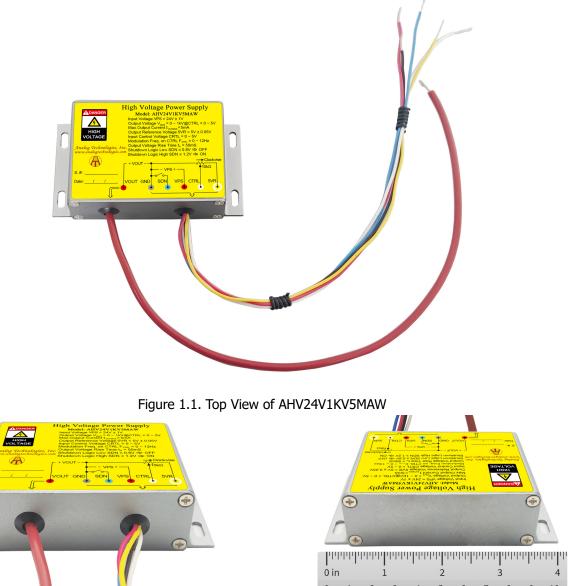
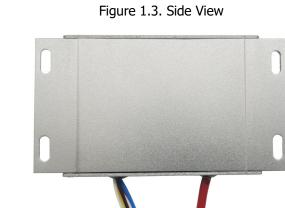


AHV24V1KV5MAW





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Figure 1.5. Bottom View

0 cm 1 Figure 1.2. Side View

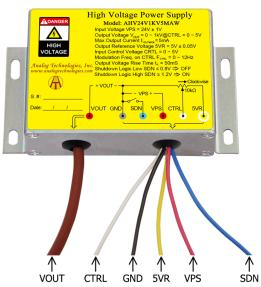
1161 Ringwood Ct, #110, San Jose, CA 95131, U. S. A. Tel.: (408) 748-9100, Fax: (408) 770-9187 www.analogtechnologies.com ©Copyrights 2000-2022, Analog Technologies, Inc. All Rights Reserved. Updated on 3/22/2022 Email: staff@analogti.com/sales@analogti.com 1

Figure 1.4. Side View



FEATURES

- Input Power Voltage: 24V ± 1V
- Input Current Range: 70mA to 275mA
- Output Voltage: 0 to 1kV@CTRL = 0 to 5V
- Max. Output Current: 5mA
- Reference Voltage: 5V ± 0.05V
- Input Control Voltage: 0 to 5V
- Full Span Modulation on Output Voltage
- Electronic Shutdown Control



APPLICATIONS

This power module, AHV24V1KV5MAW, is designed for achieving DC-DC conversion from low voltage to high voltage as a power supply source which is widely used in scientific research and other fields including:

- X-ray Machine
- Spectral Analysis
- Nondestructive Inspection
- Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment
- CRT Monitor Test
- Particle Accelerator
- Capillary Electrophoresis
- Particles Injection
- Semiconductor Technology
- Physical Vapor Phase Deposition
- Radio Frequency Amplification
- Electrospinning Preparation of Nanofiber
- Glass / Fabric Coating
- DC Reactive Magnetron Sputtering
- Cyclotron Accelerator

Figure 2. The Connecting Le	ead Wires of AHV24V1KV5MA
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Table 1. Pin Names, Colors, Functions and Specifications.

No.	Name	Co	olor	Туре	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.
1	SDN	Blue	Blue Digital input Shutdown logic low		0V		0.8V	
T	SDN	Diue		Digital input	Shutdown logic high	1.2V		5V
2	5VR	Yellow	\bigcirc	Analog output	Reference voltage		5V	
3	CTRL	White	\bigcirc	Analog input	Regulation	0V		5V
4	VPS	Red		Power input	Input voltage		24V	
5	GND	Black		Ground for analog, digital and power signals.	Ground electrode		0V	
6	VOUT	Brown		Power output Output high vo		0V		1kV



AHV24V1KV5MAW

DESCRIPTION

Figure 2 shows the connecting wires of AHV24V1KV5MAW, of which their detail information given in Table 1. The output voltage can be set to a constant value by connecting the CTRL port to the central tap of a POT (Potentiometer) or modulated by an AC signal ranging from 0V to 5V corresponding to 0V to 1kV proportionally at the output VOUT port as shown in Figure 3 and Figure 4 respectively.

