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TFT | OLED | CHARACTER | GRAPHIC | UWVD | SEGMENT | CUSTOM

TFT Display Module

Part Number E70GE1-RW820-N

Overview:

- 7.0-Inch TFT 154.08(H)x85.92(V)
- 800x480 Pixels
- RGB Vertical Stripe
- Wide Temp Range
- 12:00 Viewing Angle

- Transmissive / Normally White
- No Touch Panel
- 820 NITS
- TFT IC: EK9716 & EK73002
- RoHS Compliant



Description

This is a color active matrix TFT (Thin Film Transistor) LCD (Liquid Crystal Display) that uses amorphous silicon TFT as a switching device. This model is composed of a transmissive type TFT-LCD Panel, driver circuit, capacitive touch panel and backlight unit. The resolution of the 7.0" TFT-LCD contains 800x480 pixels and can display up to 16.7M colors.

Features

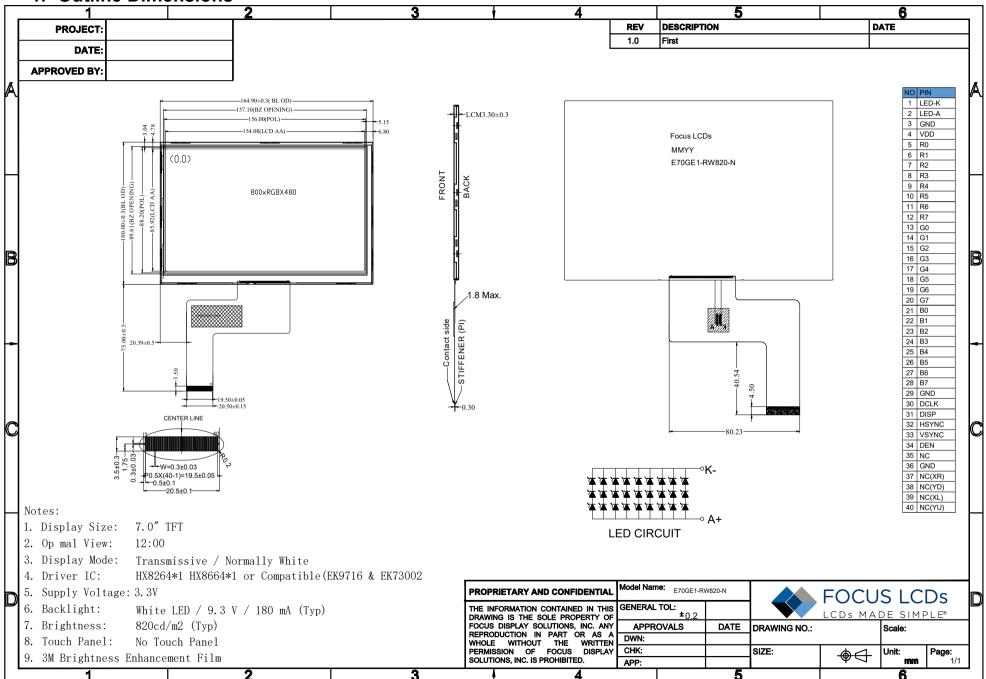
Input Voltage: 3.3V TFT Interface: 16/18/24-Bit RGB

General Information Items	Specification Main Panel	Unit	Note
TFT Display Area (AA)	154.08(H) x 85.92(V) (7.0 inch)	mm	
Driver Element	TFT Active Matrix		
Display Colors	16.7M	colors	
Number of Pixels	800(RGB)x480	dots	
TFT Pixel Arrangement	RGB Vertical Stripe		
Viewing Angle	12:00	o'clock	
TFT Controller IC	HX8264*1 HX8664*1 or Compatible (EK9716CA / EK73002AB2)		
Display Mode	Transmissive/Normally White		
Operating Temperature	-20 to +70	°C	
Storage Temperature	-30 to +80	°C	

Mechanical Information

	Item		Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Horizontal (H)	164.6	164.9	165.2	mm	
Module Size	Vertical (V)	99.7	100.0	100.3	mm	
0120	Depth (D)	3.0	3.3	3.6	mm	
	Weight		tbd		g	

1. Outline Dimensions





2. Input Terminal Pin Assignment

2.1 TFT Pin Assignment

Recommended TFT Connector: FH12S-40S-0.5SH(55)

