary circuit is open or closed
- Unit is powered and secondary circuit is open or interrupted

Both DC and AC primary current up to 100% of nominal value can be applied to the current transducers in the above situations without damage to the electronics.

Please notice that the sensor core can be magnetized in all above cases, leading to a small change in output offset current (less than 10ppm)

Status pins

When transducer is operating in normal condition, the status pins (3 and 8) are shorted.

Status pins properties: - forward direction pin 8 to pin 3, maximum forward current 10mA

- maximum forward voltage 60V, maximum reverse voltage 5V

Accessories

4-channel power supplies unit for connection up to 4xDCCT: DSSIU-4

6-channel power supplies unit for connection up to 6xDCCT: DSSIU-6

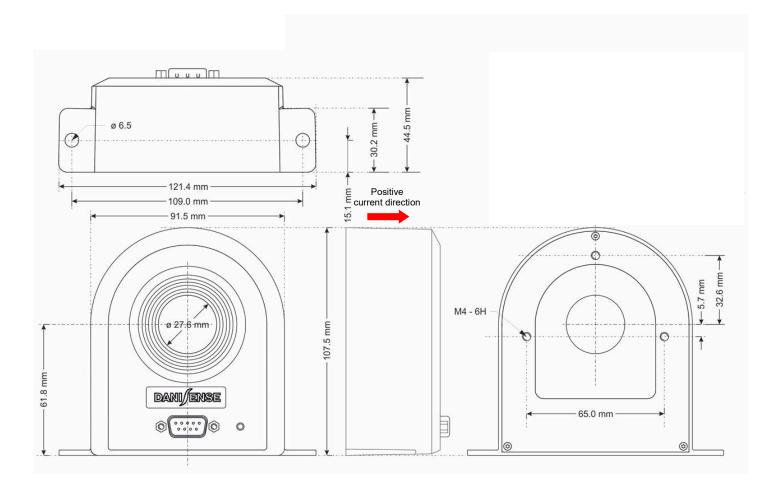
Transducer cables in 5 lengths (2m - 5m - 10m - 15m - 20m): DSUB2 - DSUB5 - DSUB10 - DSUB15 -

DSUB20

Transducer cable 3m for connection to end-user's power supply:

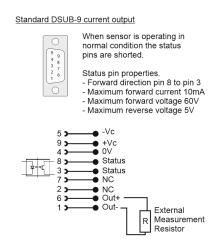
Transducer cable for lab PS (with access to current output via Ø4 banana jacks)

Please visit Danisense homepage for relevant datasheets



(general tolerance 0.3mm unless otherwise stated)

DSUB pin layout



Positive current direction

Is identified by an arrow on the transducer body

Mounting instructions

• Base plate mounting 2 holes Ø6.5

2 x M5 steel screws / 6N.m

Back side panel mounting 3 holes Ø4.0 x 6H

3 x M4 steel screw / 4N.m



Declaration of Conformity

Danisense A/S

Malervej 10

DK-2630 Taastrup

Denmark

Declares that under our sole responsibility that this product is in conformity with the provisions of the following EC Directives, including all amendments, and with national legislation implementing these directives:

Directive 2014/30/EU

Directive 2014/35/EU

And that the following harmonized standards have been applied

EN 61010-1 (Third Edition):2010, EN 61010-1:2010/A1:2019

EN 61010-2-030:2021/A11:2021

EN 61326-1:2013

All DANISENSE products are manufactured in accordance with RoHS directive 2011/65/EU. Annex II of the RoHS directive was amended by directive 2015/863 in force since 2015, expanding the list of 6 restricted substances (Lead, Hexavalent Chromium, PBB, PBDE and Cadmium)

Danisense follows the provision in EN 63000:2018

Place

Taastrup, Denmark

Henrik Elbæk

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Date

2022-03-15