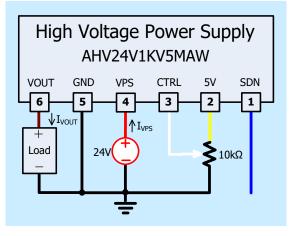


Figure 3. Setting Output to be a Constant Voltage

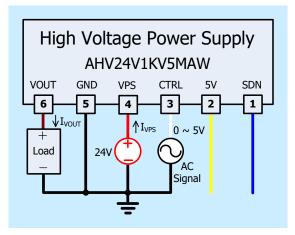


Figure 4. Modulating Output by an AC Signal Source

Please note that the modulation signal must have a low frequency \leq 10Hz and the value range must be 0V \leq V_{CTRL} \leq 5V. The equivalent input circuit for the CTRL is shown in Figure 5.

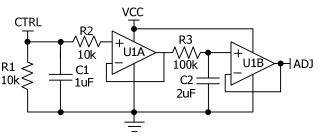


Figure 5. The Equivalent Circuit for CTRL Port

To shutdown AHV24V1KV5MAW, pull down SDN pin to <0.8V; to turn it on, leave SDN pin unconnected or pull it >1.2V. The maximum voltage allowed on the SDN pin is 5V. The equivalent circuit for SDN port is shown in Figure 6.

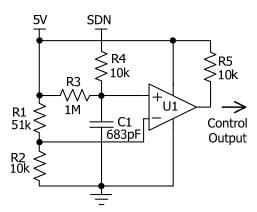


Figure 6. The Equivalent Circuit for SDN Port

USING AHV24V1KV5MAW

This high voltage power supply must be mounted tightly onto a metal plate, ideally, thus expanding its heating sinking capacity of the metal enclosure. Sufficient ventilation must be provided to keep the power supply surface temperature under 55°C.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Although AHV24V1KV5MAW high voltage power supply comes with an over current protection circuit, a short circuit at the output should always be avoided. Make sure the high voltage wire for connecting VOUT node has sufficient insulation capability with its surrounding objects.



SPECIFICATIONS

Table 2. Characteristics. $T_A = 25^{\circ}C_r$, unless otherwise noted.

Para	ameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit/Note
Input Po	wer Voltage	V _{VPS}		23	24	25	V
Input Power C	Juiescent Current	I _{VPS_QC}	$I_{VOUT} = 0mA$	70	80	90	mA
Input Power C	urrent at Full Load	I_{VPS_FL}	$I_{VOUT} = 5.0 \text{mA}$	255	275	300	mA
	ver Current at Itdown	$I_{\text{VPS}_\text{SHDN}}$	$T_A = -10^{\circ}C \sim 55^{\circ}C$		15		mA
Power Supply	/ Rejection Ratio	PSRR ⁽¹⁾	$V_{VPS} = 23V \sim 25V$ $V_{CTRL} = V_{5VR} = 5V$ $V_{VOUT} = 1kV$ $I_{VOUT} = 5.0mA$		TBD		dB
	Voltage Range cy on CTRL	f _{CTRL}		0		12	Hz
Shutdown	Port Current	I_{SDNL}	$V_{SDNL} < 0.8V$	-5		-4.2	μA
Shutdown		\mathbf{I}_{SDNH}	$1.2V < V_{SDNL} < 5V$	0		3.8	μA
Shutdown Vo	ltage Logic Low	V_{SDNL}		0		0.8	V
Shutdown Vo	ltage Logic High	V_{SDNH}		1.2		5	V
Outpu	ut Voltage	V _{VOUT}	$I_{VOUT} = 0 \sim 5.0 \text{mA}$	0		1000	V
Output C	Output Current Range		$V_{VPS} = 23V \sim 25V$	0		5.0	mA
Reference Voltage Output Range		V _{5VR}	$\begin{array}{l} T_{\text{A}} = -10^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 55^{\circ}\text{C} \\ I_{\text{SVR}} \leq 5\text{mA} \end{array}$	4.98	5	5.02	V
Output I	Output Load Range			200		œ	kΩ
Output Vo	Output Voltage Ripple		Bandwidth = 1MHz R_{LOAD} = 200 k Ω	≤0.5			V _{P-P}
Output Voltage	Ripple Frequency	f _{VOUT_RP}			TBD		Hz
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient		TCV _{VOUT} ⁽²⁾	$V_{VPS} = 24V$ $V_{CTRL} = V_{5VR} = 5V$ $V_{VOUT} = 1kV$ $I_{VOUT} = 5mA$ $T_A = -10^{\circ}C \sim 55^{\circ}C$		≤0.01		%/°C
Output Voltage Range v.s. Temperature		V _{vout} (T)	$V_{VPS} = 24V$ $V_{CTRL} = V_{5VR} = 5V$ $V_{VOUT} = 1kV$ $I_{VOUT} = 5mA$ $T_A = -10^{\circ}C \sim 55^{\circ}C$	0.99V _{VOUT}	V _{VOUT}	1.01V _{VOUT}	v
Output	Short Term Drift	$\frac{\left \Delta V_{\text{VOUT}}/V_{\text{VOUT}}\right }{\Delta t \text{ (min)}}$	$V_{VPS} = 24V$ $V_{CTRL} = V_{5VR} = 5V$		≤0.5		%/min
Voltage Drift	Long Term Drift	$\frac{\left \Delta V_{\text{VOUT}}/V_{\text{VOUT}}\right }{\Delta t \text{ (h)}}$	$V_{VOUT} = 1kV$ $I_{VOUT} = 5mA$ $T_A = -10^{\circ}C \sim 55^{\circ}C$		≤1		%/h