NO.	Symbol	Description	I/O
1	LED K-	Cathode Pin of Backlight	Р
2	LED A+	Anode Pin of Backlight	Р
3	GND	Power Ground	Р
4	VDD	Power Supply	Р
5	R0	Red Data Signal	I
6	R1	Red Data Signal	I
7	R2	Red Data Signal	Ι
8	R3	Red Data Signal	I
9	R4	Red Data Signal	I
10	R5	Red Data Signal	Ι
11	R6	Red Data Signal	Ι
12	R7	Red Data Signal	Ι
13	G0	Green Data Signal	I
14	G1	Green Data Signal	I
15	G2	Green Data Signal	I
16	G3	Green Data Signal	I
17	G4	Green Data Signal	I
18	G5	Green Data Signal	Ι
19	G6	Green Data Signal	Ι
20	G7	Green Data Signal	I
21	B0	Blue Data Signal	Ι
22	B1	Blue Data Signal	Ι
23	B2	Blue Data Signal	Ι
24	B3	Blue Data Signal	I
25	B4	Blue Data Signal	I
26	B5	Blue Data Signal	Ι
27	B6	Blue Data Signal	I
28	B7	Blue Data Signal	I
29	GND	Ground	Р
30	DCLK	Clock signal for data latching and internal counter for the timing controller.	1
31	DISP	Display controller / standby mode selection, internal pull low. DISP = "LOW" : STANDBY; DISP = "HIGH" : NORMAL DISPLAY	I



32	HSYNC	Horizontal Sync Signal. When not used in DE mode, user should connect it to "LOW"	I
33	VSYNC	Vertical Sync Signal. When not used in DE mode, user should connect it to "LOW"	I
34	DE	Data Input Enable Control. When not used in SYNC mode, user should connect it to "LOW"	I
35	NC		
36	GND	GROUND	Р
37	NC		
38	NC		
39	NC		
40	NC		

I: Input, O: Output, P: Power

3. LCD Optical Characteristics

3.1 Optical Specifications

ltem		Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
Contrast Ratio		CR		350	500			(2)
Boopopoo Timo	Rising	T _R	θ=0		10	20	ms	(4)
Response Time	Falling	T _F	Normal Viewing		15	30		(.,
Color Filter	Color Filter White		Angle	0.25	0.29	0.33		(5)(6)
Chromaticity	White	W _Y		0.26	0.30	0.34		(0)(0)
	Hor.	Θ_L		60	70			
Viewing Angle		Θ_{R}	CR≥10	60	70			(1)(6)
	Ver.	Θτ	CR210	50	60		degree	(1)(6)
	vel.	Θ _B		60	70			

Measuring Conditions:

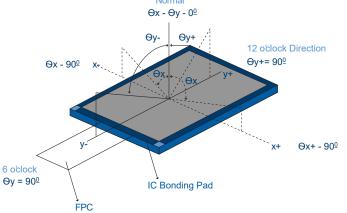
- 1. Dark Room
- 2. Ambient Temperature of 25±2°C
- 3. 15 Minute Warm up



Optical Specification Reference Notes:

(1) Definition of Viewing Angle:

The viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The viewing angles are determined for the horizontal or 3,9 o'clock direction and the vertical or 6,12 o'clock direction with respect to the optical axis which is normal to the LCD surface.



(2) Definition of Contrast Ratio:

Measured at the center point of panel. The contrast ratio (Cr) measured on a module, is the ratio between the luminance (Lw) in a full white area (R=G=B=1) and the luminance (Ld) in a dark area (R=G=B=0).

$$Cr = \frac{Lw}{Ld}$$

(3) Definition of Transmittance (T%):

The transmittance of the panel including the polarizers is measured with electrical driving. The equation for transmittance Tr is:

$$Tr = \frac{It}{Io} \times 100\%$$

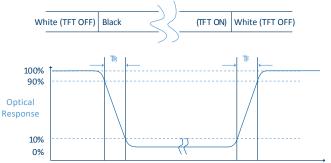
$$Light Source$$

$$LCD Panel$$

(4) Definition of Response Time (TR, TF):

It = the brightness after panel transmission

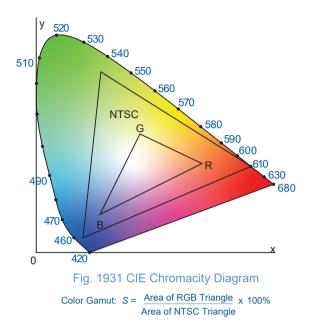
The rise time 'Tr' is defined as the time for luminance to change from 90% to 10% as a result of a change of the electrical condition. The fall time 'Tf' is defined as the time for luminance to change from 10% to 90% as a result of a change of the electrical condition.