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$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $							
Note of the image of the im	Output Voltago Dico Timo	+	$V_{VOUT}(t_2) = 900V$		30		ms
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Output voitage Rise Time	Lr	$V_{VOUT}(t_2) = 900V$		TBD		ms
WeightVoorr (t_2) = 900V $V_{VOUT}(t_3) = 100V$ $R_{Load} = 200 k\Omega$ TBDmsMean Time Between FailureMTBFTBDhInstantaneous Short Circuit Current at the Output I_{VOUT_SC} SolutionSolution $\Delta V_{vout} / Vvout\Delta IvoutV_{VOUT} = 1kVI_{VOUT} = 5mA\leq 0.05%/mAFull Load Efficiency\eta^{(3)}V_{vPS} = 24VV_{VOUT} = 1kVI_{VOUT} = 5mA\geq 75%Operating Temperature RangeT_{opr}-1055°CStorage Temperature RangeT_{stg}-2085°CThermal resistance housing-ambient\theta_{HA}^{(4)}V_{VPS} = 24VV_{CTRL} = V_{SVR} = 5VV_{VOUT} = 1kVI_{VOUT} = 5mATBD\circ °C/WExternal Dimensions\Theta_{HA}^{(4)}V_{VPS} = 24VV_{CTRL} = V_{SVR} = 5VV_{VOUT} = 1kVI_{VOUT} = 5mATBD\circ °C/WMeight\Theta_{HA}^{(4)}V_{VPS} = 24VV_{CTRL} = V_{SVR} = 5VV_{VOUT} = 1kVI_{VOUT} = 5mATBD\circ °C/WMeight\Theta_{HA}^{(4)}0000000000$	Output Voltago Fall Timo	÷	$V_{VOUT}(t_3) = 100V$		100		ms
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c } \hline Instantaneous Short Circuit Current at the Output I_{VOUT_SC} I_{VOUT} = 1kV \\ \hline Load Regulation & \frac{ \Delta V_{VOUT} / Vvout }{\Delta I_{VOUT}} & V_{VOUT} = 1kV \\ I_{VOUT} = 5mA & \leq 0.05 & 0\%/mA \\ \hline Full Load Efficiency & \eta^{(3)} & V_{VPS} = 24V \\ V_{VOUT} = 1kV \\ I_{VOUT} = 5mA & -10 & 55 & ^{\circ}C \\ \hline Operating Temperature Range & T_{opr} & -10 & 55 & ^{\circ}C \\ \hline Storage Temperature Range & T_{stg} & -20 & 85 & ^{\circ}C \\ \hline Thermal resistance housing-ambient & \theta_{HA}^{(4)} & V_{VPS} = 24V \\ V_{VOUT} = 1kV \\ I_{VOUT} = 5mA & -10 & 55 & ^{\circ}C \\ \hline \hline Thermal resistance housing-ambient & 0 \\ \hline HA & 0 \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} V_{VPS} = 24V \\ V_{VTS} = 24V \\ V_{VTS} = 5V \\ V_{VOUT} = 1kV \\ I_{VOUT} = 1kV \\ I_{VOUT} = 1kV \\ I_{VOUT} = 5mA & TBD \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} S55 & ^{\circ}C \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \circ C/W \\ \circ C/W \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 82\times55\times28 \\ mm \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 82\times55\times28 \\ mm \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 3.23\times2.17\times1.10 \\ inch \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} inch \\ inch \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 10 & 0.46 \\ \hline \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 9 \\ Ibs \\ \end{array}$		ιf	$V_{VOUT}(t_3) = 100V$		TBD		ms
Current at the Output I_{VOUT_SC} I_{VOUT_SC} I_{VOUT} <t< td=""><td>Mean Time Between Failure</td><td>MTBF</td><td></td><td></td><td>TBD</td><td></td><td>h</td></t<>	Mean Time Between Failure	MTBF			TBD		h
Load Regulation $\overline{\Delta I_{VOUT}}$ $I_{VOUT} = 5mA$ ≤ 0.05 $%$ $\overline{\Delta I_{VOUT}}$ $\overline{\Lambda}_{VOUT}$ \overline{SmA} $\overline{S0.05}$ $\%$ $\overline{Full Load Efficiency}$ $\eta^{(3)}$ $V_{VPS} = 24V$ ≥ 75 $\%$ \overline{O} perating Temperature Range T_{opr} -10 55 $^{\circ}C$ $\overline{Storage Temperature Range}$ T_{stg} -20 85 $^{\circ}C$ $\overline{Thermal resistance housing-ambient}$ θ_{HA} $V_{VPS} = 24V$ $V_{CTRL} = V_{SVR} = 5V$ \overline{TBD} $^{\circ}C/W$ $\overline{External Dimensions}$ $\overline{\Theta}_{HA}$ $V_{VOUT} = 1kV$ $I_{VOUT} = 5mA$ $\overline{82\times55\times28}$ mm $\overline{S2.02} \times 21.7 \times 1.10$ inch $\overline{3.23\times 2.17\times 1.10}$ inch \overline{Weight} \overline{V}		I _{VOUT_SC}			≤500		mA
Full Load Efficiency $\eta^{(3)}$ $V_{VOUT} = 1kV$ $I_{VOUT} = 5mA$ ≥ 75 %Operating Temperature Range T_{opr} -10 55 $^{\circ}C$ Storage Temperature Range T_{stg} -20 85 $^{\circ}C$ Thermal resistance housing- ambient $\theta_{HA}^{(4)}$ $V_{VPS} = 24V$ $V_{CTRL} = V_{SVR} = 5V$ $V_{VOUT} = 1kV$ $I_{VOUT} = 5mA$ TBD $^{\circ}C/W$ External Dimensions -10 $82 \times 55 \times 28$ mmWeight M M M M M Weight M M M M M	Load Regulation	<u> </u>			≤0.05		%/mA
Storage Temperature Range T_{stg} -20 85 $^{\circ}C$ Thermal resistance housing- ambient θ_{HA} (4) $V_{VPS} = 24V$ $V_{CTRL} = V_{SVR} = 5V$ $V_{VOUT} = 1kV$ $I_{VOUT} = 5mA$ TBD $\sigma C/W$ External Dimensions -20 85 σC Weight -20 85 σC	Full Load Efficiency	η ⁽³⁾	$V_{VOUT} = 1kV$		≥75		%
Thermal resistance housing- ambient θ_{HA} (4) $V_{VPS} = 24V$ $V_{CTRL} = V_{SVR} = 5V$ $V_{VOUT} = 1kV$ $I_{VOUT} = 5mA$ TBD°C/WExternal Dimensions $3.23 \times 2.17 \times 1.10$ inchWeight 4 4 4 4 4	Operating Temperature Range	T _{opr}		-10		55	°C
Thermal resistance housing- ambient $\theta_{HA}^{(4)}$ $V_{CTRL} = V_{SVR} = 5V$ $V_{VOUT} = 1kV$ $I_{VOUT} = 5mA$ TBD°C/WExternal Dimensions $-2000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 1000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 + 10000 $	Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg}		-20		85	°C
External Dimensions 3.23×2.17×1.10 inch Weight 0.46 lbs		θ _{на} ⁽⁴⁾	$V_{CTRL} = V_{5VR} = 5V$ $V_{VOUT} = 1kV$		TBD		°C/W
Weight 3.23×2.17×1.10 inch 0.46 lbs	Extornal Dimensions			82×55×28		mm	
Weight 0.46 lbs				3.23×2.17×1.10		inch	
					210		g
7.4 Oz	Weight				0.46		lbs
					7.4		Oz