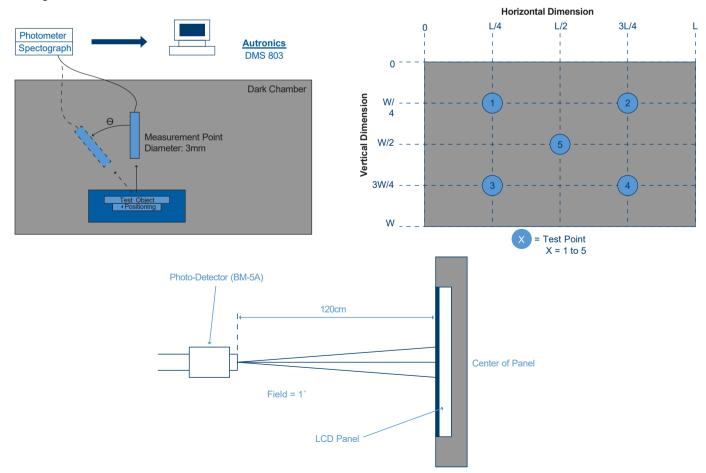
(5) Definition of Color Gamut:

Measuring machine CFT-01. NTSC's Primaries: R(x,y,Y),G(x,y,Y), B(x,y,Y). FPM520 of Westar Display Technologies, INC., which utilized SR-3 for Chromaticity and BM-5A for other optical characteristics. The color chromaticity shall be calculated from the spectral data measured with all pixels first in red, green, blue and white. Measurements shall be made at the center of the panel.



(6) Definition of Optical Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at a given temperature for 20 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting backlight for 20 minutes.





4. TFT Electrical Characteristics

4.1 Absolute Maximum Rating (Ta=25°C, VSS=0V)

Characteristics	Symbol	Min	Мах	Unit
Operating Temperature	TOP	-20	+70	°C
Storage Temperature	TST	-30	+80	°C

NOTE: If the absolute maximum rating of the above parameters is exceeded, even momentarily, the quality of the product may be degraded. Absolute maximum ratings specify the values which the product may be physically damaged if exceeded. Be sure to use the product within the range of the absolute maximum ratings.

4.2 DC Electrical Characteristics and Voltage Adjustment Circuitry

					(Ta=25	$\pm 2^{\circ}C$, V _{ss} =GND=0)
Characteristics	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
System Voltage	VDD	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
Normal Mode Current Consumption	IDD			(200)	mA	
	V _{IH}	0.7*VDD		VDD	V	
Level Input Voltage	V _{IL}	0		0.3*VDD	V	
Power Voltage	AVDD	10.2	10.4	10.6	V	
TFT Gate Voltage	VGH		16		V	
TFT Gate Voltage	VGL		-7		V	
TFT Common Voltage	Vcom(DC)		4.1		V	

(Ta=25±2°C, V_{ss}=GND=0)



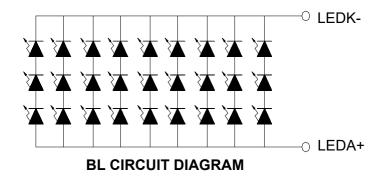
4.3 LED Backlight Characteristics

The backlight system is edge lighting type with 6 white LED Chips

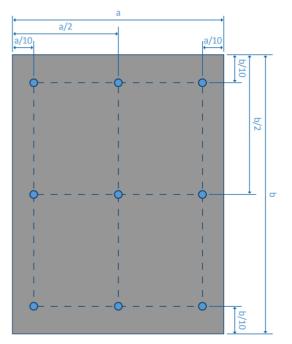
Item	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Мах	Unit	Note
Forward Current	١ _F		180		mA	
Forward Voltage	V _F	8	9.3	11	V	
LCM Luminance	Lv		820		cd/m2	(3)
LED Lifetime	Hr	25000		40000	hour	(1)(2)
Uniformity	Avg	75	85		%	(3)

Note (1) Where $I_F = 140MA$, The LED lifetime 40000 hours

Note (2) Where $I_F = 180MA$, The LED lifetime 25000 hours (calculated)



Note 3: Luminance Uniformity of these 9 points is defined as below:



Luminance = (Total Luminance of 9 Points) 9

Uniformity = $\frac{Minimum Luminance in 9 Points(1-9)}{Maximum Luminance in 9 Points(1-9)}$

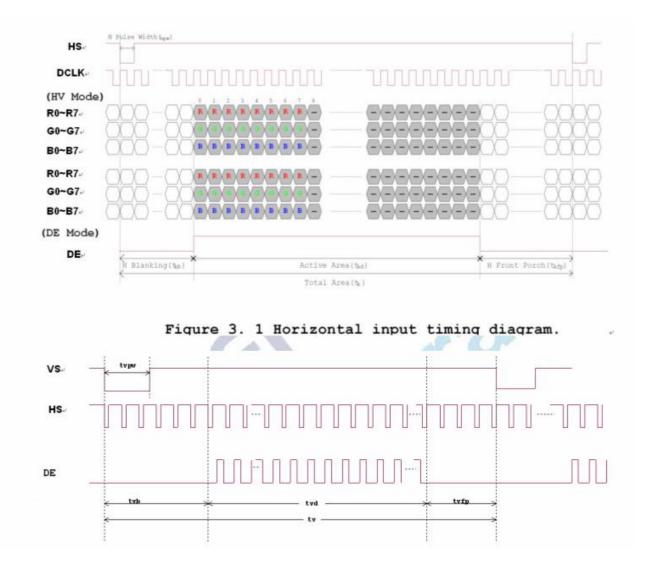


5.0 TFT AC Characteristics

For further timing tables and diagrams, please see the data sheets for controllers EK9716CA or EK73002AB2

Interface Timing Table									
I	tem	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark		
DLCK F	DLCK Frequency		26.4	33.3	46.8	MHz			
	Period Time	Th	862	1056	1200	DCLK			
	Display Period	Thdisp		800		DCLK			
HSYNC	Back Porch	Thbp	-	-	-	DCLK			
	Front Porch	Thfp	16	210	354	DCLK			
	Pulse Width	Thw	1	-	40	DCLK			
	Period Time	Τv	510	525	650	TH			
	Display Period	Tvdisp		480		TH			
VSYNC	Back Porch	Tvbp	-	-	-	TH			
	Front Porch	Tvfp	7	22	147	TH			
	Pulse Width	Tvw	1	-	20	TH			





5.1 Quality Inspection Standards

For TFT quality inspection standards, please see the following link: <u>https://focuslcds.com/tft-quality-inspection-standards/</u>



6.0 Cautions and Handling Precautions

6.1 Handling and Operating the Module

- 1. When the module is assembled, it should be attached to the system firmly. Do not warp or twist the module during assembly work.
- 2. Protect the module from physical shock or any force. In addition to damage, this may cause improper operation or damage to the module and back-light unit.
- 3. Note that polarizer is very fragile and could be easily damaged. Do not press or scratch the surface.
- 4. Do not allow drops of water or chemicals to remain on the display surface. If you have the droplets for a long time, staining and discoloration may occur.
- 5. If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, clean it using some absorbent cotton or soft cloth.
- 6. The desirable cleaners are water, IPA (Isopropyl Alcohol) or Hexane. Do not use ketene type materials (ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might permanent damage to the polarizer due to chemical reaction.
- 7. If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, legs, or clothes, it must be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- 8. Protect the module from static; it may cause damage to the CMOSICs.
- 9. Use fingerstalls with soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.
- 10. Do not disassemble the module.
- 11. Protection film for polarizer on the module shall be slowly peeled off just before use so that the electrostatic charge can be minimized.
- 12. Pins of I/F connector shall not be touched directly with bare hands.
- 13. Do not connect, disconnect the module in the "Power ON" condition.
- 14. Power supply should always be turned on/off by the item Power On Sequence & Power Off Sequence.

6.2 Storage and Transportation.

- 1. Do not leave the panel in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time. It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from 0 to 35 °C and relative humidity of less than 70%
- 2. Do not store the TFT-LCD module in direct sunlight.
- 3. The module shall be stored in a dark place. When storing the modules for a long time, be sure to adopt effective measures for protecting the modules from strong ultraviolet radiation, sunlight, or fluorescent light.
- 4. It is recommended that the modules should be stored under a condition where no condensation is allowed. Formation of dewdrops may cause an abnormal operation or a failure of the module. In particular, the greatest possible care should be taken to prevent any module from being operated where condensation has occurred inside.
- 5. This panel has its circuitry FPC on the bottom side and should be handled carefully in order not to be stressed.