Note 1: PSRR =
$$20 \log_{10} \frac{\Delta V_{VOUT} / V_{VOUT}}{\Delta V_{VPS} / V_{VPS}}$$
 (dB)

 $\Delta V_{VOUT} = V_{VOUT} (V_{VPS} = 24.5V) - V_{VOUT} (V_{VPS} = 23.5V), V_{VOUT} (V_{VPS} = 24.5V) = V_{VOUT} (V_{VPS} = 24V)$ $\Delta V_{VPS} = 24.5V - 23.5V, V_{VPS} = 24V$

Note 2: TCV_{VOUT} = $\frac{\left|\Delta V_{VOUT}\right|}{V_{VOUT} \times \Delta T}$

Note 3: $\eta = \frac{V_{VOUT} \times I_{VOUT}}{V_{VPS} \times I_{VPS}}$



TESTING DATA

Test conditions: $V_{VPS} = 24V$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $R_{LOAD} = 200k\Omega$

DC Testing

The measured output voltage, V_{VOUT} , corresponding to the control port input voltage, V_{CTRL} , is shown in Figure 7.

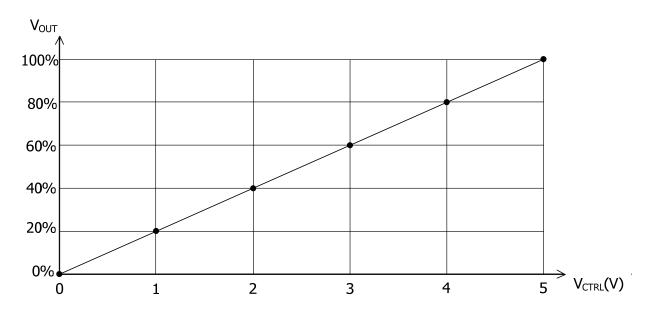
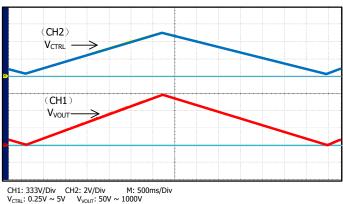
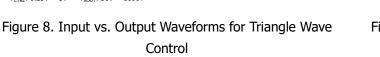


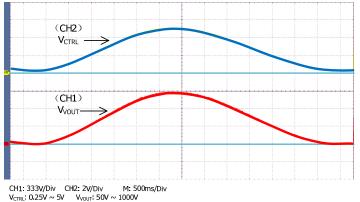
Figure 7. V_{CTRL} vs. V_{VOUT}

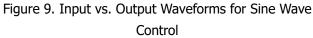
AC Testing

To test the analog modulation function, a triangle and sine-wave voltage signals are applied to the CTRL port as the input source signal respectively. Figure 8 and 9 show both the input signal and the output signal waveforms when using the triangle and sine-wave signals at the CTRL port respectively.













To test the rise and fall times at the output, a step function signal is applied to the CTRL port. The testing results are shown in Figure 10, Figure 11, and Figure 12. As shown in Figure 11 and Figure 12, a square wave of $0.25V \sim 5V$, f = 0.10Hz, is applied to CTRL port, the output waveform fall time is measured to be about 100ms and the rise time is about 30ms. These two values are not the same, that is because on the rising trail, the power supply injects a current to the load; while on the falling trail, the best the power supply can do is to stop its output current and let the load resistor drain the output filtering capacitor to a lower voltage, and the draining current is much smaller than the injection current.

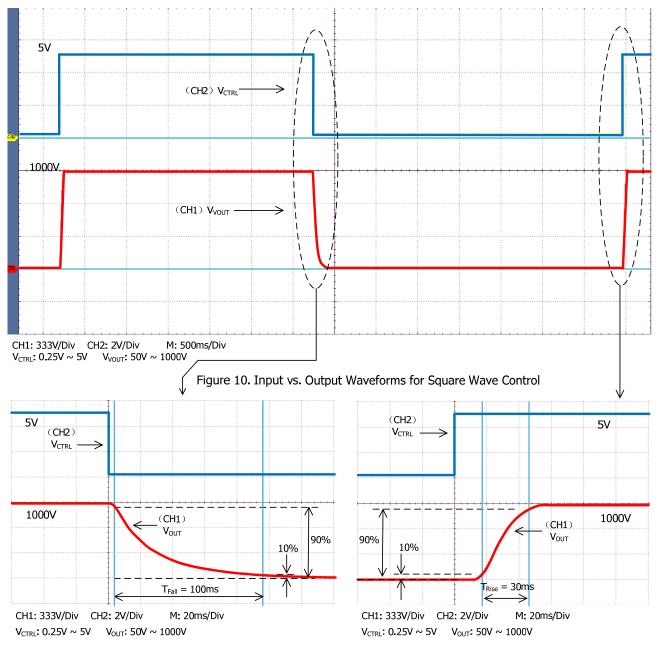
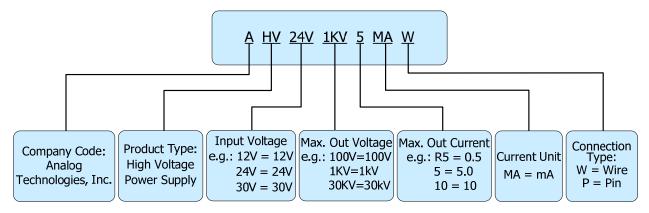


Figure 11. Falling Trail for Large Signal Response

Figure 12. Rising Trail for Large Signal Response



NAMING PRINCIPLE



Naming Principle of AHV24V1KV5MAW

DIMENSIONS

Connecting Lead Wire Sizes and Lengths

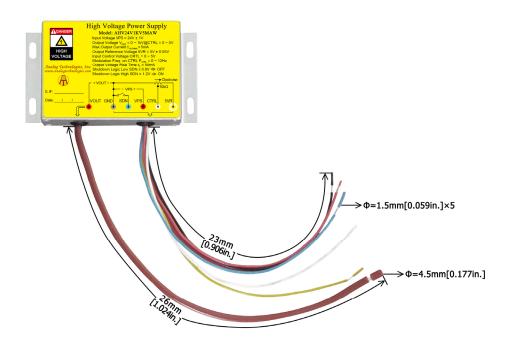


Figure 13. Connecting	Lead Wires of AHV24V1KV5MAW
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Lead Wires		meter	Length		
	mm	inch	mm	inch	
Thick brown lead wire	4.5	0.177	26 ± 1	1.024 ± 0.039	
Yellow, red, blue, black and white lead wires	1.5	0.059	23 ± 1	0.906 ± 0.039	

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AHV24V1KV5MAW

Outline Dimensions

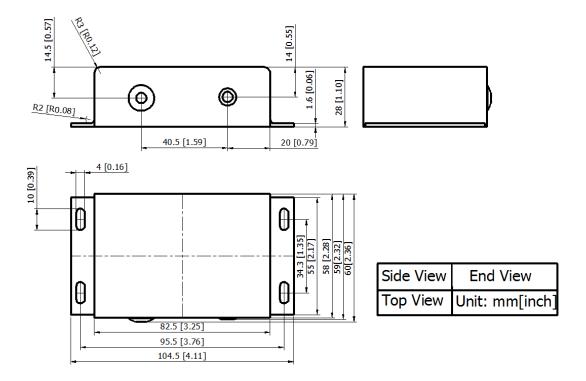


Figure 14. Outline Dimensions



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